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ABSTRACT

This report from the ongoing National Residential Information Systems Project provides statistics on persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities (MR/DD) receiving residential services in the United States for the year ending June 30, 1996, as well as comparative statistics from earlier years. Section 1 contains chapters on populations of state-operated residential settings in 1996, longitudinal trends in large state-operated residential facilities 1950-1996, large state MR/DD residential facility closures 1960 to 2000 and individual facility populations and per diem rates in fiscal year 1996, and characteristics and movement of residents of large state facilities. Section 2 contains chapters on services provided by state and nonstate agencies in 1996, number of residential settings and residents by type of living arrangement, and changing patterns in residential service systems 1977-1996. Section 3 focuses on the utilization of the Medicaid program to sponsor long-term services for persons with MR/DD. Chapters cover Medicaid long-term care programs; utilization of and expenditures for Medicaid institutional, home, and community-based services; and conversion of Medicaid Intermediate Care Facilities for persons with MR/DD to home and community based services. The last section contains state profiles of selected service indicators 1977-1996. (Contains 50 references, 54 tables, and 23 figures.) (CR)

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Residential Services for Persons with Developmental Disabilities: Status and Trends Through 1996

Report # 49 May 1997

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Residential Services for Persons with Developmental Disabilities: Status and Trends Through 1996

Report # 49

Contributions by: Lynda Anderson, Ellen Blake, Robert Bruininks, Charlie Lakin, Barbara Polister, Robert Prouty, and Jennifer Sandlin

Edited by: Robert Prouty and K. Charlie Lakin

Research and Training Center on Community Living
Institute on Community Integration/UAP
College of Education and Human Development
University of Minnesota
214 Pattee Hall, 150 Pillsbury Drive SE
Minneapolis, MN 55455

May 1997

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As always, we are totally indebted to the more than 300 state and individual facility respondents who provided the statistics used in this report. Clearly this report would not be possible without their knowledge, expertise and generous assistance.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

State-Operated Residential Services

Number and Size of Residential Facilities

The number of state-operated facilities continues to decline. On June 30, 1996 states were directly operating 1,911 residential facilities housing persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities (MR/DD), 17 fewer than in the previous year. Of these 1,847 were facilities or units primarily serving persons with MR/DD and 46 were facilities primarily serving persons with psychiatric disabilities. Over four-fifths (86.4%) of the state-operated MR/DD facilities had 15 or fewer residents, a proportion that grew somewhat from June 1995 (82.9%).

On June 30, 1996 every state except New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island and the District of Columbia, was operating at least one large state mental retardation/developmental disabilities facility. New Hampshire closed its only large (16 or more residents) state MR/DD facility in January 1991. In Fiscal Year 1994 Vermont, Rhode Island and the District of Columbia closed the last of their large state MR/DD facilities.

The number of state-operated community facilities continues to grow slowly and New York remains by far the largest operator of state-operated community residences. State-operated community facilities (15 or fewer residents) increased by 4.7% (71 facilities) to a total of 1,595 in Fiscal Year 1996. By the end of Fiscal Year 1996, New York had an estimated 935 state-operated community facilities or 58.6% of the national total.

Number of Residents

The population of large state MR/DD facilities continue to fall. The population of large state MR/DD facilities on June 30, 1996 was 58,320, a decrease of 6.0% from June 30, 1995, continuing a trend first evident in Fiscal Year 1968. Between 1980 and 1996 large state MR/DD facilities' average daily populations were decreased by 71,152 to 59,936 individuals (54.3%). More than half (29) of all states reduced their average daily populations of large state MR/DD facility populations by 50% or more during the period.

The population of state-operated community facilities increased in Fiscal Year 1996. During Fiscal Year 1996 persons residing in small state-operated facilities (15 or fewer residents) increased 6.8%, to an ending year total of 10,642 persons. The average number of residents per state-operated community facility rose slightly between 1995 and 1996 (from 6.5 to 6.7 residents). New York accounted for two-thirds (66.5%) of all residents of state-operated community facilities.

The population of persons with MR/DD in all large state residential facilities continues to decline. On June 30, 1996, the combined population of residents with MR/DD in large state MR/DD and psychiatric facilities was 59,589 a decrease of 6.0 % from 1995. The estimated population of persons with MR/DD in state psychiatric facilities dropped from a population of 31,884 in 1970 and 9,405 in 1980 to 1,269 in 1996.

Nationally, the population of large state MR/DD facilities per 100,000 of the general population continues to fall. In 1996 there were 22.4 persons in large state MR/DD facilities per 100,000 of the general U.S. population. This compares with 23.5 in June 1995 and 99.7 in June 1967. Placement rates in 8 states were at 150% or more of the national average, while in 12 states with large state MR/DD facilities they were less than half the national average.

A number of states made very substantial reductions in their large state MR/DD facility average daily populations between 1990 and 1996. The total number of persons with MR/DD living in large state MR/DD facilities decreased by 29.0% between June 1990 and June 1996. The largest proportion decreases in large state MR/DD facility populations were, of course, in Vermont, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, and the District of Columbia which closed all their large state MR/DD facilities. In addition, 14 other states reduced their large state-operated MR/DD facility populations by more than 40% over the six-year period.



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Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths

Admissions to large state MR/DD facilities increased slightly in 1996. In Fiscal Year 1996 an estimated total of 2,537 persons with MR/DD were admitted to large state MR/DD facilities, an increase of 8.5% over the previous year. This was equal to 4.2% of the average daily population of these facilities during the year. Four states reported no admissions to their large state MR/DD facilities (the same as was reported in 1995). Six states reported admissions exceeding 10% of their average daily population.

Discharge rates from large state MR/DD facilities increased slightly in 1996. In 1996 an estimated total of 4,652 persons with MR/DD were discharged from large state MR/DD facilities, equal to 7.8% of the year's average daily population (as compared with 8.4% in 1995). In 1996 sixteen states reported discharges that equaled 10% or more of the average daily population of their large MR/DD facilities. Nine states with large state MR/DD facilities had discharges less than 5% of their average daily population.

The death rate among residents of large state MR/DD facilities in 1996 (1.7%) remained in the same range evident throughout the past decade. In 1996 an estimated total of 996 persons with MR/DD died while residing in large state MR/DD facilities. The 1.7% death rate in 1996 is generally consistent with recent rates of 1.7% in 1995, 1.5% in 1994, 1.6% in 1993, and 1.4% in 1992 and 1.4% in 1990. The small increases in institutional death rates in recent years may be attributed to the aging and more severely impaired populations of large MR/DD facilities.

Expenditures

In 1996 expenditures for care in large state MR/DD facilities continued to increase and reached a national annual average of \$92,345.46 per person. Between 1995 and 1996 the average annual expenditures for care in large state MR/DD facilities increased from \$85,760 to \$92,345.46 (or an average of \$252.31 per day). Ten states exceeded an average of \$350 per day; 28 states reported annual expenditures per resident exceeding the national average. The 7.7% expenditure increase between 1995 and 1996 was more than the 4.0% increase between 1994 and 1995. The average annual increase from 1977 until 1993 was 10.0%.

Facility Closure

The closure of large state MR/DD facilities continues. Between 1992 and 1996, 59 large state MR/DD facilities were closed, an average of 11.8 closures per year. This compares with an average of 1.25 per year between 1976 and 1979, 3.0 per year between 1980 and 1987, and 8.5 per year between 1988 and 1991. Ten states closed at least one large MR/DD facility in Fiscal Year 1996. States report that an additional 20 large state MR/DD facilities are already projected to be closed between 1997 and 2000.

Resident Characteristics

The number of children and youth in large state MR/DD facilities continues to decrease rapidly, substantially more rapidly than the state MR/DD facility populations as a whole. On June 30, 1996 only 2,937 state MR/DD facility residents (5.0% of the total) were 21 years or younger. This compares with 6,944 persons 21 years or younger living in state MR/DD facilities (8.7% of the total) on June 30, 1991, and 54,130 (35.8% of the total) on June 30, 1977, and 91,590 (48.9% of the total) on June 30, 1965. Children who were 14 years or younger made up only 1.2% of state MR/DD populations in 1996 as compared with 2.3% in 1991. At least 18 states had no state institution residents who were less than 15 years old.

Large state MR/DD facility populations are overwhelmingly made up of non-elderly adults and increasingly of middle-aged adults. On June 30, 1996 87.3% of large state MR/DD facility residents were between 22 and 62 years old. This compares with 60.5% in 1977, 73.1% in 1982, 81.4% in 1987 and 84.3% in 1991. More than two-fifths



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(42.7%) of state MR/DD facility residents in 1996 were in the 40-62 year age range. This compares with 19.2% in 1977, 22.9% in 1982, 27.3% in 1987 and 32.5% in 1991. This reflects the maturing of the "baby boom" cohort into middle age.

The number of large MR/DD facility residents 63 years and older has declined by nearly 1,100 since 1977, even as the proportion of "aging" residents has increased. On June 30, 1977 there were 5,590 persons 63 years or older in large state MR/DD facilities; on June 30, 1996 there were an estimated 4,505. However, as populations of large state MR/DD facilities have been reduced by more than 60% over the same period, the proportion of persons 63 years and older has increased substantially (3.7% in 1977, 5.0% in 1982, 6.0% in 1987, 7.0% in 1991 and 7.7% in 1996.

The proportion of state MR/DD facility populations made up of persons with the most severe cognitive impairments continues to grow. On June 30, 1996, 65.9% of all residents of large state MR/DD facilities were reported to have profound mental retardation. This compares with 45.6% in 1977, 56.2% in 1982, 63.0% in 1987, and 64.8% in 1991. Persons with mild or moderate mental retardation made up 16.3% of state facility residents on June 30, 1996. This compares with 26.8% of state institution residents in 1977, 19.6% in 1982, and 17.0% in 1987 and 16.1% in 1991. On June 30, 1996 more than one-half of all state MR/DD facility residents (54.1%) were persons with profound mental retardation between the ages of 22 and 54 years.

Although the proportion of persons with profound mental retardation among large state MR/DD populations continues to grow, their actual numbers continue to decrease. Between June 30, 1977 and June 30, 1996 the estimated number of persons with profound mental retardation living in large state MR/DD facilities decreased by more than 30,000 (from 68,907 to 38,417). This compares with an increase of nearly 20,000 state facility residents with profound mental retardation in the period between 1964 and 1977.

The proportion of large state MR/DD residents with significant functional impairments continues to increase. On June 30, 1996, 35.7% of state facility residents were reported to be unable to walk without assistance. This compares with 23.3% in 1977, 25.5% in 1982, 29.5% in 1987 and 32.4% in 1991. However, the total number of state facility residents unable to walk without assistance decreased by about 14,400 between 1977 and 1996 (from 35,200 to 20,820). Similarly in 1996, 57.0% of state facility residents were reported to be unable to toilet themselves independently. This compares with 34.1% in 1977. But between 1977 and 1996 the total number of people living in large state facilities who were unable to toilet themselves independently actually decreased by over 18,000 persons.

Most large state MR/DD facility residents are 40 years or older. With the increasing proportions of residents in both middle aged (40-62 years) and aging (63 years or older) categories, on June 30, 1996 for the first time ever the majority (50.4%) of large state MR/DD facility residents were at least 40 years old. This compares with one-third (33.3%) of all residents only 9 years earlier.

Most large state facility residents have 2 or more sensory, neurological or behavioral conditions in addition to mental retardation. On June 30, 1996, 15.3% of large state MR/DD residents were reported to be functionally blind and 7.4% were reported to be functionally deaf. Seizure disorders were reported for 46.1% of residents and 22.6% were reported to have cerebral palsy. Nearly half (45.7%) of all residents were reported to have some form of behavior disorder and 31.0% were reported to have a psychiatric condition. About 65% of all residents (64.8%) were reported to have 2 or more of these conditions. In comparison in 1977, 6.0% of state institution residents were blind, 3.6% were deaf, 32.5% had epilepsy, 19.3% had cerebral palsy, 25.4% were reported to have a behavior disorder and 35.1% to have two or more of these conditions.

Males remained a substantial majority among large state facility residents. Males made up 60.0% of state facility populations. Males have made up a majority of state facility residents since the first national survey reporting gender statistics in 1904 when 53.1% of state institution residents were male. That proportion has very gradually increased over the years to 57.0% in 1977, 57.4% in 1982, 57.7% in 1987, and 58.5% in 1991.



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All State and Non-State Residential Services

Number of Size and Residential Settings

The number of residential settings for persons with MR/DD is growing very rapidly. On June 30, 1996 there were 86,225 residential settings in which persons with MR/DD received residential services from state operated or state licensed residential service providers (excluding psychiatric facilities, nursing homes and people receiving services while living with family members). Since 1977 the number of settings in which people receive residential services has grown nearly eight-fold. On June 30, 1977 there were 11,008 state licensed or state operated residential service settings; on June 30, 1982 there were 15,632; on June 30, 1987 there were 33,477; on June 30, 1991 there were 46,786, and on June 30, 1995 there were 84,532 Of all residential service settings on June 30, 1996, 1,847 were operated by states, with the remaining 84,378 residential settings served by nonstate agencies.

Most residences licensed or operated by states for persons with MR/DD were small and almost all people living in small residences were served by nonstate agencies. Of the 86,225 total residential settings on June 30, 1996, 84,652 had 15 or fewer residents (98.2%) and 78,365 had 6 or fewer residents (90.9%). The 83,057 nonstate settings with 15 or fewer residents made up 98.1% of all settings with 15 or fewer residents. The 77,457 nonstate settings with 6 or fewer residents made up virtually all (98.8%) of the settings with 6 or fewer residents.

Most large residences were also operated by nonstate agencies. Nonstate agencies operated 1,239 (83.1%) of the total 1,491 facilities with 16 or more residents. This compares to 80.8% in 1977 and 82.7% in 1987.

Number of Residents

Between 1977 and 1996, there was a steady increase in the total number of persons with MR/DD receiving residential services. Between 1977 and 1996 the total number of residential service recipients grew 40.0%, from 247,780 to a reported 324,567. Total population increases (both nonstate and state settings) were limited to places with 15 or fewer residents, the populations of which increased by an estimated 188,807 persons between 1977 and 1996. Total populations of facilities with 16 or more residents decreased by 112,020 persons between 1977 and 1996. Between 1995 and 1996 residents of settings with 15 and fewer residents increased by an estimated 14,856 persons, while residents of places with 16 or more residents decreased by 3,996.

The national average rate of placement in residential settings for persons with MR/DD in 1996 based on reported populations was 122.0 persons per 100,000 of the general population. Twenty-seven states reported residential placement rates at or above the national average, with the highest rate (295.8 per 100,000 state residents) in North Dakota. The lowest placement rate (43.0 per 100,000) was reported by Nevada. Eight states reported placement rates 150% or more of the national average and three states reported placement rate 50% or less of the national average. The national average placement rate of 122.0 in 1996 was slightly higher than the 1995 rate of 118.7 and the 1977 rate of 118.8.

In 1996 about 70.5% of the persons with MR/DD receiving residential services lived in places with 15 or fewer residents 53.0% lived in places with 6 or fewer residents, and 24.9% lived in places with 3 or fewer residents. On June 30, 1996, residences of 15 or fewer persons housed 228,929 people (70.5% of all residents). Settings with 6 or fewer residents housed 172,540 people (53.2% of all residents) settings with 3 or fewer people (adjusted for 4 non reporting states) housed an estimated 80,430 residents (24.9% of all residents). Of the 228,929 persons living in places with 15 or fewer residents, 218,272 (95.3%) lived in settings operated by nonstate agencies. The 168,671 persons living in nonstate settings with 6 or fewer residents made up almost all (97.8%) of the 172,540 people living in places with 6 or fewer residents.

A substantial majority of persons with MR/DD who received residential services from nonstate agencies lived in smaller settings while a substantial majority of persons who lived in state residences lived in large facilities.



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More than four-fifths (85.5%) of the 255,288 persons receiving residential services from nonstate agencies lived in settings of 15 or fewer residents, and nearly two thirds (66.0%) lived in settings with 6 or fewer residents. Almost nine of ten (84.6%) of the 68,692 persons living in state operated settings were in facilities with 16 or more residents. Of the 95,343 residents of residential settings with 16 or more residents, 58,320 (61.2%) lived in state facilities. In 1977, 74.6% of the 207,356 residents of facilities with 16 or more residents lived in state facilities.

Interstate Variability

In 8 states a majority of the reported 324,567 persons with MR/DD receiving residential services lived in facilities of 16 or more residents. On June 30, 1996 more than half of the residents of all settings in Arkansas, Georgia, Illinois, Kansas, Mississispi, Oklahoma, Texas, and Virginia lived in facilities with 16 or more residents. Nationally, 29.5% of all residential service recipients lived in settings of 16 or more residents.

In nearly two-thirds (31) of all states a majority of the estimated population of persons with MR/DD received residential services in settings with 6 or fewer residents. On June 30, 1996 more than half of the residents of all settings in Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Hawaii, Idaho, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Mexico, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming lived in settings with 6 or fewer residents. Nationally, 53.2% of all residential service recipients lived in settings of 6 or fewer residents, and an estimated 24.9% lived in settings with 3 or fewer residents with MR/DD.

State and Nonstate Residential Settings by Type

Most people receiving residential services receive it in places that provide "congregate care." Congregate care is provided in settings owned, rented or managed by the residential services provider, or the provider's agents in which paid staff provide care, supervisory instruction and other support. An estimated 250,452 persons with MR/DD lived in congregate care settings on June 30, 1996 (77.2% of all residential service recipients). A majority of these persons (156,940 or 62.7%) lived in settings with 15 or fewer residents and over two-thirds of those (100,915 or 64.3%) lived in settings with 6 or fewer residents.

The number of people living in "family foster care" is slowly increasing. An estimated national total of 22,969 persons with MR/DD lived in family foster care settings on June 30, 1996. Virtually all (99.8%) lived in homes with 6 or fewer residents. Between June 30, 1982 and June 30, 1996 the estimated number of people in foster care settings increased from approximately 17,150 to 22,969 (33.9%).

About 14% of persons receiving MR/DD residential services live in their "own homes" that they own or lease. An estimated national total of 45,012 persons with MR/DD receiving residential services and supports lived in homes that they owned or leased for themselves. All of these people lived with six or fewer other persons. Between 1991 and 1996 the estimated number of people living in homes of their own nationally increased by about 19,000 persons as the movement toward consumer controlled housing and supported living continued to gain momentum.

Patterns of Change in Residential Service Systems: 1977-1996

The number of residential settings in which people received services increased much faster than the total number of service recipients. Between 1977 and 1996, the total number of residential settings in which people with MR/DD received residential services grew from 11,008 to over 86,225 (683%), while total service recipients increased by 30.9%, from about 248,000 to an estimated 324,567 individuals.

The nation moved from large facility-centered to small community-based residential services. In 1977, 83.7% of the estimated population of persons with MR/DD receiving residential services lived in residences of 16 or more people. By 1996, an estimated 70.5% lived in community settings of 15 or fewer people, and 53.0% lived in



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residential settings with 6 or fewer people. But only about 13.0% of residential service recipients lived in homes that they themselves owned or rented (11.9% counting persons with MR/DD living in nursing homes).

The role of the state as a residential service provider dramatically declined. In 1977, 62.9% of all residential service recipients lived in state-operated residential settings. By 1996, less than one-quarter (21.4%) of all residential service recipients lived in state-operated residential settings.

The number of persons with MR/DD living in settings of 3 or fewer persons continues to increase. An estimated 75,146 people (23.1%) were living in homes of 3 or fewer residents in 1996, an increase of 379% from 15,702 (6.4%) in 1982. Among 47 states for which this data was available, persons with MR/DD living in settings of 3 or fewer persons ranged from 1.1% to 85.0% of all persons with MR/DD receiving residential services.

States reported a large number of service recipients living in their family homes. In 1996, states reported an estimated 265,613 persons receiving services in their family homes. This accounts for 45% of all residential services provided. Recipients of family-based services in states ranged from 0% to 77% of service recipients.

States reported 51,553 persons waiting for residential services. An estimated 26.9% growth in Medicaid expenditures nationally is needed to provide residential services to all of those on waiting lists. The range of growth needed in states ranges from 0% to 89.9%.

Medicaid Funded Services

Intermediate Care Facilities for Persons with Mental Retardation (ICFs-MR)

The total number of ICFs-MR has increased by 136 facilities, limited to places of 6 or fewer residents. On June 30, 1996 there were 7,083 ICFs-MR nationwide. In 1995, 6,947 ICFs-MR were reported. Average ICF-MR size in 1996 was 18.3 residents; this compares with 186 residents in 1977, 74.5 residents in 1982; and 37 residents in 1987.

In 1996, the population of ICFs-MR continued to decrease. From 1982 to 1993 the ICF-MR program was notable for its stability in the number of persons served. On June 30, 1994 there were 142,118 persons living in all ICFs-MR. This compares with 140,684 on June 30, 1982. By June 1995 the total ICF-MR population had decreased to 134,384. The June 1996 population of ICF-MR was 129,449, a decrease of 4,935 from the previous year.

Populations of large ICFs-MR with 16 or more residents have continued to decrease steadily over the past several years. On June 30, 1996 there were 85,109 persons in ICFs-MR of 16 or more residents (65.7% of all ICF-MR residents). This represented a 29.2% decrease from the 120,822 persons in large ICFs-MR in 1987 and a 34.9% decrease from 130,767 large ICF-MR residents in 1982. The 1996 population of large ICFs-MR included 56,877 residents of state ICFs-MR and 28,232 residents in nonstate ICFs-MR. Between June 30, 1987 and June 30, 1996, large state ICF-MR populations decreased 35.7% (from 88,424), while large nonstate ICF-MR populations decreased by 9.3% (from 32,398). In 1996, 89.3% of persons living in all large state and nonstate facilities lived in ICF-MR units, and 97.5% of people living in state facilities of 16 or more residents lived in ICF-MR units.

In 1996, a minority of ICF-MR residents were living in state-operated facilities. On June 30, 1996, 44.9% of all ICF-MR residents were living in state-operated facilities. This compares with 63.2% on June 30, 1987; 77.2% on June 30, 1982 and 87.5% on June 30, 1977. The decreased concentration of ICF-MR residents in state-operated facilities is associated with the general depopulation of large state MR/DD facilities and the increase in the number of community ICFs-MR, 97.3% of which in 1996 were nonstate facilities. On June 30, 1996 there were 56,877 persons in ICF-MR units of large state MR/DD facilities (43.9% of all ICF-MR residents). This compares with 88,424 persons on June 30, 1987 (61.2% of all ICF-MR residents), and 107,081 persons in June 30, 1982 (76.3% of all ICF-MR residents).



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The number of residents of ICFs-MR of 15 or fewer residents continued to decrease in 1996, along with the large decrease in total ICF-MR residents. On June 30, 1996 there were 44,340 persons with MR/DD living in ICFs-MR with 15 or fewer residents. This represents a decrease of 2.0% from June 30, 1995. Still community ICFs-MR continued to house many more people than the 23,528 persons on June 30, 1987, and the 9,985 on June 30, 1982. On June 30, 1996, 44.9% of residents of small ICFs-MR lived in facilities with 6 or fewer residents. Between June 30, 1982 and June 30, 1996 the total number of persons with MR/DD living in ICFs-MR of six or fewer residents increased from 2,572 to 19,928. But the number of people living in ICFs-MR of 6 or fewer residents decreased between June 30, 1995 and June 30, 1996 by 628 residents (3.1%) as many small ICFs-MR were converted to Medicaid Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) waiver financing.

A relatively small proportion of persons with MR/DD living in the community settings live in ICF-MR certified residences. Nationally, on June 30, 1996 only 19.5% of the 227,668 persons in settings with 15 or fewer residents lived in ICFs-MR. Persons living in settings with 7 to 15 residents were far more likely to live in ICFs-MR than persons living in settings of 6 or fewer residents; 24,412 (43.3%) of the 56,374 persons living in settings with 7 to 15 residents lived in ICFs-MR, while only 19,928 (11.6%) of the 171,294 persons living in settings with 6 or fewer residents lived in ICFs-MR.

In 1996 total ICF-MR expenditures increased slightly over 1994. In Fiscal Year 1996 total federal and state expenditures for ICF-MR services were 9.73 billion dollars, while Fiscal Year 1995 expenditures totaled 9.67 billion dollars. This compares with \$8.8 billion dollars in 1992, \$5.6 billion in 1987, \$3.6 billion in 1982 and \$1.1 billion in 1977.

Per resident ICF-MR expenditures in 1996 continued to increase. In 1996 the average expenditure for end-of-year ICF-MR residents was \$75,192. This compares with the average 1995 per recipient expenditure of \$70,941. The average 1996 expenditure was \$30,246 or 67.3% more than the 1989 per recipient expenditure of \$44,946. States varied substantially in expenditures per ICF-MR recipient, from over \$100,000 per year in twelve states to under \$45,000 per year in two states. Total ICF-MR expenditures per day per person in the general population averaged \$36.59 per year nationally. Five states spent over twice the national average.

Medicaid Home and Community Based Services (HCBS)

Growth in HCBS recipients continues. On June 30, 1996 there were 190,230 persons with MR/DD receiving HCBS, and increase of 27.5% over the 149,185 recipients on June 30, 1995. In the six years between June 30, 1990 and 1996, the number of HCBS recipients grew 377.5% from 39,838 and the number of states providing HCBS increased from 42 to 51. Thirty-four states increased their number of HCBS recipients by 1,000 or more between 1990 and 1996.

People receiving HCBS financed residential services (other than room and board) is greater than the number living in ICFs-MR. Of the 50 states with HCBS recipients, 35 were able to report the residential arrangements of all or some of their recipients. These states reported residential arrangements for 89,894 individuals, 47.3% of 190,230 HCBS recipients on June 30, 1996. More than 7 of 10 (70.9%) of these HCBS recipients were receiving residential services outside their family home. Applying this statistic to all 190,230 HCBS recipients on June 30, 1996 yields an estimated 134,873 persons receiving residential services funded by HCBS while living away from the home or their parents or other relatives. This estimate suggests that in Fiscal Year 1996, for the first time more people were receiving out-of-home Medicaid long-term care services financed by the HCBS program (134,873 persons) than financed by the ICF-MR program (129,449 persons). In a residential facility or foster home, almost twice the 45,234 persons served in all small ICFs-MR.

Expenditures for Medicaid HCBS recipients continue to grow and show substantial interstate variability. In Fiscal Year 1996 expenditures for Medicaid HCBS recipients were 4.7 billion dollars for 190,230 recipients, a per recipient average of \$24,783 per year. This represents a 16.6% increase over the per recipient average in Fiscal Year



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1990 (\$21,246). The states with the highest per recipient expenditures in 1996 were Delaware (\$65,088) and Pennsylvania (\$56,073). The states with the lowest per recipients expenditures in 1996 were California (\$10,799), Florida (\$11,385), Illinois (\$11,094) and Mississippi (\$397). Adjustments in average expenditures to reflect estimated average daily HCBS recipients yields an average expenditure of \$27,779.

ICF-MR and HCBS Combined

Despite decreasing numbers of ICF-MR residents, growth in the total number of ICF-MR and HCBS recipients has continued at a rapidly accelerating rate. Between 1982 and 1987 combined totals of ICF-MR and HCBS recipients increased at an annual average of about 6,200. Between 1987 and 1992 there was a combined average annual increase of approximately 8,000 ICF-MR and HCBS recipients. Between 1992 and 1996 total ICF-MR and HCBS recipients increased at an annual rate of more than 25,000 per year. On June 30, 1996, HCBS recipients made up 59.5% of the combined total of ICF-MR and HCBS recipients, compared with just 13.6% on June 30, 1987.

ICF-MR and HCBS recipients living in small (15 or fewer residents) residential settings make up nearly three-quarters of the combined total of ICF-MR and HCBS recipients. On June 30, 1996 residents of small ICFs-MR and HCBS recipients made up 73.4% of all ICF-MR and HCBS recipients. That compares with 68.6% on June 30, 1995, 64.5% on June 30, 1994, and 27.7% on June 30, 1987. In 45 states most of the combined ICF-MR and HCBS recipients were receiving community services.

There remains remarkable variation among states in ICF-MR and HCBS utilization rates. On June 30, 1996 there was a national ICF-MR utilization rate of 48.7 ICF-MR residents per 100,000 persons in the United States. The highest individual state ICF-MR utilization rates were 135.9 in District of Columbia and 139.2 in Louisiana. The highest utilization of large ICFs-MR were in Illinois (60.6), Louisiana (72.5), Mississippi (72.2), Oklahoma (67.9), and Wisconsin (64.7). State HCBS utilization rates varied from twice the national average of 71.5 in 8 states to less than half of the national average in 12 states. On June 30, 1996 nationally there was an average of combined 120.2 ICF-MR and HCBS recipients per 100,000 of the population. Individual state utilization rates for the combined programs varied from the highest rates in North Dakota (375.2), South Dakota (221.6), New York (215.1), Rhode Island (213.9) and Wyoming (204.4) to the lowest rates in Alaska (38.5) and Nevada (39.0).

Expenditures are disproportionately greater in ICFs/MR than for persons receiving HCBS. The average annual expenditures for ICF-MR services were \$75,192 per person as compared to \$24,783 per each HCBS recipient. As a result nationally, in Fiscal Year 1996, HCBS recipients made up 59.5% of the total HCBS and ICF-MR recipient population but used only 32.6% of the total HCBS and ICF-MR expenditures. In sixteen states HCBS expenditures exceeded ICF-MR expenditures.

Differences in state benefits from Medicaid spending continues. Almost any measure of each states' relative benefits from Medicaid funding yields significant interstate differences. For example, if 1996 Medicaid long-term care benefits paid to each state for persons with MR/DD are indexed by federal income tax paid by citizens of each state, major differences are found. In 1996, six states received over twice their relative federal income contributions tax back in benefits (North Dakota, \$3.06 in benefits per \$1.00 contributed; Louisiana, \$2.60; South Dakota, \$2.18; Rhode Island, \$2.02; New Mexico (\$2.11) and New York (\$2.04). Six states received back less than half their relative contributions (Alaska, California, Florida, Hawaii, Nevada, Virginia). There are also large differences among states indexed in Medicaid expenditures for persons with MR/DD. For example, in Fiscal Year 1996, the District of Columbia, New York, North Dakota, and Rhode Island spent more than \$100 for Medicaid long-term care programs for persons with MR/DD per state resident. Alaska, California, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Kentucky and Nevada spent less than \$25.



Nineteen states reported a total of 1,039 completed or planned direct conversions of ICFs-MR to HCBS residences. States have completed and are planning conversions of ICF-MR financed residences to HCBS financed residences in numbers equal to about 20% of the June 1995 community ICFs-MR. New York has had the greatest number of actual conversions of ICFs-MR to HCBS funding (305). Pennsylvania has also planned approximately 300 direct conversions.

Nursing Home Residents

The number of persons with MR/DD in Nursing Facilities continues to decrease slowly. States reported that on June 30, 1996 there were 37,591 persons with MR/DD in nursing homes. This compares with 36,197 on June 30, 1994. Nationwide, in 1996 9.7% of all persons with MR/DD receiving residential services and 10.5% of all with MR/DD receiving services through Medicaid ICF-MR, HCBS or Nursing Facility programs were in Medicaid nursing homes. One state reported Nursing Facility residents make up more than one-third of their citizens with MR/DD receiving residential services and two other states reported Nursing Facility residents to make up more than one-fifth of Medicaid long-term service recipients with MR/DD.



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INTRODUCTION AND METHODOLOGY



INTRODUCTION

The National Residential Information Systems Project (RISP) on Residential Services of the Research and Training Center on Residential Services and Community Living began in 1977. It has operated on a nearly continuous basis since then. This project gathers and reports statistics on persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities (MR/DD) receiving residential services, both stateoperated and nonstate-operated, Medicaid-funded and non-Medicaid funded programs in the United States, including residential services operated specifically for persons with MR/DD, as well as persons with MR/DD who are living in nursing homes, and state psychiatric This particular report provides such facilities. statistics for the year ending June 30, 1996, as well as comparative statistics from earlier years.

Section 1 of this report presents statistics on stateoperated residential services for Fiscal Year 1996, with comparative trend data from earlier years. Chapter 1 presents statistics that were compiled and reported by various state agencies. The data collection in Chapter 1 represents a continuation of a statistical program originated by the Office of Mental Retardation (now Administration Coordination the Developmental Disabilities) in 1968 which gathered statistics on state MR/DD institutions (places with 16 or more residents). It has since been expanded to include statistics on smaller state-operated MR/DD residential settings (those with fewer than 15 residents) and on state-operated psychiatric facilities which house persons with mental retardation and related conditions. The addition of state psychiatric facilities was begun for Fiscal Year 1978, and the smaller state-operated residential settings were added in Fiscal Year 1986. As is indicated at various points throughout this report the statistics gathered as part of the National Residential Information Systems Project since Fiscal Year 1977 have also been linked to a longitudinal data base developed by the project including statistics on residents and expenditures of individual large (16 or more residents) state MR/DD residential facilities on June 30, 1996. That data base begins with the first census of state MR/DD institutions carried out as part of the U.S. Census of 1880.

Section I, Chapter 2 presents the Fiscal Year 1996 statistics as part of the longitudinal trends in state institution populations, resident movement, and expenditures for state institution care since 1950. A

brief historical review of these and other preceding surveys since 1950 can be found in Lakin, Hill, Street, and Bruininks (1986). For a more detailed review, including surveys and statistics since 1880, see Lakin (1979).

Section I, Chapter 3 presents information on average and end of Fiscal Year 1996 populations with MR/DD, average per diem expenditures during Fiscal Year 1996 by institution and patterns of state institution closure. It provides a listing of all state institutions that have operated since 1960, including those that closed on or before 1996, and those that are scheduled to close by 2000. These statistics were gathered through the survey of individual state facilities including traditional state MR/DD institutions and MR/DD units contained within state psychiatric or other "mixed use" institutions.

Section I, Chapter 4 presents statistics on the characteristics and movement of residents of large state MR/DD residential institutions (16 or more residents) in Fiscal Year 1996. These statistics were gathered through a survey of individual state institutions for persons with mental retardation and related conditions with 16 or more residents. These facilities included traditional state MR/DD institutions and MR/DD units contained within other state-operated institutions. Previous surveys of state institutions were conducted in conjunction with this project in 1977, 1979, 1981, 1982, 1985, 1987, 1989, 1991, and 1994. As in the past these statistics were gathered in cooperation with the Association of Public Developmental Disabilities Administrators (formerly the National Association of Superintendents of Public Residential Facilities for the Mentally Retarded). The procedures for this survey were developed by the late Richard Scheerenberger.

Section II of this report presents combined statistics on the total numbers of persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities in both state and nonstate residential settings. Statistics in this section have been compiled and reported by individual state MR/DD agencies. This data set was designed in cooperation with state agencies to permit the most comprehensive possible data collection while maintaining congruence with administrative data sets maintained in each of the states. It should be noted that in certain states a significant amount of state effort is required to compile the requested statistics, including frequently separate surveys of substate



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regions. Occasionally the demands of such data collection activities preclude a state's reporting completely for a particular year. In such states statistics from the most recent data collection point have been substituted for Fiscal Year 1996 data. When earlier data are substituted, they are so indicated in the tables presented.

Section II provides longitudinal trend statistics on total (i.e., state-operated and nonstate- operated) MR/DD residential service systems on the individual state and national levels. Section II, Chapter 5 provides data on total state residential services systems (i.e., services provided by both state and nonstate These statistics are reported by agencies). state/nonstate operation and by size of residential settings on June 30, 1996. State-operated services include those described in Chapter 1 with the exception of the psychiatric institutions, which are excluded in Section II's focus on the individual state and national MR/DD residential services systems. Although nonstate facilities are almost entirely privately operated, in a few states local government agencies also operate residential programs. These local government programs are included with private programs in a nonstate category because typically their relationship with the state with respect to licensing, monitoring and funding is more like that of a private agency than that of a state-operated program. In addition to state/nonstate operation, four residential setting size distinctions are provided: 1 to 3 residents, 4 to 6 residents, 7 to 15 residents and 16 or more residents. Again these size categories were established because they were most congruent with the data that the individual states were able to report.

Chapter 6 presents statistics reported by the various states on residents living in different types of residential settings of state and nonstate operation. Four separate categories of residential settings are identified. These were developed after consultation with state respondents during a 1986 feasibility study of states' abilities to report residents by setting type. Without question this area presents states with the greatest reporting challenge. States have in total literally hundreds of different names for residential programs and many of these programs have aspects which make them subtly different from similarly named programs in other states. Even in using just the four broad residential setting categories identified below, a few state data systems do not permit the breakdowns requested. Therefore in some states some residential settings and their residents must be subsumed in the statistics of another setting type.

Chapter 7 presents Fiscal Year 1996 statistics along with longitudinal statistics from earlier years to show the changing patterns of residential services for persons with MR/DD from 1977 to 1996. This presentation of statistics focuses on overall residential service utilization as well as the utilization of residential settings of different state/nonstate operation, size and type.

Section III focuses on the utilization of the Medicaid program to sponsor long-term care services for persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities. Chapter 8 describes the evolution of Medicaid involvement in services for persons with mental retardation and related conditions and the specific programs funding residential services for persons with MR/DD. Chapter 9 provides statistics on June 30, 1996 utilization of these Medicaid programs. It also presents Fiscal Year 1996 statistics within the longitudinal context of changing Medicaid utilization. This presentation also includes Medicaid residential services program utilization within the entire system of residential services for persons with mental retardation and related conditions. Chapter 10 provides a description of states' policies and practices related to the conversion of community ICFs-MR to Home and Community Based Services waiver sites. It is based on a separate survey of state officials involved in the administration of the HCBS program.

Section IV provides state-by-state trends in residential services. Chapter 11 in this section provides individual state summaries from 1977 to 1996 of changes in residential services by facility size, service recipients per 100,000 of state population and other descriptors for use in monitoring trends and comparing states.

METHODOLOGY

The contents of this report primarily derive from three data collection activities. The first is a four-part survey of designated state agencies and key respondents to gather aggregated state statistics. The second is a survey of administrators of all large (16 or more residents) state MR/DD facilities. The third is a survey of administrators of Medicaid Home and Community Based Services programs.



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State Survey Data Collection

A four-part survey questionnaire for state agency statistics for Fiscal Year 1996, was mailed with a cover letter to each state's mental retardation/developmental disabilities program director or the state's designated "key data manager" in September 1996. Part 1 of the questionnaire was on state-operated residential Part 2 gathered statistics on nonstate services. residential settings and persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities residing in Medicaid nursing facilities. Statistics on ICFs-MR were integrated into Parts 1 and 2. Part 3 contained questions on Medicaid Home and Community Based Services. Part 4 requested the number of persons with MR/DD on waiting lists for residential services. Telephone follow-up began two weeks after the questionnaires were mailed to confirm the individual(s) in each state agency who had accepted responsibility for compiling the statistics for each part of the survey. Direct contacts were then made with each key data manager to answer questions about the data requested.

Additional follow-up telephone calls to promote initial response and to clarify and edit the statistics on returned questionnaires continued and summaries of the data from each state were returned to each state for verification. Reporting and special notes on state data were completed by the end of February 1996. Compiling statistics from states on the four-part survey took an average of four telephone conversations involving up to four different people in each state. In several states contacts were made with two or more of the mental retardation/developmental disabilities, mental health and Medicaid agencies to gather the required statistics.

Limitations are encountered when gathering statistics at the state level. Most notable among these are the variations that sometimes exist in the types of statistics maintained by the various states and the specific operational definitions governing certain data elements. For example, in a few states data on first admissions, readmissions, and releases were not available according to the specific survey definitions. In a few other states the state statistical systems were not wholly compatible with the uniform data collection of this project. General problems in the collection of the data are presented in the discussion accompanying each table in the body of the report and/or in notes at the foot of tables.

Individual State Institution Survey

Data in Chapter 4 of this report present results from a survey of each large (16 or more residents) state MR/DD residential facility or unit operating on June 30, 1996. This survey included questions on demographic, diagnostic, and functional characteristics of each facility's residents, on patterns of resident movement, including previous place of residence of new admissions and readmissions to each state-operated residential facility, and on program administration, staffing and expenditures.

The facilities included in this study were large state residential facilities for persons with MR/DD or specifically designated units for persons with MR/DD within other institutions. Data collection was carried out primarily by mail with telephone follow-up to nonrespondents. Two instruments were used in this survey. They included a long form (22 categories of information) initially mailed to all facilities (returned by 166 facilities, 75.8% responding facilities), and a short form (10 categories of information) mailed to all nonrespondents to the long form (returned by 23 facilities, 10.5%). A phone follow-up was conducted with the 13.7% facilities that failed to respond to either the long or short form of this survey. Statistics were obtained from these institutions on their number of residents with MR/DD on June 30, 1996, their average daily population during Fiscal Year 1996, their average per diem expenditures in Fiscal Year 1996 and their plans, if any, for closure between 1996-2000. Specific item response rates are indicated at the foot of each table. These report the percentage of all state MR/DD institution residents who are housed in the facilities that reported the specific statistic.

Survey on ICF-MR to HCBS Conversion

Chapter 10 is based on a survey of states and the District of Columbia regarding conversions of community ICF-MR facilities to HCBS financed residential sites. The survey's three part questionnaire were faxed to all state developmental disabilities directors in October 1996 with the request that the questionnaire be referred to the appropriate respondent. A response was requested within 10 days and nonrespondents were subsequently contacted by telephone. Forty-nine of 50 states and the District of Columbia responded to the survey. One state did not respond on the advice of state attorneys because of current litigation involving this issue.



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SECTION I

STATUS AND CHANGES IN STATE-OPERATED RESIDENTIAL SERVICES



CHAPTER 1 POPULATIONS OF STATE-OPERATED RESIDENTIAL SETTINGS IN 1996

Lynda Anderson Barbara Polister Robert W. Prouty K. Charlie Lakin Jennifer Sandlin

The statistics in this chapter on resident populations, resident movement, and costs in state-operated residential settings for persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities (MR/DD) in Fiscal Year 1996 were gathered in a survey of all states. Statistics are provided for persons residing in state-operated MR/DD settings of 6 or fewer residents, 7-15 residents and 16 or more residents, and for persons with MR/DD residing in state-operated psychiatric facilities. A state-operated setting is defined as one in which the persons providing direct support to the residents of the setting are state employees.

Number of State-Operated Residential Facilities

Table 1.1 presents statistics by state on the number of state-operated residential facilities serving persons with MR/DD in the United States on June 30, 1996. The statistics are broken down for state-operated MR/DD settings with 6 or fewer residents, 7-15 residents, and 16 or more residents; and for state-operated psychiatric facilities and total state-operated facilities.

On June 30, 1996, states reported a total of 1,911 state-operated residential settings serving persons with MR/DD, a decrease of 35 from the previous year. Of these, 1,847 (96.7%) were settings primarily for persons with MR/DD. Of the 1,847 state MR/DD facilities, 1,595 (86.4%) had 15 or fewer residents; 252 (13.6%) had 16 or more residents.

All states except New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island, and the District of Columbia operated at least one large state MR/DD facility on June 30, 1996. Twelve states reported at least one psychiatric facility housing persons with a primary diagnosis of mental retardation or a related developmental disability in units other than special MR/DD units (the latter being counted among the "MR/DD facilities"). States reported a total of 64 state psychiatric facilities with residents with MR/DD as compared with 89 on June 30, 1995.

On June 30, 1996, 15 states were serving persons with MR/DD in state-operated settings with 15 or fewer total residents. The total of 1,595 small residential settings staffed by state employees on June 30, 1996 represented an increase of 4.7% (71 settings) between June 30, 1995 and June 30, 1996. By far the greatest portion of that growth came among settings with 6 or fewer residents, which grew by 5.2% (45 settings).

The greatest number of small state-operated residential settings was in New York (935 settings). New York operated 58.6% of all such settings in the United States on June 30, 1996. Slightly more than half (53.6%) of New York's state-operated community residential facilities had between 7 and 15 residents. Outside of New York, among states with small state-operated residential settings, more than two thirds (71.8%) of the 660 state-operated community residential settings in 1996 had 6 or fewer residents.



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Table 1.1 Number of State-Operated Residential Facilities on June 30, 1996 by State

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CO		0									6
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	WI	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	3	3
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e indicates estimate



Table 1.2 Persons with Mental Retardation and Related Developmental Disabilities Living in State-Operated MR/DD and Psychiatric Facilities on June 30, 1996 by State

				State M	R/DD Fac	ilities		Psychiatric	Total	Total
State	1-3	4-6	1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total	Facilities	Large (16+)	State
AL	0	0	0	0	0	800	800	0	800	800
AK	0	0	0	0	0	19	19	0	19	19
AZ	15	85	100	94	194	103	297	0	103	297
AR	0	0	0	0	0	1,272	1,272	0	1,272	1,272
<u>CA</u>	0	0_	0	0	0	4,581	4,581	0	4,581	4,581
co	4	0	4	294	298	197	495	0	197	495
CT	198	258	456	284	740	1,209	1,949	15	1,224	1,964
DE	0	0	0	15	15	291	306	0	291	306
DC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 1,459	0
FL	0	0	0	0	0_	1,459	1,459 1,909	36		1,459 1,909
GA	0	0	0	0	_	1,909	1,909	0	a 1,909	1,909
HI	0	0	0	0	0	49 123	123	0	123	123
ID	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	3,718	3,718	17		3,735
IL D	0 0	0	0	0	0	1,244	1,244	65	a 3,735	1,309
IN	0	0	0	- 0	0	672	672	197	869	869
KS	0	0	0	0	0	676	676	0	676	676
KY	0	0	0	0	0	644	644	0	644	644
LA	0	78	78	0	78	2,031	2,109	Ö	2,031	2,109
ME	0	0	0	48	48	19	67	0	19	67
MD	0	0	0	0	0	652	652	8	a 660	660
MA	0	280	280	488	768	1,824	2,592	0	1,824	2,592
MI	0	0	0	0	0	346	346	0	346	346
MN	0	222	222	0	222	345	567	0	345	567
MS	101	169	270	225	495	1,424	1,919	0	1,424	1,919
MO	0		0	0	0	1,494	1,494	41	1,535	1,535
MT	0	0	0	0	0	157	157	0	157	157
NE	0	0	0	0	0	401	401	0	401	401
NV	0	6	6	12	18	154	172	0	154	172
NH _	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	6	6	10
NJ	0	0	0	0	0	4,241	4,241	691 t		4,241
NM	0	0	0	0	0	145	145	0	145	145
NY	242	1,692	1934	5,143	7,077	3,399	10,476	150 e		10,476
NC	0	0	0	0	0	2,227	2,227	0	2,227	2,227
ND	0	0	0	0	0	148	148	0	148	148
OH	0	0	0	0	0	2,087	2,087	0	2,087	2,087
OK	0	0	0	0	0	553	553	0	553	553
OR	3	35	38	0	38	429	467	0	429	467
PA	0	0	0	0	0	3,164	3,164	27	3,191	3,191
RI	0	204	204	150	354	0	354	0	0	354
SC	22	0	22	0	22	1,548	1,570	0	1,548	1,570
SD	0	0	0	0	0	252	252	16	268	268
TN	0	0	0	0	0	1,388	1,388	0	1,388	1,388
TX	0	251	251	35	286	5,735	6,021	0	5,735	6,021 (
UT	0	0	0	0	0	311	311	0	311	311
VT	0	0	0	0	0	2 180		0		2,189
VA	0	0	0	0	0	2,189	2,189		2,189	2,189 1,281
WA	0	0	0	0	0	1,281 75	1,281 75	0 0	1,281 75	75
WV	0	0	0	0 0	0 0	1,197	1,197	0	1,197	1,197
WI WY	0	0	0 0	0	0	1,197	1,197	0	1,197	1,197
U.S. Total	589	3,280	3,869	6,773	10,642	58,320	68,962	1,269	59,589	70,231
a indicates 1995 data		indicates 19						Public Residential		, , , , , ,

a indicates 1995 data



b indicates 1993 data

c indicates information from survey of large Public Residential Facilities

e indicates estimate

Residents of State-Operated Facilities

Table 1.2 presents the number of persons with MR/DD living in state-operated MR/DD residential settings and psychiatric facilities on June 30, 1996. On June 30, 1996 there were 70,231 persons with MR/DD living in state-operated residential settings. This represented a decrease of about 4.3% from the 73,374 residents on June 30, 1995. Of this population, 68,962 persons (98.2%) were residents of settings specifically designated for persons with MR/DD and 1,269 persons (1.8%) were residents of psychiatric facilities.

Of the 68,962 persons living in state-operated MR/DD facilities, 3,869 (5.6%) lived in settings of six or fewer residents, 6,773 (9.8%) lived in facilities of seven to 15 residents, and 58,320 (84.6%) lived in large facilities of 16 or more residents. Nationally, the populations of large state-operated MR/DD facilities decreased 6.0% between June 30, 1995 and June 30, 1996 from 62,028 residents on June 30, 1995. All residents with MR/DD living in state-operated psychiatric facilities were in settings of 16 or more residents.

The 3,869 persons with MR/DD in state-operated MR/DD settings of six or fewer residents were in fourteen states, with 2,390 (61.8%) concentrated in two states (Connecticut and New York). The 6,773 persons in MR/DD facilities of seven to 15 residents were in 10 states and 5,143 (75.9%) were from New York. Of the 58,320 persons living in large state MR/DD facilities, 24,838 (42.6%) lived in six states (California, Illinois, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, and Texas).

The decrease in the number of residents of large state MR/DD facilities continued a trend first evident in Fiscal Year 1968. The 6.0% rate of decrease between Fiscal Years 1995 and 1996 compares with a 5.6% decrease between Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995, 5.8% decrease between Fiscal Years 1993 and 1994, a 6.4% decrease between Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 and a 7.5% decrease between Fiscal Years 1991 and 1992.

Populations per 100,000 of the General Population

Table 1.3 indexes the population of persons with MR/DD living in state-operated residential settings by 100,000 of each state's general population on June 30, This statistic is referred to here as the "placement rate." On June 30, 1996 the national placement rate for all state-operated residential settings was 26.4 residents per 100,000 of state population. This represented a reduction from 31.9 on June 30, 1993, 30.1 on June 30, 1994, and 27.9 on June, 30, 1995. This decrease in national placement rate for all state-operated residential services was due to the decrease in national placement rate for large state MR/DD facilities, from 27.3 on June 30, 1993 to 25.5 on June 30, 1994 to 23.5 on June 30, 1995 to 21.9 on June 30, 1996. During the same period the placement rate for state-operated MR/DD residential settings of 15 or fewer residents varied only slightly within the range 3.8 to 4.0 per 100,000 of the total population.

States with over twice the national average placement rate for large state MR/DD facilities on June 30, 1996 were Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, and New Jersey. States with less than one-third the average placement rate for large state MR/DD facilities on June 30, 1996 included Alaska, Arizona, Colorado, District of Columbia, Hawaii, Maine, Michigan, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont, and West Virginia. Connecticut, New York, and Rhode Island had the highest placement rates in state-operated community settings of 15 or fewer residents (each over five times the national average). Rhode Island and Connecticut had the highest placement rates in small state-operated settings of 6 or fewer residents (20.4 and 13.9 per 100,000 of the state population, respectively).



Table 1.3 Persons with Mental Retardation and Related Developmental Disabilities Living in State-Operated MR/DD and Psychiatric Facilities Per 100,000 of the General Population on June 30, 1996

			-		•.•		5 11 . 1		All State -
_	Population		_	VDD Facil			Psychiatric	Total	Operated
State	(100,000)	1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total	Facilities	Large (16+)	Facilities
AL	43.16	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.5	18.5	0.0	18.5	18.5
AK	6.47	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.9	2.9	0.0	2.9	2.9
AZ	41.45	2.4	2.3	4.7	2.5	7.2	0.0	2.5	7.2
AR	24.90	0.0	0.0	0.0	51.1	51.1	0.0	51.1	51.1
CA	328.96	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.9	13.9	0.0	13.9	13.9
CO	37.80	0.1	7.8	7.9	5.2	13.1	0.0	5.2	13.1
CT	32.73	13.9	8.7	22.6	36.9	59.5 42.1	0.5	37.4	60.0
DE	7.26	0.0	2,1 0.0	2.1	40.1 0.0	42.1 0.0	0.0 0.0	40.1 0.0	42.1 0.0
DC	5.55 144.31	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	10.1	10.1	0.0	10.1	10.1
FL	72.09	0.0	0.0	0.0	26.5	26.5	0.5	26.5	26.5
GA	12.42	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.9	3.9	0.0	3.9	3.9
HI ID	11.83	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.4	10.4	0.0	10.4	10.4
IL	119.16	0.0	0.0	0.0	31.2	31.2	0.1	31.3	31.3
IN	58.65	0.0	0.0	0.0	21.2	21.2	1.1	22.3	22.3
IA	28.75	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.4	23.4	6.9	30.2	30.2
KS	26.25	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.8	25.8	0.0	25.8	25.8
KY	38.79	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.6	16.6	0.0	16.6	16.6
LA	43.83	1.8	0.0	1.8	46.3	48.1	0.0	46.3	48.1
ME	12.37	0.0	3.9	3.9	1.5	5.4	0.0	1.5	5.4
MD	51.27	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.7	12.7	0.2	12.9	12.9
MA	59.71	4.7	8.2	12.9	30.5	43.4	0.0	30.5	43.4
MI	96.12	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.6	3.6	0.0	3.6	3.6
MN	46.60	4.8	0.0	4.8	7.4	12.2	0.0	7.4	12.2
MS	26.83	10.1	8.4	18.4	53.1	71.5	0.0	53.1	71.5
MO	53.16	0.0	0.0	0.0	28.1	28.1	0.8	28.9	28.9
MT	8.74	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.0	18.0	0.0	18.0	18.0
NE	16.56	0.0	0.0	0.0	24.2	24.2	0.0	24.2	24.2
NV	15.20	0.4	0.8	1.2	10.1	11.3	0.0	10.1	11.3
NH	11.39	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.9
NJ	79.72	0.0	0.0	0.0	53.2	53.2	8.7	53.2	53.2
NM	17.05	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.5	8.5	0.0	8.5	8.5
NY	181.90	10.6	28.3	38.9	18.7	57.6	0.8	18.7	57.6
NC	72.43	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.7	30.7	0.0	30.7	30.7
ND	6.38	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.2	23.2	0.0	23.2	23.2
ОН	112.53	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.5	18.5	0.0	18.5	18.5
OK	32.93	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.8	16.8	0.0	16.8	16.8
OR	31.94	1.2	0.0	1.2	13.4	14.6	0.0	13.4	14.6
PA	121.66	0.0	0.0	0.0	26.0	26.0	0.2	26.2	26.2
RI	10.00	20.4	15.0	35.4	0.0	35.4	0.0	0.0	35.4
SC	37.72	0.6	0.0	0.6	41.0	41.6	0.0	41.0	41.6
SD	7.42	0.0	0.0	0.0	34.0	34.0	2.2	36.1	36.1
TN	52.90	0.0	0.0	0.0	26.2	26.2	0.0	26.2	26.2
TX	188.81	1.3	0.2	1.5	30.4	31.9	0.0	30.4	31.9
UT	19.85	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.7	15.7	0.0	15.7	15.7
VT	5.82	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
VA	67.26	0.0	0.0	0.0	32.5	32.5	0.0	32.5	32.5
WA	56.12	0.0	0.0	0.0	22.8	22.8	0.0	22.8	22.8
WV	18.27	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.1	4.1	0.0	4.1	4.1
WI	52.03	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.0	23.0	0.0	23.0	23.0
WY_	4.94	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.4	29.4	0.0	29.4	29.4
U. S. Total	2,659.99	1.5	2.5	4.0	21.9	25.8	0.5_	22.4	26.4



Change in Average Daily Population; 1980-1996

Table 1.4 presents summaries of the average daily population of large state MR/DD facilities by state for 1980, 1985, 1990, and 1996 and the percentage of change in average daily population between 1996 and 1980, 1985 and 1990, respectively. The total decrease in populations of large state MR/DD facilities between 1980 and 1996 was 71,152 average daily residents (54.3%). More than half of all states (29) reduced their populations in large state MR/DD facilities by more than 50% during the period. In twelve states the decrease was 80% or more: Arizona, Colorado, District of Columbia, Hawaii, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Rhode Island, Vermont, and West Virginia.

In the first five years of this period (1980-1985) average daily populations of large state MR/DD facilities decreased by 21,474 (16.4%) or an annual average of about 4,300 residents (or 3.3% per year). In the next five years of this period (1985-1990) large state MR/DD facilities' average daily populations decreased by 25,225 (23.0%) or an annual average of about 5,045 residents (or 4.6% per year). In the six years between 1990 to 1996 the average daily population of large state MR/DD facilities decreased by 24,453 (29.0%) or about 4,076 residents per year. Between 1995 and 1996 the average daily population of large state MR/DD facilities decreased by 3,761. All but 2 states (Arkansas and Georgia) reduced their average daily population of large MR/DD facilities between 1990 and 1996. In 16 states the average daily population decreased by more than 50%.

Movement of Residents in Large State MR/DD Facilities

Table 1.5 presents statistics on the admissions, discharges, and deaths among residents of large state MR/DD facilities during Fiscal Year 1996. Admissions, discharges, and deaths are also indexed as a percentage of the average daily residents of those

settings.

Admissions. During Fiscal Year 1996, a total of 2,537 persons with MR/DD were reported admitted to large state MR/DD residential facilities. This number was equal to 4.2% of the year's average daily population of those same settings. Four states with large MR/DD facilities reported no admissions to large state MR/DD residential facilities (Alaska, Delaware, Maine, and New Mexico). Six states reported admissions exceeding 10% of the year's average daily population (Hawaii, Idaho, Michigan, Minnesota, Nevada and North Dakota).

Discharges. During Fiscal Year 1996 a total of 4,652 persons with MR/DD were reported discharged from large state MR/DD residential facilities. Discharges equaled 7.8% of the average daily population of large state MR/DD residential facilities during the year. Ten states reported discharges equal to 20% or more of their large state MR/DD residential facilities average daily residents (Alabama, Alaska, Hawaii, Maine, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, Nevada, New Mexico and South Dakota). Sixteen states reported discharges of 10% or more of the year's average daily population.

Deaths. During Fiscal Year 1996 a total of 996 people with MR/DD died while residing in large state MR/DD residential facilities. Deaths equaled 1.7% of the average daily population of the large state MR/DD residential facilities. The 1996 death rate of 1.7% was the in the same general range of recent years 1995 (1.7%), 1994 (1.5%), 1993 (1.6%), 1992 (1.4%). Five of the 47 states with large, state-operated MR/DD facilities reported no deaths during the year (Hawaii, Idaho, Iowa, Maine and Nevada). During Fiscal Year 1996 the total deaths in large state MR/DD residential facilities decreased by 72 (6.7%) from Fiscal Year 1995.



Table 1.4 Average Daily Population of Persons with MR/DD Living in Large State MR/DD Facilities by State and Percentage Changes, 1980-1996

		8I	<u>id Percentage C</u>	nanges, 1980-			
_					% Change	% Change	% Change
State	1980	1985	1990	1996	1980-1996	1985-199 <u>6</u>	1990-1996
AL	1,651	1,422	1,305	858	-48.0%	-39.7%	-34.3%
AK	86 e	76	58	24	-72.1%	-68.4%	-58.6%
ΑZ	672	538	360 е	114	-83.0%	-78.8%	-68.3%
AR	1,550	1,254	1,260	1,275	-17.7%	1.7%	1.2%
CA	8,812	7,524	6,768	4,840	-45.1%	-35.7%	-28.5%
со	1,353	1,125	466 e	219 e	-83.8%	-80.5%	-53.0%
CT	2,944	2,905	1,799	1,250	-57.5%	-57.0%	-30.5%
DE	518	433	345 e	300	-42.1%	-30.7%	-13.0%
DC	775	351	309 е	0	-100.0%	-100.0%	-100.0%
FL	3,750	2,268	1,992	1,483	-60.5%	-34.6%	-25.6%
GA	2,535	2,097	2,069	2,088	-17.7%	-0.5%	0.9%
Ш	432	354	162	67	-84.5%	-81.1%	-58.6%
ID	379	317	210	126	-66.8%	-60.3%	-40.0%
IL	6,067	4,763	4,493	3,781	-37.7%	-20.6%	-15.8%
IN	2,592	2,248	1,940 e	1,219	-53.0%	-45.8%	37.2%
IA	1,225	1,227	986	687	-43.9%	-44.0%	-30.3%
KS	1,327	1,309	1,017 e	693	-47.8%	-47.1%	-31.9%
KY	907	671	709	665	-26.7%	-0.9%	-6.2%
LA	2,914	3,375	2,622	2,140	-26.6%	-36.6%	-18.4%
ME	460	340	283	52 e	-88.8%	-84.9%	-81.8%
MD	2,527	1,925	1,289	633	-75.0%	-67.1%	-50.9%
MA	4,531	3,580	3,000	1,857	-59.0%	-48.1%	-38.1%
MI	4,888 e	2,191	1,137 e	369 е	-92.5%	-83.2%	-67.5%
MN	2,692	2,065	1,392	415	-84.6%	-79.9%	-70.2%
MS	1,660	1,828	1,498	1,430	-13.9%	-21.8%	-4.5%
MO	2,257	1,856	1,860 e	1,489	-34.0%	-19.8%	-19.9%
MT	316	258	235	154	-51.3%	-40.3%	-34.5%
NE	707	488	466	402	-43.1%	-17.6%	-13.7%
NV	148	172	170	150	1.4%	-12.8%	-11.8%
NH	578	267	87	0	-100.0%	-100.0%	-100.0%
NJ	7,262	5,705	5,069	4,003	-44.9%	-29.8%	-21.0%
NM	500	471	500	185	-63.0%	-60.7%	-63.0%
NY	15,140	13,932	7,694	3,768	-75.1%	-73.0%	-51.0%
NC	3,102	2,947	2,654	2,229	-28.1%	-24.4%	-16.0%
ND	1,056	763	232	147	-86.1%	-80.7%	-36.6%
OH	5,045	3,198	2,665 e	2,108	-58.2%	-34.1%	-20.9%
OK	1,818	1,505	935	543	-70.1%	-63.9%	-41.9%
OR	1,724	1,488	838	433	-74.9%	-70.9%	-48.3%
PA	7,290	5,980	3,986	3,272	-55.1%	-45.3%	-17.9%
RI	681	415	201	0	-100.0%	-100.0%	-100.0%
SC	3,043	2,893 e	2,286	1,576	-48.2%	-45.5%	-31.1%
SD	678	557	391	323	-52.4%	-42.0%	-17.4%
TN	2,074	2,107	1,932	1,495	-27.9%	-29.0%	-22.6%
TX	10,320	9,638	7,320 e	5,845 a	-43.4%	-39.4%	-20.2%
UT		706	462	328	-57.8%	-53.5%	-29.0%
VT	778 331	200	180	0	-100.0%	-100.0%	-100.0%
VA VA		3,069	2,650		-40.4%	-30.5%	-100.0%
	3,575	· ·		2,132			
WA	2,231	1,844	1,758	1,295	-42.0%	-29.8% 92.0%	-26.3%
WV	563	498	304 e	80	-85.8%	-83.9% -20.2%	-73.7% 25.5%
WI	2,151	2,058 e	1,678 e	1,250	-41.9%	-39.3%	-25.5%
WY	473	413	367	145	-69.3%	-64.9%	-60.5%
U.S. Total	131,088	109,614	84,389	59,936	-54.3%	-45.3%	-29.0%

a indicates information from survey of large Public Residential Facilities

e indicates estimate



Table 1.5 Movement of Persons with MR/DD In and Out of Large State MR/DD Facilities in Fiscal Year 1996 by State

		Admissi		Admissions		Dia	Discharges		Deaths		
	Average		% Average		% Average		% Average				
	Daily		Daily		Daily		Daily				
	Population	16+ Total	Population	16+ Total	Population	16+ Total	Population	7/1/95	6/30/96	% Change	
AL	858	50	5.8%	177	20.6%	13	1.5%	940	800	-14.9%	
AK	24	0	0.0%	8	33.3%	1	4.2%	28	19	-32.1%	
AZ	114	1	0.9%	5	4.4%	3	2.6%	123	103	-16.3%	
AR	1,275	57	4.5%	35	2.7%	11	0.9%	1,261	1,272	0.9%	
CA	4,840	165	3.4%	593	12.3%	89	1.8%	5,098	4,581	-10.1%	
co	219 e		DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	241	197	-18.3%	
CT	1,250	13	1.0% e		5.2% e	26	2.1%	1,290	1,209	-6.3%	
DE	300	0	0.0%	18	6.0%	7	2.3%	309	284	-8.1%	
DC	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	0	NA	
FL	1,483	78	5.3%	55	3.7%	20	1.3%	1,605	1,459	-9.1%	
GA	2,088	175	8.4%	218	10.4%	24	1.1%	1,976	1,909	-3.4%	
HI	67	8	11.9%	37	55.2%	0	0.0%	78	49	-37.2%	
ID -	126	13	10.3%	23	18.3%	0	0.0%	133	123	-7.5%	
IL.	3,781	262	6.9%	355	9.4%	53	1.4%	3,716	3,718	0.1%	
IN	1,219	62_	5.1%	86	7.1%	2	0.2%	1,327	1,244	-6.3%	
IA VC	687 693	50	7.3%	70	10.2%	0	0.0%	692	672	-2.9%	
KS KY	665 e	8 15	1.2%	60	8.7%	15	2.2%	732	676	-7.7%	
LA	2,140	50	2.3% 2.3%	25 156	3.8% 7.3%	7 36	1.1%	683	644	-5.7%	
ME	2,140 52 e		0.0% c		7.3% 81.6% c		1.7%	2,173 61	2,031	-6.5%	
MD	633	58	9.2%	174	27.5%	7	0.0% e	775	19	-68.9%	
MA	1,857	17	0.9%	174	7.6%	45	2.4%	1,964	652	-15.9%	
MI	369	91	24. 7 %	109	29.5%	6	1.6%	392	1,824 346	-7.1% -11. 7 %	
MN	415	98	23.6%	251	60.5%	5	1.0%	524	345	-34.2%	
MS	1,430	100	7.0%	93	6.5%	30	2.1%	1,454	1,424		
MO	1,489	111	7.5%	77	5.2%	24	1.6%	1,484	1,424	-2.1% 0.7%	
MT	154	11	7.1%	10	6.5%	1	0.6%	157	1,454	0.7%	
NE	402	14	3.5%	23	5.7%	11	2.7%	418	401	-4.1%	
NV	150	46	30.7%	34	22.7%	0	0.0%	142	154	8.5%	
NH	0	NA.	NA.	NA.	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA	
NJ	4,003	13	0.3%	8	0.2%	13	0.3%	4,286	4,241	-1.0%	
NM	185	0	0.0%	62	33.5%	5	2.7%	210	145	-31.0%	
NY	3,768	331	8.8%	197	5.2%	160	4.2%	4,163	3,399	-18.4%	
NC	2,229	113	5.1%	166	7.4%	31	1.4%	2,259	2,227	-1.4%	
ND	147	16	10.9%	6	4.1%	6	4.1%	144	148	2.8%	
OH	2,108	20	0.9%	24	1.1%	40	1.9%	2,131	2,087	-2.1%	
OK	543	8	1.5%	40	7.4%	10	1.8%	595	553	-7.1%	
OR	433	14	3.2%	22	5.1%	5	1.2%	442	429	-2.9%	
PA	3,272	16	0.5%	181	5.5%	63	1.9%	3,392	3,164	-6.7%	
RI	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA.	
SC	1,576	28	1.8%	13	0.8%	51	3.2%	1,703	1,548	-9.1%	
SD	323	15	4.6%	97	30.0%	4	1.2%	338	252	-25.4%	
TN	1,495	12	0.8%	210	14.0%	16	1.1%	1,602	1,388	-13.4%	
TX	5,845	274	4.7%	313	5.4%	87	1.5%	5,855 e	5,735	-2.0%	
UT	328	9	2.7%	42	12.8%	9	2.7%	353	311	-11.9%	
VT	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	
VA	2,132	87	4.1%	193	9.1%	30	1.4%	2,325	2,189	-5.8%	
WA	1,295	16	1.2%	29	2.2%	13	1.0%	1,307	1,281	-2.0%	
wv	80	1	1.3%	6	7.5%	5	6.3%	85	75	-11.8%	
wı	1,250	9	0.7%	102	8.2%	9	0.7%	1,299	1,197	-7.9%	
WY	145	2	1.4%	1	0.7%	3	2.1%	147	145	-1.4%	
U.S. Total	59,936	2,537	4.2%	4,652	7.8%	996	1.7%	62,412	58,320	-6.6%	
e indicates estimat	e	DNF indicates D	ata Not Furnished	N/	A indicates Not Appli	cable			· ·		



Per Person Expenditures in State-Operated Residential Facilities

Table 1.6 summarizes the expenditures for stateoperated MR/DD residential facilities. expenditures are reported for individual states as an average daily expenditure per resident. The national averages presented are the average daily expenditure per resident reported by each state weighted by that state's average daily resident population. For Fiscal Year 1996, data on the average daily expenditures for large state MR/DD residential facilities were available for all but one state. Four of the 10 states reporting residents with MR/DD in state psychiatric facilities reported daily expenditures for those facilities for Fiscal All states with small state MR/DD Year 1996. facilities, except Colorado, Connecticut and Maine reported an average daily expenditure per resident for those facilities.

Average per resident daily expenditures in large state MR/DD residential facilities varied considerably across the United States with a national average of \$252.31. Ten states reported costs in large state MR/DD residential facilities that exceeded \$350.00 per day in Fiscal Year 1996 (Alaska, Connecticut, Hawaii, Idaho, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, Oregon and West Virginia). Among the 47 states with large state MR/DD residential facilities, 28 reported annual expenditures per resident above the national average of \$92,345.46 per person per year. Mississippi reported the lowest average daily expenditure per resident for large state MR/DD residential facilities (\$143.70). From Fiscal Year 1995 to 1996 the average daily expenditure per resident of large state MR/DD residential facilities increased 7.4% from \$234.96. This was the largest increase in the past 6 years. The previous five years had increases of less than 6%. In the 5 previous years, the per resident expenditures had stabilized in large state MR/DD facilities, due in part to the closure of 83 large state-operated MR/DD residential facilities and special MR/DD units between 1988 and 1995 (an additional 11 closed in FY 1996). Prior to 1988 state expenditure increases for large state-operated MR/DD residential facilities were substantially affected by fewer and fewer residents sharing the fixed costs of a stable number of facilities. Closure and consolidation of large MR/DD facility programs had reduced the effects of these fixed costs in average per resident expenditures. (These closures are described in Chapter 3).

The 4 states providing for persons with MR/DD in state psychiatric facilities for which expenditures were reported had average daily expenditures per resident of \$220.06. It should be noted that the reported psychiatric facility expenditures are usually the average daily expenditure per resident for the entire facility, not specifically the expenditures for residents with MR/DD. State psychiatric facility populations have been relatively stable for several years nationwide, so that per resident expenditures have not been driven up as much by the spreading of fixed facility costs over fewer and fewer residents as had been occurring in the large state MR/DD residential facilities.

National average expenditures for state-operated community MR/DD residential facilities were \$263.11 per resident per day in settings of 6 or fewer residents and \$273.04 in facilities with 7-15 residents. These average rates of expenditure were above that of large state MR/DD residential facilities nationwide, but the difference is related to the states providing small facility services. Of the 11 states reporting both small and large state MR/DD facility expenditures, the average per diem expenditures in large state-operated MR/DD facilities were consistently higher than the average per diem expenditures in the state-operated community facilities.



Table 1.6 Average per Resident Daily Expenditures in State-Operated Facilities in Fiscal Year 1996 by State

	State MR/DD Facilities			Psychiatric
	1-6 Residents	7-15 Residents	16 + Residents	Facilities
AL	NA	NA	\$251.56	NA
AK	NA	NA	\$452.56	NA
AZ	\$172.79	\$231.32	\$231.32	NA
AR	NA	NA	\$167.44	NA
CA	NA	NA	\$302.48	NA
CO	DNF	DNF	\$290.17 b	DNF
CT	DNF	DNF		b DNF
DE	NA	NA	\$263.00	NA
DC	NA	NA	NA	NA
FL	NA	NA	\$217.00	NA
GA	NA	NA	DNF	DNF
HI	NA	NA	\$388.00	NA
ID	NA	NA	\$392.07	NA
IL	NA	NA	\$221.30 b	DNF
N	NA	NA	\$237.61	\$205.87
IA	NA	NA	\$271.00 b	
KS	NA	NA	\$277.44	NA
KY	NA	NA	\$227.00	NA
LA	\$167.00	NA	\$191.00	NA
ME	DNF	\$220.00 a	\$265.00	NA
MD	NA	NA	\$288.00	NA
MA	\$320.77	\$235.19	\$424.30	NA
MI	NA	NA	\$383.00	NA
MN	\$305.00	NA	\$355.00	NA
MS	\$42.00 c	\$130.20	\$143.70	NA
MO	NA	NA	\$200.40	\$236.00
MT	NA	NA	\$256.37	NA
NE	NA	NA	\$204.00	NA
NV	\$221.00	\$266.00	\$275.00	NA
NH	\$724.00	NA	NA	\$548.00
NJ	NA	NA	\$204.20	DNF
NM	NA	NA	\$288.00	NA
NY	\$292.77	\$284.04	\$355.25 a	DNF
NC	NA	NA	\$228.00	NA
ND	NA	NA	\$339.08	NA
ОН	NA	NA	\$255.04	NA
OK	NA	NA	\$264.75	NA
OR	\$431.23	NA	\$499.30	NA
PA	NA	NA	\$257.00	DNF
RI	\$312.71	\$312.71	NA	NA
SC	\$162.60	NA	\$192.61	NA
SD	NA	NA	\$214.02	\$223.94
TN	NA	NA	\$267.00	NA
TX	\$144.61	\$120.53	\$182.15	NA
UT	NA	NA	\$230.00	NA
VT	NA	NA	NA	NA
VA	NA	NA	\$215.43	NA
WA	NA	NA	\$310.16	NA
wv	NA	NA	\$368.16 e	NA
WI	NA	NA	\$270.00	NA
		NA	\$320.00	NA
WY	NA	11//	\$320.00	1447
WY US Weighted Average	\$263.11	NA .	\$320.00	\$220.06

a indicates 1995 data

^{*} Includes Crisis Intervention Costs



b indicates data from survey of individual facilities (See Chapter 3)

DNF indicates Data Not Furnished

e indicates estimate NA indicates Not Applicable

CHAPTER 2 LONGITUDINAL TRENDS IN LARGE STATE-OPERATED RESIDENTIAL FACILITIES, 1950-1996

K. Charlie Lakin Robert W. Prouty Robert H. Bruininks

This chapter presents a longitudinal view of changing patterns in the placement of persons with MR/DD in state-operated residential facilities with 16 or more residents during the period from 1950 to 1996. Although in recent years there has been substantial development in small state-operated residential facilities, the vast majority (84.7%) of residents of state-operated facilities remain in large facilities (i.e., those with 16 or more residents). As the once overwhelmingly predominant model of residential care (large state MR/DD facilities housed 90.4% of all persons with MR/DD in residential settings in 1967), few statistics have served as better broad indicators of the changing patterns of residential services for persons with MR/DD than the changes taking place in the populations of large state residential facilities.

The longitudinal data presented here are derived from several sources. Data for both state MR/DD and psychiatric facilities for the years 1950 to 1968 are from the National Institute of Mental Health's surveys of "Patients in Institutions". Data on the state mental retardation/developmental disabilities facilities for Fiscal Year 1969 and 1970 come from surveys conducted by the Office on Mental Retardation Administration Coordination, now the Developmental Disabilities. Data on large state MR/DD facilities for 1971 through 1977 come from the surveys of the National Association of Superintendents of Public Residential Facilities for Persons with Mental now the Association of Public Retardation, Developmental Disabilities Administrators. Data on psychiatric facilities for 1969 to 1977 come from the National Institute of Mental Health's surveys of "Patients in State and County Mental Hospitals". Data on both large state MR/DD and psychiatric facilities for the years 1978 through 1996 come from the ongoing data collection of this project. Data for 1996, the latest survey in this series, are presented in detail in Chapter 1 of this section. The list of "References and Data Sources" includes specific citations for the surveys and statistical summaries used to complete this longitudinal data set. A detailed description of the methodologies used in these surveys can be found in Lakin (1979).

Average Daily Population of Persons with Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities in Large State MR/DD and Psychiatric Facilities

Table 1.7 reports average daily population of persons with MR/DD in large state MR/DD facilities and psychiatric facilities in selected years, 1950-1996. The gradual depopulation of large state residential facilities for persons with MR/DD has been occurring on a national basis since 1967. Nationally, there has been a decreasing total residential population of large state residential facilities for all types of mental disability (i.e., psychiatric and MR/DD) since 1956. Although the total population in state psychiatric facilities peaked in 1955, the number of persons with a primary diagnosis of mental retardation in state psychiatric facilities continued to increase until 1961. In 1961, there were nearly 42,000 persons with a primary diagnosis of mental retardation in such facilities. The combined total of persons with MR/DD in both large state MR/DD and psychiatric facilities in 1961 was 209,114. By 1967 the number of persons with MR/DD in state psychiatric facilities had decreased to 33,850, but the total number of persons with MR/DD in all large state-operated facilities had increased to 228,500, 194,650 of whom were in large state MR/DD facilities. This was the highest total ever.

Since 1967 the number of persons with MR/DD in all large state residential facilities has decreased to 26.8% of the 1967 total. During this period the numbers of persons with MR/DD in state psychiatric facilities decreased much more rapidly than did the number of persons in large state MR/DD facilities. The different rates of depopulation reflect a number of factors. For one, the depopulation of state psychiatric facilities occurred earlier and more rapidly than the depopulation of state MR/DD facilities. Between 1960 and 1980 the total populations of state psychiatric facilities decreased by about 75% (Zappolo, Lakin & Hill, 1990). This rapid depopulation and frequent closing of facilities has contributed to major reductions in residents with all types of mental disability, including MR/DD. Relatedly over the years, many



large state residential facilities became primarily dedicated to populations with MR/DD or developed independent MR/DD units on the grounds of what were historically public psychiatric facilities.

A driving force in the reduction of residents with MR/DD in state psychiatric facilities has been the general movement toward deinstitutionalization and specific concerns about the appropriateness of placement in psychiatric facilities. It was also important that Medicaid legislation in the late 1960s and early 1970s allowed states to obtain federal costsharing of institutional services to persons with MR/DD in Intermediate Care Facilities-Mental Retardation (ICFs-MR) and in nursing homes, but excluded residents of facilities for "mental diseases" from participation in Medicaid, except for children and elderly residents. Distinct units for persons with MR/DD within those facilities could become ICF-MR certified. Many did and those units within the definitions employed in this study are now classified

Table 1.7 Average Daily Population of Persons with Mental Retardation/ Developmental Disabilities in Large MR/DD and Psychiatric Facilities, 1950-1996

Year	MR/DD	Psychiatric	Total
1950	124,304	23,905	148,209
1955	138,831	34,999	173,830
1960	163,730	37,641	201,371
1965	187,305	36,285	224,130
1967	194,650	33,850	228,500
1970	186,743	31,884	218,627
1973	173,775	30,237	204,012
1977	151,532	15,524	167,056
1980	128,058	9,405	137,463
1982	117,160	7,865	125,026
1984	111,333	5,096	116,429
1986	100,190	3,106	103,296
1988	91,582	1,933	93,515
1989	88,691	1,605	90,296
1990	84,732	1,487	86,219
1991	80,269	1,594	81,863
1992	75,151	1,561	76,712
1993	71,477	1,741	73,218
1994	67,673	1,613	69,286
1995	63,697	1,381 e	65,078
1996	59,936	1,269 e	61,205

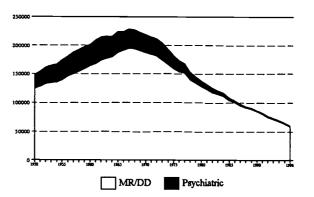
e indicates estimate

among the large state MR/DD residential facilities.

Figure 1.1 shows the relative contribution of state MR/DD and state psychiatric facilities to the total average daily population of persons with MR/DD in all large state-operated residential facilities. The average daily number of persons with MR/DD in large state MR/DD facilities in Fiscal Year 1996 (59,936) was only 30.8% of the average number in large state MR/DD facilities in 1967, and the total number of persons with MR/DD in all large state residential facilities (61,205) was only 26.8% of the 1967 total.

Residents with MR/DD in large MR/DD facilities accounted for 85.2% of all residents with MR/DD in large state MR/DD and psychiatric facilities in 1967, as compared to 97.9% in 1996.

Figure 1.1 Average Daily Population of Persons with Mental Retardation/Developmental Disabilities in Large State MR/DD and Psychiatric Facilities, 1950-1996





Average Daily Population of Persons with Mental Retardation/Developmental Disabilities in Large State MR/DD and Psychiatric Facilities per 100,000 of the General Population

Since 1967 there has been a substantial decrease in the number of people with MR/DD in large state-operated residential facilities. But as notable as the reduction in total residents, it is even more substantial when adjusted for the growing total population of the United States. Indexing the population of large state facilities by the general population of the U.S. permits a better picture of the relative use of these settings for persons with MR/DD. The average annual placement rates per 100,000 of the total U.S. population for large state MR/DD and psychiatric facilities are shown in Figure 1.2.

The trends in the placement rates of persons with MR/DD in all large state residential facilities are generally similar to trends for the total populations. However, the rate of decrease in the placement rate has been substantially faster because the U.S. population has grown as the population of the large state facilities has decreased. The placement rate of persons with MR/DD in all large state facilities (MR/DD and psychiatric) peaked in 1965 at 115.82 per 100,000 of the general population. This compares with 23.01 in Fiscal Year 1996. The highest placement rate in large state MR/DD facilities was in 1967. That year's placement rate of 98.58 was more than four times greater than the 1996 rate of 22.53.

As noted earlier, some of the decrease in the placement rate in large state psychiatric facilities between 1973 and 1996 reflects changing definitions. During that period some settings historically serving psychiatric populations either through official or operational designation became facilities primarily serving persons with MR/DD. Others developed specific administratively distinct MR/DD units within traditional psychiatric facilities. But by far the most important factors in the decreasing numbers of persons with MR/DD in psychiatric facilities have been the major changes in philosophy and federal sharing of the costs of care for persons living in large MR/DD facilities certified to participate in the Intermediate Care Facility for Persons with Mental Retardation (ICF-MR) program (245 of 252 large state MR/DD facilities nationwide). The statistics in Figure 1.2 show clearly a substantial decrease in the rate of placement of persons with MR/DD in state-operated residential facilities. The placement rate in 1996 for

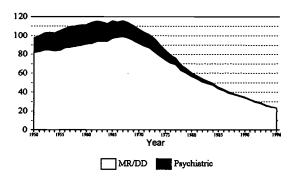
all large state facilities (23.01) was only 19.9% of the 1965 placement rate (115.8).

Table 1.8 Average Daily Population of Persons with Mental Retardation/Developmental Disabilities in Large State MR/DD and Psychiatric Facilities per 100,000 of the General Population, 1950-1996

CARAGET	opramion,	1700 1770	
U.S.			_
Population			
in 100,000's	MR/DD	Psychiatric	Total
1,518.68	81.85	15.75	97.59
1,650.69	84.10	21.20	105.30
1,799.79	90.97	20.91	111.88
1,935.26	96. 7 9	19.03	115.82
1,974.57	98.58	17.14	115.72
2,039.84	91.55	15.63	107.18
2,113.57	82.22	14.31	96.53
2,272.36	56.35	4.14	60.49
2,361.58	47.14	2.16	49.30
2,387.70	41.96	1.30	43.26
2,482.43	35.73	0.65	36.38
2,487.09	34.07	0.58	34.65
2,521.77	31.83	0.63	32.46
2,540.02	29.58	0.61	30.20
2,559.50	27.93	0.68	28.61
2,579.04	26.24	0.63	26.87
2,634.37	24.18	0.52	24.70
2,659.99	22.53	0.48	23.01
	U.S. Population in 100,000's 1,518.68 1,650.69 1,799.79 1,935.26 1,974.57 2,039.84 2,113.57 2,272.36 2,361.58 2,387.70 2,482.43 2,487.09 2,521.77 2,540.02 2,559.50 2,579.04 2,634.37	U.S. Population in 100,000's MR/DD 1,518.68 81.85 1,650.69 84.10 1,799.79 90.97 1,935.26 96.79 1,974.57 98.58 2,039.84 91.55 2,113.57 82.22 2,272.36 56.35 2,361.58 47.14 2,387.70 41.96 2,482.43 35.73 2,487.09 34.07 2,521.77 31.83 2,540.02 29.58 2,559.50 27.93 2,579.04 26.24 2,634.37 24.18	Population in 100,000/s MR/DD Psychiatric 1,518.68 81.85 15.75 1,650.69 84.10 21.20 1,799.79 90.97 20.91 1,935.26 96.79 19.03 1,974.57 98.58 17.14 2,039.84 91.55 15.63 2,113.57 82.22 14.31 2,272.36 56.35 4.14 2,361.58 47.14 2.16 2,387.70 41.96 1.30 2,482.43 35.73 0.65 2,487.09 34.07 0.58 2,521.77 31.83 0.63 2,540.02 29.58 0.61 2,559.50 27.93 0.68 2,579.04 26.24 0.63 2,634.37 24.18 0.52

Figure 1.2

Average Daily Population of Persons with MR/DD in Large State MR/DD and Psychiatric Facilities per 100,000 of the General Population on June 30 of Years Indicated





Movement Patterns in Large State MR/DD Residential Facilities

From the beginning of this century until the mid-1960's, resident movement statistics of large state MR/DD residential facilities indicated relatively stable movement patterns. During that period first admissions and discharges both steadily increased, but populations of large state MR/DD facilities grew as first admissions substantially outnumbered discharges. During this same period readmissions remained relatively low because once placed in a state facility, people tended to remain there. From 1903 to 1965 the annual number of deaths in large state MR/DD facilities increased substantially, but death rates (deaths as a percentage of average daily population) decreased steadily from 4.1% to 1.9%.

By the mid-1960s these historical patterns began to change. In 1965 the number of first admissions to large state MR/DD facilities began to decrease, dropping below the increasing number of discharges by The number of readmissions increased 1968. substantially throughout the 1970s as return to the facility was a frequently used solution to problems in community placements. From 1980 to 1996, readmissions were reduced fairly steadily, but remained a substantial proportion of total admissions (35.7% in 1991, 30.7% in 1994 and 31.8% in 1996). Over this same period total admissions (first admissions and readmissions) generally remained fairly consistently between 2,000 and 3,000 fewer than the number of discharges. Distinctions are no longer being made in this state survey for new admissions and readmissions, because the increasing rates of large state MR/DD facility closures, consolidations, and resident transfers have made such distinctions less easily obtained from state reporting systems. (Statistics on patterns of new admissions and readmissions based on the reports of individual large state MR/DD facilities from 1985 to 1996 are provided in Chapter 4.) Table 1.9 and Figure 1.3 show that between Fiscal Year 1995 and Fiscal Year 1996 overall admissions to large state MR/DD facilities actually increased 8.5% from 2,338 to 2,537 persons. This was the second year of an increase. Between Fiscal Year 1994 and Fiscal Year 1995 admissions increased 4.2%.

In recent years, the number of discharges has fallen far below the numbers apparent in the first 12 years of large state MR/DD facility depopulation (i.e., until 1980). The period of the greatest number of discharges was the decade of the 1970s when

discharges were consistently between 14,000 and 17,000 per year. In the eight year period including fiscal years 1989 through 1996 discharges have remained in a range between 4,652 and 6,877 per year. In 1996 there were 4,652 total discharges.

Deinstitutionalization literally connotes a process of discharging people from large residential facilities. but Figure 1.3 shows clearly that it has also encompassed important successes in reducing placements in such facilities. The resident movement patterns shown in Figure 1.3 indicate that this latter "preventative" policy (i.e., reducing admissions to large state MR/DD facilities) has actually accounted for relatively more of the reduction in large state MR/DD facility populations over the past two decades than has the number of discharges, although both clearly have played important roles. As shown in Figure 1.3 there had been a generally steady decrease in both admissions and discharges over the past two decades however, since 1994 admissions have increased slightly after two decades of decreases. Total deaths reported for 1996 decreased slightly from 1995. In 1996 the number of deaths as a percentage of average daily residents was 1.66% as compared with 1.68% in 1995, 1.47% in 1994 and 1.63% in 1993.

Table 1.9 Movement Patterns in Large State MR/DD Residential Facilities, 1950-1996

Year	Admissions	Discharges	Deaths
1950	12,197	6,672	2,761
1955	13,906	5,845	2,698
1960	14,182	6,451	3,133
1965	17,225	9,358	3,585
1967	14,904	11,665	3,635
1970	14,979	14,702	3,496
1974	18,075	16,807	2,913
1978	10,508	15,412	2,154
1980	11,141	13,622	2,019
1984	6,123	8,484	1,555
1986	6,535	9,399	1,322
1989	5,337	6,122	1,180
1990	5,034	6,877	1,207
1991	3,654	5,541	1,077
1992	4,349	6,316	1,075
1993	2,947	5,536	1,167
1994	2,243	5,490	995
1995	2,338	5,337	1,068
1996	2,537	4,652	996



16

20000
15000
ADMISSIONS
DISCHARGES
DEATHS

DEATHS

Figure 1.3 Movement Patterns in Large State MR/DD Residential Facilities, 1950-1996

Annual Per Resident Expenditures in Large State-Operated MR/DD Facilities

The per person expenditures for people with MR/DD living in large state-operated MR/DD facilities have increased dramatically since 1950, when the average per person annual expenditures for care was \$745.60 per person per year. Even in dollars adjusted for changes in the Consumer Price Index over this period, expenditures for care in 1996 (\$92,345.46 per year) were about 19 times as great as in 1950. Figure 1.4 shows the trends in large state MR/DD facility expenditures in both actual and adjusted dollars (\$1=1983) between 1950 and 1996. In terms of 1983 "real dollar" equivalents, the average annual per person expenditures for care in large state MR/DD facilities increased from just over \$3,000 to over \$58,000 during the 45 year period. That rate of increase represents an annual, after inflation, compounded growth of 10% per person per year. However, in the last five years, the rate increases have slowed substantially. Between Fiscal Year 1990 and 1996 states reported a 5.8% real dollar increase in large state MR/DD facility expenditures. This compares to an average real dollar increase of 8.8% per year during the 1980's. major factor in controlling large state MR/DD facility expenditures has been the large number of recent facility closures described in Chapter 3 of this report. Prior to this period, a number of factors had been

contributing to the steady increases in the large state MR/DD facility expenditures. One contributing factor has been the continuing increase in the proportion of persons with severe impairments in their resident populations. As one indicator of this, in 1940 about 65% of all residents of large state MR/DD facilities had borderline, mild, or moderate retardation and 16% had an equivalent of profound mental retardation. In 1964, 40% of residents were classified as having borderline, mild or moderate mental retardation and 27% as having profound mental retardation. By 1996, the proportion of persons with borderline, mild or moderate mental retardation had decreased to 16.3%, while the proportion of persons with profound mental retardation had increased to 65.9%. Associated with these changes have been increased staff to resident ratios and increased numbers of professional staff employed to serve remaining residents.

Two major factors began to exercise considerable upward pressure on expenditures in the early 1970's. The first of these was the Intermediate Care Facility for Persons with Mental Retardation (ICF-MR) program enacted in 1971 (described in Section III). This program offers Federal cost-sharing through Medicaid of 50-80% of the expenditures for residential and "active treatment" services, depending on the per capita income in states, under the condition that facilities meet specific program, staffing, and physical plant standards. In 1996, 19 of every 20 large state MR/DD



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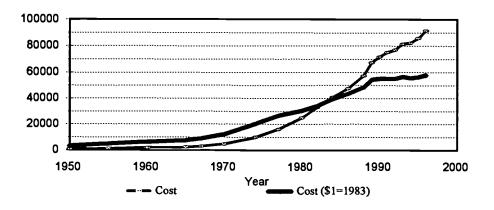
facility residents lived in units with ICF-MR certification. The ICF-MR program has significantly cushioned the impact of rapidly increasing large MR/DD facility costs for the states. For example, in 1970, one year before enactment of the ICF-MR program, the average annual per resident real dollar (\$1=1983) expenditure in large state MR/DD facilities was about \$12,000. In 1996, the average annual per resident real dollar cost was \$ 58,225.96. Over that period state large MR/DD residential facility real dollar expenditures grew by 3.87 times, but the states' share of the increased real dollar expenditures for state institution care "only" doubled because of the new federal ICF-MR cost-sharing that began in 1971. Court decisions and settlement agreements have also had significant impact on expenditures with their frequent requirements for upgrading staffing levels, adding programs, improving physical environments, and frequently, reducing resident populations.

From the late 1960's until the late 1980's, the steady decrease in large state MR/DD facility populations with neither reductions in facility budgets nor substantially reduced number of facilities led to steady increases in per resident expenditures. As more and more former large state MR/DD facility residents moved to community residential arrangements, the fixed costs of underutilized physical plants and specialized professional staff played a major role in pushing up the per resident expenditures. The greatly increased number of closures of state MR/DD facilities in the second half of the 1980s and the first half of the 1990s has played an important role in the remarkably reduced rate of growth of state MR/DD facility expenditures in recent years.

Table 1.10 Average Annual Per Resident Expenditures for Care in Large State-Operated MR/DD Residential Facilities, 1950-1996

	1950-1996	
Year	Cost	Cost (\$1=1983)
1950	\$745.60	\$3,094.99
1955	\$1,285.50	\$4,797.49
1960	\$1,867.70	\$6,299.75
1965	\$2,361.08	\$7,475.18
1967	\$2,965.33	\$8,875.23
1970	\$4,634.85	\$11,930.10
1974	\$9,937.50	\$20,163.19
1977	\$16,143.95	\$26,621.31
1980	\$24,944.10	\$30,307.08
1982	\$32,758.75	\$33,905.31
1984	\$40,821.60	\$39,229.56
1986	\$47,555.85	\$43,418.49
1988	\$57,221.05	\$48,409.01
1989	\$67,200.15	\$54,230.52
1990	\$71,660.45	\$54,891.90
1991	\$75,051.30	\$55,087.65
1992	\$76,945.65	\$54,862.25
1993	\$81,453.40	\$56,365.71
1994	\$82,256.40	\$55,523.07
1995	\$85,760.40	\$56,273.23
1996	\$92,345.46	\$58,225.38

Figure 1.4
Average Annual Per Resident Expenditures
in Large State-Operated MR/DD Residential Facilities, 1950-1996





CHAPTER 3 LARGE STATE MR/DD RESIDENTIAL FACILITY CLOSURES, 1960-2000 AND INDIVIDUAL FACILITY POPULATIONS AND PER DIEM RATES IN FISCAL YEAR 1996

Jennifer Sandlin Robert Prouty K. Charlie Lakin

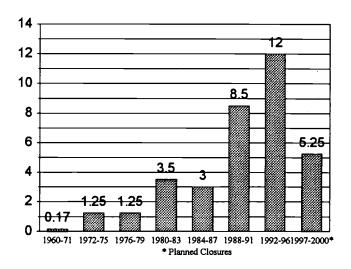
This chapter summarizes information gathered from each of the states on large state MR/DD facilities and special MR/DD units in psychiatric facilities that have operated since 1960 and their present and projected operational status. Responses were obtained from all states.

Total Large State MR/DD Facility Closures

Figure 1.5 shows the number of large state MR/DD facilities and MR/DD units in large state facilities primarily serving other populations that have closed since 1960, including closures for the period 1997 to 2000 that were being planned as of late Fall 1996. As shown between 1960 and 1971 only two large state MR/DD facilities were closed in the United States, an average of 0.17 per year. In Fiscal Years 1972-1975 there were a total of five closures, an average of 1.25 per year. There were 5 large state MR/DD facility closures in the period Fiscal Years 1976-1979 (an annual average of 1.25 per year). There were 14 in the period Fiscal Years 1980-1983 (annual average of 3.5 per year) and 11 in the period Fiscal Years 1984-1987 (annual average of 3.0). In the period Fiscal Years 1988-1991, closures increased rapidly to 34 (an average of 8.5 per year). In the Fiscal Years 1992-1996, closures averaged 12 per year to a total of 60. In the Fiscal Years 1997-2000 states currently project closures of a total of 21 large state MR/DD facilities and MR/DD units in other large state facilities (an average of 5.25 per year). This would represent a substantial decline in the rate of actual closures established between 1988 and 1996, but as in past years, the number of closures that will actually occur between 1997 and 2000 will likely significantly surpass the number projected at the beginning of that 4 year period. Four states (District of Columbia, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont) no longer have large stateoperated MR/DD residential facilities. A number of states are currently developing plans for total or very significant reductions in the number of large state operated MR/DD residential facilities. For example, Alaska, Hawaii, and West Virginia each of which still operate one state institution, anticipate operating no state facilities of 16 or more residents by the end of the

century. Michigan, which had already closed 10 of 13 large state facilities by 1995, projects at least one more closure by the end of the century. New York which had already closed nearly half of its large state facilities by 1995, has planned closing two more of its remaining 11 traditional state institutions by the year 2000. Pennsylvania having already closed 12 of 23 large state residential facilities will close 3 more by 2000, and Minnesota which has closed four of its nine institutions anticipates closure of four of five remaining by the year 2000.

Figure 1.5
Average Annual Number of Large State
MR/DD Facilities Closed and Planned
for Closure, 1960 - 2000



Closures and Projected Closures by States

Table 1.11 presents a state-by-state breakdown of the total number of large state facilities and MR/DD units operated since 1960, the number closed between 1960 and 1995, and the number planned for closure by the year 2000. As shown, about 75% of the states (38) have either closed a large state MR/DD facility or are



planning to do so by the end of 2000. In the 36 yearperiod from 1960 through 1996, 36 states closed one or more facilities. Fifteen states plan to close at least one large state MR/DD facility between 1997 and 2000. Only two of the states (Alaska and Tennessee) planning large facility closures between 1997 and 2000 have not previously closed a large state MR/DD facility or unit. Overall, 21 of 216 remaining (9.3%) large state-operated MR/DD residential facilities are currently projected for closure in Fiscal Years 1997-2000.

Large State MR/DD Residential Facilities Operating and Closing, 1960-2000

Table 1.12 presents a list of all the large state MR/DD facilities and units that have operated in each state since 1960. It provides the year of opening of each facility and the last year of operation of facilities and units that have closed. For large state facilities that are still in operation it is indicated whether there are currently plans for the facility to be closed by the end of the year 2000. Of course, the stability of such plans, either for closure and increasingly about remaining in operation, are by no means guaranteed.

Individual Large State FacilityPopulations and Per Diem Rates

Table 1.12 also provides summary statistics on the populations and per diem rates as reported by 216 large state-operated residential facilities that remained open to serve persons with MR/DD on June 30, 1996. The total number of residents with MR/DD in individual large state facilities on June, 30 1996 ranged from a high of 1,032 residents in California's Sonoma Developmental Center to 20 or fewer residents in 6 state facilities.

The reported per diem rates ranged from \$900 to \$130.00. Some variations can be noted in their facility statistics and the aggregated, state-reported statistics in Table 1.6. The differences derive from variations in accounting for all state versus individual facility expenditures, including variations in the absorption of state agency administrative expenditures into the rates reported by the states, exclusion of costs of some off-campus services in the individual facility rates, and other variations in cost accounting.

Table 1.11Summary of Large State-Operated MR/DD Residential Facilities and Units since 1960, including Closures and Planned Closures

	Large State-Operated MR/DD Residential Facilities operating between 1960 and	Total Closed	Planned Closures 1997
State	1996	1960-1996	2000
AL	5	1	0
AK	1	0	1
AZ	4	3	0
AR	6	0	0
CA	11	4	1
co	3	1	0
CT	15	6	1
DE	1	0	0
DC	3	3	0
FL	10	2	0
GA	8	1	0
н	2	i	1
ID	1	0	0
_ L	17	6	1
IN .	11	4	0
IA		0	0
KS	4		
KY		1	1
	5	2	0
LA	9	0	0
ME	3	2	0
MD	9	5	0
MA	11	4	1
MI	13	10	1
MN	9	4	4
MS	5	0	0
MO	16	10	0
MT	2	0	0
NE	1	0	0
NV	2	0	0
NH	2	2	0
NJ	11	3	1
NM	3	2	1
NY	27•	13	2
NC	6	1	0
ND ove		1	0
OH	23	11	0
OK	4	1	0
OR	3	1	0
PA ·	23	12	3
RI	3	3	0
SC	5	0	0
SD	2	1	0
ľN	5	0	1
ГX	15	2	0
л	1	0	0
VT	1	1	0
VA	8	3	0
WA	6	1	0
WV	4	3	
			1
WI	3	0	0
WY	347	0	0

includes only the Development Centers operated by New York State Office of Mental Retardation and Developmentla Disabilities



Table 1.12: Large State MR/DD Facility Closures, 1960-2000, and Individual Facility Populations and Per Diem Expenditures in FY 1996

State	Large State MR/DD Facilities or Units Operating 1960-1996	Year MR/DD Facility Opened	Year Closed or Projected to Close by 2000	MR/DD Residents on 6/30/96	All Residents on 6/30/96	Average Daily MR/DD Residents FY 96	Average per Diem Expendit ures FY 96
AL	Albert P. Brewer Ctr. (Mobile)	1973	NO	178	178	178	312.64
	Glen Ireland II Ctr. (Tarrant City)	1986	1996	70	70	80	300.18
	Wm. D. Partlow Ctr. (Tuscaloosa)	1923	NO	247	247	265	231.38
	J.S. Tarwater Ctr. (Wetumpka)	1976	NO	79	7 9	94	254.28
	Lurlene B. Wallace Ctr. (Decatur)	1971	NO	224	224	228	203.03
AK	Harborview Ctr. (Valdez)	1967	1997	19	24	19	434.00
ΑZ	Arizona Trng. Program (Phoenix)	1973	1988				
	Arizona Trng. Program (Tucson)	1970	1995				
	Arizona Trng. Program (Coolidge)	1952	NO	149	149	146	252.50
	Arizona State Hosp. (Phoenix)	1978e	1994				
AR	Alexander Ctr. (Alexander)	1968	NO	132	132	130	172.00
į	Arkadelphia Ctr. (Arkadelphia)	1968	NO	151	151	151	173.00
	Booneville Ctr. (Booneville)	1973	NO	171	171	168	. 166.00
	Conway Ctr. (Conway)	1959	NO	615	615	616	182.00
	Jonesboro Ctr. (Jonesboro)	1970	NO	124	124	125	152.22
	Southeast Arkansas Ctr. (Warren)	1978	NO	78	78	77	196.00
CA	Agnews Ctr. (San Jose)	1966	NO	642	642	672	355.36
	Camarillo Ctr. (Camarillo)	1968	1997	471	471	461	312.39
	DeWitt State Hosp. (Auburn)	1946	1972				
	Fairview Ctr. (Costa Mesa)	1959	NO	766	766	825	262.84
	Lanterman Ctr. (Pomona)	1927	NO	766	766	804	340.00
	Modesto State Hosp. (Modesto)	1947	1962			1	ı ———
	Napa State Hosp. (Napa) ¹	1995	NO	157	157	152	300.00
	Patton State Hosp. (Patton)	1963	1982		·	ı ———	r —
	Porterville Ctr. (Porterville)	1953	NO	729	729	739	278.11
	Sonoma Ctr. (Eldridge)	1891	NO	1,032	1,032	1,079	279.36
	Stockton Ctr. (Stockton)	1972	1996		1	r	r
со	Grand Junction Regional Ctr. (Grand Junction)	1919	NO	161	161	171	278.28

¹Napa State Hospital (CA) began serving persons with MR/DD in 1969 and closed for MR/DD residents in 1987. In 1995, a special MR/DD unit was reopened.



State	Large State MR/DD Facilities or Units Operating 1960-1996	Year MR/DD Facility Opened	Year Closed or Projected to Close by 2000	MR/DD Residents on 6/30/96	All Residents on 6/30/96	Average Daily MR/DD Residents FY 96	Average per Diem Expendit ures FY 96
CO cont.	Pueblo State Regional Ctr. (Pueblo)	1935	1988				
	Wheat Ridge Regional Ctr. (Wheatridge)	1912	NO	30	30	30	369.84
СТ	Bridgeport Ctr. (Bridgeport)	1965	1981				
	Clifford Street Group Home (Hartford)	1982	1995				
	John Dempsey Ctr. (Putnam) ²	1964	1997	17	17	17	476.13
	Ella Grasso Ctr. (Stratford)	1981	NO	68	68	68	430.00
	Hartford Ctr. (Newington)	1965	NO	76	76	76	433.95
. •	Lower Fairfield County Ctr. (Norwalk)	1976	NO	72	72	72	430.00e
	Mansfield Tmg. School (Mansfield)	1917	1993				
	Martin House Group Home (Norwalk)	1971	NO	16	16	16	DNF
	Meridan Ctr. (Wallingford)	1979	NO	25	25	25	490.00
	Mystic Ctr. (Groton)	1979	NO	41	41	41	519.81
	New Haven Ctr. (New Haven)	1962	1994				
	Northwest Ctr. (Torrington)	1984	NO	47	47	45	543.62
	Seaside Ctr. (Waterford)	1961	1996	17	17	17	445.63
	Southbury Trng. School (Southbury)	1940	NO	809	809	823	310.93e
	Waterbury Ctr. (Cheshire)	1971	1989				
DE	Stockley Ctr. (Georgetown)	1921	NO	291	291	300	263.78
DC	Bureau of Forest Haven (Laurel, MD)	1925	1990				
	St. Elizabeth's Hosp. (Washington, DC)	1987	1994				
	D.C. Village (Washington, DC)	1975	1994				
FL	FL State Hosp: 1) MR Defendant Program; 2) Unit 27 (Dually Diagnosed) (Chattahoochee)	1) 1977 2) 1976	1) NO 2) NO	71 30	71 30	71 30	150.25 205.00
	Gulf Coast Ctr. (Fort Meyers)	1960	NO	330	332	331	199.40
	Landmark Learning Ctr. (Opa- Locka)	1966	NO	255	255	255	259.40
	N.E. Florida State Hosp. (MacClenny)	1981	NO	24	524	24	200.00
	Seguin Unit-Alachua Retarded Defendant Ctr. (Gainesville)	1989	NO	23	23	23	226.33
	Sunland at Marianna (Marianna)	1961	NO	342	342	343	230.16

² John Dempsey (CT) converted 1 of its 2 cottages to a non-residential, multi-purpose Family Resource Center and will downsize resident population in its other cottage to 10 persons, with 3 additional respite beds, in 1997.



State	Large State MR/DD Facilities or Units Operating 1960-1996	Year MR/DD Facility Opened	Year Closed or Projected to Close by 2000	MR/DD Residents on 6/30/96	All Residents on 6/30/96	Average Daily MR/DD Residents FY 96	Average per Diem Expendit ures FY 96
FL	Sunland Trng. Ctr. (Orlando)	1960	1984				
cont.	Sunland Trng. Ctr. (Tallahassee)	1968	1983				
	Tacachale (Formerly Sunland at Gainesville)	1921	NO	540	540	553	191.45
GA	Brook Run (Atlanta)	1969	NO	318	318	316	256.00
	Central State Hosp. (Milledgeville)	1965	NO	572	1,306	573	198.34
	Georgia Regional Hosp. at Atlanta (Decatur)	1968	NO	41	41	41	223.00
	Gracewood State School and Hosp. (Gracewood)	1921	NO	620	620	623e	DNF
	Northwest Regional Hosp. (Rome)	1971	NO	97e	97e	97e	223.00
	River's Crossing (Athens)	DNF	1996				
	Rose Haven (Thomasville)	1968	NO	109	109	109	249.00
	Southwestern Ctr. (Bainbridge)	1967	NO	155	155	162	249.00
HI	Waimano Trng. School and Hosp. (Pearl City)	1921	1998	49	49	57	388.00
	Kula Hosp. (Kula)	1984	1994				
ID	Idaho State School and Hosp. (Nampa)	1918	NO	121	121	127	385.00
IL	Alton Mental Health & Dev Ctr. (Alton)	1914	1994				
	Bowen Ctr. (Harrisburg)	1966	1982				
	Choate Mental Health and Ctr. (Anna)	1873	NO	229	321	244	207.99
	Dixon Ctr. (Dixon)	1918	1987				
	Elgin Mental Health & Ctr. (Elgin)	1872	1994				
	Fox Ctr. (Dwight)	1965	NO	171	171	173	172.36
	Galesburg Ctr. (Galesburg)	1959	1985				
	Howe Ctr. (Tinley Park)	1973	NO	388	388	389	262.00
	Jacksonville Ctr. (Jacksonville)	1851	NO	310	310	309	216.00
	Kiley Ctr. (Waukegan)	1975	2000	396	396	409	222.00
	Lincoln Ctr. (Lincoln)	1866	NO	447	467	446	251.00
	Ludeman Ctr. (Park Forest)	1972	NO	455e	455e	461e	243.34
	Mabley Ctr. (Dixon)	1987	NO	112	112	111	170.39
	Meyer Mental Health Ctr. (Decatur) ³	1967	1993			•	
	Murray Ctr. (Centralia)	1964	NO	351	351	352	260.00
	Shapiro Ctr. (Kankakee)	<u>1879</u>	NO	757	767	757	179.47

³ Meyer (IL) closed for persons with developmental disabilities, now called the Meyer Mental Health Center.



							
State	Large State MR/DD Facilities or Units Operating 1960-1996	Year MR/DD Facility Opened	Year Closed or Projected to Close by 2000	MR/DD Residents on 6/30/96	All Residents on 6/30/96	Average Daily MR/DD Residents FY 96	Average per Diem Expendit ures FY 96
IL cont.	Singer Mental Health & Ctr. (Rockford)	1966	МО	52	137	53	261.93
IN	Central State Hosp. (Indianapolis)	1848	1995				
	Evansville State Hosp. (Evansville)	1890	МО	57	272	56	204.38
	Fort Wayne Ctr. (Fort Wayne)	1890	NO	466	466	454	217.07
	Logansport State Hosp. (Logansport)	1888	NO	48	369	49	220.00
	Madison State Hosp. (Madison)	1910	NO	44	317	40	195.00
	Muscatatuck Ctr. (Butlerville)	1920	NO	411	411	415	278.30
	New Castle Ctr. (New Castle)	1907	NO	158	158	163	253.41
	Norman Beatty Memorial Hosp. (Westville)	1951	1979				
	Northern Indiana Ctr. (South Bend)	1961	NO	56	56	54	335.00
	Richmond State Hosp. (Richmond)	1890	1996				
	Silvercrest State Hosp. (New Albany)	1974	1995				
IA	Glenwood State Hosp. and School (Glenwood)	1917	МО	403	403	409	256.71
	Woodward State Hosp. and School (Woodward)	1876	NO	280	280	278	292.02
KS	Kansas Neurological Institute (Topeka)	1960	NO	232	232	240	281.00
	Norton State Hosp. (Norton)	1963	1988				
	Parsons State Hosp. and Trng. Ctr. (Parsons)	1952	NO	238	238	222	232.47
	Winfield State Hosp. (Winfield)	1884	1998	226e	226	235e	299.70
KY	Central State Hosp. ICF/MR (Louisville)	1873	NO	42	42	42	365.00
	Frankfort State Hosp. and School (Frankfort)	1860	1973				
	Hazelwood Ctr. (Louisville)	1971	NO	190	190	205	225.00
	Oakwood ICF/MR (Somerset)	1972	NO	412	412	418	155.74
	Outwood ICF/MR (Dawson Springs)	1962	1994				
LA	Columbia Ctr. (Columbia)	1970	NO	25	25	25	146.36
	Hammond Ctr. (Hammond)	1964	NO	388	414	399	205.14
	Leesville Ctr. (Leesville)	1964	NO	20	20	19	220.03
	Metropolitan Ctr. (Belle Chase)	1967	NO	260	260	261	229.00
	Northwest Louisiana Ctr. (Bossier City)	1973	NO	181	181	190	211.32
	Peltier-Lawless Ctr. (Thibodaux)	1982	NO	44	44	43	232.32



State	Large State MR/DD Facilities or Units Operating 1960-1996	Year MR/DD Facility Opened	Year Closed or Projected to Close by 2000	MR/DD Residents on 6/30/96	All Residents on 6/30/96	Average Daily MR/DD Residents FY 96	Average per Diem Expendit ures FY 96
LA	Pinecrest Ctr. (Pineville)	1918	NO	846	846	889	186.84
cont.	Ruston Ctr. (Ruston)	1959	NO	108	108	110	160.93
	Southwest Louisiana Ctr. (Iota)	1972 -	NO	100	100	100	180.79
ME	Aroostook Residential Ctr. (Presque Isle) ⁴	1972	1995				
	Elizabeth Levinson Ctr. (Bangor)	1971	NO	19	19	19	265.00e
	Pineland Ctr. (Pownal)	1908	1995				
MD	Joseph Brandenberg Ctr. (Cumberland)	1978	· NO	53	53	53	215.00
	Victor Cullen Ctr. (Sabillasville)	1974	1992				
	Great Oaks Ctr. (Silver Springs)	1970	1996				
	Henryton Ctr. (Henryton)	1962	1985				
	Highland Health Facility (Baltimore)	1972	1989				
	Holly Ctr. (Salisbury)	1975	NO	190	190	183	DNF
	Potomac Ctr. (Hagerstown)	1978	DNF	119e	119	119	190.04
	Rosewood Ctr. (Owings Mills)	1887	NO	283	283	277	345.19
	Walter P. Carter Ctr. (Baltimore)	1978	1990				
MA	Belchertown State School (Belchertown)	1922	1992				
	Paul A. Dever State School (Taunton)	1946	1998	148	148	165	495.38
	Walter E. Fernald State School (Waltham)	1848	NO	392	392	450e	348.07e
	Glavin Regional Ctr. (Shrewsbury)	1974	NO	63	63	63	255.53
	Hogan Regional Ctr. (Hathorne)	1967	NO	203	203	207	305.84
	Berry Regional Ctr. (Hathorne)	1967	1994				
	Medfield State Hosp. (Medfield)	DNF	1994				
	Monson Ctr. (Palmer)	1898	NO	343	343	377	401.96
	Templeton Ctr. (Baldwinsville)	DNF	NO	184	184	184	293.00
	Worcester State Hosp. (Worcester)	DNF	1994				
	Wrentham State School (Wrentham)	1907	NO	432	432	440	457.05

⁴ Downsized to 12 persons with MR/DD.



State	Large State MR/DD Facilities or Units Operating 1960-1996	Year MR/DD Facility Opened	Year Closed or Projected to Close by 2000	MR/DD Residents on 6/30/96	All Residents on 6/30/96	Average Daily MR/DD Residents FY 96	Average per Diem Expendit ures FY 96
MI	Alpine Regional Ctr. for DD (Gaylord)	1960	1981				
	Caro Regional Mental Health Ctr. (Caro)	1914	NO	96	167	98	370.26
	Coldwater Regional Ctr. for DD (Coldwater)	1935	1987				
	Fort Custer State Home (Augusta)	1956	1972				
	Hillcrest Regional Ctr. for DD (Howell)	1959	1982				
	Macomb-Oakland Regional Ctr. for DD (Mt. Clemens)	1967	1989				
	Mount Pleasant Regional Ctr. for DD (Mount Pleasant)	1937	2000	155	155	161	365.93
	Muskegon Regional Ctr. for DD (Muskegon)	1969	1992				
	Newberry Regional Mental Health Ctr. (Newberry)	1895	1992				
	Northville Residential Trng. Ctr. (Northville)	1972	1983				
	Oakdale Regional Ctr. for DD (Lapeer)	1895	1992				
	Plymouth Ctr. for Human Development (Northville)	1960	1984				
	Southgate Regional Ctr. (Southgate)	1977	NO	103	103	116	405.00
MN	Brainerd Regional Human Services Ctr. (Brainerd)	1958	1999	59	59	64	DNF
	Cambridge Regional Human Services Ctr. (Cambridge)	1925	NO	86	86	109	364.00
	Fairbault Regional Ctr. (Fairbault)	1879	1998	98	98	126	368.00
	Fergus Falls Regional Treatment Ctr. (Fergus Falls)	1969	2000	79	235	81	355.00
	Moose Lake Regional Treatment Ctr. (Moose Lake)	1970	1994				
	Owatonna State School (Owatonna)	1945	1972				
	Rochester State Hosp. (Rochester)	1968	1982				
	St. Peter Regional Treatment Ctr. (St. Peter)	1968	1997	22	394	34	355.00
	Willmar Regional Treatment Ctr. (Willmar)	1973	1996				
MS	Boswell Regional Ctr. (Sanatorium)	1976	NO	180	180	180	130.00e
	Ellisville State School (Ellisville)	1920	NO	531	531	545	161.67



State	Large State MR/DD Facilities or Units Operating 1960-1996	Year MR/DD Facility Opened	Year Closed or Projected to Close by 2000	MR/DD Residents on 6/30/96	All Residents on 6/30/96	Average Daily MR/DD Residents FY 96	Average per Diem Expendit ures FY 96
MS cont.	Hudspeth Regional Ctr. (Whitfield)	1974	NO	275	275	275	154.63
	North Mississippi Regional Ctr. (Oxford)	1973	NO	274	274	263	139.52
	South Mississippi Regional Ctr. (Long Beach)	1978	NO	158	200	200	178.92
МО	Albany Regional Ctr. (Albany)	1967	1991				
	Bellefontaine Habilitation Ctr. (St. Louis)	1924	NO	365	367	373	181.38
	Hannibal Regional Ctr. (Hannibal)	1967	1989			-	
	Higginsville Habilitation Ctr. (Higginsville)	1956	NO	156	156	156	375.98
	Joplin Regional Ctr. (Joplin)	1967	1992				
	Kansas City Regional Ctr. (Kansas City)	1970	1993				
	Kirksville Regional Ctr. (Kirksville)	1968	1988				
	Marshall Habilitation Ctr. (Marshall)	1901	NO	354	354	350	198.54
	Marshall Regional Ctr. (Marshall)	1975	1982				
	Nevada Habilitation Ctr. (Nevada)	1973	NO	147	147	145	184.33
	Poplar Bluff Regional Ctr. (Poplar Bluff)	1968	1992				
	Rolla Regional Ctr. (Rolla)	1968	1984				
	Sikeston Regional Ctr. (Sikeston)	1969	1992				-
	Southeast Missouri Residential Services (Poplar Bluff, Sikeston) ⁵	1992	NO	92	92	94	194.52
	Springfield Regional Ctr. (Springfield)	1967	1990				
	St. Louis DD Treatment Ctr. (St. Louis)	1974	NO	318e	318	316e	185.30e
MT	Montana Ctr. (Boulder)	1905	NO	107	107	107	285.06
	Eastmont Human Services Ctr. (Glendive)	1969	NO	50	50	50	200.00
NE	Beatrice State Ctr. (Beatrice)	1875	NO	407	407	415	204.00
NV	Desert Ctr. (Las Vegas)	197 <u>5</u>	NO	94	94	95	260.05
	Sierra Ctr. (Reno)	1977	NO	67	67	63	310.00

⁵ Merger of Poplar Bluff and Sikeston Regional Centers.



State	Large State MR/DD Facilities or Units Operating 1960-1996	Year MR/DD Facility Opened	Year Closed or Projected to Close by 2000	MR/DD Residents on 6/30/96	All Residents on 6/30/96	Average Daily MR/DD Residents FY 96	Average per Diem Expendit ures FY 96
NH	Laconia State School and Trng. Ctr. (Laconia)	1903	1991				
	New Hampshire Hosp., Brown Building (Concord)	1842	1990				
NJ	Ctr. at Ancora (Hammonton)	DNF	1992				
	Edison Habilitation Ctr. (Princeton)	1975	1988				
	E.R. Johnstone Trng. & Research Ctr (Bordentown)	1955	1992				
	Green Brook Regional Ctr. (Green Brook)	1981	NO	118	118	118	222.00
	Hunterdon Ctr. (Clinton)	1969	NO	637	637	645	328.68
	New Lisbon Ctr. (New Lisbon)	1914	NO	714	714	710	359.64
	North Jersey Ctr. (Totowa)	1928	NO	447	447	446	217.88
	North Princeton Ctr. (Princeton)	1975	1998	493	493	507	300.00
	Vineland Ctr. (Vineland)	1888	NO	643	643	654	333.44
	Woodbine Ctr. (Woodbine)	1921	NO	588	588	588	215.00
	Woodbridge Ctr. (Woodbridge)	1965	NO	615	615	612	182.14
NM	Fort Stanton Hosp. and Trng. Ctr. (Fort Stanton)	1964	1995				
	Los Lunas Hosp. and Trng. Ctr. (Los Lunas)	1929	1997	140	140	185	345.27
	Villa Solano-Hagerman Residential School (Roswell)	1964	1982				
NY	J.N. Adams DDSO (Perrysburg)	1960	1993				
	Bronx DDSO (Bronx)	1971	1992				
	Brooklyn DDSO (Brooklyn)	1972	NO	291	291	285	252.00
	Broome DDSO (Binghamton)	1970	NO	338	353	361	183.66
	Bernard M. Fineson DDSO (Corona)	1970	NO	113	113	110	141.26
	Craig DDSO (Sonyea)	1935	1988				
	Creekside (Nunda)	1987	NO	24	24	24	900.00 ⁶
	Gouverneur (New York)	1962	1978				
	Oswald D. Heck DDSO (Schenectady)	1973	NO	135	135	135	DNF
	Letchworth Village DDSO (Thiells)	1911	2000	132	132	132	234.12
	Long Island DDSO (Commack)	1965	NO	348	348	350	216.00
	Long Island DDSO (Melville)	1965	1992				
	Manhattan Ctr. (New York)	1972	1992				
	Monroe DDSO (Rochester)	1969	NO	223	223	227	DNF

⁶ Includes costs of day programs, transportation, therapies, and other services not normally associated with residential costs.



State	Large State MR/DD Facilities or	Year MR/DD	Year Closed or	MR/DD Residents	All Residents	Average Daily	Average per Diem
	Units Operating 1960-1996	MR/DD Facility	Projected	Kesidents	on	MR/DD	Expendit
		Opened	to Close	6/30/96	6/30/96	Residents	ures FY
<u> </u>			by 2000			FY 96	96
NY	Newark Ctr. (Newark)	1878	1991			<u> </u>	
cont.	Perry ICF/MR (Perry)	1987	NO	24	24	24	900.00 ⁷
	Rome Ctr. (Rome)	1894	1989				
	Sampson State School (Willard)	1961	1971			· · · · · ·	
	Staten Island DDSO (Staten Island)	1987	NO	24	24	24	228.54
	Staten Island DDSO (Staten Island)	1947	1988			ı ——	
	Sunmount DDSO (Tupper Lake)	1965	NO	226	226	217	DNF
	Syracuse DDSO (Syracuse)	1851	1997	28	28	53	414.42
	Valatie (Valatie)	1971	1974			·	
	Taconic DDSO (Wassaic)	1930	NO	598	598	644	259.22
	Westchester Ctr. (Tarrytown)	1979	1988		r	•	
	Western NY DDSO (West Seneca)	1962	МО	350	350	378	212.95
	Wilton DDSO (Wilton)	1960	1995		•	•	1
NC	Black Mountain Ctr. (Black Mountain)	1982	NO	92	159	95	246.00
	Broughton Ctr. (Morganton)	1883	1994				
	Caswell Ctr. (Kinston)	1914	NO	672	672	665	231.00
	Murdoch Ctr. (Butner)	1957	NO_	645	645	627	222.00
	O'Berry Ctr. (Goldsboro)	1957	NO _	410	410	418	234.00
	Western Carolina Ctr. (Morganton)	1963	NO	396	396	400	248.00
ND	Grafton Ctr. (Grafton)	1904	NO	148	148	147	340.00
	San Haven State Hosp. (Dunseith)	1973	1987				
ОН	Apple Creek Ctr. (Apple Creek)	1931	NO	221	221	230	246.83
	Athens Mental Health & Dev. Ctr. (Athens)	1975	1994				
	Broadview Ctr. (Broadview Hgts.)	1967	1992				
1	Cambridge Ctr. (Cambridge)	1965	NO	115	115	116	251.02
	Cambridge Mental Health Ctr. (Cambridge)	1978	1990				
	Central Ohio Psychiatric Hosp. (Columbus)	1978e	1994				
	Cleveland Ctr. (Cleveland)	1976	1988		•	1	
	Columbus Ctr. (Columbus)	1857	NO	152	152	156	259.85
	Dayton Ctr. (Dayton)	1979	1983				
	Dayton Mental Health Ctr. (Dayton)	19 7 8e	1994				
	Gallipolis Ctr. (Gallipolis)	1893	NO	249	249	257	284.26



		<u> </u>	l	ī	-	 	
State	Large State MR/DD Facilities or Units Operating 1960-1996	Year MR/DD Facility Opened	Year Closed or Projected to Close by 2000	MR/DD Residents on 6/30/96	All Residents on 6/30/96	Average Daily MR/DD Residents FY 96	Average per Diem Expendit ures FY 96
OH cont.	Massillon State Hosp. (Massillon)	1978e	1994				
	Montgomery Ctr. (Huber Heights)	1977	NO	104	104	104	253.00
	Mount Vernon Ctr. (Mount Vernon)	1948	NO	284	284	288	260.26
	Northwest Ohio Ctr. (Toledo)	1977	NO	171	171	171	232.17
	Orient Ctr. (Orient)	1898	1984				
	Southwest Ohio Ctr. (Batavia)	1981	NO	113	113	111	256.01
	Springview (Springfield)	1975	NO	90	90	90	220.00
	Tiffin Ctr. (Tiffin)	1975	NO	216	216	215	255.45
	Toledo Mental Health Ctr. (Toledo)	1978e	1994				
	Warrensville Ctr. (Warrensville)	1975	NO	254	254	246	252.27
	Western Reserve Psychiatric Hab Ctr. (Northfield)	1978	1990				
	Youngstown Ctr. (Mineral Ridge)	1980	NO	117	117	118	258.00
OK	Northern Oklahoma Resource Ctr. (Enid) ⁷	1909	NO	205	205	214	313.32
	Robert M. Greer Memorial Ctr. (Enid)	1992	NO	52	52	50	325.00
	Hisson Memorial Ctr. (Sand Springs)	1964	1994				
	Southern Oklahoma Resource Ctr. (Pauls Valley)	1952	NO	296	296	279	216.69
OR	Columbia Park Hosp. & Trng. Ctr. (The Dalles)	1963	1977				
	Eastern Oregon Trng. Ctr. (Pendleton)	1964	NO	61	61	66	395.48
	Fairview Tmg. Ctr. (Salem)	1908	NO	366	366	368	508.35
PA	Allentown Mental Retardation Unit (Allentown)	1974	1988				
	Altoona Ctr.(Altoona)8	1982	NO	135	135	135	186.00
	Clarks Summit Mental Retardation Unit (Clarks Summit)	1974	1992				
	Cresson Ctr. (Cresson)	1964	1982				
	Embreeville Ctr. (Coatesville)	1972	1997	100	100	115	422.00
	Ebensburg Ctr. (Ebensburg)	1957	NO	427	427	432	260.00

⁷ Administrative change. The Center is still located on the grounds of the Enid State School.

⁸ Altoona Center began as a unit of Cresson Center. It became independent upon the closing of Cresson Center in 1982.



State	Large State MR/DD Facilities or Units Operating 1960-1996	Year MR/DD Facility Opened	Year Closed or Projected to Close by 2000	MR/DD Residents on 6/30/96	All Residents on 6/30/96	Average Daily MR/DD Residents FY 96	Average per Diem Expendit ures FY 96
PA	Hamburg Ctr. (Hamburg)	1960	NO	315	315	320	280.00
cont.	Harrisburg Mental Retardation Unit (Harrisburg)	1972	1982				
	Hollidaysburg Mental Retardation Ctr. (Hollidaysburg)	1974	1976				
	Laurelton Ctr. (Laurelton)	1920	1998	194	194	193	290.26
	Marcy Ctr. (Pittsburgh)	1975	1982				
	Mayview Mental Retardation Unit (Mayview)	1974	NO	62	62	65	250.00
	Pennhurst Ctr. (Pennhurst)	1908	1988				
	Philadelphia Mental Retardation Unit (Philadelphia)	1983	1989				
	Polk Ctr. (Polk)	1897	NO	692	692	684	244.00
	Selinsgrove Ctr. (Selinsgrove)	1929	NO	670	670	672	255.00
	Somerset Mental Retardation Unit (Somerset)	1974	1996				
	Torrance Mental Retardation Unit (Torrance)	1974	NO	40	40	40	313.00
	Warren Mental Retardation Unit (Warren)	1975	1976				
	Wernersville Mental Retardation Unit (Wernersville)	1974	1987				
	Western Ctr. (Canonsburg)	1962	YES	183	183	210	367.00
	White Haven Ctr. (White Haven)	1956	NO	353	353	353	DNF
	Woodhaven Ctr. (Philadelphia)9	1974	1985				
RI	Dorothea Dix Unit (Cranston)	1982	1989				
	Dr. Joseph H. Ladd Ctr. (N. Kingstown)	1908	1994				
	Zamborano Memorial Hosp. (Wallum Lake)	1967	1989				
SC	Midlands Ctr. (Columbia)	1956	NO	379	379	408	191.00
	Pee Dee Ctr. (Florence)	1971	NO	300	300	303	190.56
	Thad E. Saleeby Ctr. (Hartsville)	DNF	NO	103	103	103	147.74
	Coastal Ctr. (Ladson)	1968	NO	274	274	282	193.50
	Whitten Ctr. (Clinton)	1920	NO	600	600	650	178.00
SD	Custer State Ctr. (Custer)	1964	1996				
	Redfield State Ctr. (Redfield)	1903	NO	252	252	257	197.46
TN	Arlington Ctr. (Arlington)	1969	NO	364e	364e	363e	330.87e
	Clover Bottom Ctr. (Donelson)	1923	NO	415	415	412	279.42
	Greene Valley Ctr. (Greeneville)	1960	NO	494	494	534	211,56

⁹Woodhaven, although state-owned, became nonstate-operated in 1985.



State	Large State MR/DD Facilities or Units Operating 1960-1996	Year MR/DD Facility Opened	Year Closed or Projected to Close by 2000	MR/DD Residents on 6/30/96	All Residents on 6/30/96	Average Daily MR/DD Residents FY 96	Average per Diem Expendit ures FY 96
TN cont.	Harold Jordan Habilitation Ctr. (Nashville)	1979	NO	31	31	31	DNF
	Winston Ctr. (Bolivar)	1979	1997	110	110	125	226.96
TX	Abilene State School (Abilene)	1957	NO	640	640	640	172.00
	Austin State School (Austin)	1917	NO	436	436	446	151.17
	Brenham State School (Brenham)	1974	NO	523	523	523	164.87
	Corpus Christi State School (Corpus Christi)	1970	NO	391	391	396	165.00
	Denton State School (Denton)	1960	NO	683	683	670	158.00
	El Paso State School (El Paso)	1973	NO	121	121	118	139.46
	Ft. Worth State School (Ft. Worth)	1976	1996				
	Lubbock State School (Lubbock)	1969	NO	401	401	390	173.10
	Lufkin State School (Lufkin)	1962	NO	490	490	488	169.08
	Mexia State School (Mexia)	1946	NO	609	609	618	190.85
	Richmond State School (Richmond)	1968	NO	685	685	688	174.49
	Rio Grande State School (Harlingen)	1973	NO	92	92	90	116.59
	San Angelo State School (Carlsbad)	1969	NO	354	354	348	128.83
	San Antonio State School (San Antonio)	1978	NO	310	310	305	159.71
	Travis State School (Austin)	1961	1996				
UT	Utah State Tmg. School (American Fork)	1931	NO	311	311	328	233.55
VT	Brandon Trng. School (Brandon)	1915	1993				
VA	Eastern State Hosp. (Williamsburg)	DNF	1990				
	Central Virginia Trng. Ctr. (Lynchburg)	1911	NO	929	929	978	DNF
	Northern Virginia Trng. Ctr. (Fairfax)	1973	NO	190	190	214	289.00
	Southeastern Virginia Trng. Ctr. (Chesapeake)	1975	NO	197	197	195	211.00
	Southside Virginia Trng. Ctr. (Petersburg)	1939	NO	575	575	593	210.40
	Southwestern State Hosp. (Marion)	1887	1988				
	Southwestern Virginia Trng. Ctr. (Hillsville)	1976	NO	220	220	212	193.00



State	Large State MR/DD Facilities or Units Operating 1960-1996	Year MR/DD Facility Opened	Year Closed or Projected to Close by 2000	MR/DD Residents on 6/30/96	All Residents on 6/30/96	Average Daily MR/DD Residents FY 96	Average per Diem Expendit ures FY 96
VA cont.	Western State Hosp. (Stanton) ¹⁰	1828	1990				
WA	Fircrest School (Seattle)	1959	NO	373	373	375	309.80
į	Interlake School (Medical Lake)	1967	1994				
	Lakeland Village School (Medical Lake)	1915	NO	286	286	291	309.49
	Frances Haddon Morgan Ctr. (Bremerton)	1972	NO	53	53	56	DNF
	Rainer School (Buckley)	1939	NO	451	451	461	288.55
	Yakima Valley School (Selah)	1958	NO	112	112	112	336.00
wv	Colin Anderson Ctr. (St. Mary's)	1932	1997	75	75	74	450.00
	Greenbrier Ctr. (Lewisburg)11	1974	1990				
į	Spencer State Hosp. (Spencer)	1893	1989				
	Weston State Hosp. (Weston)	1985	1988				
WI	Central Wisconsin Ctr. (Madison)	1959	NO	462	462	467	270.00
	Northern Wisconsin Ctr. (Chippewa Falls)	1895	NO	323	323	345	285.00
	Southern Wisconsin Ctr. (Union Grove)	1919	NO	409	409	428	242.00
WY	Wyoming State Trng. School (Lander)	1912	NO	145	145	145	320.00



 $^{^{10}\,}$ Western State Hospital no longer has an identifiable MR unit.

Became private in 1990. Closed March 15, 1994.

CHAPTER 4 CHARACTERISTICS AND MOVEMENT OF RESIDENTS OF LARGE STATE FACILITIES

Robert W. Prouty K. Charlie Lakin Nohoon Kwak Lynda Anderson

This chapter provides information about the characteristics and movement of large state MR/DD facility residents in Fiscal Year 1996 based on a survey of all large state facilities operating in the United States on June 30, 1996. Large state facilities included state-operated facilities for persons with MR/DD with 16 or more residents or distinct units for 16 or more persons with MR/DD within large state facilities primarily serving other populations. A description of the state facility survey is provided in the "Methodology" section ("Individual Large State Facility Survey").

Characteristics of Residents

Table 1.13 presents a summary of selected age, diagnostic and functional characteristics of residents of large (16 or more residents) state facilities for persons with MR/DD (hereafter "large state facilities") on June 30 of 1977, 1982, 1987, 1989, 1991, 1994 and 1996.

Age of Residents

There has been continuing aging of the population of residents of large state facilities since 1977. Age statistics are based on reporting large state facilities for 1977, 1982, 1987, 1989, 1991, 1994 and 1996. These statistics are based on the reports of large state facilities housing 77% of all residents on June 30, 1996 (and between 76% and 84% in the earlier years). As shown in Table 1.11 the proportion of children and youth (birth to 21 years) living in large state facilities declined from 35.8% of all residents in 1977 to 5.0% in 1994, while the proportion of residents 63 years and oldr increased from 3.7% of all residents in June 1977 to 7.7% of all residents in June 1996. Despite the substantial increase in the proportion of residents 63 years and older in large state facilities, the total number of residents 63 years and older actually decreased by about 1,080 residents (to 4,505) between 1977 and 1996. The most notably changing age cohort of large state facility residents in recent years has been that of "middle age" persons (40-62 years). Between 1991 and 1996 this group grew from 32.5% to

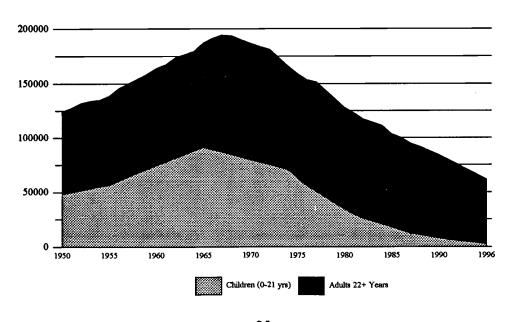
42.7% of the large state facility residents, as the demographics of the "baby boom" became increasingly evident. By June 1996 over half (50.7%) of all state institution residents were 40 years or older. This compares with one-third (33.3%) just 9 years earlier, and less than 40% (39.5%), just 5 years earlier. Still in the 5 years between June 30, 1991 and June 30, 1996, the number of individuals 40 years and older living in large state facilities decreased by about 1,650 persons with somewhat more of the decrease from the 63 years and older category (930 persons) than from the 40-62 year category (720 persons). As will be evident from admission statistics presented later, the shifts among age categories during the last 5 years was primarily because the stable residential population of large state facilities got older and "aged out" of the young adult category (22-39 years) and into the middle aged category. Middle-aged individuals being admitted to large state facilities contributed relatively little to these shifts. As shown in Figure 1.6, the June 30, 1996 estimate of 2,937 children and youth (0-21 years) making up 5.0% of the large state facility population nationwide reflects dramatic decreases during the second half of this century and particularly the past quarter century. In 1950, 48,354 of the 124,304 large state facility residents (38.9%) were 21 years or younger. By 1965 the population of children and youth had increased by 91,592, and made up 48.9% of all large state facility residents. Subsequent annual decreases brought the population of children and youth to 54,130 (35.8%) in 1977, to 9,230 (10.6%) in 1989, 6,944 (8.7%) in 1991, to 4,001 (6.1%) in 1994 and eventually to 2,937 (5.0%) in June 30, 1996.



Table 1.13 Characteristics of Residents of Large State Facilities on June 30: 1977, 1982, 1987, 1989, 1991, 1994 and 1996

			<u> </u>	Ju	ne 30 of the Y			
Characteristic	Characteristic		1982 (N= 119,335)	1987 (N= 94,695)	1989 (N= 87,071)	1991 (N= 79,407)	1994 (N= 65,735)	1996 (N= 58,320)
	0-21 years	35.8%	22.0%	12.7%	10.6%	8.7%	6.1%	5.0%
A	22-39 years	41.3	50.2	54.1	52.4	51.8	47.1	44.6
Age	40-62 years	19.2	22.9	27.3	30.3	32.5	39.7	42.7
	63+ years	3.7	5.0	6.0	6.8	7.0	7.1	7.7
	Mild/No MR	10.4	7.1	7.2	6.7	6.9	7.0	7.4
Level	Moderate	16.4	12.5	9.8	10.1	9.2	9.0	8.9
of Retardation	Severe	27.6	24.2	20.0	19.5	19.1	18.5	17.8
	Profound	45.6	56.2	63.0	63.7	64.8	65.5	65.9
	Needs assistance or supervision in walking	23.3	25.5	29.5	31.2	32.4	33.4	35.7
	Cannot communicate basic desires verbally	43.5	49.1	54.8	55.3	57.1	56.0	59.4
Functional Limitations	Needs assistance or supervision in toileting	34.1	38.0	46.6	45.4	45.9	55.3	57.0
Limitations	Needs assistance or supervision in eating	21.4	35.0	37.8	38.2	37.8	49.7	50.9
	Needs assistance or supervision in dressing self	55.8	60.9	60.5	60.4	61.1	65.6	66.1

Figure 1.6
Total and Childhood (0-21 Years) Populations of Large State MR/DD Facilities, 1950-1996



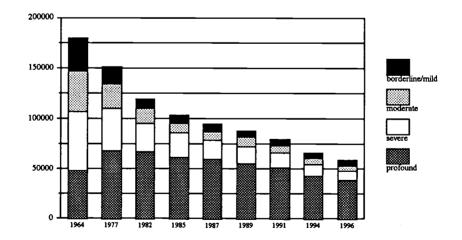


Level of Mental Retardation

Table 1.13 also presents a breakdown of the diagnosed level of mental retardation of residents of large state facilities on June 30 of 1977, 1982, 1987. 1989, 1991, 1994 and 1996. These statistics show the continuing trend toward reduced numbers and proportions of persons in the mild (or no), to severe ranges of mental retardation and increased proportions (but reduced numbers) of persons with profound mental retardation in large state facilities. In 1996, based on the reports of facilities housing 75.9% of all large state facility residents, there were an estimated 4,343 large state facility residents who had mild or no mental retardation (7.4% of all residents) as compared with an estimated 15,700 in 1977 and 5,479 in 1991. It is notable, however, that while the number of persons with mild mental retardation in state institutions has been decreasing (e.g., by about 1,100 persons between 1991 and 1996), their proportion among all residents has been increasing (e.g., from 6.7% in 1989 to 7.0% in 1991 to 7.4% in 1996). In contrast, populations of persons with moderate and severe mental retardation have been decreasing more rapidly than large state facility residents as a whole.

The proportion of large state facility residents with profound mental retardation increased substantially from 1977 to 1996, from 45.6% of all residents to 65.9% of all residents. But despite these proportional increases, the actual number of persons with profound mental retardation in large state facilities decreased by over 30,000 people between 1977 and 1996, from 68,907 to an estimated 38,417 people. In just the five years between June 30, 1991 and June 30, 1996 the number of large state facility residents with profound mental retardation decreased by 13,039 people (or 25%). Figure 1.7 shows the same basic statistics as those in Table 1.13 with the addition of data from 1964 and 1985 surveys (Scheerenberger, 1965, 1986). It shows that while large state facility populations decreased by about 38,500 residents between 1964 and 1977, the number of residents with profound mental retardation actually increased by about 20,000. During the same period the number of large state facility residents with mild, moderate, severe or no mental retardation decreased nearly 50,000 people from 131,100 to 82,200. In June 1996 there were 19,903 large state facility residents with mild, moderate, severe or no mental retardation, only about 15% of the number 30 years earlier.

Figure 1.7
Level of Retardation of Residents of Large
State Facilities on June 30 of Selected Years, 1964-1996





Functional Characteristics

Table 1.13 also shows the percentage of residents of large state facilities reported to have functional limitations in certain important activities of daily living. In this study, each of the large state facilities surveyed was asked to report the number of their residents who: 1) "cannot walk without assistance or supervision," 2) "cannot communicate basic desires verbally," 3) "cannot use the toilet without assistance or supervision," 4) "cannot feed self without assistance or supervision." and 5) "cannot dress self without assistance or supervision." National tables for 1996 are shown in Table 1.13 with comparable statistics from 1977, 1982, 1987, 1989, 1991 and 1994. There was the continued expected association between the slightly increasing proportion of profoundly intellectually impaired populations and the higher proportion of residents reported to have certain functional limitations. In 1996, 35.7% of large state facility residents were reported to need assistance or supervision in walking and 59.4% to be unable to communicate basic desires verbally. Over half of large state facility residents were reported to be unable to use the toilet independently without assistance or supervision (57.0% or to be unable to feed themselves without assistance or supervision (50.9%). Nearly two-thirds (66.1%) of residents were reported to need assistance or supervision in getting dressed. In the five years between 1991 and 1996 there were rather substantial increases in the percentage of residents with substantial limitations in toileting themselves (45.9% to 57.0%), feeding themselves (37.8% to 50.9%) and dressing themselves (61.1% to 66.1%). As will be shown subsequently, there continued to be considerable inter-state variability in these patterns.

Age by Level of Mental Retardation

Table 1.14 shows the distribution of large state facility residents by age and level of mental retardation groupings. Facilities housing 75.9% of all large state facility residents on June 30, 1996 reported statistics on this distribution. Clearly within large state facilities, residents who are older less often have profound cognitive limitations than residents who are relatively younger. Only 53.9% of residents 63 years or older and 58.1% of residents 55 years or older had profound mental retardation as compared with 67.2% of all residents 54 years or younger. Conversely the youngest large state facility residents tended most often to have severe cognitive impairments. Three-quarters (74.6%) of large state facility residents 14 years and younger had profound mental retardation as compared

Table 1.14 Distribution of Residents of Large State Facilities by Level of Mental Retardation and Age on June 30, 1996

Level of		Chronological Age										
Mental Retardation	0-9	10-14	15-21	22-39	40-54	55-62	63+	Total				
Mild or No MR	9 (6.9%) [0.3%]	22 (5.7%) [0.7%]	245 (14.3%) [7.4%]	1,533 (7.7%) [46.2%]	950 (6.0%) [28.7%]	237 (7.4%) [7.1%]	319 (9.3%) [9.6%]	3,315 (7.4%) [100.0%]				
Moderate	1	41	225	1,678	1,369	268	373	3,955				
	(0.8%)	(10.6%)	(13.2%)	(8.5%)	(8.7%)	(6.8%)	(10.8%)	(8.9%)				
	[0.0+%]	[1.0%]	[5.7%]	[42.4%]	[34.6%]	[6.8%]	[9.4%]	[100.0%]				
Severe	13	45	238	3,461	2,585	686	893	7,921				
	(9.9%)	(11.7%)	(13.9%)	(17.4%)	(16.4%)	(21.5%)	(26.0%)	(17.8%)				
	[0.2%]	[0.6%]	[3.0%]	[43.7%]	[32.6%]	[8.7%]	[11.3%]	[100.0%]				
Profound	108	277	1,003	13,181	10,896	2,003	1,854	29,322				
	(82.4%)	(71.9%)	(58.6%)	(66.4%)	(69.0%)	(62.7%)	(53.9%)	(65.9%)				
	[0.4%]	[0.9%]	[3.4%]	[45.0%]	[37.2%]	[6.8%]	[6.3%]	[100.0%]				
Total	131	385	1,711	19,853	15,800	3,194	3,439	44,513				
	(100.0%)	(100.0%)	(100.0%)	(100.0%)	(100.0%)	(100.0%)	(100.0%)	(100.0%)				
	[0.3%]	[0.9%]	[3.8%]	[44.6%]	[35.5%]	[7.2%]	[7.7%]	[100.0%]				

Note: The percentage in parentheses indicates the distribution of persons by age with different levels of mental retardation. The percentage in brackets indicates the distribution of persons by level of mental retardation within the different age categories. Statistics are based on the reports of large state facilities housing 44,513 (76.3%) of the 58,320 residents of large state facilities on June 30, 1996.



with 65.8% of the large state facility population older than 14 years. Other than the near elimination of children and youth from among state institution populations, perhaps the most remarkable demographic statistics is that a majority of large state facility residents (54.1%) are now persons with profound mental retardation between the ages of 22 and 54 years. Four of five (80.1%) of state institution residents were between 22 years and 54 years old.

State-by-State Resident Characteristics

State-by-state statistics on resident characteristics are based on aggregated data on all reporting large state facilities in each state. State breakdowns are provided only for states in which the reporting facilities for any specific characteristic housed at least 60% of all large state facility residents.

Gender of Residents

Table 1.15 shows the distribution of large state facility residents by gender. In all reporting states males made up the majority of large state facility residents. Nationally 60.0% of residents were male, with states ranging from a low of 51.8% (Georgia) to a high of 79.6% (Hawaii). For the most part the proportion of male residents has remained relatively stable in recent years (57.0% in 1977, 57.4% in 1982, 59.0% in 1989, 58.5% in 1991, 59.3% in 1994, and 60.0% in 1996).

Age Distribution of Residents

Table 1.16 presents the state-by-state age distribution of residents in large state facilities on June 30, 1996. The table shows the great variability across states in the ages of residents. Differences were particularly notable in the number of children and youth (0-21 years) and the number of older residents (63 years and older). Nationwide, 5.0% of all large

state facility residents were 21 years or younger. In 18 of 44 reporting states 3% or less of large state facility residents were 21 years or younger (as compared with 9 states in June 1991). In contrast 8 states reported 10% or more of their large state facility residents as being in the 0-21 year age range (as compared with 15 in June 1991). In the 5 years between 1991 and 1996 in the 38 states with facilities housing 60% of the total large state facility population reporting in both years, there was a reduction in the proportion of residents 21 years and younger in 35 states, no change in one and a slight increase in two. More importantly in all but one state there was a decrease in the actual number of children and youth residing in large state facilities.

Nationally 14.9% of large state facility residents were 55 years and older, as compared with 13.8% in 1994. Individual states ranged from more than a quarter of all residents being 55 years and older to virtually no residents in this age range. Northeastern states typically had more than a quarter of their large state facility populations made up of persons 55 years old or older. In Massachusetts a third (34.1%) of large state facility residents were 55 years or older, while in 13 states over 15% of large state facility residents were 55 years or older. In only 4 of the 40 reporting states were less than 5% of state institution residents 55 years or older. It is notable that while the largest group of large state facility residents on June 30, 1996 (44.6%) were between the ages of 22 and 39 years, that proportion decreased from 51.8% in 1989. In the same 7 year period (1989-1996) the proportion of residents 40 years or older increased from 36.0% to over half (50.4%) of all large state facility residents nationally. The proportion of large state facility residents who are 40 or older is substantially greater than the 40% of the general U.S. population in this age range, but is clearly being influenced by the same demographic trend - the aging of the "baby boom" generation.



Table 1.15 Gender Distribution of Residents of Large State Facilities by State on June 30, 1996

	Gender of Residents						
State	Male	Female	Total				
ALABAMA	58.0	42.0	100.0%				
ALASKA	52.6	47.4	100.0				
ARIZONA	*	*					
ARKANSAS	61.4	38.6	100.0				
			100.0				
CALIFORNIA	<u>59.9</u>	<u>40.1</u>	100.0				
COLORADO	63.2	36.8	100.0				
CONNECTICUT	•		100.0				
DELAWARE	55.7	44.3	100.0				
D.C.	NA	NA	NA				
<u>FLORIDA</u>	<u>61.5</u>	<u>38.5</u>	<u>100.0</u>				
GEORGIA	51.8	48.2	100.0				
HAWAII	79 .6	20.4	100.0				
IDAHO	66.7	33.3	100.0				
ILLINOIS	64.9	35.1	100.0				
INDIANA	61.5	38.5	100.0				
IOWA	67.5	32.5	100.0				
	*	52.5	*				
KANSAS	59.9	40.1	100.0				
KENTUCKY							
LOUISIANA	56.9	43.1	100.0				
MAINE	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>				
MARYLAND	63.0	37.0	100.0				
MASSACHUSETTS	54.0	46.0	100.0				
MICHIGAN	71.5	28.5	100.0				
MINNESOTA	65.3	34.7	100.0				
MISSISSIPPI	59.9	40.1	100.0				
MISSOURI	64.3	35.8	100.0				
MONTANA	66.9	33.1	100.0				
NEBRASKA	57.5	32.5	100.0				
	64.6	35.4	100.0				
NEVADA			NA				
NEW HAMPSHIRE	<u>NA</u>	NA 11.0					
NEW JERSEY	59.0	41.0	100.0				
NEW MEXICO	•	•					
NEW YORK	61.0	39.0	100.0				
NORTH CAROLINA	57.4	42.6	100.0				
NORTH DAKOTA	<u>58.8</u>	<u>41.2</u>	<u>100.0</u>				
OHIO	64.3	35.7	100.0				
OKLAHOMA	65.3	34.7	100.0				
OREGON		*	*				
PENNSYLVANIA	54.4	45.6	100.0				
RHODE ISLAND	NA	NA	NA				
	58.9	41.1	100.0				
SOUTH CAROLINA			100.0				
SOUTH DAKOTA	61.9	38.1					
TENNESSEE	59.5	40.5	100.0				
TEXAS	59.3	40.7	100.0				
<u>UTAH</u>	<u>56.9</u>	<u>43.1</u>	<u>100.0</u>				
VERMONT	NA	NA	NA				
VIRGINIA	58.7	41.3	100.0				
WASHINGTON	60.0	40.0	100.0				
WEST VIRGINIA	573	42.7	100.0				
WISCONSIN	61.6	38.4	100.0				
WYOMING	*	*	*				
	60.0	40.0	100.0				
U.S. Total	00.0	TU.U	100.0				

Note. Data in this table are based on the reports of large state facilities which housed 44,513 (76.3%) of the 58,320 large state facility residents on June 30, 1996. Specific state data are omitted (*) where the reporting facilities in a specific state housed less than 60% of the total large state facility residents. NA is used to indicate states which did not operate large state facilities on June 30, 1996 (or in the case of Maine closed the facility before this survey).

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Table 1.16 Age of Residents of Large State Facilities by State on June 30, 1996

	Age of Resi	dents in Years					
State	0-14	15-21	22-39	40-54	<u>55-62</u>	<u>63+</u>	<u>Total</u>
ALABAMA	.2%	1.7%	32.3%	48.5%	8.0%	9.4%	100.0%
ALASKA		•		*	•	*	*
ARIZONA	•		•		*	•	
ARKANSAS	2.9	9.5	54.1	30.4	2.9	0.3	100.0
<u>CALIFORNIA</u>	<u>2.9</u>	<u>3.6</u>	<u>40.8</u>	<u>39.7</u>	<u>6.2</u>	<u>6.8</u>	100.0
COLORADO	3.1	4.4	41.0	42.2	6.8	2.5	100.0
CONNECTICUT	•	•	*	•	•	•	
DELAWARE	0.0	2.1	33.3	41.6	8.3	14.8	100.0
D.C.	0.0	0.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<u>FLORIDA</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>43.3</u>	<u>45.6</u>	<u>5.9</u>	4.8	100.0
GEORGIA	3.7	5.8	47.0	29.9	10.9	2.8	100.0
HAWAII	0.0	0.0	42.9	49.0	2.0	6.1	100.0
IDAHO	4.9	7.3	39.0	35.8	4.9	8.1	100.0
ILLINOIS	1.1	3.8	53.8	31.2	5.8	4.3	100.0
<u>INDIANA</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>1.0</u>	<u>48.5</u>	37.3	<u>9.0</u>	4.2	100.0
IOWA	3.4	7.3	42.6	36.8	4.4	5.6	100.0
KANSAS		*	•				
KENTUCKY	0.2	4.8	58.2	32.5	3.7	0.6	100.0
LOUISIANA	1.7	8.3	46.0	30.2	6.3	7.6	100.0
<u>MAINE</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	NA	NA	NA	NA	<u>NA</u>
MARYLAND	1.9	3.0	43.8	40.4	5.9	5.1	100.0
MASSACHUSETTS	0.0	0.0	26.4	39.5	15.3	18.8	100.0
MICHIGAN	0.0	11.5	54.2	24.0	6.2	4.1	100.0
MINNESOTA	0.0	3.0	43.6	39.9	4.1	9.4	100.0
<u>MISSISSIPPI</u>	<u>6.6</u>	13.2	47.5	22.5	5.5	4.7	100.0
MISSOURI	0.0	5.5	50.4	36.1	5.1	2.9	
MONTANA	0.0	3.2	40.8	42.7	7.0	6.4	•
NEBRASKA	1.7	2.0	35.4	43.5	8.4	9.1	100.0
NEVADA	3.1	13.7	59.0	22.4	1.9	0.0	
NEW HAMPSHIRE	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	NA	NA.
NEW JERSEY	0.0	1.1	51.7	28.6	6.1	12.6	100.0
NEW MEXICO	•	•	*	*		*	100.0
NEW YORK	0.8	2.1	36.4	36.1	8.5	16.0	100.0
NORTH CAROLINA	0.3	1.6	43.0	37.6	10.1	7.4	100.0
NORTH DAKOTA	<u>1.4</u>	<u>6.2</u>	<u>41.4</u>	<u>38.7</u>	<u>6.8</u>	<u>5.4</u>	100.0
ОНЮ	0.0	1.5	36.1	42.8	9.5	10.1	100.0
OKLAHOMA	1.2	194	51.8	27.3	0.4	0.0	100.0
OREGON	•	•	*	*	•	•	*
PENNSYLVANIA	0.0	0.5	33.9	41.5	9.5	14.6	100.0
RHODE ISLAND	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	100.0
SOUTH CAROLINA	2.1	7.4	42.0	31.3	8.8	8.5	*
SOUTH DAKOTA	•	*	*	•	•	•	100.0
TENNESSEE	1.4	4.5	42.7	35.3	8.3	7.8	100.0
TEXAS	0.5	4.4	45.4	32.2	7.1	10.4	100.0
<u>UTAH</u>	<u>1.0</u>	<u>3.9</u>	<u>53.0</u>	<u>34.4</u>	<u>5.5</u>	2.3	100.0
VERMONT	0.0	0.0	NA	NA	NA	\overline{NA}	100.0
VIRGINIA	0.4	4.6	45.5	34.7	7.5	7.2	100.0
WASHINGTON	0.1	2.4	42.1	43.4	7.9	4.2	100.0
WEST VIRGINIA	0.0	0.0	45.3	49.3	2.7	2.7	*
WISCONSIN	2.8	5.2	49.8	33.4	5.2	3.6	100.0
WYOMING	•	•	*	•	•	•	100.0
U.S. Total	1.2	3.9	44.6	35.5	7.2	7.7	100.0

Note. Data in this table are based on the reports of large state facilities which housed 44,896 (77.0%) of the 58,320 large state facility residents on June 30, 1996. Specific state data are omitted (*) where the reporting facilities in a specific state did not house at least 60% of the state's total state facility residents. NA is used to indicate states which did not operate a large state facility on June 30, 1994 except that 0.0% is reported for the percentage of total residents who were children (0-14 years) and youth (15-24 years) in these states without large state facilities.



In contrast, children and youth (birth to 21 years), made up 32% of the U.S. population, but only 5.0% of the large state facility population. Persons 63 years and older made up 19.5% of the U.S. population, but only 7.7% of the large state facility population. One reason for the disproportionately low rates of large state facility placement among children and youth are the relatively low overall rates of out-of-home placement of children and youth. (Only an estimated 18% of all persons with MR/DD in all public and private out-of-home placements are between birth and 21 years.) A more specific factor with respect to large state facilities is the concerted effort by most states to restrict the admission of children and youth to them. This is particularly evident in the youngest ages. For example, nationwide 19% of the U.S. population is made up of persons 14 years and younger, but only 1.2% of large state facility populations and 8.8% of all admissions to large state facilities in Fiscal Year 1996 were persons 14 years and younger. As a comparison in 1965 the majority of persons admitted to large state facilities were 11 years or younger (NIMH, 1966).

The primary reason for the lower proportion of persons 63 years and older in large state facilities than in the general population is the continuing high use of nursing homes for long-term care of older persons with a primary diagnosis of mental retardation and related conditions. In fact, the estimated 4,508 persons 63 years and older in large state facilities in 1996 was considerably less than the estimated 11,200 persons 65 years and older with a primary diagnosis of mental retardation in nursing homes (based on the total 1996 nursing home residents in this survey and the age characteristics of nursing home residents with a primary diagnosis of mental retardation from the 1985 National Nursing Home Survey; Lakin, Hill & Anderson; 1991).

Level of Mental Retardation

Table 1.17 presents the state-by-state distributions of residents of large state facilities by reported level of mental retardation. Thirty eight states are reported; 5 states are not reported because they operated no large state facilities at the same time of this survey and 8 states are not reported because this statistic was not reported by facilities housing at least 60% of the state's total large state facility population.

In Table 1.17 persons reported not to have mental

retardation (or to have "borderline" mental retardation) have been included in the "mild" mental retardation group. Nationally 65.9% of large state facility residents were indicated to have profound mental retardation. In all but five of the reporting states a majority of large state facility residents were reported to have profound mental retardation. In 12 of the 38 reporting states more than 70% of large state facility residents were reported to have profound mental retardation.

A great deal of variability was also found in states' use of large state facilities to house persons with mild and moderate mental retardation. Nationwide, 16.3% of residents were reported to have mild or moderate mental retardation. In 11 of the reporting states persons with mild or moderate mental retardation made up more than a quarter of large state facility populations; in five states less than 10% of state institution populations were made up of persons with mild or moderate mental retardation. As shown in Table 1.13 the proportion of residents with mild mental retardation has been increasing nationwide in recent years, related in part to the increasing proportion of residents indicated to have psychiatric disorders (31% in 1996).

Selected Additional Conditions

Blind. Table 1.18 presents the reported prevalence of selected secondary conditions of large state facility residents. Nationwide, 15.3% of large state facility residents were reported to be functionally blind in 1996 (defined as having little or no useful vision). This compares with 12.6% in 1991. Eight states reported 20% or more residents to be functionally blind; 10 states reported less than 10% of large state facility residents were blind.

Deaf. Nationally, 7.4% of large state facility residents were reported to be functionally deaf (having little or no useful hearing). This compared with 5.6% in 1991. Prevalence rates varied from more than 14% in 4 states to less than 7% in 19 states.

Epilepsy. Nationwide, 46.1% of large state facility residents were reported to have epilepsy. This compares with 44.6% 5 years earlier. Nearly three-quarters of all reporting states (73.7%) reported prevalence rates for seizure disorders among state institution residents of between 40% and 60%.



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Table 1.17 Level of Mental Retardation of Residents of Large

<u>State Facilities by State on June 30, 1996</u>

	Level of Mental	Retardation	THE VIEW DUE 1770		
State	Mild+	Moderate	Severe	Profound	Total
ALABAMA	9.4	9.1	16.7	64.8	100.0
ALASKA	*	•			*
ARIZONA	*	•	•	•	
ARKANSAS	2.6	10.0	20.9	66.5	100.0
CALIFORNIA	2.2	4.8	15.8	77.2	100.0 100.0
COLORADO	5.0	6.8	6.2	82.0	100.0
CONNECTICUT		*	*	*	100.0
DELAWARE	3.8	4.5	19.2	72.5	
D.C.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
FLORIDA	8.4	11.9	14.3	65.5	100.0
GEORGIA	5.8	11.3	21.8	61.2	100.0
HAWAII	10.2	14.3	30.6	44.9	100.0
IDAHO	13.0	13.0	17.9	56.1	100.0
ILLINOIS	6.8	12.1	17.2	63.9	100.0
INDIANA	17.5	13.2	15.4	53.9	100.0
IOWA	15.9	15.2 16.1	17.6	50.4	100.0
KANSAS	*	10.1 *	17.0	30.4 *	100.0
KENTUCKY	3.3	8.2	22.9	65.6	100.0
LOUISIANA	7.2	7.2	13.6	72.1	100.0
MAINE	NA	NA			
MARYLAND	8.0	9.5	<u>NA</u> 14.2	<u>NA</u> 68.3	<u>NA</u>
MASSACHUSETTS	7.6	9.2	23.7		100.0
MICHIGAN	7.6 41.1	14.0		59.5	100.0
MINNESOTA	26.3		17.5	27.4	100.0
		6.8	15.8	51.1	100.0
<u>MISSISSIPPI</u> MISSOURI	3.8 21.4	7.1	13.9	<u>75.2</u>	<u>100.0</u>
MONTANA	17.2	16.7	30.9	30.9	100.0
NEBRASKA	6.4	8.9	3.8	70.1	100.0
NEVADA	17.4	6.4	12.0	75.2	100.0
		17.4	18.0	47.2	100.0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	NA (7.0	NA 1200
NEW JERSEY	7.8 *	7.8 *	16.6	67.8	100.0
NEW MEXICO			•	•	*
NEW YORK	21.1	9.5	15.2	54.2	100.0
NORTH CAROLINA	2.0	5.2	16.0	76.8	100.0
NORTH DAKOTA	<u>2.3</u>	<u>6.1</u>	<u>7.4</u>	<u>66.2</u>	100.0
OHIO	3.4	14.9	22.7	59.0	100.0
OKLAHOMA	18.6	17.0 *	25.7	38.7	100.0
OREGON			•		
PENNSYLVANIA	5.0	8.1	19.7	67.2	100.0
RHODE ISLAND	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
SOUTH CAROLINA	5.9	6.8	10.3	76.9	100.0
SOUTH DAKOTA		*		•	
TENNESSEE	2.1	4.4	12.9	80.6	100.0
TEXAS	7.1	9.8	25.9	57.2	100.0
<u>UTAH</u>	<u>7.7</u>	<u>4.2</u>	<u>13.5</u>	<u>74.6</u>	<u>100.0</u>
VERMONT	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
VIRGINIA	8.9	9.7	19.0	62.5	100.0
WASHINGTON	4.4	9.2	17.7	68.8	100.0
WEST VIRGINIA	1.3	1.3	5.3	92.0	100.0
WISCONSIN	2.4	3.6	16.8	77.3	100.0
WYOMING	*	*	•	*	•
U.S. Total	7.4	8.9	17 9	65 0	100.0
<u>0.5. 10tai</u>	<u> / - **</u>	0.7	<u>17.8</u>	<u>65.9</u>	<u>100.0</u>

Note. Data in this table are based on the reports of large state facilities which housed 44,513 (76.3%) of the 58,320 large state facility residents on June 30, 1996. Specific state data are omitted (*) where the reporting facilities in a specific state housed less than 60% of the total large state facility residents. NA is used to indicate states which did not operate large state facilities on June 30, 1996.



Cerebral palsy. Nationwide 22.6% of large state facility residents were indicated to have cerebral palsy. This compares to a reported rate of 21.6% five years earlier in 1991. The reported prevalence of cerebral palsy varied considerably from state to state. In 11 states the prevalence of cerebral palsy among large state facility residents was indicated to be less than 15% and in 10 other states it was indicated to be greater than 30%.

Behavior disorder. Individual large state facilities were asked to report the number of their residents with behavior disorders. "Behavior disorder" was defined simply as behavior that is sufficiently problematic as to require special staff attention. The absence of a definition expressed in behavioral terms of frequency or severity may account for some of the deviation among states from the national average of 45.7%. In 5 states two-thirds or more of large state facility residents were reported to have behavior disorders; in 9 states less than one-third of the large state facility residents were reported to have behavioral disorders. The reported prevalence of behavior disorders has remained between 45% and 48% since 1987.

Psychiatric condition. Individual facilities were also asked how many of their residents had psychiatric disorders requiring the attention of psychiatric personnel. Nationwide 31.0% of large state facility residents were reported to be receiving psychiatric attention for psychiatric conditions. This statistic was a little different from the 30.6% reported in 1994, the first year in which this survey requested this information. The aggregated statistics for 30 of the 38 states providing these data for at least 60% of all residents were in the range between 20% and 40% of all residents.

Multiple conditions. In all 64.8% of large state facility residents were reported to have two or more of the above conditions in addition to mental retardation. This was a slight increase from the 62.4% reported in 1994. The reported prevalence multiple conditions in 1996 was considerably higher than the 56.7% reported in 1991, but again "psychiatric disorders" were not included in the 1991 survey. Thirteen states reported 75% of state institution residents as having multiple conditions; 7 reported less than 50%.

Selected Functional Assistance Needs of Residents

Table 1.19 presents selected functional limitations of residents of large state MR/DD facilities. Nationwide 35.7% of residents large state facilities were reported to need assistance or supervision in walking. This represented a steady increase from the 32.4% reported in 1991 and 33.4% reported in 1994. Reported rates varied from 68.0% in West Virginia to 18.0% in Nevada. In 9 states more than half of the large state facility residents were reported to need assistance in walking. In 3 states less than a quarter of large state facility residents were reported to need assistance in walking.

Nationwide, 66.1% of large state facility residents were reported to need assistance or supervision in dressing. This compares with 61.1% in 1991. In 14 states 70% or more of large state facility residents were reported to need assistance dressing. Only 2 states reported less than 50% of its large state facility residents in need of assistance or supervision in dressing.

Nationwide, 50.9% of large state facility residents were reported to need assistance or supervision in feeding themselves. This compares with 37.8% reported to need assistance in feeding themselves in 1991. Eleven states reported that 60% or more of their large state facility residents needed help or supervision in eating while 8 states indicated that 40% or less of their large state facility populations needed assistance or supervision with eating. Nine of the 46 states operating large state facilities had insufficient reports on this skill (i.e., less than 60% of all residents) to compute a state statistic.

Nationwide 57.0% of large state facility residents were reported to need assistance or supervision with toileting. This was a substantial increase from the 45.9% reported in 1991. Nine states reported more than two-thirds of large state facility residents needing assistance with toileting; 3 states reported less than 40% of large state facility residents needing assistance or supervision in toileting.

A total 59.4% of large state facility residents were reported to be unable to communicate their basic desires verbally. This compares with 57.1% in 1991. Three states reported that more than 75% of their large state facility residents could not communicate verbally; 4 states reported that less than 50% of their large state facility residents could not communicate verbally.



Table 1.18 Selected Additional Conditions of Residents of Large State

Facilities by State on June 30, 1996

				Cerebral	Behavior	Psychiatric	Multiple
State	Blind ¹	Deaf*	Epilepsy	Palsy	Disorder ³	Disorders ⁴	Conditions ⁵
ALABAMA	8.5	5.5	31.9	8.8	38.5	30.5	64.9
ALASKA	0.5 ♦	J.J.	\$1.7	0.0 #	36.3	30.5	04.9 *
ARIZONA	•	•	•		•	•	
ARKANSAS	10.5	3.7	46.3	24.6	631.3	24.0	79.1
CALIFORNIA	24.0	14.0	54.3	41.9	46.5	17.8	
COLORADO	29.2	13.0	41.0	18.0	56.5		<u>82.2</u>
CONNECTICUT	29.2	13.0	41.0	16.0	JO.J	34.8	90.0
DELAWARE	14.4	2.1	51.6	32.6	-	21.2	-
D.C.	NA	NA	51.6 NA	32.6 NA	43.0	21.3	28.9
					NA 26.0	NA	NA
FLORIDA	<u>9.2</u>	<u>6.5</u>	<u>35.7</u>	<u>13.6</u>	<u>36.9</u>	<u>36.2</u>	<u>40.0</u>
GEORGIA	13.2	8.0	474	16.3	41.3	23.1	77.2
HAWAII	16.3	6.1	28.6	12.4	87.7	53.1	75.5
IDAHO	9.8	6.5	34.2	31.7	49.6	21.1	95.9
ILLINOIS	14.3	6.3	47.2	18.9	54.8	39.3	84.7
INDIANA	<u>12.6</u>	<u>8.9</u>	<u>43.9</u>	<u>28.6</u>	<u>54.1</u>	<u>35.4</u>	<u>87.9</u>
IOWA	12.3	8.6	44.2	6.3	34.1	75.4	50.4
KANSAS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
KENTUCKY	30.1	15.2	56.4	30.7	30.1	23.5	59.8
LOUISIANA	14.0	7.5	41.1	19.4	36.4	28.6	69.2
<u>MAINE</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>
MARYLAND	17.8	13.5	47.8	19.2	46.7	30.4	30.4
MASSACHUSETTS	16.1	7.3	60.0	22.7	27.3	27.9	39.3
MICHIGAN	9.0	5.9	30.5	5.9	69.5	73.4	72.6
MINNESOTA	11.3	7.1	42.5	11.3	77.4	50.4	72.6
MISSISSIPPI	9.1	5.5	29.3	19.1	45.8	28.3	<u>58.7</u>
MISSOURI	7.2	4.2	39.6	8.3	62.9	39.8	91.1
MONTANA	8.9	3.2	52.9	19.7	15.3	42.0	82.2
NEBRASKA	30.2	3.2	55.0	14.5	83.0	38.6	88.3
NEVADA	11.2	6.2	47.2	18.0	78.3	70.8	87.6
NEW HAMPSHIRE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA
NEW JERSEY	9.5	5.1	46.5	31.5	25.6	22.9	28.1
NEW MEXICO			*	*	*	*	*
NEW YORK	16.4	9.5	38.4	16.8	58.3	38.8	40.5
NORTH CAROLINA	20.7	7.1	47.2	22.1	31.3	23.3	70.3
NORTH DAKOTA	23.7	14.8	47.3	30.4	44.6	31.8	76.4
OHIO	11.3	5.5	43.3	8.7	57.7	37.5	46.6
OKLAHOMA	2.0	1.7	40.5	10.1	11.2	35.6	54.3
OREGON	•	•	*	*	*	33.0	34.5 *
PENNSYLVANIA	10.7	2.1	47.4	21.0	43.8	29.5	66.0
RHODE ISLAND	<u>NA</u>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SOUTH CAROLINA	18.1	8.8	49.9	16.5	51.7	19.9	73.3
SOUTH DAKOTA	16.1 ‡	*	47.7	10.5	J1.7	19.9	13.3
TENNESSEE			66.4			20.1	
	21.4	5.5	55.4	51.3	42.8	30.1	58.2
TEXAS	16.6	5.5	42.5	17.6	49.3	38.2	66.6
<u>UTAH</u>	<u>37.6</u>	<u>14.1</u>	<u>56.3</u>	<u>57.6</u>	<u>31.2</u>	<u>31.2</u>	<u>92.0</u>
VERMONT	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
VIRGINIA	11.9	8.3	43.7	9.2	61.3	28.0	56.2
WASHINGTON	9.4	2.6	36.5	14.7	50.7	34.0	56.8
WEST VIRGINIA	12.0	8.0	60.0	33.3	28.0	25.3	76.0
WISCONSIN	10.9	7.3	63.3	36.8	50.5	35.2	90.8
WYOMING	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
		_					
U.S. Total	<u>15.3</u>	<u>7.4</u>	<u>46.1</u>	<u>22.6</u>	<u>45.7</u>	<u>31.0</u>	<u>64.8</u>

Note. Data in this table are based on the reports of large state facilities which housed between 46,354 (79.1% for blind, deaf, epilepsy and cerebral palsy) to 42,500 (72.5% for multiple conditions) of the 58,614 large state facility residents on June 30, 1996. Specific state data are omitted (*) where the reporting facilities in a specific state housed less than 60% of the total large state facility residents. NA is used to indicate states which did not operate large state facilities on June 30, 1996.



¹ Defined as "having little or no useful vision".

² Defined as "having little or no useful hearing".

³ Defined as "challenging behavior requiring special attention of staff".

⁴ Defined as "a disorder requiring the attention of psychiatric specialists".

⁵ Defined as "having two or more of the indicated conditions in addition to mental retardation".

Table 1.19 Selected Functional Needs of Residents of Large State

<u>Facilities by State on June 30, 1996</u>

ALABAMA 28.6 58.0 35.7 47.9 53.7 ALABAMA 28.6 58.0 35.7 47.9 53.7 ALABAMA 28.6 58.0 35.7 47.9 53.7 ALABAMA 6.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5	State	Needs Others' Assistance/Supervision in Walking	Needs Others' Assistance/Supervision with Dressing	Functional Limitations Needs Others' Assistance/Supervision in Eating	Needs Others' Assistance/Supervision with Toileting	Cannot Communicate Desires Verbally
ALASKA	ALABAMA	28.6	58.0	35.7	47.9	53.7
ARKANSAS 33.0 54.6 35.9 41.6 47.6 CALIFORNIA 49.6 82.0 53.9 84.3 68.6 COLORADO 52.7 75.7 75.7 75.7 71.4 71.4 CONNECTICUT		•	•	•	•	•
ARKANSAS 33.0 54.6 35.9 41.6 47.6 CALIFORNIA 49.6 82.0 53.9 84.3 68.6 COLORADO 52.7 75.7 75.7 75.7 71.4 71.4 CONNECTICUT	ARIZONA	•	•	•	*	•
CALIFORNIA 49.6 82.0 53.9 84.3 68.6	ARKANSAS	33.0	54.6	35.9	41.6	47.6
COLORADO CONNECTICUT CONNECTIC			<u>82.0</u>	<u>53.9</u>	<u>84.3</u>	<u>68.6</u>
CONNECTICUT			75.7	75.7	71.4	71.4
DELAWARE 35.1 80.4 59.4 79.4 61.2		•		•	•	•
FLORIDA 25.1 60.9 35.2 50.0 67.6	DELAWARE	35.1	80.4	59.4	79.4	61.2
GEORGIA GEORGI	D.C.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
HAWAII	FLORIDA	<u>25.1</u>	<u>60.9</u>		<u>50.0</u>	
IDAHO	GEORGIA	54.8	69.4	65.2	59.7	66.9
ILLINOIS 27.9 64.1 36.9 44.1 70.0 NDIANA 25.1 46.3 26.5 47.7 52.6 10WA * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	HAWAII	55.1	64.3			
NDIANA 25.1 46.3 26.5 47.7 52.6 IOWA *	IDAHO	53.7	59.4			
Note	ILLINOIS	27.9	64.1			
KANSAS	<u>INDIANA</u>			<u>26.5</u>	<u>47.7</u>	<u>52.6</u>
KENTUCKY 37.9 82.7 82.9 78.5 86.0 LOUISIANA 37.1 61.0 52.3 50.4 50.2 MAINE NA	IOWA		•	•	*	
LOUISIANA 37.1 61.0 52.3 50.4 50.2	KANSAS	•				
MAINE NA NA NA NA MARYLAND 48.4 60.5 59.2 63.4 63.2 MASSACHUSETTS 51.1 81.4 75.1 58.3 64.6 MICHIGAN 35.9 58.5 48.9 54.0 42.9 MINNESOTA 35.3 72.6 64.3 63.7 71.5 MISSISSIPPI 43.4 71.9 48.8 58.0 59.7 MISSOURI 21.5 51.0 46.9 36.2 52.3 MONTANA 39.5 69.4 64.3 57.3 67.5 NEBRASKA 46.7 69.5 36.4 63.4 62.9 NEVADA 18.0 42.9 21.7 27.3 51.6 NEW HAMPSHIRE NA NA NA NA NA NEW JERSEY 33.0 51.3 38.9 33.4 53.5 NEW MEXICO * * * * * NORTH CAROLINA 36.0 <	KENTUCKY					
MARYLAND 48.4 60.5 59.2 63.4 63.2 MARSACHUSETTS 51.1 81.4 75.1 58.3 64.6 MICHIGAN 35.9 58.5 48.9 54.0 42.9 MINNESOTA 35.3 72.6 64.3 63.7 71.5 MISSISSIPPI 43.4 71.9 48.8 58.0 59.7 MISSOURI 21.5 51.0 46.9 36.2 52.3 MONTANA 39.5 69.4 64.3 57.3 67.5 NEBRASKA 46.7 69.5 36.4 63.4 62.9 NEVADA 18.0 42.9 21.7 27.3 51.6 NEW HAMPSHIRE NA NA NA NA NA NEW JERSEY 33.0 51.3 38.9 33.4 53.5 NEW WEXICO * * * * * NEW YORK 30.4 63.2 56.6 64.7 40.9 NORTH DAKOTA	LOUISIANA					
MASSACHUSETTS 51.1 81.4 75.1 58.3 64.6 MICHIGAN 35.9 58.5 48.9 54.0 42.9 MINNESOTA 35.3 72.6 64.3 63.7 71.5 MISSISSIPPI 43.4 71.9 48.8 58.0 59.7 MISSOURI 21.5 51.0 46.9 36.2 52.3 MONTANA 39.5 69.4 64.3 57.3 67.5 NEBRASKA 46.7 69.5 36.4 63.4 62.9 NEVADA 18.0 42.9 21.7 27.3 51.6 NEW HAMPSHIRE NA NA NA NA NA NEW JERSEY 33.0 51.3 38.9 33.4 53.5 NEW MEXICO * * * * * NEW YORK 30.4 63.2 56.6 64.7 40.9 NORTH CAROLINA 36.0 74.3 48.0 68.7 49.2 NORTH DAKOTA 50.7 76.3 76.4 68.3 71.6 OHIO	<u>MAINE</u>					
MICHIGAN 35.9 58.5 48.9 54.0 42.9 MINNESOTA 35.3 72.6 64.3 63.7 71.5 MISSISSIPPI 43.4 71.9 48.8 58.0 59.7 MISSOURI 21.5 51.0 46.9 36.2 52.3 MONTANA 39.5 69.4 64.3 57.3 67.5 NEBRASKA 46.7 69.5 36.4 63.4 62.9 NEVADA 18.0 42.9 21.7 27.3 51.6 NEW HAMPSHIRE NA NA NA NA NA NEW JERSEY 33.0 51.3 38.9 33.4 53.5 NEW WEXICO * * * * * NEW YORK 30.4 63.2 56.6 64.7 40.9 NORTH CAROLINA 36.0 74.3 48.0 68.7 49.2 NORTH DAKOTA 50.7 76.3 76.4 68.3 71.6 OHIO 25.5 61.1 39.6 50.1 54.7 OKLAHOMA <t< td=""><td>MARYLAND</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	MARYLAND					
MINNESOTA 35.3 72.6 64.3 63.7 71.5 MISSISSIPPI 43.4 71.9 48.8 58.0 59.7 MISSOURI 21.5 51.0 46.9 36.2 52.3 MONTANA 39.5 69.4 64.3 57.3 67.5 NEBRASKA 46.7 69.5 36.4 63.4 62.9 NEVADA 18.0 42.9 21.7 27.3 51.6 NEW HAMPSHIRE NA NA NA NA NA NEW JERSEY 33.0 51.3 38.9 33.4 53.5 NEW MEXICO * * * * NEW YORK 30.4 63.2 56.6 64.7 40.9 NORTH CAROLINA 36.0 74.3 48.0 68.7 49.2 NORTH DAKOTA 50.7 76.3 76.4 68.3 71.6 OHIO 25.5 61.1 39.6 50.1 54.7 OKLAHOMA 22.7	MASSACHUSETT					
MISSISSIPPI 43.4 71.9 48.8 58.0 59.7 MISSOURI 21.5 51.0 46.9 36.2 52.3 MONTANA 39.5 69.4 64.3 57.3 67.5 NEBRASKA 46.7 69.5 36.4 63.4 62.9 NEVADA 18.0 42.9 21.7 27.3 51.6 NEW HAMPSHIRE NA NA NA NA NA NEW JERSEY 33.0 51.3 38.9 33.4 53.5 NEW MEXICO * * * * * NORTH CAROLINA 36.0 74.3 48.0 68.7 49.2 NORTH DAKOTA 50.7 76.3 76.4 68.3 71.6 OHIO 25.5 61.1 39.6 50.1 54.7 OKLAHOMA 22.7 56.6 58.9 44.8 52.9 OREGON * * * * * PENNSYLVANIA 34.7<	MICHIGAN					
MISSOURI 21.5 51.0 46.9 36.2 52.3 MONTANA 39.5 69.4 64.3 57.3 67.5 NEBRASKA 46.7 69.5 36.4 63.4 62.9 NEVADA 18.0 42.9 21.7 27.3 51.6 NEW HAMPSHIRE NA						
MONTANA 39.5 69.4 64.3 57.3 67.5 NEBRASKA 46.7 69.5 36.4 63.4 62.9 NEVADA 18.0 42.9 21.7 27.3 51.6 NEW HAMPSHIRE NA NA NA NA NA NEW JERSEY 33.0 51.3 38.9 33.4 53.5 NEW MEXICO * * * * * NORTH CAROLINA 36.0 74.3 48.0 68.7 49.2 NORTH DAKOTA 50.7 76.3 76.4 68.3 71.6 OHIO 25.5 61.1 39.6 50.1 54.7 OKLAHOMA 22.7 56.6 58.9 44.8 52.9 OREGON * * * * * PENNSYLVANIA 34.7 70.4 58.7 51.1 54.4 RHODE ISLAND NA NA NA NA NA						
NEBRASKA 46.7 69.5 36.4 63.4 62.9 NEVADA 18.0 42.9 21.7 27.3 51.6 NEW HAMPSHIRE NA NA NA NA NA NEW JERSEY 33.0 51.3 38.9 33.4 53.5 NEW MEXICO * * * * * NEW YORK 30.4 63.2 56.6 64.7 40.9 NORTH CAROLINA 36.0 74.3 48.0 68.7 49.2 NORTH DAKOTA 50.7 76.3 76.4 68.3 71.6 OHIO 25.5 61.1 39.6 50.1 54.7 OKLAHOMA 22.7 56.6 58.9 44.8 52.9 OREGON * * * * * PENNSYLVANIA 34.7 70.4 58.7 51.1 54.4 RHODE ISLAND NA NA NA NA NA						
NEVADA 18.0 42.9 21.7 27.3 51.6 NEW HAMPSHIRE NA NA NA NA NA NEW JERSEY 33.0 51.3 38.9 33.4 53.5 NEW MEXICO * * * * * NEW YORK 30.4 63.2 56.6 64.7 40.9 NORTH CAROLINA 36.0 74.3 48.0 68.7 49.2 NORTH DAKOTA 50.7 76.3 76.4 68.3 71.6 OHIO 25.5 61.1 39.6 50.1 54.7 OKLAHOMA 22.7 56.6 58.9 44.8 52.9 OREGON * * * * * PENNSYLVANIA 34.7 70.4 58.7 51.1 54.4 RHODE ISLAND NA NA NA NA NA						
NEW HAMPSHIRE NA NA NA NA NEW JERSEY 33.0 51.3 38.9 33.4 53.5 NEW MEXICO * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>						
NEW JERSEY 33.0 51.3 38.9 33.4 53.5 NEW MEXICO * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *						
NEW MEXICO * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *						
NEW MEXICO NEW YORK 30.4 63.2 56.6 64.7 40.9 NORTH CAROLINA 36.0 74.3 48.0 68.7 49.2 NORTH DAKOTA 50.7 76.3 76.4 68.3 71.6 OHIO 25.5 61.1 39.6 50.1 54.7 OKLAHOMA 22.7 56.6 58.9 44.8 52.9 OREGON * * * * * * * * PENNSYLVANIA 34.7 70.4 58.7 51.1 54.4 RHODE ISLAND NA NA NA NA						
NORTH CAROLINA 36.0 74.3 48.0 68.7 49.2 NORTH DAKOTA 50.7 76.3 76.4 68.3 71.6 OHIO 25.5 61.1 39.6 50.1 54.7 OKLAHOMA 22.7 56.6 58.9 44.8 52.9 OREGON * * * * * * * * * PENNSYLVANIA 34.7 70.4 58.7 51.1 54.4 RHODE ISLAND NA NA NA NA NA			•		647	
NORTH DAKOTA 50.7 76.3 76.4 68.3 71.6 OHIO 25.5 61.1 39.6 50.1 54.7 OKLAHOMA 22.7 56.6 58.9 44.8 52.9 OREGON * * * * PENNSYLVANIA 34.7 70.4 58.7 51.1 54.4 RHODE ISLAND NA NA NA NA NA						
OHIO 25.5 61.1 39.6 50.1 54.7 OKLAHOMA 22.7 56.6 58.9 44.8 52.9 OREGON * * * * * PENNSYLVANIA 34.7 70.4 58.7 51.1 54.4 RHODE ISLAND NA NA NA NA NA						
OKLAHOMA 22.7 56.6 58.9 44.8 52.9 OREGON * * * * * PENNSYLVANIA 34.7 70.4 58.7 51.1 54.4 RHODE ISLAND NA NA NA NA						
OREGON * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
PENNSYLVANIA 34.7 70.4 58.7 51.1 54.4 RHODE ISLAND NA NA NA NA					*	
RHODE ISLAND NA NA NA NA NA		34.7	70.4	58.7	51.1	54.4
			73.9	62.3	68.6	5 <u>9.7</u>
SOUTH DAKOTA * * * *	•		*	*	*	
TENNESSEE 31.7 73.4 53.2 60.3 66.8		31.7	73.4	53.2	60.3	66.8
TEXAS 36.0 59.8 57.6 52.9 54.2						
UTAH 54.3 68.9 56.9 54.0 68.2						
VERMONT NA NA NA NA						
VIRGINIA 32.8 77.6 62.1 60.2 68.6						68.6
WASHINGTON 31.9 60.5 41.4 40.8 72.4						
WEST VIRGINIA 68.0 86.6 80.0 72.0 85.3						85.3
WISCONSIN 54.4 64.9 85.8 79.0 82.7					79.0	82.7
WYOMING * * * *					•	•
<u>U.S. Total</u> 35.7 66.1 50.9 57.0 59.4	U.S. Total	35.7	<u>66.1</u>	<u>50.9</u>	<u>57.0</u>	<u>59.4</u>

Note. Data in this table are based on the reports of large state facilities which housed 45,029 (77.2%) of the 58,320 large state facility residents on June 30, 1996. Specific state data are omitted (*) where the reported facilities in a specific state housed fewer than 60% of the total large state facility residents. NA is used to indicate states which did not operate large state facilities on June 30, 1996.



Residents in Movement

New Admissions by Age and Level of Mental Retardation

Table 1.20 presents the distribution of persons newly admitted to large state facilities in Fiscal Year 1996 by their age and level of mental retardation. Data reported in Table 1.16 were supplied by large state facilities housing 79.5% of large state facility residents, but with 83.8% reported admissions. As shown in Table 1.20 persons newly admitted to large state facilities in FY 1996 presented a considerably different profile than the general large state facility population on June 30, 1996. In general they were considerably younger and less severely cognitively impaired than the general population. For example, 1.2% of the total large state facility population was 0-14 years old as compared with 6.8% of the new admissions. While 3.8% of the general large state facility population was persons 15-21 years, 21.2% of new admissions were in this age group. In contrast, while persons 40 years or older made up half (50.4%) of the large state facility population, they made up only a quarter (25.2%) of the new admissions. Of course, the relatively higher proportion of young people in the new admission category as compared with general facility population reflects the fact that most people entering residential programs do so in adolescence or young adulthood. In general over the last decade between Fiscal Years 1986 and 1996 the proportion of children and youth among new admissions has not

changed appreciably, decreasing from 32.7% to 28.0%. Similarly, newly admitted middle aged residents (40 years and older) have changed only slightly, increasing from 23.9% to 25.2% of all new admissions.

Newly admitted large state facility residents in Fiscal Year 1996 were also considerably more likely to have mild mental retardation or no mental retardation and considerably less likely to have profound mental retardation than was the case with the general large state facility population. Persons with mild or no mental retardation made up 31.1% of new admissions as compared with 7.4% of the general large state facility population. Higher proportions of persons with mild mental retardation among new admissions in 1996 (31.1% as compared to 27.7% in 1994) contributed to the increasing proportion of persons with mild mental retardation among general state institution populations (7.4% in 1996 as compared with 7.1% in 1994). Persons with profound mental retardation made up only 28.7% of new admissions as opposed to 65.9% of the total large state facility population (persons with profound mental retardation) made up 34.3% of new admissions in Fiscal Year 1994). Children and young adults (birth to 39 years) with mild or no mental retardation made up over a quarter 25.7% of all new admissions as compared with 4.1% of the general large state facility population. As will be seen in Table 1.22 they also make up a disproportionately high proportion of discharges, indicating that large state facilities continue to function as relatively short-term entry and/or "crisis response" points for residential services for this population.

Table 1.20 New Admissions to Large State Facilities by Age and Level of Mental Retardation in the Year Ending June 30, 1996

Level of									
Retardation	<u>0-4</u>	<u>5-9</u>	<u>10-14</u>	<u>15-21</u>	22-39	<u>40-54</u>	<u>55-62</u>	<u>63+</u>	Total(%)
Mild and No MR	. 0	3	10	127	232	66	7	6	451
									(31.1%)
Moderate	0	4	20	67	188	57	10	3	349
									(24.1%)
Severe	0	6	14	43	102	59	6	4	234
									(16.1%)
Profound	9	14	19	70	157	104	21	22	416
									(28.7%)
Total	9	27	63	307	679	286	44	35	1,450
<u>%</u>	<u>0.6%</u>	<u>1.9%</u>	<u>4.3%</u>	<u>21.2%</u>	<u>46.8%</u>	<u>19.7%</u>	<u>3.0%</u>	<u>2.4%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Note. New admissions in this table are persons admitted for the first time to individual large state facilities. This statistic reflects the number of persons who were admitted to a specific large state facility for the first time in Fiscal Year 1996. Statistics in this table represent 1,450 (83.8%) of the estimated 1,730 new admissions to individual large state facilities in Fiscal Year 1996.



Readmissions by Age and Level of Mental Retardation

Table 1.21 presents the distribution of persons readmitted to specific large state facilities in Fiscal Year 1996 by their age and level of mental retardation. The large state facilities reporting data for Table 1.21 housed 79.5% of all residents of large state facilities in Fiscal Year 1996, but had 83.8% of reported readmissions. The profile of readmissions shown in Table 1.21 is more similar to that of new admissions than of the general large state facility population, although as would be expected, it is slightly older than that of the new admissions (e.g., 29.0% as compared with 25.2% being 40 years or older). As with new admissions there was a relatively high proportion of persons with mild or no mental retardation (25.9% as compared with 7.4% in the general large state facility population) and a relatively low proportion of persons with profound mental retardation (33.9% as compared with 65.9% in the general large state facility population). There was virtually no change between 1989 and 1996 in the number and the proportion of persons with profound mental retardation among readmissions (33.7% of readmissions in 1989 and 33.9% in 1996). While readmissions slightly older than new admissions, they tended to be younger than the general large state facility population (e.g., 31.4% vs. 5.1% were 21 years or younger; 2.4% vs. 7.7% were 63 years or older). The proportion of children and youth (0-21 years) among all readmissions has increased in recent years, from 19.0% in 1989 to 31.4% in 1996. But the estimated

total number of children and youth readmitted to large state facilities decreased from an estimated 292 in 1989 to an estimated 253 in 1996, as total readmissions were substantially reduced.

Discharges by Age and Level of Mental Retardation

In the year ending June 30, 1996, there were an estimated 4,652 total discharges from large state facilities. About 5% of these "discharges" involved persons who were actually transferred to other large state facilities of 64 or more residents. Table 1.22 presents the distribution of persons discharged from large state facilities in Fiscal Year 1996 by age and level of mental retardation. It is based on the reports of facilities with 78.9% of all discharges in Fiscal Year 1996. The age distribution of large state facility discharges was considerably more similar to the age distribution of the general large state facility population. Persons between the ages of 22 and 39 years made up 44.8% of discharges and 44.6% of the general large state facility population. Persons 55 years and older made up 14.9% of the general population and 11.1% of persons discharged. Just as the proportions of children and youth (0-21 years) among persons admitted to state institutions was substantially greater than their proportions in the general populations, so too was their rate of discharge (13.5% of discharges as compared to 5.1% of the general population). Although state institutions continue to admit substantial numbers of children and youth they appear to be generally quick to discharge them.

Table 1.21 Readmissions to Large State Facilities by Age and Level of Mental Retardation in the Year Ending June 30, 1996

Level of				Chronolo	gical Age				
Retardation	<u>0-4</u>	<u>5-9</u>	<u>10-14</u>	<u>15-21</u>	22-39	<u>40-54</u>	<u>55-62</u>	<u>63+</u>	Total(%)
Mild or No MR	0	0	1	27	94	41	7	5	175
								•	(25.9%)
Moderate	0	4	4	22	68	47	6	5	756
									(23.1%)
Severe	1	1	11	18	48	27	8	2	116
									(17.2%)
Profound	11	26	30	56	58	38	6	4	229
									(33.9%)
Total	12	31	46	123	268	153	27	16	676
<u>%</u>	1.8%	4.6%	<u>6.8%</u>	<u>18.2%</u>	<u>39.6%</u>	22.6%	4.0%	2.4%	(100.0%)

Note. Readmissions in the above Table 1.19 are persons readmitted to the particular large state facilities surveyed. This statistic reflects the number of persons who were readmitted to a specific large state facility in the state during Fiscal Year 1996. Statistics in Table 1.19 represent 676 (83.8%) of the estimated 807 readmissions to individual large state facilities in Fiscal Year 1996.



Table 1.22 Discharges from Large State Facilities by Age and Level of Mental Retardation in the Year Ending June 30, 1996

Level of			Chronological Age						
Retardation	<u>0-4</u>	<u>5-9</u>	<u>10-14</u>	<u>15-21</u>	22-39	<u>40-54</u>	<u>55-62</u>	<u>63+</u>	Total(%)
Mild or No MR	1	2	2	87	335	140	23	17	607 (16.5%)
Moderate	2	8	11	56	239	154	30	28	528 (14.4%)
Severe	1	5	25	61	301	234	56	52	735 (20.0%)
Profound	14	32	50	136	769	600	128	73	1,802 (49.1%)
Total	18	47	88	340	1,644	1,128	237	170	3,672
<u>%</u>	<u>0.5</u>	<u>1.3</u>	<u>2.4</u>	<u>9.3</u>	<u>44.8</u>	<u>30.7</u>	<u>6.5</u>	<u>4.6</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Note. Statistics in this table represent large state facilities with 78.9% of an estimated 4,652 discharges in Fiscal Year 1996.

With regard to levels of cognitive impairment persons discharged tended to fall in a range between that of persons being admitted during Fiscal Year 1996 and the general population of those same large state facilities. Persons with profound mental retardation made up 49.1% of discharges, 30.3% of combined new admissions and readmissions, and 65.9% of the general large state facility population. Persons with mild or no mental retardation made up 16.5% of discharges, 29.4% of combined new admissions and readmissions, and 7.4% of the general state institution population. Discharges outnumbered admissions for persons of all levels of mental retardation. It was notable, however, that the smallest relative difference between discharges and admissions was among persons with mild or no mental retardation, for whom estimated discharges (769) were only 2.7% more than estimated admissions (749). For persons with profound mental retardation estimated discharges (2,283) were three times the estimated 770 admissions.

Persons in Movement in 1989, 1991, 1994 and 1996

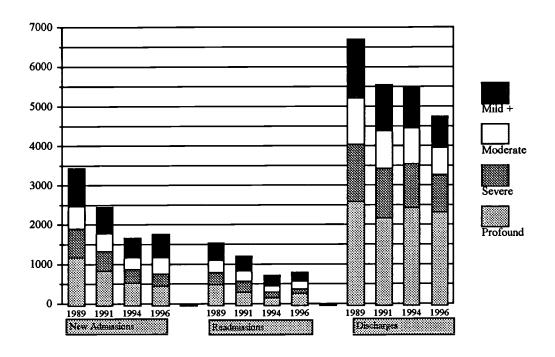
Figure 1.8 compares the number and distribution by level of mental retardation of newly admitted, readmitted and released residents of individual large state facilities in Fiscal Years 1989, 1991, 1994 and 1996. Admission patterns were generally similar in 1989, 1991, 1994 and 1996, although there were steadily fewer persons in each of these categories, in large part because the June 30, 1996 population of large state facilities was 33.0% less than the 1989

population. In 1996 total new admissions and readmissions (2,537) were barely half (51.1%) of the number in 1989 (4,964). Discharges were 30.5% fewer in 1996 than in 1989. This general pattern of decreasing movement into and out of large state facilities has been evident for many years. For example, the combined new admissions and readmissions in 1996 were just 22.8% of the total in 1980 (11,141); discharges in 1996 (4,652) were just 34.2% of discharges in 1980 (13,622). Figure 1.8 also shows the level of mental retardation of persons in movement to be fairly consistent across movement categories (i.e., new admissions, readmissions and discharges) as well as between years (1989, 1991, 1994 and 1996).

For example in 1989, 27.8% of combined new admissions and readmissions had mild or no mental retardation as compared with 29.4% in 1996. In 1996 34.7% of admissions had profound mental retardation compared with 30.4% in 1996. Among discharges however, there has been a general tendency for persons with profound mental retardation to make up an increasing proportion, from 38.5% in 1989 and 39.4% in 1991 to 49.1% in 1996.



Figure 1.8
Distribution of Admissions and Discharges for Large State
Facilities by Level of Mental Retardation in Fiscal Years 1989, 1991, 1994 and 1996



Previous Placement of New Admissions

Table 1.23 summarizes the previous place of residence of persons admitted to specific large state facilities for the first time in Fiscal Year 1996. Statistics are provided for Fiscal Years 1985, 1987, 1989, 1991, 1994 and 1996. As was evident in each of years shown, a very frequent place of immediate prior residence for new admissions to one large state facility was another large state MR/DD facility (20.5% of 1996 new admissions). In 1996 combined new admissions from other large state MR/DD facilities and psychiatric facilities made up 40.7% of all new admissions. Since 1987 this proportion has remained in the range of 35% to 41% of all new admissions. A primary factor in the high number of persons moving into large facilities from other large facilities in recent years has been the large number of facility closures in progress or recently completed in the United States. But 1996's nearly equal proportion of newly admitted residents from MR/DD and psychiatric institutions (20.5% and 20.2% respectively) is notable and is reflected in the reported 31.0% of state institution residents having psychiatric

disorders. In 1996 the proportion of new admissions coming directly from the family home increased slightly from 1994 (from 19.1% to 22.9%), but remained substantially below the proportions of a decade ago, 39.2% of new admissions in 1985 to 29.0% in 1987. A primary factor in this reduction has been the decrease in placements of children and youth Fiscal Year 1996 in the large state facilities. evidenced stabilization in what had been a steady increase in the proportions in community foster homes, group homes, or semi-independent and supported independent living settings. In 1985, 8.0% of new admissions came from such settings, increasing to 14.9% in 1989 and to 19.1% in 1994. The 1996 proportion was 18.2% of all person admitted for the first time. It should be noted, however, that the actual numbers of people admitted from these community residential arrangements decreased each year between 1989 and 1996 as total admissions decreased.



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Previous Placement of Readmissions

Table 1.24 presents the previous place of residence of persons readmitted to state institutions from 1985 through 1996. Persons readmitted to large state facilities in 1996 most frequently came from community residential settings, including group homes with 15 or fewer residents (27.5%) and foster homes (8.3%). A notable trend between 1985 and 1991 had been the decrease in persons readmitted from their family home or the home of a relative (36.8% in 1985, 29.1% in 1987, 19.6% in

1989, 14.1% in 1991). In 1994 there was a substantial reversal of this trend with 26.7% of readmissions coming from the homes of parents or relatives. That reversal continued in 1996 with 29.7% of readmissions coming from the homes of parents or relatives. It is not clear why this is occurring, although it should be noted that the net change between 1991 and 1996 reflected only an estimated 42 more people being readmitted from their homes to state institutions nationwide.

Table 1.23 Previous Placement of Persons Newly Admitted to Large State Facilities in Fiscal Years 1985, 1987, 1989, 1991, 1994 and 1996

Previous Placement		Fiscal Year				
	<u> 1985</u>	<u>1987</u>	<u>1989</u>	<u> 1991</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1996</u>
Parents/relatives	39.2%	29.0%	28.5%	24.2%	19.1%	22.9%
Foster home	3.5	3.4	5.2	2.9	2.9	4.1
Group home (15 or fewer res.)	5.6	7.0	8.4	9.6	14.1	12.1
Group facility (16-63 res.)	3.5	4.2	4.0	3.0	3.1	4.3
Nonstate facility (64+ res.)	1.8	2.6	3.3	3.0	5.4	1.4
State facility (64+ res.)	20.6	27.9	18.5	25.7	23.1	20.5
Boarding home/board and care	0.5	0.7	1.7	3.1	0.6	0.2
Nursing facility	1.6	2.4	2.7	2.3	2.1	1.5
Semi-ind/independent living	1.0	0.8	1.3	1.7	2.1	2.0
Mental health facility	13.6	10.0	16.3	14.9	15.9	20.2
Correctional facility	2.3	2.7	3.0	4.2	4.3	3.9
Unknown/other	6.7	9.3	7.2	5.6	7.3	6.7
Total	<u>100.0</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>100.0</u>

Note. Statistics on previous placements for new admissions and readmissions in Fiscal Year 1996 are based on the reports of large state facilities reporting 86.4% of all new admissions (1,494 of 1,730 new admissions).

Table 1.24 Previous Placement of Persons Readmitted to Large State Facilities, Fiscal Years 1985, 1987, 1989, 1991, 1994 and 1996

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Note. Statistics on previous placements for readmissions and readmissions in Fiscal Year 1996 are based on the reports of large state facilities reporting 88.5% of all readmissions (714 of 807 readmissions).



New Residence of Discharged Residents

Table 1.25 shows the new place of residence of people leaving large state facilities in Fiscal Year 1996, and, for comparative purposes, in Fiscal Years 1985, 1987, 1989, 1991 and 1994 as well. In 1996 well over half (57.5%) of all persons released from large state facilities whose subsequent placement was reported (i.e., excluding unknown/other) went to live in group homes of 15 or fewer residents. Another 18.0% of released residents whose placement was known went to natural, adoptive or foster homes. There was a slight increase in 1996 in the percentage of released residents moving to their parents' or relatives' homes (from 7.2% in 1991 to 9.2% in 1994 to 9.8% in 1996), but the proportion was still considerably below the 17.1% in 1985 and 12.4% in 1989. Post discharge placement patterns were fairly

stable between 1985 and 1996. The most notable change was the proportional increase in group home placements (from 40.4% in 1985 to 48.8% in 1989 to 53.2% in 1991 to 55.1% in 1996 in statistics unadjusted for "unknown/other."), although in actual numbers, discharges to community group homes decreased from an estimated 3,269 in 1989 to 3,081 in 1994 to 2,563 in 1996. Nursing home placements (2.7% of discharges in 1996) were substantially less than the 4.4% of all discharges in 1987, the year in which the OBRA nursing home reforms were enacted (see Chapter 8 for a description). But the 1996 proportions, like those of 1994, were slight increases from the 2.0% rate reported in 1989 and 1991, reflecting perhaps the aging of state institution populations noted earlier.

Table 1.25 New Place of Residence of Persons Discharged from Large State Facilities, Fiscal Years 1985, 1987, 1989, 1991, 1994 and 1996

]	Fiscal Year		
New Place of Residence	<u> 1985</u>	<u> 1987</u>	<u>1989</u>	<u> 1991</u>	<u> 1994</u>	<u> 1996</u>
Home of parents or relative	17.1%	11.3%	12.4%	7.2%	9.2%	9.8%
Foster home	7.1	7.0	7.4	6.5	8.6	7.5
Group home (15 or fewer res.)	40.4	46.6	48.8	53.2	55.6	55.1
Group facility (16-63 res.)	7.4	6.7	5.3	7.5	4.3	4.2
Nonstate facility (64+ res.)	3.8	3.6	2.6	4.0	2.4	1.1
State facility (64+ res.)	10.1	12.2	10.2	9.3	8.8	4.8
Boarding home/Board and care	3.2	0.9	2.3	3.6	1.4	3.7
Nursing facility	4.1	4.4	2.0	2.0	2.6	2.7
Semi-Ind./Ind. Supported living	1.4	4.9	1.9	1.6	4.6	5.6
Mental health facility	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.9	0.9	0.6
Correctional facility	0.2	0.5	1.3	1.0	0.4	0.7
Unknown/Other	3.7	0.7	4.3	2.3	5.8	4.1
<u>Total</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	100.0%	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	100.0%	100.0%

Note. Statistics on new place of residence are for persons leaving a specific large state facility and, therefore, include transfers between large state facilities. These statistics include subsequent residence of 3,791 (81.5%) of 4,652 persons discharged from individual large state facilities in Fiscal Year 1994.



SECTION II

STATUS AND CHANGES IN TOTAL STATE RESIDENTIAL SERVICE SYSTEMS



CHAPTER 5 SERVICES PROVIDED BY STATE AND NONSTATE AGENCIES IN 1996

Lynda Anderson Barbara Polister Robert Prouty K. Charlie Lakin

This chapter provides statistics on all residential services that were directly provided or licensed by states for persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities (MR/DD). These statistics are reported by state, operator (state or nonstate agency) and residential setting size as of June 30, 1996. Residential services data for 1996 are compared with similar statistics from 1977, 1982, 1987, and 1992. The statistics in this chapter do not include psychiatric facilities or nursing homes, but do include services financed under the federal Medicaid program. most notably the Intermediate Care Facilities for Persons with Mental Retardation (ICFs-MR) and Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) programs. Statistics on psychiatric facility residents with MR/DD are reported in Chapter 1 and statistics on nursing home residents with MR/DD are reported in Chapter 8. They are excluded here because of this chapter's focus on services provided within the designated MR/DD service systems of each state.

Number of Residential Settings

Table 2.1 presents statistics by state, operator, and size on the number of individual residential settings in which people received state licensed or state provided residential services for persons with MR/DD on June 30, 1996. It excludes services provided to people living with their natural or adoptive families.

There were 86,225 distinct residential settings in which persons with MR/DD who were receiving residential services on June 30, 1996. Of the total 86,225 residential settings, 84,378 (97.9%) were served by nonstate agencies or individuals and 1,847 (2.1%) were state-operated. In all, 78,365 (90.9%) settings had 6 or fewer residents, 6,287 (7.3%) had 7 to 15 residents and 1,491 (1.7%) had 16 or more residents. Virtually all residential settings with 6 or fewer residents were operated by nonstate agencies (98.8%), as were most of those with 7 to 15 persons (89.1%) and with 16 or more residents (83.1%).

Number of Persons Receiving Residential Services

Table 2.2 presents statistics by state, operator, and setting size on the number of people with MR/DD receiving residential services on June 30, 1996. It excludes services provided to persons with MR/DD living with their natural or adoptive families. On June 30, 1996 states reported a total of 324,567 persons with developmental disabilities were receiving residential services. Of these, 255,288 (78.7%) were served by nonstate agencies. Virtually all persons in settings with 6 or fewer residents (97.8%) and an overwhelming majority of those in settings with 7 to 15 residents (88.0%) received services from nonstate agencies. In contrast, over three-fifths (61.2%) of all persons in facilities with 16 or more residents were served by state agencies, even though 83.1% of facilities with 16 or more residents were operated by nonstate agencies. California and New York had by far the largest numbers of persons receiving residential services (43,878 and 34,316, respectively). California. Texas, and Illinois had the largest number of persons living in facilities of 16 or more residents (9,147, 8,057, and 7,219 respectively). California had the largest number of persons living in large nonstate facilities (4,566 or 12.3% of the national total). California and New York had the largest number of persons living in nonstate residential settings of 15 or fewer persons (34,731 and 22,431 respectively). California, Michigan, New York, and Pennsylvania had the largest number of persons living in nonstate residential settings of 6 or fewer persons (31,804, 11,557, and 10,012 and 9,827, respectively).



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00	2,340 €	585	2,5	2,925 c	299 e	3,224	36 e	3,260	•	0	*	294	298	197	495	2,344	585	2,929	593	3,522	233	3,7
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DC	119	572	•	169	374	1,065	•	1,065	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	119	572	169	374	1,065	•	ŏ.
F	1,912	2,627	*	4,539	1,572	6,111	2,418	8,529	۰	•	0	۰	۰	1,459	1,459	1,912	2,627	4,539	1,572	6,111	3,877	9,988
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11	1,544	872	7,	2,416	3,442	8,838	3,501	9,359	•	•	•	•	•	3,718	3,718	1,544	872	2,416	3,442	5,858	7,219	13,077
౽	1,544	1,012	7,	2,556 a,e	2,820 e	5,376	984 c	6,360	۰	۰	۰	٥	۰	1,244	1,244	1,544	1,012	2,556	2,820	5,376	2,228	7,6
*	1,158	1,673	. ' '	2,831 c	1,994 c	4,825 c	2,551 e	7,376	•	•	•	•	•	672	672	1,158	1,673	2,831	1,994	4,825	3,223	8
KS	8	466		346	831	1,377	730	2,107	•	•	•	•	•	919	919	8	466	346	831	1,377	1,406	2,783
KY	866	1		1,002	234	1,236	529 c	1,765	•	•	•	•	•	3	3	995	7	1,002	234	1,236	1,173	7.
Ľ	670	2,428	ě.	3,098 €	1,187 c	4,285 e	1,617 e	5,902	•	78	78	•	78	2,031	2,109	699	2,507	3,176 e	1,187 e	4,363 e	3,648 c	8,011
ME	105	883	=	1,088 a	262	1,350 a	130 a	1,480	•	•	•	\$	48	19	67	103	983	1,088 a	310	1,398 a	149 .	1,547
W.D	2,999	2	, e	3,848	353	4,201	7.	4,275	•	•	•	•	•	652	632	2,999	849	3,848	353	4,201	726	¢.
MA	3,187 e,c	2,626	e,c 5,6	5,813 e,c	876	6,689	•	6,689	•	280	280	488	168	1.824	2,592	2,497	3,596	6,093	1,364	7,457	1,824	2,
M	2,816	8,741	=	11,557	•	11,557	•	11,557	•	•	•	•	•	346	346	2,816	8,741	11,557	•	11,557	346	6,1
W.N	4,709	2,965	·,	7,674 c	1,674 €	9,348 c	1,075	10,423	•	222	222	•	222	343	267	4,709	3,187	7,896 e	1,674 €	9,570 c	1.420	10,9
MS	145	22		197	29	764	625	880	ē	169	270	225	495	1,424	1,919	246	121	467	192	759	2,049	2.8
WO !	2,261	723	ž,	2,984	1,315	4.299	725	5,024	•	•	•	•	•	44.	1,494	2,261	723	2,984	1,315	4,299	2,219	6,518
TM	ž	186	_	839	201	1,340	•	1,340	•	•	•	•	•	157	157	ž	199	839	2 01	1,340	157	-
NE	698	ž ;	-:	1,453 c	240 e	1,693 e	240 e	1,933	•	• •	• •	٠ :	• ;	4 01	401	869	284	1,453	240	1,693	3 :	2,3
2 ;	272	86		2 ;	~ ;		• ;	184	•	•	•	71	=	<u>,</u>	172	272	204	476	<u> </u>	66	80	653
E N	1,343	158	- - -	1,501	86	1,339	22	1,581	*	•	•	۰	•	٥	•	1,347	138	1,503	8	1,563	2	-
2	2,127	2,378	♣.	4.503	533	5,038	069	5,728	•	•	•	•	•	4,241	4,241	2,127	2,378	4,505	533	5,038	4,931	696'6
XX ;	1,475	127	- ·	1,602 c	181 6	1,783	9 5	1,893	• ;	•	۰,	• ;	٠	143	1 4 5	1,475	127	1,602	181	1,783	233	7.0
× (6,473	48C,8	•	10,012 e	12,419	12,431	604.	23,840	747	1,692	1,934	5,143	7,0,7	3,399	10,476	6,713	5,231	11,946	17,562	29,508	808	Ž '
2 2	930	066,	4 -	0,040	16/) (c) .	, ; ;	6,4,4	- (- 0	- (- (•	1777	/777	920	6,7	96.	ī ;	166.4	7.780	7 :
2 2	*Z4	S A		77111	1000	6118	*11	13.404	9	9	-	-		148	148	2 2	86	771'1	500	1,025	707	198,1
. O	N C	PNC	; <u>-</u>	1.523	263 a	1.786	1.684 a	1470	• •	• •		• •	• •		5	2 2	N C	1 573	1,64	1 78¢	2 2 2 2	•
080	7	2.033	7.	2,680 €	361 e	3.241 c	192 c	3.433	-		90			429	467		2 068	2 7 18	195	1 270	621	
. A	180	9,647	. 6	9,827	728	10,555	2,385	12,940	•	•	•	•	•	3,164	3,164	180	9,647	9,827	728	10,555	5,549	1.91
RI	180	594	•	774 €	187	196	•	196	•	204	204	150	354	•	354	180	798	978	337	1,315	•	
şç	1,376	252	-	1,628	1,087	2,715	78	2,793	22	•	22	•	12	1,548	1,570	1,398	252	1,650	1,087	2,737	1,626	7
SD	196	22		686	684	1,673	•	1,673	•	•	•	•	•	232	252	196	77	686	684	1,673	252	1,925
Z	904	312		1,216	1,461	2,677	14.	2,821	•	•	•	•	•	1,388	1,388	904	312	1,216	1,461	2,677	1,532	÷
X	•	4012	₹	4,012	869	4,881	2,322	7,203	•	251	231	33	286	5,735	6,021	DNP	DNP	4,263	3 0 4	5,167	8,057	13,2
5	1,126	2	-	1,241 e	276 €	1,517 e	\$43	2,060	•	•	•	•	•	311	311	1,126	113	1,241	276	1,517	854	2,3
\$	193	629		852	•	852	•	852	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	193	629	832	•	852	•	••
٠٧٨	27	398		471 c	713 e	<u>.</u>	•	 2	•	•	•	•	•	2,189	2,189	73	398	14	713	<u></u>	2,189	3,373
V M	4,229	213	4	.442	400	4,842	223	\$,065	•	•	•	•	•	1,281	1,281	4,229	213	4,442	4 00	4,842	1,504	6,346
>	818	307		1,122	999	1,788	\$	1,887	•	•	•	•	•	27	2	813	307	1,122	999	1,788	7.	<u></u>
I M	6,372	1,500		7,872	830	8,702	2,170	10,872	0 (•	•	•	•	1,197	1,197	6,372	1,500	7,872	830	8,702	3,367	1,0
ΑÅ	344	255	399	299	7.5	674	٥	674	•	•	•	•	۰	3	₹	233	•	899	75	674	145	818

Table 2.2 Persons with Mental Retardation and Related Developmental Disabilities Served by State and Nonstate Agencles on June 30, 1996

c size of residence was estimated for 1255 recipients of individual community supports based on size of residences for other community residences

• indicates 1995 ICFAMR data, other numbers based on estimates from waiver recipient numbers and does not include people receiving non-medicaid services.

• data estimated from reports from 5/6 regions b indicates 1994 data

care and own home due to approximately 3% of service recipients living in settings of unknown size.

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Relative Size of Residential Settings

Table 2.3 presents statistics summarizing the Relative size of the residential settings for persons with MR/DD across the states. It shows the extreme variability among states on three measures of relative size of residential settings.

Average residential settings size. On June 30, 1996 an average of 3.8 persons with MR/DD lived in each setting in which residential services were provided in the United States. The average number of persons with MR/DD per residential setting ranged from more than 10 in five states to less than 3 in sixteen states. Twenty-three states were at or over the national average. Figure 2.1 shows changes in average number of residents with MR/DD per residential setting between 1977 and 1996. It indicates that the average number of residents per setting continues to decrease steadily, at a somewhat slower rate than was evident from 1977 through 1987.

Percentage living in small residential settings. Table 2.3 shows the percentage of all persons reported to be receiving residential services in each state on June 30, 1996 who were living in residential settings with 15 or fewer residents and with 6 or fewer residents, and with 3 or fewer residents. Nationally, 70.5% of residents lived in settings with 15 or fewer residents. In over half of the states (39), 60% or more of all residential service recipients lived in places with 15 or fewer residents, while in three states less than 40% of residential service recipients lived in places with 15 or fewer residents. Nationally, on June 30, 1996 53.2% of residents lived in settings with 6 or fewer residents, and an estimated 24.9% lived in settings with 1-3 residents. In 23 states more than 60% of all persons receiving residential services lived in settings with 6 or fewer residents, while in eight states less than onethird of all residential service recipients lived in settings of 6 or fewer residents. (Figure 2.2 shows these variations on a state-by-state basis).

Figure 2.1

Average Number of Persons with Mental Retardation and Related Developmental Disabilities per Residential Setting on June 30, 1977, 1982, 1987, 1992, 1995 and 1996

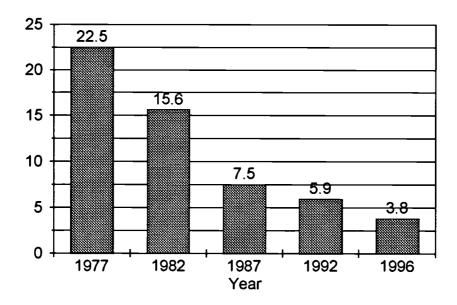
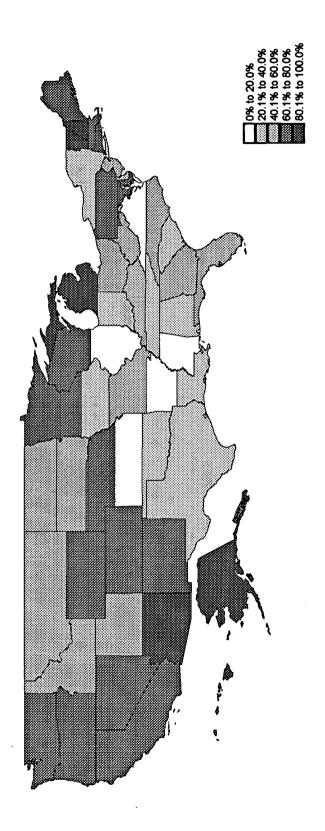




Figure 2.2 Percentage of All Residential Service Recipients in Settings with 6 or fewer on June 30, 1996



National Average = 53.2%

Table 2.3 Summary Statistics on the Size of Residential Settings for Persons with MR/DD on June 30, 1996

	_		Average	% in	% in	% in
	All	All	Residents/	Settings with	Settings	Settings
State	Settings	Residents	Settings	1-15	with 1-6	with 1-3
AL	404	2395	5.9	65.3%	35.6%	25.4%
AK	318	584	1.8	96.7%	84.2%	26.7%
AZ	833	2,697	3.2	93.1%	89.1%	37.9%
AR	580	2,822	4.9	47.3%	18.1%	12.5%
CA	15,600	43,878	2.8	79.2%	72.5%	22.4%
co	2,515	3,755	1.5	93.8%	78.0%	62.3%
CT	2,199	5,763	2.6	79 .0%	72.1%	38.2%
DE	168	743	4.4	60.8%	56.7%	34.9%
DC	250	1,065	4.3	100.0%	64.9%	11.2%
FL	2,824	9,988	3.5	61.2%	45.4%	19.1%
GA	738	3,557	4.8	43.2%	43.2%	DNF
НІ	560	1,140	2.0	94.5%	93.9%	49.1%
ID	925	2,171	2.3	79.6%	55.6%	48.5%
IL	1,067	13,077	12.3	44.8%	18.5%	11.8%
IN	1,889	7,604	4.0	70.7%	33.6%	20.3%
IA	1,869	8,048	4.3	60.0%	35.2%	14.4%
KS	229	2,783	12.2	49.5%	19.6%	2.9%
KY	523	2,409	4.6	51.3%	41.6%	41.3%
LA	1,128	8,011	7.1	54.5%	39.6%	8.4%
ME	464	1,547	3.3	90.4%	70.3%	6.8%
MD	2,044	4,927	2.4	85.3%	78.1%	60.9%
MA	2,977	9,281	3.1	80.3%	65.7%	26.9%
MI	2,900	11,903	4.1	97.1%	97.1%	23.7%
MN	3,514	10,990	3.1	87.1%	71.8%	42.8%
MS	265	2,808	10.6	27.0%	16.6%	8.8%
МО	1,317	6,518	4.9	66.0%	45.8%	34.7%
MT	715	1,497	2.1	89.5%	56.0%	42.8%
NE	650	2,334	3.6	72.5%	62.3%	37.2%
NV	256	653	2.6	75.8%	72.9%	41.7%
NH	1,177	1,585	1.3	98.6%	95.0%	85.0%
NJ	1,866	9,969	5.3	50.5%	45.2%	21.3%
NM	1,336	2,038	1.5	87.5%	78.6%	72.4%
NY	7,228	34,316	4.7	86.0%	34.8%	19.6%
NC	964	7,183	7.5	61.2%	50.8%	9.0%
ND	1,016	1,887	1.9	86.1%	59.5%	49.0%
ОН	4,206	15,491	3.7	62.7%	42.7%	DNF
OK	944	4,023	4.3	44.4%	37.9%	DNF
OR	1,500	3,900	2.6	84.1%	69.7%	16.7%
PA	5,153	16,104	3.1	65.5%	61.0%	1.1%
RI	320	1,315	4.1	100.0%	74.4%	13.7%
SC	574	4,363	7.6	62.7%	37.8%	32.0%
SD	624	1,925	3.1	86.9%	51.4%	50.2%
TN	726	4,209	5.8	63.6%	28.9%	21.5%
TX	873	13,224	15.1	39.1%	32.2%	DNF
UT	770	2,371	3.1	64.0%	52.3%	47.5%
VT	673	852	1.3	100.0%	100.0%	22.7%
VA	180	3,373	18.7	35.1%	14.0%	2.2%
WA	1,717	6,346	3.7	76.3%	70.0%	66.6%
WV	739	1,962	2.7	91.1%	57.2%	41.5%
WI	3,587	12,069	3.4	72.1%	65.2%	52.8%
WY	3,367	819	2.5	82.3%	73.1%	42.0%
U.S. Total	86,225	324,567	3.8	70.5%	53.2%	23.2%



84

Number of Residential Service Recipients Per 100,000 General Population

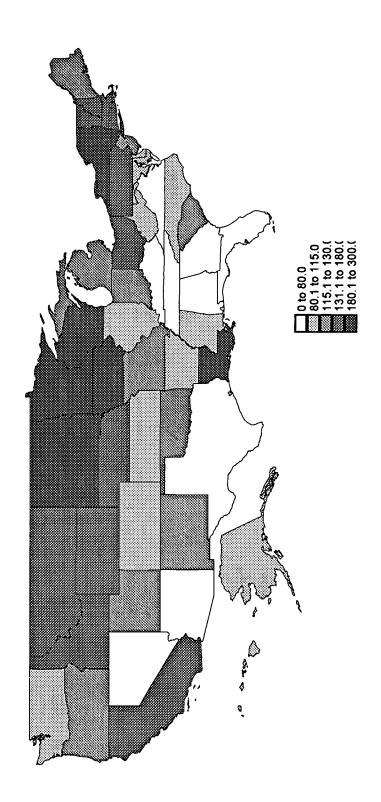
Figure 2.3 and Table 2.4 present statistics on the number of persons with MR/DD receiving residential services per 100,000 of each state's general population on June 30, 1996. On June 30, 1996 there were a reported 122.0 persons with MR/DD receiving residential services per 100,000 of the U.S. population. Nevada had the lowest overall residential placement rate per 100,000 state citizens (43.0). North Dakota had the highest overall placement rate with 295.8 persons receiving residential services per 100,000 of the state population. In all, 24 states reported placement rates below the national average, with four states (Alabama, Georgia, Nevada and Virginia) reporting rates less than 50% of the national average. Of the 27 states above the national average, eight (District of Columbia, Idaho, Iowa, Minnesota, New York, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wisconsin) were more than 150% above the national average. Three states, Iowa, North Dakota, and South Dakota were more than 200% above the national average. While states varied substantially in the number of persons with MR/DD receiving residential services per 100,000 of the state's population, most states (30) fell within the range of the national average plus or minus one-third.

On June 30, 1996 there were 86.1 persons receiving residential services in settings with 15 or fewer residents per 100,000 of the U.S. population. A total of 14 states had placement rates that were more than 150% of this national average. Four states reported rates more than twice the national average (District of Columbia, Minnesota, North Dakota, and South Dakota). The national average placement rate for settings with 6 or fewer residents was 64.9 residents per 100,000 of the general population. Six states reported rates equal to or more than twice the national average (Minnesota, New Hampshire, North Dakota, South Dakota, Vermont, and Wisconsin). The national placement rate for facilities of 16 or more residents was 35.8 residents per 100,000 of the national population. Three states (Iowa, Louisiana and Mississippi) reported a rate more than twice the national average. Figure 2.3 shows the geographic variation among states in their number of persons receiving residential services per 100,000 of the general population.

Table 2.4 Persons with Mental Retardation and Related Developmental Disabilities Receiving Residential Services per 100,000 of State General Population by Size of Residential Setting, June 30, 1996

	State					
	Population	Number	of Reside			
State	(100,000)	1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total
AL	43.16	19.7	16.5	36.2	19.3	55.5
AK	6.47	76.0	11.3	87.3	2.9	90.3
ΑZ	41.45	58.0	2.6	60.6	4.5	65.1
AR	24.90	20.2	33.1	53.3	60.1	113.3
CA	328.96	96.7	8.9	105.6	27.8	133.4
co	37.80	<i>7</i> 7.5	15.7	93.2	6.2	99.3
CT	32.73	126.9	12.2	139.1	36.9	176.1
DE	7.26	58.0	4.3	62.3	40.1	102.3
DC	5.55	124.5	67.4	191.9	0.0	191.9
FL	144.31	31.5	10.9	42.3	26.9	69.2
GA	72.09	21.3	0.0	21.3	28.0	49.3
н	12.42	86.2	0.6	86.7	5.1	91.8
ID	11.83	102.1	44.0	146.2	37.4	183.5
IL	119.16	20.3	28.9	49.2	60.6	109.7
IN	58.65	43.6	48.1	91.7	38.0	129.7
IA	28.75	98.5	69.4	167.8	112.1	279.9
KS	26.25	20.8	31.7	52.5	53.6	106.0
KY	38.79	25.8	6.0	31.9	30.2	62.1
LA	43.83	72.5	27.1	99.5	83.2	182.8
ME	12.37	88.0	25.1	113.0	12.0	125.1
MD	51.27	75.1	6.9	81.9	14.2	96.1
MA	59.71	102.0	22.8	124.9	30.5	155.4
MI	96.12	120.2	0.0	120.2	3.6	123.8
MN	46.60	169.4	35.9	205.4	30.5	235.8
MS	26.83	17.4	10.9	28.3	76.4	104.7
MO	53.16	56.1	24.7	80.9	41.7	122.6
MT	8.74	96.0	57.3	153.3	18.0	171.3
NE	16.56	87.7	14.5	102.2	38.7	140.9
NV	15.20	31.3	1.3	32.6	10.4	43.0
NH	11.39	132.1	5.1	137.2	1.9	139.2
NJ	79.72	56.5	6.7	63.2	61.9	125.1
NM	17.05	94.0	10.6	104.6	15.0	119.5
NY	181.90	65.7	96.5	162.2	26.4	188.7
NC	72.43	50.3	10.4	60.7	38.5	99.2
ND	6.38	175.9	78.8	254.7	41.1	295.8
OH	112.53	58.8	27.5	86.4	51.3	137.7
OK	32.93	46.2	8.0	54.2	67.9	122.2
OR	31.94	85.1	17.6	102.7	19.4	122.1
PA	121.66	80.8	6.0	86.8	45.6	132.4
RI	10.00	97.8	33.7	131.5	0.0	131.5
SC	37.72	43.7	28.8	72.6	43.1	115.7
SD	7.42	133.3	92.2	225.5	34.0	259.4
TN	52.90	23.0	27.6	50.6	29.0	79.6
TX	188.81	22.6	4.8	27.4	42.7	70.0
UT	19.85	62.5	13.9	76.4	43.0	119.4
VT	5.82	146.4	0.0	146.4	0.0	146.4
VA	67.26	7.0	10.6	17.6	32.5	50.1
WA	56.12	79.2	7.1	86.3	26.8	113.1
wv	18.27	61.4	36.5	97.9	9.5	107.4
WI	52.03	151.3	16.0	167.2	64.7	232.0
WY	4.94	121.3	15.2	136.4	29.4	165.8
U. S. Total	2,659.99	64.9	21.2	86.1	35.8	122.0
J. J. 10tal	2,007.77		~1.4	55.1	22.0	122.0





National Average = 122.0



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Persons Presently Not Receiving Residential Services on Waiting Lists for Residential Services

Table 2.5 summarizes statistics reported by states on the actual or estimated number of people with mental retardation and related conditions not receiving residential services who are on waiting lists for such services on June 30, 1996. These statistics are presented as raw numbers and as percentages of the total number of all persons receiving and waiting for services. As shown, 37 states provided statistics on the number of persons waiting for residential services on June 30, 1996. Among these states a total of 51,553 persons were reported to be waiting for services. Assuming the same ratio of persons waiting for residential services to persons receiving residential services in non-reporting states (were not able to report waiting list data) as in reporting states, on June 30, 1996, an estimated national total of 87,107 persons with mental retardation and related conditions were waiting for residential services. A 26.9% growth in the number of persons served would be required to eliminate the waiting lists nationally. While two states (Arizona and North Dakota) reported having no persons with mental retardation and related conditions waiting for residential services, 17 states reported waiting lists of such length that their residential services programs would need to be expanded by more than one-quarter to accommodate presently identified needs.

Table 2.5 Persons with Mental Retardation and Related Developmental Disabilities who Were on Waiting List for, But Not Receiving Residential Services on June 30, 1996.

State	Total Persons on Waiting List		Total Residential Service Recipients	% Growth Needed to Match Needs
A L	1,171		2,395	48.9%
A K	318	e	584	54.5%
ΑZ	0		2,697	0.0%
A R	DNF		2822	DNF
	DNF		43878	DNF
CO	2,318		3,755	61.7%
CT	1,261		5,763	21.9%
DE	479		743	64.5%
DC	87		1,065	8.2%
FL	1,951		9,988	19.5%
3 A	1,644		3,557	46.2%
HI	776		1,140	68.1%
ID	100	e	2,171	4.6%
I L	DNF		13077	DNF
N	2,067		7,604	27.2%
IA.	DNF		8048	DNF
K S	16		2,783	0.6%
ΚY	DNF		2409	DNF
LA	2,254		8,011	28.1%
M E	DNF		1547	DNF
M D	DNF		4927	DNF
M A	2,170		9,281	23.4%
M I	DNF		11903	DNF
M N	1,064		10,990	9.7%
M S	DNF		2808	DNF
M O	694		6,518	10.6%
мт	536		1,497	35.8%
NE	843		2,334	36.1%
N V	115		653	17.6%
N H	97		1,585	6.1%
N J	3,944		9,969	39.6%
N M	1,790		2,038	87.8%
N Y	5,397		34,316	15.7%
N C	DNF		7183	DNF
N D	0		1,887	0.0%
о н	DNF		15491	DNF
0 K	1,500	e	4,023	37.3%
O R	3,505		3,900	89.9%
PA	9,535		16,104	59.2%
RI	100	е,•	1,315	7.6%
sc	1,339		4,363	30.7%
S D	5		1,925	0.3%
TN	659	e	4,209	15.7%
ГX	DNF		13224	DNF
UT	950	е	2,371	40.1%
VT	23	_	852	2.7%
V A	DNF		3373	DNF
W A	125		6,346	2.0%
w v	DNF		1962	DNF
w v w i	2,560		12,069	21.2%
w r w y	160		819	19.5%
Total of States				_
	51,553	•	191,915	
Reporting U.S. Est. Total	87,187			

DNF indicates Data Not Furnished



RI does not maintain a waiting list as such, but allocates resources based on perceived needs.

CHAPTER 6 NUMBER OF RESIDENTIAL SETTINGS AND RESIDENTS BY TYPE OF LIVING ARRANGEMENT

Lynda Anderson Barbara Polister Robert Prouty K. Charlie Lakin

This chapter describes residential settings for persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities (MR/DD) by setting type. Three separate types of residential settings have been developed on the basis of conformity to state MR/DD reporting systems. These include:

"Congregate Care": A residence owned, rented, or managed by the residential services provider, or the provider's agent, to provide housing for persons with MR/DD in which staff provide care, instruction, supervision, and other support for residents with MR/DD (includes ICF-MR certified facilities).

"Family Foster Care": A home owned or rented by an individual or family in which they live and provide care for one or more unrelated persons with MR/DD.

"Own Home": A home owned or rented by one or more persons with MR/DD as the person(s)' own home in which personal assistance, instruction, supervision, and other support is provided as needed.

"Congregate Care" Settings and Residents

Table 2.6 presents statistics on congregate care residential settings and persons with MR/DD living in these settings on June 30, 1996, by size and state, for all 50 states and the District of Columbia. Of the reported total 39,340 congregate care residential settings in the states, 37,776 (96.0%) had 15 or fewer residents and 31,496 (80.1%) had six or fewer residents. California (5,749), New York (4,188), and Pennsylvania (2,847) accounted for almost one-third (32.4%) of the total congregate care residences, while five states reported fewer than 100.

Of the 250,452 residents of congregate care settings in the reporting states, 156,940 (62.8%) lived in settings with 15 or fewer residents and 100,915 (40.3%) lived in settings with six or fewer residents. Six of the reporting states, California (34,033), Illinois (12,893), New York (29,109), Ohio (11,091), Pennsylvania (13,256), and Texas (13,224) accounted

for almost half (43.3%) of the total congregate care residents.

"Family Foster Care" Settings and Residents

Table 2.7 presents statistics on family foster care settings and persons with MR/DD living in such settings on June 30, 1996, by size and state. Forty-eight states reported the number of family foster care settings by each size and 48 states reported the resident populations of each size. Where available, data from 1995 or 1994 was used in place of missing data and noted. When prior year data was unavailable, data were estimated to obtain estimated U.S. total family foster care residents (23,668).

Of the total 14,017 family foster care settings in the reporting states, virtually all (99.9%) had six or fewer residents. New York (2,066) accounted for 15.1% of the total family foster care settings across the 48 states, while 15 of the 48 reporting states reported fewer than 100 family foster care settings.

Of the 22,927 persons with MR/DD reported in family foster care settings in the 48 states that reported this data, virtually all (99.8%) lived in settings with six or fewer residents. Six states (Michigan, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Washington, and Wisconsin) accounted for 54.6% of the reported national total of 22,969 recipients of family foster care. Eleven of the 48 reporting states reported fewer than 100 persons in family foster care settings. Estimates for non-reporting states based on the statistics of the reporting states suggested that nationally on June 30, 1996 there were about 24,675 persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities living in 14,012 family foster care settings.



Table 2.6 Number of "Congregate Care" Residential Settings and Residents including all ICFs-MR by State on June 30, 1996

_			Facilities					Residents		
	1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total	1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Tota
	224 e	96	320	11	331	650	712	1,362	831	2,322
	62 e	6 e	68	1	69	222 e	73 e	295	19	314
	651	9	660	9	669	2,155	108	2,263	186	2,449
	10 a	84 в	94	ll a	105	34 a	823 a,c	857	1,496 a	2,353
	4,841	601	5,442	307	5,749	21,959	2,927	24,886	9,147	34,033
	1,988 c	76 e	2,064	3	2,067	632 e	593 o	1,225	233 o	1,458
	978	51	1,029	11	1,040	2,870	400	3,270	1,209	4,479
	68	2	70	1	71	241	31	272	291	563
	137	62	199	0	199	545	349	894	0	894
	632	177	809	80	889	2,602	1,572 e	4,174	3,877	8,051
	395 b	0	395 b	9 b	404	754 b	0 ь	754 b	2,019 e	2,773
	93	1	94	14	108	198	7	205	63	268
	36 e	79 o	115 e	13 e	128	145 e	521 e	666 e	442 e	1,108
	501	268	769	58	827	2,178	3,442	5,620	7,219	12,839
	198 a	356	554	24	578	980 e	2,820 e	3,800	2,228 e	6,028
	199 e	220 e	419	217 e	711	1,629	1,739	3,368	2,164	5,532
	115	98	213	16	229	546	831	1,377	1,406	2,783
	174	29	203	10	213	556	234	790	1,173 e	1,963
	425 e	126 e	551 e	25 e	576	2,493 e	1,187 c	3,680 e	3,648 e	7,328
	65 a	33 a	98 a	7 a	105	399 в	310 a	709 a	149 a	858
	1,516	51	1,567	9	1,576	3,266	353	3,619	726	4,345
	1,700 e	163	1,863	8	1,871	3,250 e	1,364	4,614	1,823	6,437
	1,678	0	1,678	3	1,681	8,741	0	8,741	346	9,087
	1,846 e	151 e	1,997 o	39	2,036	6,087 e	1,674 c	7,761 e	1,420	9,181
	117	29	146	10	156	346	292	638	2,049	2,687
	187	156	343	84	427	822	1,315	2,137	1,956	4,093
	37 e	63	100	2	102	199 e	501	700	157	857
	236 e	32 o	268 e	3	271	850 e	240	1,090	641	1,731
	26	2	28	6	34	143	19	162	154	316
	914	7	921	1	922	528	48	576	22	598
	491	70	561	47	608	2,378	533	2,911	4,315	7,226
	1,311 c	19	1,330	6	1,336	127 e	181 o	308	255 e	563
	2,376	1,721	4,097	91	4,188	6,754	17,547	24,301	4,808	29,109
	751	59	810	19	829	3,486	751	4,237	2,786	7,023
	34 o	61	95	5	100	198	503	701	262	963
	640	311	951	98	1,049	2,307	3,040	5,347	5,744	11,091
	81 a	24 a	105	30 a	135	474 a	263 a	737 a	2,252 a	2,989
	452 e	71 e	523	7 e	530	1,404 o	561 o	1,965 e	621 e	2,586
	2,697	94	2,791	56	2,847	6,979	728	7,707	5,549	13,256
	152	35	187	0	187	802	337	1,139	0	1,139
	278	135	413	8	421	841	1,087	1,928	1,626	3,554
			260	1	261	283	684	967	252	1,219
	195 e 91	65 183	280 274	8	282	370	1,461	1,831	1,532	3,363
		81	832	42	282 874	4,263	904	5,167	8,057	13,224
	751				253	4,263 724 e	276 e	1,000	854	1,854
	206 e	34 e	240	0	40	146	0	146	0	1,854
	40	0	40							3,300
										2,117
										1,299
										5,951
	253	10	263	1	264	532		607	143	752
Total	31,496	6,280	37,776	1,489	39,340	100,915	56,025	156,940	93,383	250,45
	67 e 39 e 127 415 253 31,496		118 81 o 211 517 263 37,776	5 16 4 40 1 1,489		•	713 e 400 666 830 75 56,025	1,111 613 1,125 2,587 607	2,189 1,504 174 3,364 145 93,383	

^{*} total includes 7 facilities of unknown size



a indicates 1995 data

e indicates estimate

^{**} total includes 129 people living in settings of unknown size

^{***} total includes 75 facilities of unknown size

Table 2.7 Number of Family Foster Care Settings and Persons with Mental Retardation and Related Developmental Disabilities Living in Them on June 30, 1996 by State

	Number		lential Setti				Num	ber of Resid	lents	
State	1-3	4-6	1-6	7-15	Total	1-3	4-6	1-6	7-15	Total
AL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AK	103	0	103 e	0	103	114	0	114 e	0	114
AZ	146	0	146	0	146	212	0	212	0	212
AR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CA	2	0	2	0	2	2	0	2	0	2
CO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CT	523	0	523	0	523	523	0	523	0	523
DE	88	0	88	0	88	159	0	159	0	159
DC	50	0	50	0	50	84	0	84	0	84
<u>FL</u>	DNF	DNF	121 Ь	DNF	121	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF
GA	DNF	DNF	210 Ь	0	210	DNF	DNF	351 b	0	351
Н	371	0	371	0	371	719	0	719	0	719
ID	376 e	0	376 e	0	376	517 e	0	517 e	0	517
IL	145	0	145	0	145	145	0	145	0	145
IN	304 a	10	314 a	0	314	384 a	35	419 a	0	419
IA	23	0	23	0	23	23	0	23	0	23
KS	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF
KY	213	0	213	0	213	331	0	331	0	331
LA	95 e	5	100 e	0	100	161 e	20 е	181 e	0	181
ME	DNF a	DNF	253 a	0 a	253	DNF a	DNF a	584 a	0 a	584
MD	178	0	178	0	178	292	0	292	0	292
MA	469	0	469	0	469	469	0	469	0	469
MI	756 e	0	756 e	0	756	1,890	0	1,890	0	1,890
MN	928	0	928	0	928	928	0	928	0	928
MS	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0
МО	80	1	81	0	81	134	4	138	0	138
MT	150 e	0	150 e	0	150	177 e	0	177 e	0	177
NE	79 e	1	80 e	0	80	130 е	4 e	134 e	0	134
NV	25	8	33	0	33	46	31	77	0	77
NH	588	6	594	1	595	696	25	721	10	731
NJ	876	0	876	0	876	1,745	0	1,745	0	1,745
NM	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	25	0	25	0	25
NY	1,624	438	2,062	4	2066	2,967	1,162	4,129	15	4,144
NC	135	0	135	0	135	160	0	160	0	160
ND	34 e	0	34	0	34	42	0	42	0	42
OH	DNF	DNF	97	2	99	DNF	DNF	250	17	267
OK	184 a	0	184 a	0	184	236 a	0	236 a	0	236
OR	370 е	0	370 е	0	370	667 e	0	667 e	0	667
PA	1,068	1	1,069	0	1069	1,139	6	1,145	0	1,145
RI	58	1	59	0	59	64	5	69	0	69
sc	88	0	88	0	88	131	0	131	0	131
SD	20 е	0	20 е	0	20	23	0	23	0	23
TN	140	0	140	0	140	279	0	279	0	279
TX	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF
UT	83 e	0	83 e	0	83	83 e	0	83 e	0	83
VT	501	0	501	0	501	559	0	559	0	559
VA	15 e	0	15 е	0	15	31 e	0	31	0	31
WA	725 e	0	725 e	0	725	1,812	0	1,812	0	1,812
wv	433	0	433	0	433	519	0	519	0	519
WI	780	0	780	0	780	1,800	0	1,800	Ō	1,800
WY	32	0	32	0	32	32	Ō	32	Ŏ	32
Reported Total	12,858	471	14,010	7	14,017	20,450	1,292	22,927	42	22,969
Estimated Total	13,855	481	14,336	8	14,344	23,205	1,388	24,593	82	24,675
a indicates 1995 data		dicates 19		_	dicates estimate	,		,- <u></u>		

a indicates 1995 data

e indicates estimate

DNF indicates Data Not Furnished



"Own Home" Settings and Residents

Table 2.8 presents statistics on the number of homes owned or leased by persons with MR/DD who were receiving residential services and the number of persons with MR/DD living in their own homes on June 30, 1996 by size and state. Forty-seven states reported information on the number of homes and 48 states were able to report information on the number of persons living in their own homes on June 30, 1996. These statistics were used to compute estimates for the non-reporting states for an estimated U.S. total of 46,608 persons living in 35,818 residences they own or lease.

The greatest number of homes owned or leased by persons with MR/DD were reported by California (9,843), Ohio (3,058), Wisconsin (2,250) and Florida (1,937). These states together accounted for 49.9% of the reported national total of 34,327 homes owned or leased by persons with MR/DD receiving residential services and supports. Five states reported fewer than 50 places in which persons with MR/DD received services in those homes.

All people living in homes that they leased or owned lived with five or fewer other people. California (9,843), Missouri (2,024), Ohio (3,058), Washington (2,417) and Wisconsin (4,315) reported nearly half (48.1%) of the estimated national total of 45,012 people living in their own homes. Five states reported fewer than 50 persons living in their own homes.

"Family Home" Settings and Residents

Table 2.9 presents statistics on persons with MR/DD receiving services in the home of a family member on June 30, 1996. Forty-five states reported a total of 265,613 recipients receiving services in their family home. California and New York accounted for more than half of all recipients (51.1%) with an estimated 75,111 recipients and 47,903 recipients, respectively. Sixteen states had more than one-half of all the recipients of services received while living in the homes of family members. Two states (Arizona and New Hampshire) had more than 70% of all the recipients of services received while living in a family home.

Table 2.8 Number of Homes Owned or Leased by Persons with Mental Retardation and Related Developmental Disabilities and the Number of People Living in Them on June 30, 1996 by State

Liv	ing in Them	on June 30, 1	996 by St	ate
		People		
		Living in		
		Their	% In	
	Total	Own	Own	Ali
State	Homes	Home	Home	Residents
AL	DNF	202	8%	2,395
AK	146			584
AZ	23	36	1%	2,697
				•
AR	469	469	17%	2,822
CA	9,843	9,843	22%	43,878
co	448			3,755
CT	636	636	11%	5,763
DE	9	21	3%	743
DC	1	1	0%	1,065
FL	1,937	•	19%	9,988
GA	326	b 433	b 12%	3,557
н	82	84	7%	1,140
ID	375	e 500	c 23%	2,171
IL	93	93	1%	13,077
IN	1,000	e 1,157	c 15%	7,604
IA	1,135	c 1,135	c 14%	8,048
KS	DNF	DNF	DNF	2,783
KY	97	115	5%	2,409
LA	452	e 501	e 6%	8,011
ME	105			1,547
MD	290		6%	4,927
MA	1,119	1,119	12%	9,281
MI	463	•	8%	11,903
MN	550		8%	10,990
MS	109	121	4%	2,808
MO	809		31%	6,518
MT	463	•		1,497
				•
NE	299			2,334
NV	189	256	39%	653
NH	255	256	16%	1,585
NJ	382	382		9,969
NM	DNF	164	8%	2,038
NY	1,063			34,316
NC	DNF	DNF	DNF	7,183
ND	882	e 882	47%	1,887
OH	3,058	e 3,058	20%	15,491
OK	625	a 813	a 20%	4,023
OR	600	e 647	c 17%	3,900
PA	1,237	1,703	11%	16,104
RI	74	e 107	8%	1,315
SC	65	* 678	16%	4,363
SD	343	e 658	34%	1,925
TN	304	567	13%	4,209
TX	DNF	DNF	DNF	13,224
UT	434			2,371
VT	132	147	17%	852
VA	42		1%	3,373
WA			38%	6,346
	897	-		•
WV	91	144	7% 36%	1,962
WI	2,250	4,315	36%	12,069
WY	35	35	4%	819
Total Repor		42,932	14%	324,567
Estimated U		46,608	14%	
* indicates a	anderson transfer	ee moble to colif	numbers into	and and a

indicates apartment complexes, unable to split numbers into individual settings

b indicates 1994 date



a indicates 1995 data

e indicates estimate

Table 2.9 Number of People with MR/DD Receiving Services While Living in the Home of a Family Member on June 30, 1996 by State

			Recipients of
		Total Number of	Services in Family
		Recipients of Services	Homes as
~	Number of	in Family Homes and	Percentage of All
State	Recipients	Residential Settings	Service Recipients
AL	1,546	3,941	39%
AK	391 e	975	40%
AZ	6,519	9,216	71%
AR	75 111 0	2,822	0%
CA CO	75,111 e	118,989	63%
CT CT	3,682 e 6,378	7,437 12,141	50%
DE	756	1,499	53% 50%
DC	12	1,077	1%
FL	15,985	25,973	62%
GA GA	DNF	DNF	DNF
HI	1,321	2,461	54%
ID	3,890 e	6,061	64%
IL	10,878	23,955	45%
IN	1,565	9,169	17%
IA	1,387 е	9,435	15%
KS	DNF	DNF	DNF
KY	2,822	5,231	54%
LA	2,563 e	10,574	24%
ME	1,152 a	2,699	43%
MD	4,329	9,256	47%
MA	DNF	DNF	DNF
MI	DNF	DNF	DNF
MN	5,121	16,111	32%
MS	30	2,838	1%
МО	4,389	10,907	40%
MT	1,658 e	3,155	53%
NE	64 e	2,398	3%
NV	311	964	32%
NH	5,183	6,768	77%
NJ	12,448 e	22,417	56%
NM	500 e	2,538	20%
NY	47,903 e	82,219	58%
NC ND	DNF 211	DNF	DNF
ОН	11,421	2,098	10%
OK	1,421 1,216 a	26,912 5,239	42% 23%
OR OR	700 e	4,600	15%
PA	669	16,773	4%
RI	1,699 e	3,014	56%
sc	5,632	9,995	56%
SD	127	2,052	6%
TN	2,643 e	6,852	39%
TX	DNF	DNF	DNF
UT	996 e	3,367	30%
VT	602 e	1,454	41%
V A	437	3,810	11%
W A	2,022	8,368	24%
WV	632	2,594	24%
wi	18,300	30,369	60%
W Y	412	1,231	33%
U.S. Reported			
Total .	265,613	590,180	45%
indicates estimate		F indicates data not furnished	

e indicates estimate

DNF indicates data not furnished



a indicates 1995 data

CHAPTER 7 CHANGING PATTERNS IN RESIDENTIAL SERVICE SYSTEMS: 1977-1996

Barbara Polister Robert Prouty K. Charlie Lakin Robert Bruininks

Changing Patterns in Residential Settings

Table 2.10 presents summary statistics on the number of residential settings in which services were provided to persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities (MR/DD) by state agencies or by nonstate agencies licensed by the state on June 30th of 1977, 1982, 1987, 1992 and 1996. Totals are reported by type of operator (state or nonstate) and size of residential setting (6 or fewer residents, 7-15 residents, and 16 or more residents).

Between 1977 and 1996 the total number of residential settings in which services to persons with MR/DD were provided increased from 11,008 to 86,225 (683%). All of this growth occurred in settings with 15 or fewer residents, with settings of 7-15 residents increasing by 161% (3,882 setting) and settings with 6 or fewer residents increasing by 1,036%, or 71,467 residential settings. Of the increase of 75,349 in small residential settings between 1977 and 1996, 72,601 (98.1%) occurred in nonstate settings.

The total number of large residential settings decreased by 214 between 1977 and 1996, with the number of large nonstate facilities declining by 139 (-10.1%). The net increase in all nonstate residential settings (73,835) accounted for 98.2% of the overall increase in all residential settings. There was a decrease of 75 large state residential settings (-22.9%), but there was an increase of 1,386 community state residential settings during the same period (1,056%). The period of greatest annual growth in number of community nonstate residential settings occurred between 1992 and 1996, averaging 9,114 additional settings per year.

During the period 1982 to 1992 community state facilities grew at an average rate of 63 settings per year. Between 1992 and 1996 that rate increased to 90 new community state facilities per year.

Between 1977 and 1996 there was considerable stability in the proportions of residential settings operated by state and nonstate agencies. Between 1977 and 1996 the nonstate share of all small residential

settings of 15 or fewer residents decreased slightly from 98.5% to 98.1% while during the same period the nonstate share of all large residential facilities increased from 80.8% to 83.1%. On June 30, 1977, 95.8% of all residential settings were nonstate operated; on June 30. 1996, 97.9% were nonstate operated. So, while the total number of all residential settings for persons with MR/DD increased by almost 688% between 1977 and 1996, large nonstate and large state residential settings for persons with MR/DD declined in number (-10.1% for nonstate settings; and -2.3% for state settings; -12.6 for all large settings). The total number of nonstate and state operated community residential settings increased dramatically (806% for small nonstate settings; 1,056% for small state settings; 810% for all community settings). During the most recent three year period, 1992-1996, these trends have accelerated considerably.

Changes in Number of Residential Service Recipients

Table 2.11 presents summary statistics on the number of residents with MR/DD in residential settings served by state or nonstate agencies on June 30th of 1977, 1982, 1987, 1992 and 1996. Totals are reported by type of operator (state or nonstate) and size of residential setting ("community" settings with 1-6 or 7-15 residents; and "large" facilities with 16 or more residents).

Between 1977 and 1996 the total number of residents of state and nonstate settings in which residential services were provided to persons with MR/DD increased from 247,780 to an estimated 323,567, an increase of 76,787 (30.9%) residents over the 18 year period. All of this growth occurred in settings with 15 or fewer residents. Of the estimated 188,505 person increase in community residential settings between 1977 and 1996, 179,029 (94.9%) occurred in nonstate settings, and 152,140 (80.7%) occurred in settings with 6 or fewer residents. The number of residents of large nonstate residential settings decreased by 15,702 (-29.8%) between 1977 and 1996, but there was a net increase in residents of all nonstate



residential settings (163,312) as community nonstate settings residents increased by 179,014 residents (148,487 in nonstate settings with 6 or fewer residents). There was, of course, a dramatic decrease in the number of people receiving residential services directly from state agencies, with a large decrease of 96,318 (-62.3%) in the population of large state residential facilities and an increase of 9,476 residents of small state residential settings.

Between 1977 and 1982 the resident population of nonstate community settings increased at an average annual rate of 4,377 persons; between 1982 to 1992 the population increase in community nonstate settings more than doubled to an average annual rate of over 10,000 persons. Between 1992 and 1996 the average annual increase in community nonstate settings was 10,789 persons. After a reported decrease of the population of nonstate settings with 7 to 15 people, between the years 1994 and 1995, the population

increased slightly in 1996 to 49,601.

The total population of large nonstate residential settings decreased from 52,718 to 37,016 between 1977 and 1996 (29.8%). Over the period, the population of large nonstate residential settings varied considerably, increasing by 4,678 persons between 1977 and 1982, followed by a decrease of 15,315 between 1982 and 1987. Between 1987 and 1992 there was an increase of 3,724 large nonstate residential facility residents as the OBRA 1987 nursing home legislation (described in Chapter 7) caused many large private settings once operated outside the MR/DD system as nursing homes to be converted to ICFs-MR within the MR/DD system. Between 1992

and 1996 the decrease of large nonstate facility residents was again evident with 8,789 fewer residents in 1996 than in 1992. Between 1977 and 1996 the proportion of all large facility residents living in nonstate facilities increased from 25.4% to 38.8%.

In summary, while the total population of all residential facilities for persons with MR/DD increased by over 30.9% between 1977 and 1996, the number of residents of large nonstate and large state residential settings declined significantly (-29.8% in nonstate settings; -62.3% in state settings; -54.0% in all large settings). The total population of state and nonstate community residential settings increased dramatically (453% in nonstate settings; 813% in state settings; 463% in all settings). Small settings with 6 or fewer residents were most prominent in these increases. Residents of such settings increased by 740% (about 150,894, individuals) between 1977 and 1996. During the most recent 4 year period reported, 1992-1996, these trends continued.

Figure 2.5 depicts graphically the residential service trends from 1977 to 1996 summarized in Table 2.10, with one change. In Figure 2.5 the categories of residents of state and nonstate community residential settings are combined in two additional categories, all residential settings with 1-6 residents and all residential settings with 7-15 residents. This breakdown shows that the rapid growth from June 30, 1977 to June 30, 1996 in the number of people living in small residential settings came primarily from growth in number of persons in residential settings with 1-6 residents. This breakdown also clearly shows the significant decrease in the total population of large state residential facilities.

Selected Data Points for Figure 2.5: Persons with Mental Retardation and Related Developmental Disabilities in State and Nonstate Residential Settings on June 30, of 1977, 1982, 1987, 1992 and 1996.

	State, 16+	Nonstate, 16+	All, 1-6	All, 7-15
Year	Residents	Residents	Residents	<u>Residents</u>
1977	154,638	52,718	20,400	20,024
1982	122,750	57,396	33,188	30,515
1987	95,022	42,081	69,933	48,637
1992	74,538	45,805	119,675	54,008
<u> 1996 </u>	58,320	<u>37,016</u>	172,294	56,374



Table 2.10 State and Nonstate Residential Settings for Persons with MR/DD on June 30 of 1977, 1982, 1987, 1992 and 1996

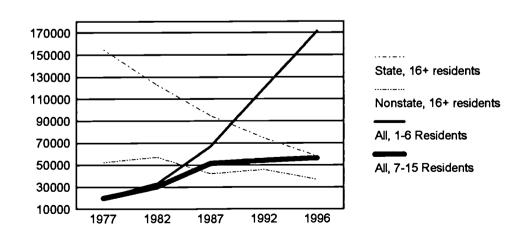
Year					_	Residenti	al Settings	- -	_			
		Non	state		<u> </u>	Si	ate			To	tal	
	1-6	7-15	16+	Total	1-6	7-15	16+	Total	1-6	7-15	16+	Total
1977	6,855	2,310	1,378	10,543	43	95	327	465	6,898	2,405	1,705	11,008
1982	10,073	3,181	1,370	14,624	182	426	349_	957	10,255	3,607	1,719	15,581
1987	26,475	4,713	1,370	32,558	189	443	287	919	26,664	5,156	1,657	33,477
1992	41,444	5,158	1,320	47,922	382	852	323	1,557	41,826	6,010	1,643	49,479
1996	77,457	5,600	1,239	84,378	908	687	252	1,847	78,365	6,287	1,491_	86,143

Table 2.11 Persons with MR/DD Receiving State and Nonstate Residential Services on June 30 of 1977, 1982, 1987, 1992 and 1996

Year							Residents					
		Nonstate	Settings			Stat	e Settings			All	Settings	_
	1-6	7-15	16+	Total	1-6	7-1 <u>5</u>	16+	Total	1-6	7-15	16+	Total_
1977	20,184	19,074	52,718	91,976	216	950	154,638	155,804	20,400	20,024	207,356	247,780
1982	32,335	28,810	57,396	118,541_	853	1,705	122,750	125,308	33,188	30,515	180,146	243,849
1987	68,631	45,223	42,081	155,935	1,302	3,414	95,022	99,738	69,933	48,637	137,103	255,673
1992	118,304	46,023	45,805	210,132	1,371	7,985	74,538	83,894	119,675	54,008	120,343	294,026
1996	168,671	49,601	37,016	255,288	3,869	6,773	58,320	68,962	172,540	56,389	95,336	324,567

Figure 2.4

Persons with Mental Retardation and Related Developmental Disabilities in State and Nonstate
Residential Settings on June 30 of 1977, 1982, 1987, 1992 and 1996





Residential Settings, by Size, of Persons with MR/DD in 1982 and 1996

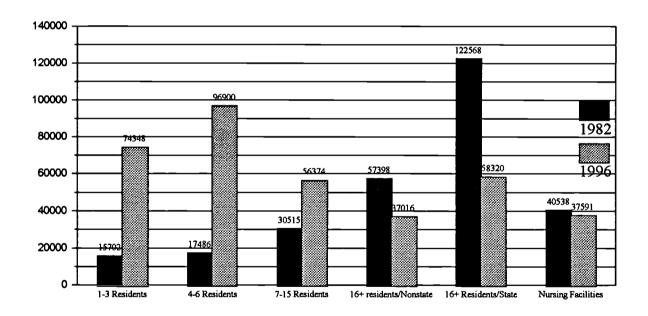
Figure 2.4 presents statistics on the number of persons with MR/DD receiving residential services, including nursing home residents, by size in 1982 and 1996. Residential settings of the 362,248 persons reported on June 30, 1996 provide a very different profile than those of the 284,207 persons with MR/DD reported on June 30, 1982.

In 1982, more than three-fifths (63.3%) of all residents lived in MR/DD settings of 16 or more persons, 68% of whom were in state-operated facilities. An additional 14.3% were in generic nursing facilities. Only 11.7% lived in settings of 6 or fewer residents, with an additional 10.7% in settings of 7 to 15 residents.

By 1996, over half (53.2%) of all residents lived in

settings of 6 or fewer persons, with an additional 17.4% living in settings of 7 to 15 persons. Only 95,336 persons (26.4%) were in MR/DD settings of 16 or more residents, 61.2% of whom were in state-operated facilities. Generic nursing home residents with MR/DD were 10.4% of the reported population.

Figure 2.5 People with Mental Retardation and Related Developmental Disabilities Living in Residential Settings of Different Sizes on June 30, 1982 and June 30, 1996





SECTION III

STATUS AND CHANGES IN MEDICAID FUNDED RESIDENTIAL AND RELATED SERVICES



CHAPTER 8 BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF MEDICAID LONG-TERM CARE PROGRAMS¹²

This chapter provides a brief overview of the development of Medicaid programs for persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities (MR/DD).

Federal Involvement Prior to ICFs-MR

Before 1965 there was no federal participation in long-term care for persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities. In 1965, Medicaid was enacted as Medical Assistance, Title XIX of the Social Security Act. It provided federal matching funds of from 50% to 82%, depending on each state's per capita income, for medical assistance provided to people in the categories of blind, disabled, and their dependent children and their families as well as to elderly people. Otherwise eligible persons who resided in public institutions except "medical institutions" were excluded. Persons in public MR/DD institutions were still excluded from coverage, although otherwise eligible adult residents of private nursing homes became qualified for Medicaid participation if the homes met established standards. Also eligible for federally cost-shared long-term care were persons 65 years or older residing in public mental hospitals meeting federal standards. Because on June 30, 1964 public psychiatric institutions held 144,000 residents age 65 years or older (about three-quarters as many people as were in large state MR/DD facilities) most states had considerable incentives to invest available state funds in bringing their public psychiatric institutions up to federal standards (Lakin, 1979; National Institute on Mental Health, 1975).

Title XIX also created for states an incentive to convert their public institutions into "medical institutions," that is, Skilled Nursing Facilities (SNFs). Once this was done, the residents were then eligible for inpatient coverage under Title XIX. Eleven states actually did so between 1966 and 1969, financing long-term care for 37,821 people with MR/DD in state institution units at a total cost of 168 million dollars in Fiscal Year 1969 (Boggs, Lakin, & Clauser, 1985). Thus, Title XIX in its early form brought a number of incentives that were not necessarily beneficial to persons with MR/DD in long-term care settings. By

1970 the effects of these policies were increasingly viewed as detrimental to providing the kinds of residential care then considered most appropriate. In 1970 efforts were initiated to create a Medicaid long-term benefit for persons with MR/DD. A quarter century later most long-term care service expenditures for persons with MR/DD are financed through Medicaid and most persons with MR/DD receiving long-term care services receive Medicaid financed services.

Establishment of the ICF-MR Program

It was only shortly after the introduction of federal reimbursement for skilled nursing care in 1965 that the U.S. Senate noted rapid growth in the numbers of people who were becoming patients in Skilled Nursing Facilities. It was further documented that many of these individuals were receiving far more medical care than they actually needed, at a greater cost than was needed, largely because of the incentives of placing people in facilities for which half or more of the costs were reimbursed through the federal Title XIX program. Therefore, in 1967, a less medically oriented and less expensive "Intermediate Care Facility" (ICF) program for elderly and disabled adults was authorized under Title XI of the Social Security Act. In 1971 the SNF and ICF programs were combined under Title Within the legislation combining the two programs was a little noticed, scarcely debated amendment that for the first time authorized FFP for "intermediate care" provided in facilities specifically for people with mental retardation.

Three primary outcomes of the ICF-MR legislation appear to have been intended by Congress: 1) to provide substantial federal incentives for upgrading the physical environment and the quality of care and habilitation being provided in public MR/DD institutions; 2) to neutralize the above mentioned incentives for states to place persons with MR/DD in nonstate nursing homes and/or to certify their state institutions as SNFs; and 3) to provide a program for care and habilitation ("active treatment") specifically focused on the needs of persons with MR/DD rather than upon medical care. Many proponents of the new



¹² Adapted and updated from E. Boggs, K.C. Lakin, and S. Clauser (1985)

ICF-MR program also saw it as a way to enlist the federal government in assisting states with their rapidly increasing state institution costs, which were averaging real dollar increases of 14% per year in the five years prior to the passage of the ICF-MR legislation (Greenberg, Lakin, Hill, Bruininks, & Hauber, 1985).

The ICF-MR program was initiated in a period of rapid change in residential care for persons with By Fiscal Year 1973 state institution populations had already decreased to 173,775 from their high of 194,650 in Fiscal Year 1967 (Lakin, 1979). Nevertheless, states overwhelmingly opted to participate in the ICF-MR program, with two notable outcomes: 1) nearly every state took steps to secure federal participation in paying for state institution services, and 2) in order to maintain federal participation, most states were compelled to invest substantial amounts of state dollars in bringing institutions into conformity with ICF-MR standards. Forty states had at least one ICF-MR certified state institution by June 30, 1977. Nearly a billion state dollars were invested in institutional improvement efforts in Fiscal Years 1978-1980 alone, primarily to meet ICF-MR standards (Gettings & Mitchell, 1980).

In the context of growing support for community residential services, such statistics were used by a growing number of critics to charge that the ICF-MR program 1) had created direct incentives for maintaining people in state institutions by providing federal contributions for 50% to 80% of the costs of those institutions; 2) had diverted funds that could otherwise have been spent on community program development into institution renovations solely to obtain FFP; 3) had promoted the development of private ICF-MR institutions for people leaving state institutions through available FFP (11,943 people were living in ICF-MR units in private institutions by June 1977); and 4) had promoted organizational inefficiency and individual dependency by promoting a single uniform standard for care and oversight of ICF-MR residents irrespective of the nature and degree of their disabilities and/or their relative capacity These criticisms, and the growing independence. desire to increase residential opportunities in community settings, along with the continued desire of states to avail themselves of the favorable federal costshare for ICF-MR care, helped stimulate the development of small ICFs-MR and the eventual by the Health Care Financing clarification Administration (HCFA) of how the ICF-MR level of care could be delivered in relatively small (4-15 person) group homes.

Small Community ICF-MR Group Homes

Expansion of ICF-MR services to privately-operated programs in the late 1970's and the 1980's was a major development in the evolution of the program. Private residential facilities were not an issue at the time of original ICF-MR enactment in 1971, probably because: 1) most private facilities were already technically covered under the 1967 amendments to the Social Security Act authorizing private ICF programs, and 2) in 1971 state facilities were by far the predominant model of residential care. Indeed, the 1969 Master Facility Inventory indicated a total population in nonstate mental retardation facilities of about 25,000, compared with a large state MR/DD facility population of 190,000 (Lakin, Bruininks, Doth, Hill, & Hauber, 1982).

Although Congressional debate about the ICF-MR programs had focused on public institutions, the statute did not specifically limit ICF-MR coverage either to public facilities, or to "institutions" in the common meaning of the term. The definition of "institution" which served as the basis for participation in the ICF-MR program is the one that also covered the general ICF institution: "four or more people in single or multiple units" (45 CFR Sec. 448.60 (6) (1)). Although it cannot be determined whether Congress, in authorizing a "four or more bed" facility, purposely intended the ICF-MR benefit to be available in small facilities, it does seem reasonable to suppose, in the absence of specific limitations, that Congress was more interested in improving the general quality of residential care than it was in targeting specific types of facilities. ICF-MR regulations, first published in January 1974, also supported the option of developing relatively small facilities, delineating two categories of ICFs-MR, those housing 16 or more people ("large") and those housing 15 or fewer people ("community") and providing several specifications that allowed greater flexibility in meeting ICF-MR standards in the smaller facilities.

Despite the regulatory recognition of community ICFs-MR, the numbers of such ICFs-MR actually developed varied enormously among states and regions. In some DHHS regions (e.g., Region V) hundreds of community ICFs-MR were developed while other regions (e.g., II and X) had none. By mid-1977 three-quarters (74.5%) of the 188 community ICFs-MR were located in just two states (Minnesota and Texas), and by mid-1982 nearly half (46.4%) of the 1,202 community ICFs-MR were located in Minnesota and New York and nearly two-thirds (65.1%) were located



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in Minnesota, New York, Michigan and Texas. These variations reflected what some states and national organizations considered a failure of the Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA) to delineate clear and consistent policy guidelines for certifying community facilities for ICF-MR participation and/or reluctance on the part of some regional HCFA agencies to promote the option.

In response to continued complaints from the states that there was a need to clarify policy regarding the certification of community ICFs-MR, in 1981 HCFA "Interpretive Guidelines" for certifying community ICFs-MR. These guidelines did not change the existing standards for the ICF-MR program, but clarified how the existing standards could be applied to delivering the ICF-MR level of care in community facilities with 4 to 15 residents. The publication of the 1981 guidelines was followed by substantially greater numbers of states exercising the option to develop community ICFs-MR. Ironically, these guidelines were published in the same year (1981) that Congress enacted legislation that would give even greater opportunity and flexibility to states to use Medicaid funding for community services, the Medicaid Home and Community Based Services waiver authority (Section 2176 of P.L. 97-35).

Home and Community Based Services (HCBS)

2176 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 (P.L. 97-35), passed on August 13, 1981, granted the Secretary of Health and Human Services the authority to waive certain existing Medicaid requirements and allow states to finance certain "non-institutional" services for Medicaideligible individuals. The HCBS program was designed to provide home and community based services for people who are aged, blind, disabled, or who have MR/DD and who, in the absence of alternative noninstitutional services, would remain in or would be at a risk of being placed in a Medicaid facility (i.e., a Nursing Facility or an ICF-MR). Final regulations were published in March 1985 and since then a number of new regulations and interpretations have been developed, although none have changed the fundamental premise of the program, that of using home- and community-based services and supports to reduce the need for institutional services.

Non-institutional services that can be provided under the HCBS waiver include case management, personal care services, adult day health services, habilitation services, respite care, or any other service that a state can show will lead to decreased costs for Medicaid funded long-term care. Although not allowed to use HCBS reimbursements to pay for room and

board, all states offering HCBS to persons with MR/DD do provide residential support services under the categories of personal care, habilitation, and homemaker services, using cash assistance from other Social Security Act programs to fund people's room and board costs. In 1996 about 70.9% of HCBS recipients in the 36 states reporting such data received services in settings other than the home of natural or adoptive family members. Given both its flexibility and its potential for promoting individualization of services, the HCBS program is recognized in all states as a significant resource in the provision of community services as an alternative to institutional care. Recently, requirements that prevailed in the HCBS program's first 10 years that states demonstrate reductions in projected ICF-MR residents and expenditures roughly equal to the increases in HCFA participants and expenditures have been considerably relaxed. As a result, there has been recent dramatic growth in the number of HCBS participants, even as the number of ICF-MR participants has remained stable. All states now provide HCBS and more persons with MR/DD participate in the HCBS program than in any other Medicaid long-term care program.

Community Supported Living Arrangements(CSLA)

In 1990 Congress enacted Section 1930 to the Social Security Act to allow up to eight states to provide Community Supported Living Arrangements (CSLA) to Medicaid-eligible persons with MR/DD for a five-year period. Separate from, but in many ways similar to, the Medicaid HCBS program, CSLA provided greater flexibility in service provision, permitted specific targeting of services to eligible groups and geographic areas within a state, did not require demonstration of ICF-MR or nursing home level-of-care need for eligibility and allowed each state to develop its own quality assurance plan within defined federal guidelines. Total cost of the CSLA program was capped on an annual basis in each of the program's first five years and at a five year total of 100 million dollars, evenly divided among the eight states permitted to add CSLA to their state Medicaid program. At the end of its authorization CSLA was servicing 3,441 people with Fiscal Year 1995 expenditures of \$38.4 million dollars. termination of the program on September 30, 1995 virtually all participants and expenditures were merged into state HCBS programs.

Medicaid Nursing Facilities

As noted earlier, almost from the inception of Medicaid, states noted incentives for placing persons



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with MR/DD in Medicaid certified nursing facilities. Almost as soon as this began to happen there was a sense among the advocacy community that many more people with MR/DD were living in nursing homes than were appropriately served in them (National Association for Retarded Citizens, 1975). As concern grew, supportive documentation was sought through evaluation studies. The largest such study, involving 2,700 Illinois nursing home residents with MR/DD (Davis, Silverstein, Uehara, & Sadden, 1987), concluded that only 10% of the residents clearly needed services that warranted nursing home placement.

In 1987 Congress responded to these and other criticisms of nursing facility care in the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987 (P.L. 100-203). Provisions of this legislation restricted criteria for admissions to Medicaid reimbursed nursing facilities,

that only those persons requiring medical/nursing services offered could be admitted. Current residents not in need of nursing services were required to be moved to "more appropriate" residential facilities, with the exception of individuals living in a specific nursing home for more than 30 months should they choose to stay. In either case nursing facilities were required to assure that each person's needs for "active treatment" were met. Despite these requirements the estimated number of people with MR/DD reported to Medicaid-certified nursing facilities in 1996 (37,600) was almost identical to the number in 1970 (38,000) when the ICF-MR program was first conceived, in part, to halt the disturbing growth in the number of people with MR/DD who were being placed in nursing homes.



CHAPTER 9 UTILIZATION OF AND EXPENDITURES FOR MEDICAID INSTITUTIONAL AND HOME AND COMMUNITY BASED SERVICES

K. Charlie Lakin Barbara Polister Robert W. Prouty

This chapter provides statistics on the utilization of the three primary Medicaid long-term care programs for persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities: Intermediate Care Facilities for (persons with) Mental Retardation (ICF-MR), Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS), and Nursing Facilities (NF). These statistics are reported on a state by state basis because of the substantial variability among states in program utilization.

ICF-MR Program Utilization on June 30, 1996

Number of facilities. Table 3.1 presents state-by-state statistics on the number of ICFs-MR in the United States by size and state/nonstate operation on June 30, 1996. The total of 7,083 ICFs-MR compares with 574 ICFs-MR reported on June 30, 1977; 1,889 on June 30, 1982; 3,913 on June 30, 1987; and 6,512 on June 30, 1992. The increase in total ICFs-MR between 1987 and 1996 was significant, not only in amount (3,170 facilities) and percent (81.0%) of increase, but also because the average annual increase of 352 facilities exceeded the average annual increase of 334 facilities in the preceding ten-year period. The period between June 1993 and June 1996 provided the first ever There was a substantial decrease in ICFs-MR. reduction of 528 between June 1993 and June 1996 from the 1993 total of 7,611. The major contribution to this reduction was New York which was operating 526 fewer ICFs-MR in 1994 than 1993, 515 fewer in June 1995 than in 1994 and 8 fewer in 1996 than in 1995. The decrease in New York came primarily from the conversion of community ICFs-MR (with 15 or fewer residents) to settings financed by the Medicaid Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) waiver (see Chapter 10). However, between 1995 and 1996, the total number of ICFs-MR increased by 136

facilities, 112 of which served 6 or fewer residents.

Over four-fifths (87.6%) of the 7,083 ICFs-MR on June 30, 1996 were in the 15 states with 100 or more ICFs-MR each. Of these, over one-half (52.3%) were concentrated in five states (California, Indiana, Michigan, New York, and Texas) with more than 500 ICFs-MR each. In contrast, 14 states had fewer than 10 ICFs-MR and their combined total of 68 was only 1% of all ICFs-MR.

The vast majority of all ICFs-MR (88.9%) on June 30, 1996 were community facilities (15 or fewer residents), of which three-fifths (60.9%) had six or fewer residents. Most (85.5%) of all ICFs-MR with six or fewer residents were in nine states (California, Indiana, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, and Texas). Seventeen states reported no ICFs-MR with six or fewer residents and eight states (Georgia, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Oregon, and Wyoming) reported no community ICFs-MR of any size.

Three states (District of Columbia, Rhode Island, and Vermont) reported having no large ICFs-MR on June 30, 1996. Twenty-two other states reported having five or fewer large ICFs-MR. Almost half (47.4%) of all large ICFs-MR were located in six states with 40 or more large ICFs-MR each (Florida, Illinois, New York, Ohio, Texas and Wisconsin) and more than two-thirds (69.0%) in the eleven states with 30 or more large ICFs-MR each. Large ICFs-MR were predominantly (68.7%) nonstate operated. Almost all (97.4%) ICFs-MR with six or fewer residents were nonstate operated, as were almost all (97.1%) ICFs-MR of 7 to 15 residents. Of the total 7,083 ICFs-MR reported on June 30, 1996, 6,668 (94.1%) were operated by nonstate agencies.



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% of all ICFo-MR	1.4%	1.0%	2.4%	3.5%	5.9%	52.7%	33.8%	86.5%	7.6%	94.1%	54.1%	34.8%	88.9%	11.1%	100.0%
a indicates 1995 data	e ii	e indicates estimate	tim ate												



Number of residents. Table 3.2 presents state-by-state statistics on the number of people residing in ICFs-MR of different sizes and state/nonstate operation on June 30, 1996. There were a total of 129,449 ICF-MR residents on June 30, 1996. This represented the third consecutive year of substantial decrease in ICF-MR populations. Between June 1995 and June 1996 ICF-MR populations decreased by 4,935 people following decreases between June 1994 and June 1995 of 7,734 people and of 5,611 people between June 1993 and June 1994. Thirty-eight states reported some reduction in their total population of ICF-MR residents between June 30, 1995 and June 30, 1996. In June 1996 the greatest number of ICF-MR residents was in Texas (13,224). This was only the second year in 20 years that a state other than New York (11,846 ICF-MR residents in June 1996) had the largest number of ICF-MR residents. California, Illinois, New York, and Texas all had over 10,000 ICF-MR residents, while Alaska. New Hampshire and Vermont each had fewer than 100.

Nonstate ICF-MR Utilization on June 30, 1996

Throughout the period from 1977 to 1996, there has been a steady and substantial shift toward nonstate operation of ICFs-MR, although significantly less than the shift toward nonstate residential services generally. In 1977 the 13,312 nonstate ICF-MR residents made up only 12.5% of all ICF-MR residents. By 1982, 32,044 nonstate ICF-MR residents made up 22.8% of all ICF-MR residents. By 1987, the 53,052 nonstate ICF-MR residents were 36.8% of all ICF-MR residents and by June 30, 1995, a majority (73,437 or 54.6%) of all ICF-MR residents were in nonstate ICFs-MR. On June 30, 1996, there were 71,363 residents of nonstate-operated

ICFs-MR. This was a decrease of 2,074 residents, between June 1995 and June 1996 but represented an increase in percentage of all ICF-MR residents to 55.1%.

Large nonstate ICFs-MR. Since 1977 there has been a strong trend toward "privatization" of all residential services, including those provided in ICFs-MR. This has happened primarily as the majority of people receiving residential services has moved from large state facilities to relatively small, overwhelmingly nonstate residential settings. Most of the growth in the number of residents in large nonstate 30, 1977. The ICF-MR certification of large nonstate facilities continued at a generally high rate until 1987, when there were 32,398 residents. Since then there ICFs-MR took place in the decade between program inception and 1982. There were 23,686 ICF-MR residents on June 30, 1982, 11,728 more than on June has been a net decrease in number of large nonstate ICF-MR residents. On June 30, 1996, 28,232 people were living in large nonstate ICFs-MR of 16 or more residents. From June 30, 1977 to June 30, 1982 states were on the average increasing large nonstate ICF-MR facility populations by 2,340 per year; whereas in the nine years between 1987 and 1996, the large nonstate ICF-MR population decreased by 4,166 residents (an average of 463 per year).

It should be noted that the net national increase of 4,546 residents in large nonstate ICFs-MR between 1982 and 1996 was primarily the result of a few states certifying existing large, nonstate MR/DD and nursing facilities as ICFs-MR as described above. The average number of people living in large nonstate ICFs-MR decreased from 76 to 52.5 residents between 1977 and 1996.



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0.478 0.378 43.578 44.578 13.078 16.378 55.378 21.878 35.178 15.578 18.978	% of all in ICF-MR	0.4%	0.5%	%6.0	43.9%	44.9%	15.0%	18.3%	33.3%	21.8%	55.1%	15.4%	18.9%	34.3%	65.7%	100.0%
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e indicates estimate



Nonstate community ICFs-MR. On June 30, 1996 nonstate community ICFs-MR (15 or fewer residents) made up 86.5% of all ICFs-MR, although only 33.3% of all ICF-MR residents lived in them. These numbers compare with 26% of facilities and 1.3% of residents in 1977, 56% of facilities and 6.0% of residents in 1982, and 70.3% of facilities and 14.3% of residents in 1987. From 1982 to 1996, nonstate community ICFs-MR grew by 43,131 residents as compared with 4,620 residents in large nonstate ICFs-MR.

Further broken down, on June 30, 1996 of the 43,131 people living in nonstate community ICFs-MR, 44.9% (19,380) were living in ICFs-MR of six or fewer residents. In comparison, on June 30, 1977 of the 1,354 community ICF-MR residents, 18.6% (252) lived in ICFs-MR of six or fewer residents, and on June 30, 1982, of the 8,358 community nonstate ICF-MR residents, 28% (2,364) were living in ICFs-MR of six or fewer residents. Because of increasing development of ICFs-MR with six or fewer residents, average nonstate community ICFs-MR size dropped from 8.0 residents in 1982 to 7.0 residents in 1996.

On June 30, 1996 the nine states with the greatest number of nonstate community ICF-MR residents (California, Illinois, Indiana, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, Ohio, and Texas) had 76.6% of all nonstate community ICF-MR residents. New York (with 6.8% of the U.S. population) had 16.3% of the total population of nonstate community ICFs-MR in 1996, but this represents a significant reduction from 1993 when New York had 26.6% of all nonstate community ICFs-MR. In contrast, of the 41 states utilizing nonstate community ICFs-MR, the two-thirds (26) with the lowest utilization rate had a total of only 8.6% of all residents on June 30, 1996.

State ICF-MR Utilization

The proportion of ICF-MR residents living in state facilities has been decreasing steadily since 1982. But Fiscal Year 1996 was just the fourth year since the beginning of the ICF-MR program that fewer ICF-MR residents lived in state facilities than in nonstate facilities; 44.9% of all ICF-MR residents on June 30, 1996. Prior to Fiscal Year 1994 there had been steady growth in state-operated community ICFs-MR; for example, from 2,874 residents on June 30, 1987 to 6,526 residents on June 30, 1993. In Fiscal Year 1994 residents of state-operated community ICFs-MR decreased by 749 persons, and in Fiscal Year 1995 they decreased by 4,603. New York's conversion of state-operated community ICFs-MR to its Medicaid HCBS

waiver program was almost exclusively responsible for these changes. However, with these conversions largely completed in New York, between Fiscal Years 1995 and 1996 the number of state-operated community ICF-MR residents increased from 1,174 to 1,209 (3.0%). Tables 3.1, 3.2, and 3.3 present the current status of ICF-MR utilization described below. Large state ICFs-MR. Nationally on June 30, 1996, the population of large state MR/DD facilities with ICF-MR certification was 56,877 (out of a total large state MR/DD facility population of 58,320). Although the percentage of large state MR/DD facility residents living in ICF-MR certified units increased from 88% to 97.5% between 1982 and 1996, there was an overall reduction in the population of large state ICFs-MR. From June 30, 1982 to June 30, 1996 there was a national net decrease of 50,742 residents of large state ICFs-MR, as compared with a net increase of 14,856 residents between June 30, 1977 and June 30, 1982. This trend toward lower numbers of residents in large state ICFs-MR was evident in all but 8 states.

Two major factors affected the rather notable change from an average increase of about 3,000 per year in the number of ICF-MR recipients living in state institutions between 1977 and 1982 to an average decrease of about 3,624 per year between 1982 and 1996. Between June 30, 1977 and June 30, 1982 states were increasing the proportion of their large state MR/DD facility capacity certified to participate in the ICF-MR program from about 60% of the national total to about 88%. Therefore, although states were decreasing large state MR/DD facility populations over the period by about a quarter, the number of newly certified facilities led to an overall increase in persons living in ICF-MR certified units. However, by 1982, with nearly 90% of large state MR/DD facility residents already living in units with ICF-MR certification, the ongoing depopulation of these facilities caused substantial decreases in the number of residents in ICF-MR units. The decreasing populations in large state MR/DD facilities continues to reduce the extent to which the ICF-MR program is essentially a large state MR/DD facility-centered program. In 1992, for the first time, fewer then half (48.7%) of all ICF-MR residents lived in large state MR/DD facilities. In 1996 43.9% of ICF-MR residents lived in large state MR/DD facilities. This compares with 87.1% in 1977; 76.3% in 1982, and 61.3% in 1987.



State-operated community ICFs-MR

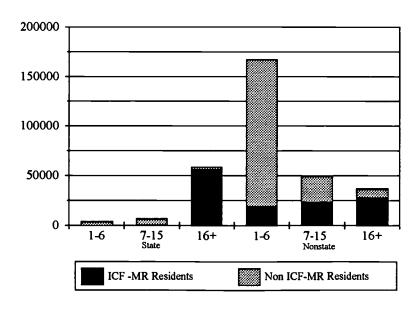
On June 30, 1996 there were only 170 stateoperated community ICFs-MR still operating in the United States. In all, only 1,209 (0.9%) of all ICF-MR residents lived in these facilities. In Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995 there was a dramatic decrease in the number of people living in state-operated community ICFs-MR. from 6,526 people in June 1993 to 1,174 people in June Again this change was almost wholly attributable to New York which reduced the number of persons living in state-operated community ICFs-MR from 5,227 in June 1993 to 136 in June 1995. These changes reflect little change in place of residence. They were created by New York's conversion of stateoperated community ICFs-MR to group homes financed through the Medicaid Home and Community Based Services waiver.

In Fiscal Year 1996, the population of state community ICFs-MR grew by 3%. Of the total 1,209 residents of state-operated community ICFs-MR in June 1996 73.9% lived in Connecticut (294), Texas (286), Mississippi (189) and New York (124). On average, state community ICFs-MR (with an average of 7.1 residents per facility) were about the same size as nonstate community ICFs-MR (an average of 7.0 residents).

Figure 3.1 shows ICF-MR residents as a proportion of all persons receiving residential services in state and nonstate facilities of different sizes on June 30, 1996. As shown, 97.5% of large state MR/DD facility residents lived in ICF-MR units, as did 76.3% of large nonstate facility residents. Nationally, 47.9% of the people living in nonstate settings of 7 to 15 residents, and 20.0% of the people living in nonstate settings of six or fewer residents resided in ICFs-MR. About 31.2% of state-operated community setting residents lived in ICFs-MR.

Figure 3.2 shows the proportion of all ICF-MR residents living in each of the four types of ICFs-MR described above from 1977 to 1996. It shows the substantial growth in the number of residents in ICFs-MR other than large state residential facilities, but also, that large state residential facilities remain the single most frequently used setting for ICF-MR services. It also shows that the substantial shifts in the types of ICFs-MR in which people have lived has occurred within a context of considerable stability in the total number of ICF-MR residents since 1982.

Figure 3.1
ICF-MR Residents as a Proportion of All Residents
of State and Nonstate Settings by Size on June 30, 1996

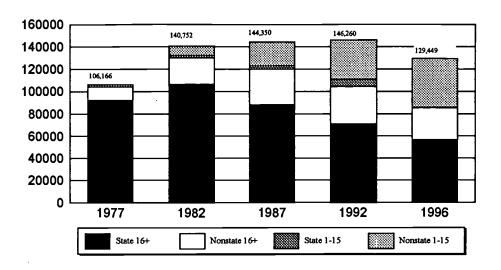




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Figure 3.2

Residents of ICF-MR Certified Facilities by Size and State/Nonstate Operation on June 30, 1977, 1982, 1987, 1992, and 1996



Large and Small ICFs-MR

Table 3.3 reports the total number of persons with MR/DD who a) live in large (16 or more residents) and community (15 or fewer residents) ICFs-MR, b) live in all ICF/MR and non-ICF-MR residential settings in which they receive services licensed or provided by state agencies for persons with MR/DD (324,567 residents), and c) the percentages of all residents of large and community (15 or fewer residents) residential settings who were living in places with ICF-MR certification on June 30, 1996.

A total of 44,340 persons were reported living in community ICFs-MR nationwide on June 30, 1996. These persons made up 34.3% of all ICF-MR residents on that day. However, states varied greatly in their particular use of large and community ICFs-MR. Use of community ICFs-MR on June 30, 1996 was dominated by eight states (California, Illinois, Indiana, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, and Texas), each having 2,400 or more residents in community ICFs-MR, and together serving 75.2% of all community ICF-MR residents. Fourteen states had at least 50% of their total ICF-MR population in community facilities, while seven other states participating in the ICF-MR program had no residents

in community ICFs-MR. Figure 3.3 shows these variations on a state-by-state basis.

The "Total Residents" columns of Table 3.3 present statistics on combined ICF-MR and non-ICF-MR (state and nonstate) residential services in the various states. It shows that nationally on June 30, 1996, over two-thirds (70.5%) of persons in all state and nonstate MR/DD residential programs were in residential settings with 15 or fewer residents. The "Percentage in ICF-MR" indicates the percentage of all MR/DD residential service recipients, by size of residential facility, who were living in facilities with ICF-MR certification. It shows that 39.9% of all MR/DD residential service recipients nationally were in ICFs-MR, but that only 19.4% of all people living in residential settings with 15 or fewer residents were living in ICFs-MR. In contrast, 89.3% of residents of large residential facilities lived in ICF-MR certified units. Figure 3.4 shows variations in utilization of ICF-MR services on a state-by-state basis. A total of nine states reported more than 60% of their total residential populations living in ICFs-MR on June 30, 1996. Thirteen states reported less than 20% of their residents in ICF-MR certified settings.

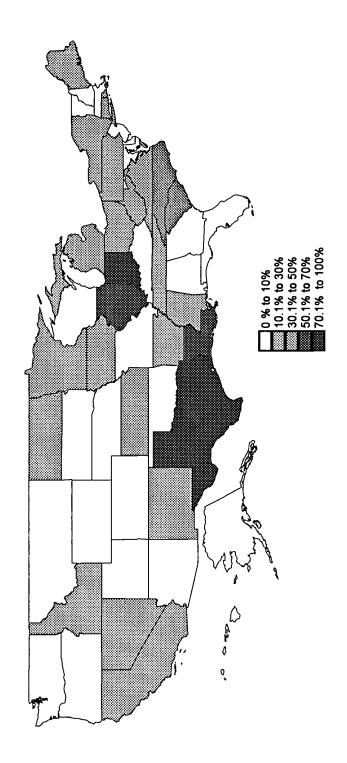


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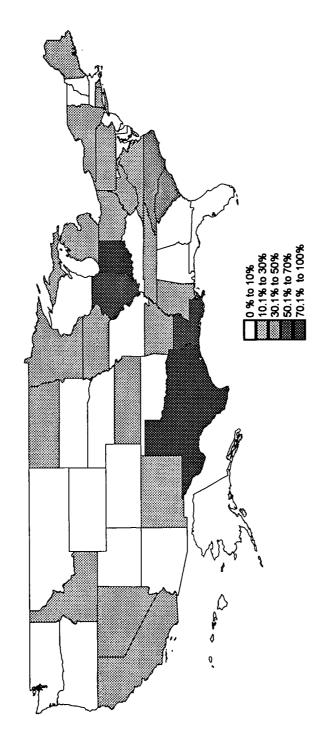
		ICF-1	ICF-MR Residents					Total Resi	dents				% of All Re	Residents in ICF-I	KK	
91	7.13	1.15	16+	Total	% in 1-15	1-6	7-15	1-13	16+	Total	% in 1-15	14		1-15	\$	Tota
0	25	25	800	825	3.0%	852	712	1,564	831	2,395	65.3%	960'0	3.5%	1.6%	96.3%	34.49
20	70	9	19	20	67.8%	492	7.3	363	61	584	96.7%	¥.1%	27.4%	7.1%	100.0%	10.19
•	6	87	Ξ	193	42.5%	2,403	108	2,511	186	2,697	93.1%	0.1%	73.1%	3.3%	\$9.7%	7.2
•	300	300	1,272	1,572	19.1%	512	823	1,335	1,496	2,822	47.3%	0.0%	36.5%	22.5%	85.0%	55.73
3,411	573	3,984	6,249	10,233	38.9%	31,804	2,927	34,731	9,147	43,878	79.2%	10.7%	19.6%	11.5%	68.3%	23.39
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. "		78	6	127	61.4%	1.070	1	1.077	69	1.140	24.5%	6.6%	100.0%	7.25	77.8%	=
÷	312	357	181	538	86.4%	1,208	521	1,729	#	1,11	79.6%	3.7%	59.9%	20.6%	41.0%	24.8
240	2,957	3,197	7,219	10,416	30.7%	2,416	3,442	5,858	7,219	13,077	44.8%	9.9%	85.9%	54.6%	100.0%	79.79
970	2,820	3,790	2,196	5,986	63.3%	2,556	2,820	5,376	2,228	7,604	70.7%	37.9%	100.0%	70.5%	98.6%	78.79
134	460	594	1,588	2,182	27.2%	2,831	1,994	4,825	3,223	8,048	960.09	4.7%	23.1%	12.3%	49.3%	27.11
11	218	290	1,296	1,586	18.3%	546	831	1,377	1,406	2,783	49.5%	13.2%	26.2%	21.1%	92.2%	57.09
•	•	•	1,157	1,157	0.0%	1,002	234	1,236	1,173	2,409	51.3%	9600	9600	960.0	98.6%	48.09
2,096	830	2,926	3,176	6,102	48.0%	3,176	1,187	4,363	3,648	8,011	54.5%	960.096	69.9%	67.1%	87.1%	76.2
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883	1,524	2,406	1,420	3,826	62.9%	7,896	1,674	9,570	1,420	10,990	87.1%	11.2%	91.0%	25.1%	100.0%	34.83
۰	189	189	1,937	2,126	8.9%	467	292	159	2,049	2,808	27.0%	960:0	\$7.38	24.9%	94.5%	75.79
13	۲.	83	1,560	1,643	5.1%	2,984	1,315	4,299	2,219	6,518	960.99	0.4%	5.4%	¥6:1	70.3%	25.29
•	œ	œ	137	165	¥.	839	201	1,340	157	1,497	89.5%	0.0%	¥6:1	0.6%	100.0%	<u>=</u>
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•	,		100,	77	5 6	505,1	90	1,303	77	0,00	78.07	200	800	800	100.03	
> 9	• <u>•</u>	- 2	160,4	, , ,	6.0	4,303	191	3,038	166.4	9,969	30.3%	8 3	600	5 5	83.03	5 8
ĵ	101	2 5	4 700	787	***	200,1	191	20 408	4 808	20,7	86.096 86.096	,	17 34	76.76	90.00	2
1.416	470	1.886	2.707	4.393	41.1%	3,646	751	4.397	2.786	7.183	92.19	38.8%	62.6%	42.9%	97.7%	8
160	266	426	198	624	68.3%	1,122	503	1,625	292	1,887	86.1%	14.3%	52.9%	26.2%	75.6%	33.19
193	1,978	2,171	5,585	7,756	28.0%	6,619	3,099	9,718	5,773	15,491	62.7%	2.9%	63.8%	22.3%	96.7%	50.19
13	36	38	2,237	2,275	¥7.1	1,523	263	1,786	2,237	4,023	44.4%	0.8%	%6 .6	2.1%	100.0%	56.39
•	•	•	429	429	960.0	2,718	361	3,279	621	3,900	84.1%	960.0	960.0	960.0	%I.69	1.0
695	199	1,356	5,113	6,469	21.0%	9,827	728	10,555	5,549	16.104	65.5%	7.1%	\$6.8% \$48.06	12.8%	92.1%	40.29
193	33	225	٥	225	100.0%	978	337	1,315	٥	1,315	100.0%	19.7%	9.5%	17.1%	0.0%	17.19
Z	1,050	1,114	1,626	2,740	40.7%	1,630	1,087	2,737	1,626	4,363	62.7%	3.9%	96.6%	40.7%	100.0%	62.89
•	6	91	252	349	27.8%	686	48	1,673	232	1,925	86.9%	9.09%	14.2%	5.8% \$	100.0%	18.1
130	376	496	1,532	2,028	24.5%	1,216	1,461	2,677	1,532	4,209	63.6%	86.6 86.6	25.7%	18.5%	100.0%	48.29
4,263	ğ :	5,167	8,057	13,224	39.1%	4,263	ž ;	5,167	8,057	13,224	39.1%	100.0%	%0.001 %0.001	100.0%	100.0%	100.0
9	12	71	834	008	1.47	1971	9/7	110,1	634	1/6/7	96.09	6 0.0	KC.4	0.67	100.0%	6
2 5	- •	2 9		3 5	100.00	837		768	9.	1171	\$0:001 \$1.50		, c.	6 2	60.0	6 9
2 =	2	3 5	1.133	1.87	X Y	4462	5	4 847	700	947.9	763%	X 100	40.0	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	74.6%	
: 3	8	35	134	\$88	77.2%	1,122	9	1.788	174	1.962	91.1%	3.78	58,6%	25.4%	77.0%	30.00
•	13	2	3,367	3,382	0.4%	7,872	830	8,702	3,367	12,069	72.1%	9600	 \$8:	0.2%	100.0%	28.0%
0	0	0	145	145	960.0	399	7.5	674	145	819	82.3%	960'0	0.0%	960.0	100.0%	17.79
0000.																



Figure 3.3 Percentage of ICF-MR Residential Service Recipients in Settings with 15 or Fewer Residents on June 30, 1996



National Average = 34.3%



National Average = 39.9%

Figure 3.5 shows the number of people living in ICF-MR and non-ICF-MR residential settings of 1-15 and 16 or more total residents in June 30, 1977, 1982, 1987, 1992, and 1996. This figure shows the decreasing role of ICFs-MR in residential services and the overall growth in the number of people living in community (15 or fewer residents) residential settings among both the ICFs-MR and non-ICF-MR residential settings. It also shows that while the ICF-MR program continues to be primarily concentrated in large facilities, there has been a gradual shift over time toward greater total and proportional use in community facilities. For example, in 1977, only 4.2% (1,710) of the total 40,400 persons in community residential settings were in ICFs-MR. In 1982, 15.7% (9,985) of 63,700 persons in community residential settings were in ICFs-MR. By 1987, 19.8% (23,528) of 118,570 residents in community residential settings were in ICFs-MR and at the highest point ever in 1993, a quarter (25.1%), or 48,669 of 193,747 total community setting residents, were living in ICFs-MR. In 1996 the 44,340 community ICF-MR residents were only 19.4% of all community residents. While in 1977 barely half (50.5%) of the people living in all state and nonstate facilities of 16 or more residents lived in ICFs-MR, by 1996, 89.3% of the people living in large facilities lived in ICFs-MR.

One notable change in ICF-MR utilization that is obvious in Figure 3.5 is the rapid growth in the non-ICF-MR component of residential services. In 1996, there were more persons receiving residential services in settings without ICF-MR certification than there were in 1977 when the efforts of states to maximize ICF-MR participation were still in process. Persons residing in settings without ICF-MR certification fell rapidly between 1977 and 1982 (from 141,600 to 103,000 people) as states made substantial efforts to increase federal financial participation in residential services through ICF-MR certification. Beginning in 1982 there has been a trend which has accelerated since 1987 for states to increase the number of persons with MR/DD living in settings without ICF-MR certification. From the 103,000 persons in residential settings without ICF-MR certification in 1982, persons living in non-certified settings grew to 111,353 in 1987 and 195,118 in 1996.

The primary factor promoting such change in state policy has been the Medicaid Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) waiver option. Since authorization in Fiscal Year 1982 it has permitted states to provide residential services to persons living in community living arrangements and to receive

Medicaid federal cost sharing of the residential services provided to them without accepting adherence to the ICF-MR standards for residential facilities. On June 30, 1996 an estimated 134,964 individuals with MR/DD were receiving HCBS financed residential services outside their natural or adoptive family home (see Table 3.11). In Fiscal Year 1996, therefore, HCBS surpassed ICF-MR as the most frequently used program of financing residential services for persons with MR/DD. Since 1982, the number of people receiving residential services that were not financed through the ICF-MR program increased from 103,000 to 195,118, but the estimated number of people receiving services financed by neither the ICF-MR program nor its HCBS alternative actually decreased by about 44,500 to an estimated 60,245 persons.

Expenditures for ICF-MR Services

Table 3.4 shows national totals and interstate variations on ICF-MR program recipients and expenditures for Fiscal Year 1996. Fiscal Year 1994 had been the first year since the implementation of the ICF-MR option within Medicaid that ICF-MR expenditures were essentially unchanged (increasing by less than 0.5%). It had been anticipated that actual reductions in ICF-MR expenditures might be evident in Fiscal Year 1995, especially given the reduction of over 7,000 ICF-MR residents between June 1994 and June 1995. However, ICF-MR expenditures in Fiscal Year 1995 were 9.67 billion dollars, an increase of 4.9% from 9.22 billion dollars in Fiscal Year 1994. In 1996, even though ICF-MR populations again decreased by nearly 5,000 persons, ICF-MR, expenditures again increased (to \$9.73 billion), although the increase was only 2.1% more than Fiscal Year 1995 expenditures. Despite some growth in ICF-MR expenditures, clearly the levels of proportional increase that was of substantial policy concern in the 1980s has been greatly reduced. Between Fiscal Year 1971 when there were no ICF-MR expenditures and Fiscal Year 1977 ICF-MR expenditures grew to 1.1 billion dollars. Between 1977 and 1982 ICF-MR expenditures more than tripled from 1.1 billion dollars to 3.6 billion dollars. Although the rate of growth in ICF-MR expenditures slowed notably from Fiscal Year 1982 to Fiscal Year 1993, expenditures still increased by over 150% or 5.6 billion dollars, from 3.6 billion dollars in 1982 to 9.2 billion dollars in 1993. Despite a 3 year increase of only 5.8% in ICF-MR expenditures, these increases took place as total ICF-MR residents were reduced by 18,280 people. As a result average ICF-MR



expenditures per end of year ICF-MR resident increased between Fiscal Year 1993 and Fiscal Year 1996 from \$62,180 to \$75,192, or an average of 7% per person per year.

Before 1982 the ICF-MR program expenditures were pushed upward by both increased number of recipients and increased expenditures per recipient. Between 1982 and 1996 growing expenditures per recipient have been the single significant factor in the increasing expenditures for providing ICF-MR service. In fact, as has been noted, as the total number of ICF-MR residents actually decreased about 8% between June 30, 1982 and June 30, 1996 total ICF-MR expenditures have increased an average of 8% per year. Because a single factor (increasing costs per recipient) has been responsible for expenditure increases in the past decade, cost analysis has become much more straightforward. It also calmed concerns about the average annual increases of 20% in ICF-MR expenditures evident between 1972 and 1985, as a stable number of recipients has led to a considerably lower rate of growth. Of course, the decreases in ICF-MR residents in Fiscal Years 1994-1996, cannot be guaranteed to be an irrevocable pattern, given the wide scale disenchantment with the ICF-MR model as an appropriate and efficient way of providing community services, the increasing flexibility available to states in utilizing Medicaid HCBS for community residential services, and the likelihood of some substantial Medicaid reform policies that will make the extensive and expensive ICF-MR level of care more difficult for states to afford, it is difficult to imagine that ICF-MR utilization will not continue to decrease.

in addition to the changing utilization patterns, there has also been a substantial reduction in the past decade in the per resident rate of increase in expenditures for ICF-MR care. While per recipient expenditures between 1975 and 1982 increased from \$5,530 to \$25,590 per year, or at an average annual rate of about 29%, from 1982 to 1996 those increases were from \$25,590 to \$75,192, or about 13.8% annually. With cost inflation of the ICFs-MR substantially below the increases of other Medicaid services, for the most part attention now given to the program by federal and state policy makers is directed toward issues of the quality, equity, and system-wide effects of the program rather than what was perceived as runaway expenditures a decade ago. Indeed as will be shown subsequently, there has been a substantial decline in recent years in the proportion of total Medicaid expenditures attributed to the ICF-MR and HCBS programs for persons with MR/DD. However, at the state level cost management in ICF-MR services remains a major concern and opportunities to reallocate ICF-MR expenditures to more flexible and less costly HCBS and similar services have been of growing interest to states. Between 1992 and 1996 that interest was expressed in an explosive growth in HCBS enrollments (205% increase), and in efforts in New York, Massachusetts, and other states to simply "decertify" community ICFs-MR into Medicaid HCBS-financed residential sites (see Chapter 10).

Figure 3.5

Number of Residents in ICF-MR and Non ICF-MR Residential Settings with 1-15 and 16 or More Total Residents, 1977 to 1996

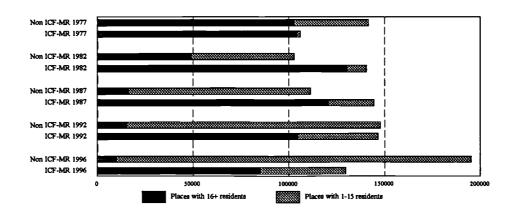




Table 3.4 Summary Statistics on ICF-MR Expenditures by State for Fiscal Year 1996 Using End of Year Recipients

	ICF-MR	Federal	Total Federal ICF-MR	Persons with MR/DD in	ICF-MR Expenditures per	State Population	Annual ICF-MR Expenditure per	State % of Federal
State	Expenditures	cost share	Payments	ICFs-MR	Recipient	(100,000)	State Resident	ICF-MR
AL	\$68,010,973	0.70	\$47,505,665	825		43.16	\$15.76	0.86%
AK	\$6,891,278	0.50	\$3,445,639	59	•	6.47	\$10.65	0.06%
ΑZ	\$17,791,589 e		\$11,715,761	193		41.45	\$4.29	0.21%
AR	\$105,334,764	0.74	\$77,536,920	1,572	*	24.90	\$42.30	1.40%
CA	\$471,048,580	0.50	\$235,524,290	10,233	•	328.96	\$14.32	4.26%
∞	\$24,164,734	0.52	\$12,671,987	245		37.80	\$6.39	0.23%
СТ	\$180,935,584	0.50	\$90,467,792	1,298	•	32.73	\$55.28	1.64%
DE	\$30,886,227	0.50	\$15,545,038	300		7.26	\$42.54	0.28%
DC	\$60,969,212	0.50	\$30,484,606	754	•	5.55	\$109.85	0.55%
FL	\$226,117,681	0.56	\$126,083,219	3,442	•	144.31	\$15.67	2.28%
GA	\$125,847,831	0.62	\$77,899,807	2,019		72.09	\$17.46	1.41%
н	\$11,237,754	0.50	\$5,618,877	127		12.42	\$9.05	0.10%
ID	\$40,571,755	0.69	\$27,905,253	538		11.83	\$34.30	0.50%
IL.	\$591,718,863	0.50	\$295,859,432	10,416		119.16	\$49.66	5.35%
IN	\$308,112,560	0.63	\$192,786,029	5,986		58.65	\$52.53	3.49%
IA	\$178,843,930	0.64	\$114,853,572	2,182		28.75	\$62.21	2.08%
KS	\$98,690,009	0.59	\$58,266,581	1,586	\$62,226	26.25	\$37.60	1.05%
KY	\$58,064,778	0.70	\$40,819,539	1,157	\$50,186	38.79	\$14.97	0.74%
LA	\$312,379,849	0.72	\$224,569,873	6,102		43.83	\$71.27	4.06%
ME	\$49,475,852	0.63	\$31,328,109	445	· ·	12.37	\$40.00	0.57%
MD	\$63,594,028	0.50	\$31,797,014	652		51.27	\$12.40	0.58%
MA	\$276,184,625	0.50	\$138,092,313	1,795	•	59.71	\$46.25	2.50%
MI	\$192,725,978	0.57	\$109,410,538	3,185		96.12	\$20.05	1.98%
MN	\$183,855,005	0.54	\$99,153,004	3,826		46.60	\$39.45	1.79%
MS	\$101,925,115	0.78	\$79,572,937	2,126		26.83	\$37.99	1.44%
мо	\$156,510,293	0.60	\$94,000,082	1,643	\$95,259	53.16	\$29.44	1.70%
МТ	\$14,747,406	0.69	\$10,231,750	165	\$89,378	8.74	\$16.87	0.19%
NE	\$36,497,943	0.59	\$21,712,626	650	\$56,151	16.56	\$22.04	0.39%
NV	\$23,737,030	0.50	\$11,868,515	232	\$102,315	15.20	\$15.62	0.21%
NH	\$3,290,787	0.50	\$1,645,394	22	\$149,581	11.39	\$2.89	0.03%
NJ	\$359,085,307	0.50	\$179,542,654	4,091	\$87, 7 74	79.72	\$45.04	3.25%
NM	\$31,852,627	0.73	\$23,211,009	485		17.05	\$18.68	0.42%
NY	\$2,112,557,194		\$1,056,278,597	11,846	•	181.90	\$116.14	19.11%
NC	\$347,958,338	0.65	\$224,746,291	4,593	\$75,758	72.43	\$48.04	4.07%
ND	\$41,528,253	0.69	\$28,679,412	624	\$66,552	6.38	\$65.09	0.52%
ОН	\$473,811,904	0.60	\$285,092,623	7,756		112.53	\$42.11	5.16%
OK	\$92,345,139	0.70	\$64,540,018	2,275	\$40,591	32.93	\$28.04	1.17%
OR	\$77,571,160	0.61	\$47,326,165	429	\$180,819	31.94	\$24.29	0.86%
PA	\$554,620,590	0.53	\$293,560,678	6,469	\$85,735	121.66	\$45.59	5.31%
RI	\$34,010,509	0.54	\$18,311,258	225		10.00	\$34.01	0.33%
SC	\$184,919,220	0.71	\$130,867,332	2,740		37.72	\$49.02	2.37%
SD	\$28,309,137	0.67	\$18,870,871	349		7.42	\$38.15	0.34%
TN	\$201,502,734	0.66	\$132,266,395	2,028	-	52,90	\$38.09	2.39%
TX	\$580,187,826	0.62	\$361,457,016	13,224		188.81	\$30.73	6.54%
UT	\$46,127,900	0.73	\$33,770,236	866		19.85	\$23.24	0.61%
VT	\$3,091,122	0.61	\$1,881,566	15	\$206,075	5.82	\$5.31	0.03%
VA	\$153,656,345	0.51	\$78,933,264	2,357	•	67.26	\$22.85	1.43%
WA	\$121,522,990	0.50	\$60,992,389	1,187		56.12	\$21.65	1.10%
wv	\$53,704,311	0.73	\$39,343,778	588		18.27	\$29.39	0.71%
WI	\$204,564,501	0.60	\$122,063,638	3,382	=	52.03	\$39.32	2.21%
WY	\$10,483,553	0.60	\$6,257,633	145	\$72,300	4.94	\$21.22	0.11%
U. S. Total	\$9,733,572,673	0.00	\$5,526,364,981	129,449	\$75,192	2,659.99	\$36.59	100.00%



Table 3.4a Summary Statistics on ICF-MR Expenditures Using Average Daily Residents by State for Fiscal Year 1996

			Total Federal	Average Daily Residents with		State	Annual ICF-MR	State % of
	ICF-MR	Federal	ICF-MR		Expenditures per	Population	Expenditure per	Federa
State	Expenditures	cost share	Payments	ICFs-MR	•	(100,000)	State Resident	ICF-MI
AL	\$68,010,973	0.70	\$47,505,665	899	\$75,694	43.16	\$15.76	0.86%
AK.	\$6,891,278	0.50	\$3,445,639	64	\$108,524	6.47	\$10.65	0.06%
ΑZ	\$17,791,589 e	0.66	\$11,715,761	197	\$90,542	41.45	\$4.29	0.21%
AR	\$105,334,764	0.74	\$77,536,920	1,568	\$67,199	24.90	\$42.30	1.40%
CA	\$471,048,580	0.50	\$235,524,290	11,1 7 9	\$42,137	328.96	\$14.32	4.26%
СО	\$24,164,734	0.52	\$12,671,987	276	\$87,553	37.80	\$6.39	0.23%
CT	\$180,935,584	0.50	\$90,467,792	1,282		32.73	\$55.28	1.64%
DE	\$30,886,227	0.50	\$15,545,038	307	\$100,771	7.26	\$42.54	0.28%
DC	\$60,969,212	0.50	\$30,484,606	754	\$80,861	5.55	\$109.85	0.55%
FL	\$226,117,681	0.56	\$126,083,219	3,486	\$64,865	144.31	\$15.67	2.28%
GA	\$125,847,831	0.62	\$77,899,807	1,950		72.09	\$17.46	1.41%
HI	\$11,237,754	0.50	\$5,618,877	130		12.42	\$9.05	0.10%
ID	\$40,571,755	0.69	\$27,905,253	539	\$75,27 2	11.83	\$34.30	0.50%
IL	\$591,718,863	0.50	\$295,859,432	10,676	\$55,428	119.16	\$49.66	5.35%
IN	\$308,112,560	0.63	\$192,786,029	6,081	\$50,668	58.65	\$52.53	3.49%
IA	\$178,843,930	0.64	\$114,853,572	2,046	\$87,433	28.75	\$62.21	2.08%
KS	\$98,690,009	0.59	\$58,266,581	1,614	\$61,146	26.25	\$37.60	1.05%
KY	\$58,064,778	0.70	\$40,819,539	1,1 <i>7</i> 9	\$49,249	38.79	\$14.97	0.74%
LA	\$312,379,849	0.72	\$224,569,873	6,073	\$51,437	43.83	\$71.27	4.06%
ME	\$49,475,852	0.63	\$31,328,109	466	\$106,171	12.37	\$40.00	0.57%
MD	\$63,594,028	0.50	\$31,797,014	714	\$89,130	51.27	\$12.40	0.58%
MA	\$276,184,625	0.50	\$138,092,313	1,893	\$145,936	59.71	\$46.25	2.50%
MI	\$192,725,978	0.57	\$109,410,538	3,280	\$58,758	96.12	\$20.05	1.98%
MIN	\$183,855,005	0.54	\$99,153,004	4,141	\$44,404	46.60	\$39.45	1.79%
MS ·	\$101,925,115	0.78	\$79,572,937	2,093	\$48,710	26.83	\$37.99	1.44%
MO	\$156,510,293	0.60	\$94,000,082	1,661	\$94,255	53.16	\$29.44	1.70%
MT	\$14,747,406	0.69	\$10,231,750	165	\$89,378	8.74	\$16.87	0.19%
NE	\$36,497,943	0.59	\$21,712,626	664	\$54,967	16.56	\$22.04	0.39%
NV	\$23,737,030	0.50	\$11,868,515	223	\$106,444	15.20	\$15.62	0.21%
NH	\$3,290,787	0.50	\$1,645,394	47	\$70,017	11.39	\$2.89	0.03%
NJ	\$359,085,307	0.50	\$179,542,654	4,076	\$88,108	79.72	\$45.04	3.25%
NM	\$31,852,627	0.73	\$23,211,009	505	\$63,075	17.05	\$18.68	0.42%
NY	\$2,112,557,194	0.50	\$1,056,278,597	12,116	\$174,361	181.90	\$116.14	19.11%
NC	\$347,958,338	0.65	\$224,746,291	4,594	\$75,742	72.43	\$48.04	4.07%
ND	\$41,528,253	0.69	\$28,679,412	593	\$70,090	6.38	\$65.09	0.52%
ОН	\$473,811,904	0.60	\$285,092,623	7,7 69	\$60,991	112.53	\$42.11	5.16%
OK	\$92,345,139	0.70	\$64,540,018	2,283	\$40,458	32.93	\$28.04	1.17%
OR	\$77,571,160	0.61	\$47,326,165	436	\$178,120	31.94	\$24.29	0.86%
PA	\$554,620,590	0.53	\$293,560,678	6,635	\$83,596	121.66	\$45.59	5.31%
RI	\$34,010,509	0.54	\$18,311,258	265	\$128,584	10.00	\$34.01	0.33%
sc	\$184,919,220	0.71	\$130,867,332	2,829	\$65,377	37.72	\$49.02	2.37%
SD	\$28,309,137	0.67	\$18,870,871	395	\$71,760	7.42	\$38.15	0.34%
TN	\$201,502,734	0.66	\$132,266,395	2,124	\$94,892	52.90	\$38.09	2.39%
TX	\$580,187,826	0.62	\$361,457,016	12,748	\$45,512	188.81	\$30.73	6.54%
UT	\$46,127,900	0.73	\$33,770,236	855	\$53,982	19.85	\$23.24	0.61%
vt	\$3,091,122	0.61	\$1,881,566	28	\$110,397	5.82	\$5.31	0.03%
VA	\$153,656,345	0.51	\$78,933,264	2,357	\$65,205	67.26	\$22.85	1.43%
WA	\$121,522,990	0.50	\$60,992,389	1,236	\$98,359	56.12	\$21.65	1.10%
wv	\$53,704,311	0.73	\$39,343,778	593	\$90,564	18.27	\$29.39	0.71%
WI	\$204,564,501	0.60	\$122,063,638	3,451	\$59,285	52.03	\$39.32	2.21%
WY	\$10,483,553	0.60	\$6,257,633	146	\$71,805	4.94	\$21.22	0.11%
U. S. Total	\$9,733,572,673		\$5,526,364,981	131,667	\$73,926	2,659.99	\$36.59	100.00%

e indicates estimate



Interstate Variations in ICF-MR Expenditures

Earlier in this chapter statistics were provided on the substantial interstate variations in the utilization of the ICF-MR option. Not surprisingly, there were also major variations in state expenditures for ICF-MR services. The variability in state ICF-MR expenditures, and federal contributions to those expenditures, is by no means predictable solely by general factors such as total ICF-MR residents or state size. Table 3.4 presents Fiscal Year 1996 statistics for ICF-MR expenditures across the states with respect to total expenditures, federal expenditures, per recipient average annual expenditures, per capita annual ICF-MR expenditures (ICF-MR expenditures per resident of the state), and each state's proportion of the total federal ICF-MR expenditures.

Per capita cost variations. One indicator of the variation among states in ICF-MR expenditures is the average expenditure for ICF-MR service per citizen of the state. Table 3.4 shows the great variation in these expenditures among the states. While nationally in Fiscal Year 1996 the average daily expenditure for ICF-MR services was \$36.59 per U.S. citizen, the average varied from over three times the national average in the District of Columbia and New York to less than one-third the national average in 6 states (Alaska, Arizona, Colorado, Hawaii, New Hampshire, and Vermont). The variability in total and per citizen expenditures among states is affected by two major factors, the extent to which placements are made into ICF-MR facilities and the amount of expenditures per placement.

Variations due to disproportionate placements. Variations in ICF-MR utilization rates across states have an important direct effect on interstate differences in total expenditures and federal contributions to the total costs of residential programs in the various states. As an example of the variability, on June 30, 1996, nine states housed more than 60% of their total residential care population in ICF-MR certified facilities, and ten states housed 20% or less of their residents of state and nonstate residential settings in ICFs-MR. Obviously those states disproportionately high placement rates into ICFs-MR tended to account for disproportionate amounts of total ICF-MR expenditures.

Variations due to differences in per recipient expenditures. Placement rates are not the only factor accounting for interstate differences in ICF-MR expenditures. Obviously the average number of dollars expended per ICF-MR resident is also a key factor. Table 3.4 also shows the enormous variations among states in the average per resident expenditures for ICF-MR services. The national average expenditures for ICF-MR services per recipient in Fiscal Year 1996 (total ICF-MR expenditures in the year divided by the number of average daily recipients in 1996) was \$73,926 per year. Among the states with the highest per recipient expenditures in 1996 were Connecticut (\$141,190), Massachusetts (\$145,936), New York (\$174,361), Oregon (\$178,120), Rhode Island (\$128,584) and Vermont (\$110,397). Among the states with the lowest per recipient expenditures were California (\$42,137), Kentucky (\$49,249), Minnesota (\$44,404), Mississippi (\$48,710), Oklahoma (\$40,458) and Texas (\$46,512). The effects of relatively high per resident expenditures are straightforward. Connecticut, Massachusetts, New York, Oregon, Rhode Island and Vermont had 12.1% of all ICF-MR residents on June 30, 1996, but accounted for 27.6% of total Fiscal Year 1996 ICF-MR expenditures. Obviously, when a state is both a high user of the ICF-MR option and has high cost per recipient, its total expenditures become particularly notable. New York stands out in this regard. Although New York had only 6.8% of the total U.S. population and 9.2% of the ICF-MR population on June 30, 1996, it accounted for 21.7% of all ICF-MR expenditures.

Medicaid HCBS Recipients

The Medicaid Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) program is associated with the ICF-MR program through its dedication to persons who but for the services available through the Medicaid HCBS program would be at risk of placement in an ICF-MR. Between enactment of the Medicaid HCBS program in 1981 and June 30, 1996 50 states chose to provide Home and Community Based Services as an alternative to ICF-MR services. This growth in state participation is shown in Table 3.5. As shown, at the end of the program's first year on June 30, 1982, there were 1,381 HCBS program participants. By June 30, 1987 there were 22,689 HCBS recipients. On June 30, 1992 there were 62,429 persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities receiving Medicaid Home and Community Based Services. In just 2 years between June 30, 1992 and June 30, 1994, states nearly



doubled again the number of HCBS recipients, with an increase of HCBS recipients to 122,075, an increase of 95.5%. In the 2 years between June 1994 and June 1996 HCBS recipients increased by another 55.8% to 190,230 persons. States with the greatest increase in total recipients over the six-year period between June 1990 to June 1996 were New York (27,272), California (25,505), Arizona (7,727) and Florida (7,385). Between June 1990 and June 1996, four-fifths of all states (41) more than doubled the number of their HCBS recipients.

Expenditures for HCBS Recipients

Table 3.6 shows national totals and interstate variations on HCBS recipients and expenditures for Fiscal Year 1996, HCBS Fiscal Year 1996. expenditures were 4.71 billion dollars for 190,230 end of year HCBS recipients. Fiscal Year 1996 expenditures divided by end of year HCBS recipients yielded an "average" cost per recipient of \$24,783. In reality, however, when large number of persons are being added to the program during the fiscal year, this substantially underestimates the annualized average cost. Assuming persons were added to the total at an even rate all through the fiscal year, the annualized average HCBS expenditure would be computed best from the estimated number of HCBS participants at the mid-point of the fiscal year (about 169,708). This estimated number of HCBS participants would yield an annualized average expenditure of \$27,780. unadjusted "average" expenditure of \$24,783 per recipient represents a 16.6% increase over June 30, 1990, when HCBS expenditures were 846 million dollars for 39,838 recipients (\$21,246 per recipient). In addition to the substantial interstate variations in HCBS utilization noted earlier there were also major variations in state expenditures for HCBS participants. Table 3.6 presents Fiscal Year 1996 statistics for HCBS expenditures across states including total expenditures, federal expenditures, per participant average annual expenditures, per capita annual HCBS expenditures (HCBS expenditures per resident of the state), and each state's proportion of the federal HCBS expenditures.

Per capita cost variations. One indicator of the variation among states in HCBS expenditures is the average expenditure for HCBS per citizen of the state. Table 3.6 shows the great variation in these expenditures among the states. Nationally in Fiscal Year 1996 the average daily expenditure for HCBS per citizen was \$17.72. The average varied from over three times the national average in four states (New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wyoming) to one-third or less of the national average in 6 states (Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Mississippi, Nevada, and Texas). The variability in total and per citizen expenditures among states is affected by both the number of persons who received HCBS and the amount of money spent per recipient.

Variations due to disproportionate placements. Variations in HCBS utilization rates across states have an important direct effect on interstate differences in total and per capita expenditures. Nationally, on June 30, 1996, HCBS recipients were 59.5% of the total HCBS and ICF-MR recipient population. In five states HCBS recipients were 25% or less of the combined HCBS and ICF-MR recipient population, while in 17 states HCBS recipients were 75% or more of the total HCBS and ICF-MR recipient population.

Variations due to differences in per recipient expenditures. The average number of dollars expended per HCBS participant is also a key factor in interstate differences in HCBS expenditures. Table 3.6 shows the substantial variations among the states in the average per participant expenditures for HCBS. The national average expenditures for HCBS per recipient for Fiscal Year 1996 (total HCBS expenditures in the year divide by total recipients on June 30, 1996) was \$24,783 per recipient.



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Color Colo	K	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	32	127	190
Color Colo	7	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	3,794	4,832	6,071	6,773	7,117	7.727
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Column C	×	•	•	•	•	70	70	412	417	485	973	896	896	1,564	2,728	3,65
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	.3. 10181	1,301	3,004	7/2/7	75,090	1,100	22,007	60,00	7,0,0	37,636	1/7/16	67.470	400,00	177,073	149,103	130,43

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Table 3.6 Summary Statistics on HCBS Expenditures by State for Fiscal Year 1996 Using End of Year Recipients

	HCBS	Fadaral aa-4	Total Federal	State % of	Tastrono	HCBS	State	Annual HCBS
State	HCBS Expenditures	Federal cost share	HCBS Payments	State % of Federal HCBS	Recipients	Expenditures per Recipient	(100,000)	Expenditure per
AL	\$45,690,044	0.70	\$31,914,496	1.21%	3,415	\$13,379	43.16	state resident
AK AK	\$7,071,179	0.70	\$3,535,590	0.13%	190	\$13,379 \$37,217	6.47	\$10.59 \$10.03
AZ.	\$189,920,600	0.56	\$125,062,715	4.73%	7,727	\$37,217 \$24,579	41.45	\$10.93
AR	\$13,238,063	0.74	\$9,744,538	0.37%	472	\$28,047	24.90	\$45.82 \$5.32
CA	\$314,614,000	0.50	\$157,307,000	5.95%	29,133	\$10,799	328.96	\$3.32 \$9.56
CA	\$125,499,063	0.50	\$65,811,709	2.49%	3,976	\$31,564	37.80	
CT	\$103,750,060	0.50	\$51,875,030	1.96%				\$33.20
DE	\$22,911,071	0.50	\$11,531,142	0.44%	2,999 352	\$34,595	32.73	\$31.70
DC	\$22,911,071	0.50	\$11,551,142	0.44%	332	\$65,088	7.26	\$31.56
FL	\$113,853,000	0.56	\$63,484,433			\$0	5.55	\$0.00
GA	\$56,393,709 e		\$34,907,706	2.40% 1.32%	10,000	\$11,385	144.31	\$7.89
HI	\$11,981,568 e	0.50	\$5,990,784		1,619 517	\$34,832	72.09	\$7.82
ID	\$7,814,865 *			0.23%		\$23,175	12.42	\$9.65
IL	\$58,434,675	0.69	\$5,375,064 \$29,217,338	0.20% 1.10%	415	\$18,831	11.83	\$6.61
IN	\$23,461,273 e		\$14,679,719	0.56%	5,267 816	\$11,094	119.16 58.65	\$4.90
IA	\$32,212,470	0.63	\$20,686,848	0.78%	2,575	\$28,752		\$4.00
KS	\$71,568,974	0.59	\$42,254,322	1.60%	3,146	\$12,510	28.75 26.25	\$11.20
KY	\$25,722,000	0.70	\$18,082,566	0.68%	3,140 924	\$22,749		\$27.26
LA	\$42,364,945	0.70	\$30,456,159	1.15%	2,100	\$27,838	38.79	\$6.63
ME	\$15,600,000	0.72	\$9,877,920	0.37%		\$20,174	43.83	\$9.67
MD ME	\$130,701,576 e			2.47%	1,000	\$15,600	12.37	\$12.61
MA	\$248,400,000	0.50	\$65,350,788 \$124,200,000	4.70%	3,306 8,027	\$39,535	51.27	\$25.49
MI	\$163,000,000 e	0.50			•	\$30,946	59.71	\$41.60
MN	\$215,225,011	0.57	\$92,535,100	3.50%	5,207	\$31,304	96.12	\$16.96
MS	\$213,223,011	0.78	\$116,070,848 \$20,123	4.39% 0.00%	5,422	\$39,695	46.60	\$46.19
MO	\$137,227,661	0.78	\$82,418,933	3.12%	65	\$397	26.83	\$0.01
MT	\$20,399,850	0.69	\$14,153,416	0.54%	5,685 807	\$24,139	53.16	\$25.81
NE NE	\$45,063,000	0.59	\$26,807,979	1.01%	1,834	\$25,279 \$24,571	8.74 16.56	\$23.34 \$27.21
NV	\$4,640,192	0.50	\$2,320,096	0.09%	361	\$12,854	15.20	\$27.21 \$3.05
NH	\$80,460,077	0.50	\$40,230,039	1.52%	1,906	\$42,214	11.39	
NJ	\$154,968,000 e		\$77,484,000	2.93%	5,242	\$29,563	79.72	\$70.64 \$19.44
NM	\$71,840,073	0.73	\$52,349,861	1.98%	1,553	\$46,259		
NY	\$728,613,813 e	0.73	\$364,306,907	13.78%	27,272		17.05 181.90	\$42.13 \$40.06
NC	\$56,651,028	0.65	\$36,590,899	1.38%		\$26,717		
ND	\$28,924,495 e	0.69	, ,	0.76%	3,098	\$18,286	72.43	\$7.82
OH	\$97,365,161	0.69	\$19,975,256 \$58,584,617		1,770	\$16,342	6.38	\$45.34
OK	\$104,988,447 e			2.22%	2,593	\$37,549	112.53	\$8.65
OR OR	\$99,133,716	0.70	\$73,376,426	2.77%	2,260	\$46,455	32.93	\$31.88
	\$340,698,937	0.61	\$60,481,480 \$180,331,947	2.29%	2,523	\$39,292	31.94	\$31.04
PA DI		0.53	-	6.82%	6,076	\$56,073	121.66	\$28.00
RI SC	\$80,600,000 e	0.54	\$43,395,040	1.64%	1,914	\$42,111	10.00	\$80.60
SC	\$32,600,000	0.71	\$23,071,020	0.87%	2,074	\$15,718	37.72	\$8.64
SD TN	\$33,903,140	0.67	\$22,599,833	0.85%	1,295	\$26,180	7.42	\$45.69
TN TV	\$71,431,397	0.66	\$46,887,569	1.77%	3,021	\$23,645	52.90	\$13.50
TX	\$82,982,512	0.62	\$51,698,105	1.95%	3,658	\$22,685	188.81	\$4.40
UT VT	\$40,827,000 e		\$29,889,447	1.13%	2,128	\$19,186	19.85	\$20.57
VT	\$45,137,783 \$50,470,113	0.61	\$27,475,369	1.04%	1,107	\$40,775	5.82	\$77.56
VA	\$50,479,113	0.51	\$25,931,120	0.98%	1,453	\$34,741	67.26	\$7.51
WA	\$97,771,853	0.50	\$49,071,693	1.86%	4,666	\$20,954	56.12	\$17.42
wv	\$36,075,324	0.73	\$26,428,782	1.00%	1,337	\$26,982	18.27	\$19.75
WI	\$103,000,000	0.60	\$61,460,100	2.32%	5,063	\$20,344	52.03	\$19.80
WY	\$29,157,556	0.60	\$17,404,145	0.66%	864	\$33,747	4.94	\$59.02
U. S. Total	\$4,714,394,049 estimate		\$2,644,696,016	100.00%	190,230	\$24,783 nelude 12 additional	2,659.99	\$17.72

e indicates estimate



^{*} Idaho amended its waiver effective 7/1/95 to include 12 additional services

Table 3.6a Summary Statistics on HCBS Expenditures by State for Fiscal Year 1996 Using Average Daily Recipients

State AL AK AZ AR CA CO CT DE DC FL GA HI ID IL IN	HCBS Expenditures \$45,690,044 \$7,071,179 \$189,920,600 \$13,238,063 \$314,614,000 \$125,499,063 \$103,750,060 \$22,911,071 \$0 \$113,853,000 \$56,393,709 e \$11,981,568 e \$7,814,865 \$58,434,675 \$23,461,273 e \$32,212,470 \$71,568,974	Federal cost share 0.70 0.50 0.66 0.74 0.50 0.52 0.50 0.50 0.56 0.62 0.50 0.69 0.50	Total Federal HCBS Payments \$31,914,496 \$3,535,590 \$125,062,715 \$9,744,538 \$157,307,000 \$65,811,709 \$51,875,030 \$11,531,142 \$0 \$63,484,433 \$34,907,706 \$5,990,784 \$5,375,064 \$29,217,338	State % of Federal HCBS 1.21% 0.13% 4.73% 0.37% 5.95% 2.49% 1.96% 0.44% 0.00% 2.40% 1.32% 0.23% 0.20%	Average Daily HCBS E Recipients 3,182 159 7,422 471 24,117 3,646 2,771 354 0 8,994 1,234 504	HCBS expenditures per Recipient \$14,359 \$44,613 \$25,589 \$28,136 \$13,045 \$34,421 \$37,448 \$64,721 \$0 \$12,659 \$45,718 \$23,773	State Population (100,000) 43.16 6.47 41.45 24.90 328.96 37.80 32.73 7.26 5.55 144.31 72.09 12.42	Annual HCBS Expenditure per state resident \$10.59 \$10.93 \$45.82 \$5.32 \$9.56 \$33.20 \$31.70 \$31.56 \$0.00 \$7.89
AL AK AZ AR CA CO CT DE DC FL GA HI ID IL IN	Expenditures \$45,690,044 \$7,071,179 \$189,920,600 \$13,238,063 \$314,614,000 \$125,499,063 \$103,750,060 \$22,911,071 \$0 \$113,853,000 \$56,393,709 e \$11,981,568 e \$7,814,865 * \$58,434,675 \$23,461,273 e \$32,212,470	share 0.70 0.50 0.66 0.74 0.50 0.52 0.50 0.50 0.56 0.62 0.62 0.50 0.69 0.63	## MCBS Payments \$31,914,496 \$3,535,590 \$125,062,715 \$9,744,538 \$157,307,000 \$65,811,709 \$51,875,030 \$11,531,142 \$0 \$63,484,433 \$34,907,706 \$5,990,784 \$5,375,064	1.21% 0.13% 4.73% 0.37% 5.95% 2.49% 1.96% 0.44% 0.00% 2.40% 1.32% 0.23%	Recipients 3,182 159 7,422 471 24,117 3,646 2,771 354 0 8,994 1,234	Recipient \$14,359 \$44,613 \$25,589 \$28,136 \$13,045 \$34,421 \$37,448 \$64,721 \$0 \$12,659 \$45,718 \$23,773	(100,000) 43.16 6.47 41.45 24.90 328.96 37.80 32.73 7.26 5.55 144.31 72.09	\$10.59 \$10.59 \$10.93 \$45.82 \$5.32 \$9.56 \$33.20 \$31.70 \$31.56 \$0.00 \$7.89
AL AK AZ AR CA CO CT DE DC FL GA HI ID IL IN	\$45,690,044 \$7,071,179 \$189,920,600 \$13,238,063 \$314,614,000 \$125,499,063 \$103,750,060 \$22,911,071 \$0 \$113,853,000 \$56,393,709 e \$11,981,568 e \$7,814,865 * \$58,434,675 \$23,461,273 e \$32,212,470	0.70 0.50 0.66 0.74 0.50 0.52 0.50 0.50 0.56 0.62 0.50 0.69 0.63	\$31,914,496 \$3,535,590 \$125,062,715 \$9,744,538 \$157,307,000 \$65,811,709 \$51,875,030 \$11,531,142 \$0 \$63,484,433 \$34,907,706 \$5,990,784 \$5,375,064	1.21% 0.13% 4.73% 0.37% 5.95% 2.49% 1.96% 0.44% 0.00% 2.40% 1.32% 0.23%	3,182 159 7,422 471 24,117 3,646 2,771 354 0 8,994	\$14,359 \$44,613 \$25,589 \$28,136 \$13,045 \$34,421 \$37,448 \$64,721 \$0 \$12,659 \$45,718 \$23,773	43.16 6.47 41.45 24.90 328.96 37.80 32.73 7.26 5.55 144.31 72.09	\$10.59 \$10.93 \$45.82 \$5.32 \$9.56 \$33.20 \$31.70 \$31.56 \$0.00 \$7.89
AK AZ AR CA CO CT DE DC FL GA HI ID IL	\$7,071,179 \$189,920,600 \$13,238,063 \$314,614,000 \$125,499,063 \$103,750,060 \$22,911,071 \$0 \$113,853,000 \$56,393,709 e \$11,981,568 e \$7,814,865 * \$58,434,675 \$23,461,273 e \$32,212,470	0.50 0.66 0.74 0.50 0.52 0.50 0.50 0.56 0.62 0.50 0.69 0.50 0.69	\$3,535,590 \$125,062,715 \$9,744,538 \$157,307,000 \$65,811,709 \$51,875,030 \$11,531,142 \$0 \$63,484,433 \$34,907,706 \$5,990,784 \$5,375,064	0.13% 4.73% 0.37% 5.95% 2.49% 1.96% 0.44% 0.00% 2.40% 1.32% 0.23%	159 7,422 471 24,117 3,646 2,771 354 0 8,994	\$44,613 \$25,589 \$28,136 \$13,045 \$34,421 \$37,448 \$64,721 \$0 \$12,659 \$45,718 \$23,773	6.47 41.45 24.90 328.96 37.80 32.73 7.26 5.55 144.31	\$10.93 \$45.82 \$5.32 \$9.56 \$33.20 \$31.70 \$31.56 \$0.00 \$7.89
AZ AR CA CO CT DE DC GA HI ID IIL	\$189,920,600 \$13,238,063 \$314,614,000 \$125,499,063 \$103,750,060 \$22,911,071 \$0 \$113,853,000 \$56,393,709 e \$11,981,568 e \$7,814,865 * \$58,434,675 \$23,461,273 e \$32,212,470	0.66 0.74 0.50 0.52 0.50 0.50 0.56 0.62 0.62 0.69 0.50	\$125,062,715 \$9,744,538 \$157,307,000 \$65,811,709 \$51,875,030 \$11,531,142 \$0 \$63,484,433 \$34,907,706 \$5,990,784 \$5,375,064	4.73% 0.37% 5.95% 2.49% 1.96% 0.44% 0.00% 2.40% 1.32% 0.23%	7,422 471 24,117 3,646 2,771 354 0 8,994	\$25,589 \$28,136 \$13,045 \$34,421 \$37,448 \$64,721 \$0 \$12,659 \$45,718 \$23,773	41.45 24.90 328.96 37.80 32.73 7.26 5.55 144.31	\$45.82 \$5.32 \$9.56 \$33.20 \$31.70 \$31.56 \$0.00 \$7.89
AR CA CO CT DE DC FL GA HI ID IL IN	\$13,238,063 \$314,614,000 \$125,499,063 \$103,750,060 \$22,911,071 \$0 \$113,853,000 \$56,393,709 e \$11,981,568 e \$7,814,865 * \$58,434,675 \$23,461,273 e \$32,212,470	0.74 0.50 0.52 0.50 0.50 0.56 0.62 0.50 0.69 0.50	\$9,744,538 \$157,307,000 \$65,811,709 \$51,875,030 \$11,531,142 \$0 \$63,484,433 \$34,907,706 \$5,990,784 \$5,375,064	0.37% 5.95% 2.49% 1.96% 0.44% 0.00% 2.40% 1.32% 0.23%	471 24,117 3,646 2,771 354 0 8,994	\$28,136 \$13,045 \$34,421 \$37,448 \$64,721 \$0 \$12,659 \$45,718 \$23,773	24.90 328.96 37.80 32.73 7.26 5.55 144.31 72.09	\$5.32 \$9.56 \$33.20 \$31.70 \$31.56 \$0.00 \$7.89
CA CO CT DE DC FL GA HI ID IIL	\$314,614,000 \$125,499,063 \$103,750,060 \$22,911,071 \$0 \$113,853,000 \$56,393,709 e \$11,981,568 e \$7,814,865 * \$58,434,675 \$23,461,273 e \$32,212,470	0.50 0.52 0.50 0.50 0.56 0.62 0.50 0.69 0.50 0.69	\$157,307,000 \$65,811,709 \$51,875,030 \$11,531,142 \$0 \$63,484,433 \$34,907,706 \$5,990,784 \$5,375,064	5.95% 2.49% 1.96% 0.44% 0.00% 2.40% 1.32% 0.23%	24,117 3,646 2,771 354 0 8,994	\$13,045 \$34,421 \$37,448 \$64,721 \$0 \$12,659 \$45,718 \$23,773	328.96 37.80 32.73 7.26 5.55 144.31 72.09	\$9.56 \$33.20 \$31.70 \$31.56 \$0.00 \$7.89
CO CT DE DC FL GA HI ID IIL	\$125,499,063 \$103,750,060 \$22,911,071 \$0 \$113,853,000 \$56,393,709 e \$11,981,568 e \$7,814,865 * \$58,434,675 \$23,461,273 e \$32,212,470	0.52 0.50 0.50 0.56 0.62 0.50 0.69 0.50 0.63	\$65,811,709 \$51,875,030 \$11,531,142 \$0 \$63,484,433 \$34,907,706 \$5,990,784 \$5,375,064	2.49% 1.96% 0.44% 0.00% 2.40% 1.32% 0.23%	3,646 2,771 354 0 8,994 1,234	\$34,421 \$37,448 \$64,721 \$0 \$12,659 \$45,718 \$23,773	37.80 32.73 7.26 5.55 144.31 72.09	\$33.20 \$31.70 \$31.56 \$0.00 \$7.89
CT . DE DC FL GA HI ID IIL	\$103,750,060 \$22,911,071 \$0 \$113,853,000 \$56,393,709 e \$11,981,568 e \$7,814,865 * \$58,434,675 \$23,461,273 e \$32,212,470	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.56 0.62 0.50 0.69 0.50	\$51,875,030 \$11,531,142 \$0 \$63,484,433 \$34,907,706 \$5,990,784 \$5,375,064	1.96% 0.44% 0.00% 2.40% 1.32% 0.23%	2,771 354 0 8,994 1,234	\$37,448 \$64,721 \$0 \$12,659 \$45,718 \$23,773	32.73 7.26 5.55 144.31 72.09	\$31.70 \$31.56 \$0.00 \$7.89 \$7.82
DE DC FL GA HI ID IL IN	\$22,911,071 \$0 \$113,853,000 \$56,393,709 e \$11,981,568 e \$7,814,865 * \$58,434,675 \$23,461,273 e \$32,212,470	0.50 0.50 0.56 0.62 0.50 0.69 0.50 0.63	\$11,531,142 \$0 \$63,484,433 \$34,907,706 \$5,990,784 \$5,375,064	0.44% 0.00% 2.40% 1.32% 0.23%	354 0 8,994 1,234	\$64,721 \$0 \$12,659 \$45,718 \$23,773	7.26 5.55 144.31 72.09	\$31.56 \$0.00 \$7.89 \$7.82
DC FL GA HI ID IL IN	\$0 \$113,853,000 \$56,393,709 e \$11,981,568 e \$7,814,865 * \$58,434,675 \$23,461,273 e \$32,212,470	0.50 0.56 0.62 0.50 0.69 0.50 0.63	\$0 \$63,484,433 \$34,907,706 \$5,990,784 \$5,375,064	0.00% 2.40% 1.32% 0.23%	0 8,994 1,234	\$0 \$12,659 \$45,718 \$23,773	5.55 144.31 72.09	\$0.00 \$7.89 \$7.82
FL GA HI ID IL IN	\$113,853,000 \$56,393,709 e \$11,981,568 e \$7,814,865 * \$58,434,675 \$23,461,273 e \$32,212,470	0.56 0.62 0.50 0.69 0.50 0.63	\$63,484,433 \$34,907,706 \$5,990,784 \$5,375,064	2.40% 1.32% 0.23%	8,994 1,234	\$12,659 \$45,718 \$23,773	144.31 72.09	\$7.89 \$7.82
GA HI ID IL IN	\$56,393,709 e \$11,981,568 e \$7,814,865 * \$58,434,675 \$23,461,273 e \$32,212,470	0.62 0.50 0.69 0.50 0.63	\$34,907,706 \$5,990,784 \$5,375,064	1.32% 0.23%	1,234	\$45,718 \$23,773	72.09	\$7.82
HI ID IL IN	\$11,981,568 e \$7,814,865 * \$58,434,675 \$23,461,273 e \$32,212,470	0.50 0.69 0.50 0.63	\$5,990,784 \$5,375,064	0.23%		\$23,773		
ID IL IN	\$7,814,865 * \$58,434,675 \$23,461,273 e \$32,212,470	0.69 0.50 0.63	\$5,375,064		304		12.42	
IL IN	\$58,434,675 \$23,461,273 e \$32,212,470	0.50 0.63		0.20%	200	600 116		\$9.65
IN	\$23,461,273 e \$32,212,470	0.63			389	\$20,115	11.83	\$6.61
	\$32,212,470			1.10%	4,514	\$12,945	119.16	\$4.90
IA.		0.64	\$14,679,719	0.56%	705	\$33,278	58.65	\$4.00
	\$/1,368,9/4	0.64	\$20,686,848	0.78%	2,122	\$15,180	28.75	\$11.20
KS		0.59	\$42,254,322	1.60%	2,380	\$30,077	26.25	\$27.26
KY	\$25,722,000	0.70	\$18,082,566	0.68%	902	\$28,532	38.79	\$6.63
LA	\$42,364,945	0.72	\$30,456,159	1.15%	2,013	\$21,046	43.83	\$9.67
ME	\$15,600,000	0.63	\$9,877,920	0.37%	871	\$17,910	12.37	\$12.61
MD	\$130,701,576 e	0.50	\$65,350,788	2.47%	3,102	\$42,135	51.27	\$25.49
MA .	\$248,400,000	0.50	\$124,200,000	4.70%	7,914	\$31,389	59.71	\$41.60
MI	\$163,000,000 e	0.57	\$92,535,100	3.50%	4,525	\$36,026	96.12	\$16.96
MN	\$215,225,011	0.54	\$116,070,848	4.39%	5,081	\$42,359	46.60	\$46.19
MS	\$25,775	0.78	\$20,123	0.001%	33	\$793	26.83	\$0.01
МО	\$137,227,661	0.60	\$82,418,933	3.12%	4,598	\$29,845	53.16	\$25.81
MT	\$20,399,850	0.69	\$14,153,416	0.54%	727	\$28,080	8.74	\$23.34
NE	\$45,063,000	0.59	\$26,807,979	1.01%	1,502	\$30,012	16.56	\$27.21
NV	\$4,640,192	0.50	\$2,320,096	0.09%	320	\$14,523	15.20	\$3.05
NH	\$80,460,077	0.50	\$40,230,039	1.52%	1,738	\$46,295	11.39	\$70.64
NJ	\$154,968,000 e	0.50	\$77,484,000	2.93%	5,138	\$30,164	79.72	\$19.44
NM	\$71,840,073	0.73	\$52,349,861	1.98%	1,398	\$51,388	17.05	\$42.13
NY	\$728,613,813 e	0.50	\$364,306,907	13.78%	25,236	\$28,873	181.90	\$40.06
NC	\$56,651,028	0.65	\$36,590,899	1.38%	2,458	\$23,048	72.43	\$7.82
ND	\$28,924,495 e	0.69	\$19,975,256	0.76%_	1,704	\$16,979	6.38	\$45.34
ОН	\$97,365,161	0.60	\$58,584,617	2.22%	2,593	\$37,549	112.53	\$8.65
OK	\$104,988,447 e	0.70	\$73,376,426	2.77%	2,108	\$49,817	32.93	\$31.88
OR	\$99,133,716	0.61	\$60,481,480	2.29%	2,512	\$39,472	31.94	\$31.04
PA	\$340,698,937	0.53	\$180,331,947	6.82%	5,801	\$58,736	121.66	\$28.00
ri	\$80,600,000 e	0.54	\$43,395,040	1.64%_	1,609	\$50,093	10.00	\$80.60
SC	\$32,600,000	0.71	\$23,071,020	0.87%	1,775	\$18,371	37.72	\$8.64
SD	\$33,903,140	0.67	\$22,599,833	0.85%	1,226	\$27,653	7.42	\$45.69
TN	\$71,431,397	0.66	\$46,887,569	1.77%	2,210	\$32,322	52.90	\$13.50
TX	\$82,982,512	0.62	\$51,698,105	1.95%	3,193	\$25,989	188.81	\$4.40
UT_	\$40,827,000 e	0.73	\$29,889,447	1.13%	1,911	\$21,370	19.85	\$20.57
VT	\$45,137,783	0.61	\$27,475,369	1.04%	1,010	\$44,691	5.82	\$77.56
VA	\$50,479,113	0.51	\$25,931,120	0.98%	1,290	\$39,146	67.26	\$7.51
WA	\$97,771,853	0.50	\$49,071,693	1.86%	4,014	\$24,361	56.12	\$17.42
wv	\$36,075,324	0.73	\$26,428,782	1.00%	1,229	\$29,353	18.27	\$19.75
WI	\$103,000,000	0.60	\$61,460,100	2.32%	4,223	\$24,393	52.03	\$19.80
WY	\$29,157,556	0.60	\$17,404,145	0.66%	792	\$36,838	4.94	\$59.02
U. S. Total	\$4,714,394,049		\$2,644,696,016	100.00%	169,708	\$27,780	2,659.99	\$17.72



^{*}Idaho amended its waiver effective 7/1/95 to include 12 additional services

year. Among the states with the highest per recipient expenditures in 1996 were Delaware (\$65,088), Pennsylvania (\$56,073), New Hampshire (\$42,214), New Mexico (\$46,259) and Oklahoma (\$46,455). Among the states with the lowest per recipient expenditures were California (\$10,799), Florida (\$11,385), Illinois (\$11,094) and Mississippi (\$397).

The effects of relatively high per resident expenditures are straightforward. Delaware, Pennsylvania, New Hampshire, New Mexico and Oklahoma accounted for 6.4% of all HCBS recipients on June 30, 1996, but accounted for 13.2% of total Fiscal Year 1996 HCBS expenditures.

HCBS Recipients and Residents of Community ICFs-MR

Medicaid long-term care services for persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities were long criticized for being primarily institutional in orientation. The utilization of the HCBS program and the development of community ICFs-MR has substantially changed that situation within the past decade, although "institutional" is obviously not exclusively dictated by facility size. Table 3.7 presents statistics on states' use of the Medicaid HCBS option on June 30, 1996 and summarizes the combined use of the Medicaid HCBS

and community ICF-MR options to provide community services, as well as the total use of ICF-MR and waiver services by the individual states.

Table 3.7 shows that on June 30, 1996 there were 190,230 people receiving Medicaid HCBS services and 44,340 persons living in community ICFs-MR. This combined total of community Medicaid service recipients (234,570) was almost three-fourths (73.4%) of the 319,679 total of all HCBS recipients and residents of all sizes of ICF-MR. Combining HCBS and community ICF-MR service recipients also shows 45 states to be serving the majority of their recipients of Title XIX services for persons with MR/DD in community programs. More than one-half of all states (28) were serving three-quarters or more of their Title XIX service recipients in community settings. Figure 3.6 shows this variation on a state-by-state basis.

Figure 3.7 shows the total large (16 or more residents) state and nonstate ICF-MR residents and community state and nonstate ICF-MR residents and HCBS recipients for 1977, 1982, 1987, 1992, and 1996. It shows the dramatic increase in community Title XIX service recipients from 1977 to 1996, from 1,710 to 319,679 It also shows the substantial decrease of the population of large ICFs-MR from 1982 to 1996, from 130,767 to 85,109.

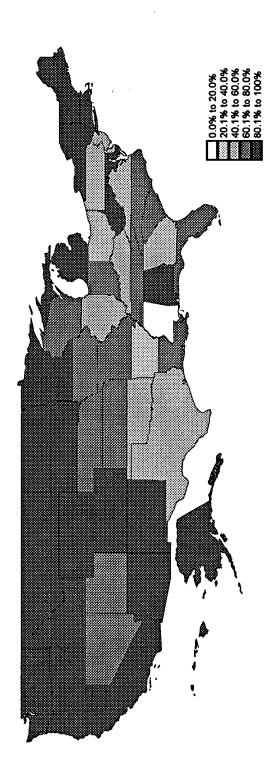


Table 3.7 ICF-MR Residents and Medicaid Home and Community Based Service (HCBS) Recipients with Mental Retardation and Related Developmental Disabilities on June 30, 1996 by State

			Residents of			Community ICF-MR
	Total	Residents of	HCBS &		ICF-MR &	& HCBS as % of All
	Total HCBS		Community	Residents of	HCBS	ICF-MR & HCBS
Ctata	Recipients	Community ICFs-MR	ICFs-MR	All ICFs-MR	Recipients	Recipients
State AL	3,415	25	3,440	825	4,240	81.1%
AK	190	40	230	59	249	92.4%
AZ	7,727	82	7,809	193	7,920	98.6%
AR	472	300	772	1,572	2,044	37.8%
CA	29,133	3,984	33,117	10,233	39,366	84.1%
co	3,976	12	3,988	245	4,221	94.5%
CT	2,999	652	3,651	1,298	4,297	85.0%
DE	352	16	368	300	652	56.4%
DC	0	754	754	754	754	100.0%
FL	10,000	238	10,238	3,442	13,442	76.2%
GA	1,619	0	1,619	2,019	3,638	44.5%
Н	517	78	595	127	644	92.4%
ID	415	357	772	538	953	81.0%
IL	5,267	3,197	8,464	10,416	15,683	54.0%
IN	816	3,790	4,606	5,986	6,802	67.7%
IA	2,575	594	3,169	2,182	4,757	66.6%
KS	3,146	290	3,436	1,586	4,732	72.6%
KY	924	0	924	1,157	2,081	44.4%
LA	2,100	2,926	5,026	6,102	8,202	61.3%
ME	1,000	317 _	1,317	445	1,445	91.1%
MD	3,306	0	3,306	652	3,958	83.5%
MA	8,027	0	8,027	1,795	9,822	81.7%
MI	5,207	2,839	8,046	3,185	8,392	95.9%
MN	5,422	2,406	7,828	3,826	9,248	84.6%
<u>MS</u>	65	189	254	2,126	2,191	11.6%
МО	5,685	83	5,768	1,643	7,328	78.7%
MT	807	8	815	165	972	83.8%
NE	1,834	9	1,843	650	2,484	74.2%
NV	361	82	443	232	593	74.7%
<u>NH</u>	1,906	0	1,906	22	1,928	98.9%
NJ	5,242	0	5,242	4,091	9,333	56.2%
NM	1,553	230	1,783	485	2,038	87.5%
NY	27,272	7,137	34,409	11,846	39,118	88.0%
NC	3,098	1,886	4,984	4,593	7,691	64.8%
ND	1,770	426	2,196	624	2,394	91.7%
OH	2,593	2,171	4,764	7,756	10,349	46.0% 50.7%
OK OR	2,260	38	2,298	2,275	4,535	
OR	2,523	0	2,523	429	2,952	85.5% 59.2%
PA	6,076	1,356	7,432	6,469	12,545	100.0%
RI	1,914	225	2,139	225	2,139	66.2%
SC	2,074	1,114	3,188	2,740	4,814	84.7%
SD	1,295	97	1,392	349	1,644 5,049	69.7%
TN	3,021	496	3,517	2,028		52.3%
TX	3,658	5,167	8,825	13,224	16,882 2,994	71.5%
UT	2,128	12 15	2,140		1,122	100.0%
VT	1,107		1,122 1,621	2,357	3,810	42.5%
VA	1,453	168 65	4,731	2,337 1,187	5,853	80.8%
WA	4,666		1,791	588	1,925	93.0%
WV	1,337 5,063	454 15	5,078	3,382	8,445	60.1%
WI	5,063		3,078 864	145	1,009	85.6%
WY U.S. Total	190,230	44,340	234,570	129,449	319,679	73.4%



Figure 3.6 Community ICF-MR & HCBS Recipients as a Percentage of All ICF-MR & HCBS Recipients on June 30, 1996



National Average = 73.4%

ICF-MR and HCBS Recipients and Expenditures

Medicaid Intermediate Care Facilities (ICFs-MR) and Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) for persons with MR/RC share common eligibility criteria and are intended to serve the same general population. Yet, as reported in Table 3.8, expenditures for ICF-MR and HCBS services tend to be disproportionately higher in the former. In 1996, nationally, HCBS recipients made up 59.5% of the total HCBS and ICF-MR recipient population but were beneficiaries of only 32.6% of total HCBS and ICF-MR expenditures.

HCBS and ICF-MR recipients and expenditures varied among individual states but in every state the **HCBS** share of total expenditures disproportionately low when measured against the HCBS share of total recipient population. In 14 states, (Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Louisiana, Maine, Mississippi, Nevada, New York, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Tennessee), HCBS recipients as a proportion of all recipients exceeded HCBS expenditures as a proportion of all expenditures by a factor of 2 or greater; in four of those states (Illinois, Iowa, Mississippi, Nevada) by a factor of 3 or greater.

Direct comparisons of the costs of ICF-MR and HCBS approaches to financing residential services are complicated by a number of factors. In some states, disproportionately higher expenditures for ICF-MR recipients may be explained by artificially inflated institutional costs resulting from deinstitutionalization. The consistent pattern of relatively lower expenditures for HCBS recipients in some states, is an intended and

controlled consequence of an effort to achieve cost containment in Medicaid spending. In such states HCBS expenditures are limited in reference to ICF-MR expenditures. In almost all states some HCBS recipients live in their family homes (an estimated 29% nationally) which reduces long-term care costs by the relative value of the supports provided in the home and community by family members and other non-paid support providers. Somewhat related, children and youth are more likely to be served under HCBS than ICF-MR and as a result "day program" costs are more likely to be covered by educational agencies. addition, although federal regulations require that both HCBS and ICF-MR recipients meet the same eligibility criteria and level of care needs, in actual practice in some states HCBS has become defined as a less intensive service than ICF-MR in a "continuum" of Medicaid long term care services, with large institutions seen as most restrictive and smaller community ICFs-MR at intermediate points of intensity. As a result, HCBS is in some states, almost by definition, less costly than ICF-MR. because Medicaid law specifically prohibits HCBS financing of room and board costs HCBS recipients typically pay for such costs through their social security disability cash benefits. These individual "contributions" to room and board represent approximately \$5,000 per HCBS recipient per year, and can be even higher because of state supplements.

Figure 3.7 Residents of Settings with 15 or Fewer and 16 or More Residents Among Medicaid ICF-MR and HCBS Recipients on June 30, 1977, 1982, 1987, 1992, and 1996

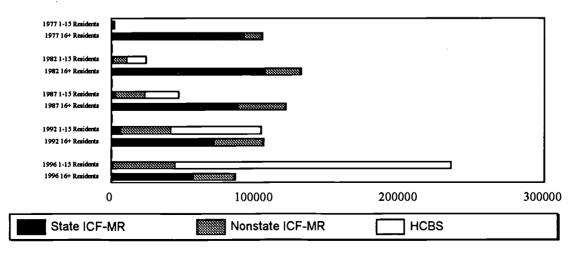




Table 3.8 ICF-MR Residents and HCBS Recipients and ICF-MR and HCBS
Expenditures on June 30,1996 by State

	Total Recipients	ICF-MR			% (of.
	of ICF-MR	& HCBS	% of R	ecipients	Expend	
State	& HCBS	Expenditures	HCBS	ICF-MR	HCBS	ICF-MR
AL	4,240	\$113,701,017	80.5%	19.5%	40.2%	59.8%
AK	249	\$13,962,457	76.3%	23.7%	50.6%	49.4%
ΑZ	7,920	\$207,712,189	97.6%	2.4%	91.4%	8.6%
AR	2,044	\$118,572,827	23.1%	76.9%	11.2%	88.8%
CA	39,366	\$785,662,580	74.0%	26.0%	40.0%	60.0%
CO	4,221	\$149,663,797	94.2%	5.8%	83.9%	16.1%
CT	4,297	\$284,685,644	69.8%	30.2%	36.4%	63.6%
DE	652	\$53,797,298	54.0%	46.0%	42.6%	57.4%
DC	754	\$60,969,212	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%
FL	13,442	\$339,970,681	74.4%	25.6%	33.5%	66.5%
GA	3,638	\$182,241,540	44.5%	55.5%	30.9%	69.1%
HI	644	\$23,219,322	80.3%	19.7%	51.6%	48.4%
ID	953	\$48,386,620	43.5%	56.5%	16.2%	83.8%
IL	15,683	\$650,153,538	33.6%	66.4%	9.0%	91.0%
IN	6,802	\$331,573,833	12.0%	88.0%	7.1%	92.9%
ĪA	4,757	\$211,056,400	54.1%	45.9%	15.3%	84.7%
KS	4,732	\$170,258,983	66.5%	33.5%	42.0%	58.0%
KY	2,081	\$83,786,778	44.4%	55.6%	30.7%	69.3%
LA	8,202	\$354,744,794	25.6%	74.4%	11.9%	88.1%
ME	1,445	\$65,075,852	69.2%	30.8%	24.0%	76.0%
MD	3,958	\$194,295,604	83.5%	16.5%	67.3%	32.7%
MA	9,822	\$524,584,625	81.7%	18.3%	47.4%	52.6%
ΜI	8,392	\$355,725,978	62.0%	38.0%	45.8%	54.2%
MN	9,248	\$399,080,016	58.6%	41.4%	53.9%	46.1%
MS	2,191	\$101,950,890	3.0%	97.0%	0.0%	
MO	7,328	\$293,737,954	77.6%	22.4%	46.7%	53.3%
ΜT	972	\$35,147,256	83.0%	17.0%	58.0%	42.0%
NE	2,484	\$81,560,943	73.8%	26.2%	55.3%	44.7%
NV	593	\$28,377,222	60.9%	39.1%	16.4%	83.6%
NH	1,928	\$83,750,864	98.9%	1.1%	96.1%	3.9%
NJ	9,333	\$514,053,307	56.2%	43.8%	30.1%	69.9%
NM	2,038	\$103,692,700	76.2%	23.8%	69.3%	30.7%
NY	39,118	\$2,841,171,007	69.7%	30.3%	25.6%	74.4%
NC	7,691	\$404,609,366	40.3%	59.7%	14.0%	86.0%
ND	2,394	\$70,452,748	73.9%	26.1%	41.1%	58.9%
ОН	10,349	\$571,177,065	25.1%	74.9%	17.0%	83.0%
OK	4,535	\$197,333,586	49.8%	50.2%	53.2%	46.8%
OR	2,952	\$176,704,876	85.5%	14.5%	56.1%	43.9%
PA	12,545	\$895,319,527	48.4%	51.6%	38.1%	61.9%
RI	2,139	\$114,610,509	89.5%	10.5%	70.3%	29.7%
SC	4,814	\$217,519,220	43.1%	56.9%	15.0%	85.0%
SD	1,644	\$62,212,277	78.8%	21.2%	54.5%	45.5%
TN	5,049	\$272,934,131	59.8%	40.2%	26.2%	73.8%
ΤX	16,882	\$663,170,338	21.7%	78.3%	12.5%	87.5%
UT	2,994	\$86,954,900	71.1%	28.9%	47.0%	53.0%
VT	1,122	\$48,228,905	98.7%	1.3%	93.6%	6.4%
VA	3,810	\$204,135,458	38.1%	61.9%	24.7%	75.3%
WA	5,853	\$219,294,843	79.7%	20.3%	44.6%	55.4%
wv	1,925	\$89,779,635	69.5%	30.5%	40.2%	59.8%
WI	8,445	\$307,564,501	60.0%	40.0%	33.5%	66.5%
WY	1,009	\$39,641,109	85.6%	14.4%	73.6%	26.4%
U.S. Total		\$14,447,966,722	59.5%	40.5%	32.6%	67.4%



Table 3.9 Summary of Combined ICF-MR and HCBS Contributions and State Benefit Ratios by State for Fiscal Year 1996

CF-MR				Ch-4- 0/ -6	Fadand	C4-4-	State
State		Federal	Endard	State % of	Federal		
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MI \$109,410,538 \$92,533,100 2.47% \$19,234 3.64% 0.68 MN \$99,153,004 \$116,070,848 2.63% \$9,577 1.81% 1.45 MS \$79,572,937 \$20,123 0.97% \$3,090 0.58% 1.67 MO \$94,000,082 \$82,418,933 2.16% \$9,501 1.80% 1.20 MT \$10,231,750 \$14,153,416 0.30% \$1,243 0.24% 1.27 NE \$21,712,626 \$26,807,979 0.59% \$2,814 0.53% 1.12 NV \$11,868,515 \$2,320,096 0.17% \$3,832 0.72% 0.24 NH \$1,643,394 \$40,230,039 0.51% \$2,697 0.51% 1.00 NJ \$179,542,654 \$77,484,000 3.15% \$23,617 4.47% 0.70 NM \$23,211,009 \$52,349,861 0.92% \$2,314 0.44% 2.11 NY \$1,056,278,597 \$364,306,907 17.39% \$45,165 8.54% 2.04 NC \$224,746,291 \$36,590,899 3.20% \$11,992 2.27% 1.41 ND \$285,092,623 \$58,584,617 4.21% \$20,993 3.97% 1.06 OK \$64,540,018 \$73,376,426 1.69% \$4,701 0.89% 1.90 OK \$64,540,018 \$73,376,426 1.69% \$4,701 0.89% 1.20 SC \$130,867,332 \$23,071,020 1.88% \$5,327 1.01% 1.87 SD \$18,870,871 \$22,599,833 0.51% \$1,975 0.37% 2.02 SC \$130,867,332 \$23,071,020 1.88% \$5,327 1.01% 1.87 SD \$18,870,871 \$22,599,833 0.51% \$1,231 0.23% 2.18 TN \$132,266,395 \$46,887,569 2.19% \$9,344 1.77% 1.24 TX \$361,457,016 \$51,698,105 5.06% \$33,015 6.62% 0.76 UT \$33,770,236 \$29,889,447 0.78% \$2,788 0.53% 1.48 WA \$60,992,389 \$49,071,693 1.35% \$12,132 2.29% 0.59 WV \$39,343,778 \$26,428,782 0.80% \$2,328 0.44% 1.83 WI \$122,063,638 \$61,460,100 2.25% \$9,625 1.82% 0.18% UT \$86,257,633 \$17,404,145 0.29% \$968 0.18% 1.58	MD	\$31,797,014	\$65,350,788	1.19%	\$ 11,904	2.25%	0.53
MN \$99,153,004 \$116,070,848 2.63% \$9,577 1.81% 1.45 MS \$79,572,937 \$20,123 0.97% \$3,090 0.58% 1.67 MO \$94,000,082 \$82,418,933 2.16% \$9,501 1.80% 1.20 MT \$10,231,750 \$14,153,416 0.30% \$1,243 0.24% 1.27 NE \$21,712,626 \$26,807,979 0.59% \$2,814 0.53% 1.12 NV \$11,868,515 \$2,320,096 0.17% \$3,832 0.72% 0.24 NH \$1,645,394 \$40,230,039 0.51% \$2,697 0.51% 1.00 NJ \$179,542,654 \$77,484,000 3.15% \$23,617 4.47% 0.70 NM \$23,211,009 \$52,349,861 0.92% \$2,314 0.44% 2.11 NY \$1,056,278,597 \$364,306,907 17.39% \$45,165 8.54% 2.04 NC \$224,746,291 \$36,590,899 3.20% \$11,992 2.27% 1.41 ND \$28,679,412 \$19,975,256 0.60% \$1,030 0.19% 3.06 OH \$285,092,623 \$\$8,584,617 4.21% \$20,993 3.97% 1.06 OK \$64,540,018 \$73,376,426 1.69% \$4,701 0.89% 1.90 OR \$47,326,165 \$60,481,480 1.32% \$5,584 1.06% 1.25 PA \$293,560,678 \$180,331,947 5.80% \$24,176 4.57% 1.27 RI \$18,311,258 \$43,395,040 0.76% \$1,975 0.37% 2.02 SC \$130,867,332 \$23,071,020 1.88% \$5,327 1.01% 1.87 SD \$18,870,871 \$22,599,833 0.51% \$1,231 0.23% 2.18 TN \$132,266,395 \$46,887,569 2.19% \$9,344 1.77% 1.24 TX \$361,457,016 \$51,698,105 5.06% \$35,015 6.62% 0.76 UT \$33,770,236 \$29,889,447 0.78% \$2,788 0.53% 1.48 VT \$1,881,566 \$27,475,369 0.36% \$988 0.19% 1.92 VA \$78,933,264 \$25,931,120 1.28% \$14,151 2.68% 0.48% WA \$60,992,389 \$49,071,693 1.35% \$12,132 2.29% 0.59 WV \$39,343,778 \$26,428,782 0.80% \$2,328 0.44% 1.83 WI \$122,063,638 \$61,460,100 2.25% \$9,625 1.82% 0.18%	MA	\$138,092,313	\$124,200,000	3.21%	\$15,514	2.93%	
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MO \$94,000,082 \$82,418,933 2.16% \$9,501 1.80% 1.20 MT \$10,231,750 \$14,153,416 0.30% \$1,243 0.24% 1.27 NE \$21,712,626 \$26,807,979 0.59% \$2,814 0.53% 1.12 NV \$11,868,515 \$2,320,096 0.17% \$3,832 0.72% 0.24 NH \$1,645,394 \$40,230,039 0.51% \$2,697 0.51% 1.00 NJ \$179,542,654 \$77,484,000 3.15% \$23,617 4.47% 0.70 NM \$23,211,009 \$52,349,861 0.92% \$2,314 0.44% 2.11 NY \$1,056,278,597 \$364,306,907 17.39% \$45,165 8.54% 2.04 NC \$224,746,291 \$36,590,899 3.20% \$11,992 2.27% 1.41 ND \$28,679,412 \$19,975,256 0.60% \$1,030 0.19% 3.06 OH \$285,092,623 \$58,846,617 4.21% \$20,993 <t< td=""><td>MN</td><td>\$99,153,004</td><td>\$116,070,848</td><td>2.63%</td><td>\$9,577</td><td>1.81%</td><td>1.45</td></t<>	MN	\$99,153,004	\$116,070,848	2.63%	\$9,577	1.81%	1.45
MT \$10,231,750 \$14,153,416 0.30% \$1,243 0.24% 1.27 NE \$21,712,626 \$26,807,979 0.59% \$2,814 0.53% 1.12 NV \$11,868,515 \$2,320,096 0.17% \$3,832 0.72% 0.24 NH \$1,645,394 \$40,230,039 0.51% \$2,697 0.51% 1.00 NJ \$179,542,654 \$77,484,000 3.15% \$23,617 4.47% 0.70 NM \$23,211,009 \$52,349,861 0.92% \$2,314 0.44% 2.11 NY \$1,056,278,597 \$364,306,907 17.39% \$45,165 8.54% 2.04 NC \$224,746,291 \$36,590,899 3.20% \$11,992 2.27% 1.41 ND \$285,679,412 \$19,975,256 0.60% \$1,030 0.19% 3.06 OH \$285,092,623 \$58,584,617 4.21% \$20,993 3.97% 1.06 OK \$64,540,018 \$73,376,426 1.69% \$4,701 <	MS	\$79,572,937	\$20,123	0.97%	\$3,090	0.58%	1.67
NE \$21,712,626 \$26,807,979 0.59% \$2,814 0.53% 1.12 NV \$11,868,515 \$2,320,096 0.17% \$3,832 0.72% 0.24 NH \$1,645,394 \$40,230,039 0.51% \$2,697 0.51% 1.00 NJ \$179,542,654 \$77,484,000 3.15% \$23,617 4.47% 0.70 NM \$23,211,009 \$52,349,861 0.92% \$2,314 0.44% 2.11 NY \$1,056,278,597 \$364,306,907 17.39% \$45,165 8.54% 2.04 NC \$224,746,291 \$36,590,899 3.20% \$11,992 2.27% 1.41 ND \$28,679,412 \$19,975,256 0.60% \$1,030 0.19% 3.06 OH \$285,092,623 \$58,584,617 4.21% \$20,993 3.97% 1.06 OK \$64,540,018 \$73,376,426 1.69% \$4,701 0.89% 1.90 OR \$47,326,165 \$60,481,480 1.32% \$5,584 <t< td=""><td>мо</td><td>\$94,000,082</td><td>\$82,418,933</td><td>2.16%</td><td>\$9,501</td><td>1.80%</td><td>1.20</td></t<>	мо	\$94,000,082	\$82,418,933	2.16%	\$9,501	1.80%	1.20
NV \$11,868,515 \$2,320,096 0.17% \$3,832 0.72% 0.24 NH \$1,645,394 \$40,230,039 0.51% \$2,697 0.51% 1.00 NJ \$179,542,654 \$77,484,000 3.15% \$23,617 4.47% 0.70 NM \$23,211,009 \$52,349,861 0.92% \$2,314 0.44% 2.11 NY \$1,056,278,597 \$364,306,907 17.39% \$45,165 8.54% 2.04 NC \$224,746,291 \$36,590,899 3.20% \$11,992 2.27% 1.41 ND \$28,679,412 \$19,975,256 0.60% \$1,030 0.19% 3.06 OH \$285,092,623 \$58,584,617 4.21% \$20,993 3.97% 1.06 OK \$64,540,018 \$73,376,426 1.69% \$4,701 0.89% 1.90 OR \$47,326,165 \$60,481,480 1.32% \$5,584 1.06% 1.25 PA \$293,560,678 \$180,331,947 5.80% \$24,176	MT	\$10,231,750	\$14,153,416	0.30%	\$1,243	0.24%	1.27
NH \$1,643,394 \$40,230,039 0.51% \$2,697 0.51% 1.00 NJ \$179,542,654 \$77,484,000 3.15% \$23,617 4.47% 0.70 NM \$23,211,009 \$52,349,861 0.92% \$2,314 0.44% 2.11 NY \$1,056,278,597 \$364,306,907 17.39% \$45,165 8.54% 2.04 NC \$224,746,291 \$36,590,899 3.20% \$11,992 2.27% 1.41 ND \$285,679,412 \$19,975,256 0.60% \$1,030 0.19% 3.06 OH \$285,092,623 \$58,584,617 4.21% \$20,993 3.97% 1.06 OK \$64,540,018 \$73,376,426 1.69% \$4,701 0.89% 1.90 OR \$47,326,165 \$60,481,480 1.32% \$5,584 1.06% 1.25 PA \$293,560,678 \$180,331,947 5.80% \$24,176 4.57% 1.27 RI \$18,311,258 \$43,395,040 0.76% \$1,975	NE	\$21,712,626	\$26,807,979	0.59%	\$2,814	0.53%	1.12
NJ \$179,542,654 \$77,484,000 3.15% \$23,617 4.47% 0.70 NM \$23,211,009 \$52,349,861 0.92% \$2,314 0.44% 2.11 NY \$1,056,278,597 \$364,306,907 17.39% \$45,165 8.54% 2.04 NC \$224,746,291 \$36,590,899 3.20% \$11,992 2.27% 1.41 ND \$28,679,412 \$19,975,256 0.60% \$1,030 0.19% 3.06 OH \$285,092,623 \$58,584,617 4.21% \$20,993 3.97% 1.06 OK \$64,540,018 \$73,376,426 1.69% \$4,701 0.89% 1.90 OR \$47,326,165 \$60,481,480 1.32% \$5,584 1.06% 1.25 PA \$293,560,678 \$180,331,947 5.80% \$24,176 4.57% 1.27 RI \$18,311,258 \$43,395,040 0.76% \$1,975 0.37% 2.02 SC \$130,867,332 \$23,071,020 1.88% \$5,327 1.01% 1.87 SD \$18,870,871 \$22,599,833 0.51% \$1,231 0.23% 2.18 TN \$132,266,395 \$46,887,569 2.19% \$9,344 1.77% 1.24 TX \$361,457,016 \$51,698,105 5.06% \$35,015 6.62% 0.76 UT \$33,770,236 \$29,889,447 0.78% \$2,788 0.53% 1.48 VT \$1,881,566 \$27,475,369 0.36% \$988 0.19% 1.92 VA \$78,933,264 \$25,931,120 1.28% \$14,151 2.68% 0.48 WA \$60,992,389 \$49,071,693 1.35% \$12,132 2.29% 0.59 WV \$39,343,778 \$26,428,782 0.80% \$2,328 0.44% 1.83 WI \$122,063,638 \$61,460,100 2.25% \$9,625 1.82% 1.23 WY \$6,257,633 \$17,404,145 0.29% \$968 0.18% 1.58	NV	\$11,868,515	\$2,320,096	0.17%	\$3,832	0.72%	0.24
NM \$23,211,009 \$52,349,861 0.92% \$2,314 0.44% 2.11 NY \$1,056,278,597 \$364,306,907 17.39% \$45,165 8.54% 2.04 NC \$224,746,291 \$36,590,899 3.20% \$11,992 2.27% 1.41 ND \$28,679,412 \$19,975,256 0.60% \$1,030 0.19% 3.06 OH \$285,092,623 \$58,584,617 4.21% \$20,993 3.97% 1.06 OK \$64,540,018 \$73,376,426 1.69% \$4,701 0.89% 1.90 OR \$47,326,165 \$60,481,480 1.32% \$5,584 1.06% 1.25 PA \$293,560,678 \$180,331,947 5.80% \$24,176 4.57% 1.27 RI \$18,311,258 \$43,395,040 0.76% \$1,975 0.37% 2.02 SC \$130,867,332 \$23,071,020 1.88% \$5,327 1.01% 1.87 SD \$18,870,871 \$22,599,833 0.51% \$1,231	NH	\$1,645,394	\$40,230,039	0.51%	\$ 2,69 7	0.51%	1.00
NY \$1,056,278,597 \$364,306,907 17.39% \$45,165 8.54% 2.04 NC \$224,746,291 \$36,590,899 3.20% \$11,992 2.27% 1.41 ND \$28,679,412 \$19,975,256 0.60% \$1,030 0.19% 3.06 OH \$285,092,623 \$58,584,617 4.21% \$20,993 3.97% 1.06 OK \$64,540,018 \$73,376,426 1.69% \$4,701 0.89% 1.90 OR \$47,326,165 \$60,481,480 1.32% \$5,584 1.06% 1.25 PA \$293,560,678 \$180,331,947 5.80% \$24,176 4.57% 1.27 RI \$18,311,258 \$43,395,040 0.76% \$1,975 0.37% 2.02 SC \$130,867,332 \$23,071,020 1.88% \$5,327 1.01% 1.87 SD \$18,870,871 \$22,599,833 0.51% \$1,231 0.23% 2.18 TN \$132,266,395 \$46,887,569 2.19% \$9,344 1.77% 1.24 TX \$361,457,016 \$51,698,105 5.06% \$35,015 6.62% 0.76 UT \$33,770,236 \$29,889,447 0.78% \$2,788 0.53% 1.48 VT \$1,881,566 \$27,475,369 0.36% \$988 0.19% 1.92 VA \$78,933,264 \$25,931,120 1.28% \$14,151 2.68% 0.48 WA \$60,992,389 \$49,071,693 1.35% \$12,132 2.29% 0.59 WV \$39,343,778 \$26,428,782 0.80% \$2,328 0.44% 1.83 WI \$122,063,638 \$61,460,100 2.25% \$9,625 1.82% 1.23 WY \$6,257,633 \$17,404,145 0.29% \$968 0.18% 1.58	NJ	\$179,542,654	\$77,484,000	3.15%	\$23,617	4.47%	0.70
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ND \$28,679,412 \$19,975,256 0.60% \$1,030 0.19% 3.06 OH \$285,092,623 \$58,584,617 4.21% \$20,993 3.97% 1.06 OK \$64,540,018 \$73,376,426 1.69% \$4,701 0.89% 1.90 OR \$47,326,165 \$60,481,480 1.32% \$5,584 1.06% 1.25 PA \$293,560,678 \$180,331,947 5.80% \$24,176 4.57% 1.27 RI \$18,311,258 \$43,395,040 0.76% \$1,975 0.37% 2.02 SC \$130,867,332 \$23,071,020 1.88% \$5,327 1.01% 1.87 SD \$18,870,871 \$22,599,833 0.51% \$1,231 0.23% 2.18 TN \$132,266,395 \$46,887,569 2.19% \$9,344 1.77% 1.24 TX \$361,457,016 \$51,698,105 5.06% \$35,015 6.62% 0.76 UT \$33,770,236 \$29,889,447 0.78% \$2,788 <td< td=""><td>NC</td><td>\$224,746,291</td><td>\$36,590,899</td><td>3.20%</td><td>\$11,992</td><td>2.27%</td><td>1.41</td></td<>	NC	\$224,746,291	\$36,590,899	3.20%	\$11,992	2.27%	1.41
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	44.7						
	wv	SK 757 K22	\$17 ANA 1A\$	11 70%	ZUAR		

^{*} indicates 1993 Data



Variations in State Financial Benefit for Combined ICF-MR and HCBS Programs

As in all Medicaid programs, the federal government shares the costs of the ICF-MR and HCBS programs with the states as a function of the state per capita income relative to national per capita income (see Table 3.6 for 1996 federal contributions or "match" rates). Relatively rich states share total expenditures on an equal basis with the federal government: relatively poor states may have federal involvement in financing Medicaid services up to 83% (Mississippi's 78.0% was the highest federal share in 1996). It is often presumed, therefore, that the extent to which states benefit from ICF-MR and HCBS program participation should to be related to their general need for assistance as reflected in the federal Medicaid cost share ratio. However, because states vary considerably in their combined ICF-MR and HCBS utilization rates, in the proportions of ICF-MR and HCBS recipients, and in their expenditures per recipient, some deviation is expected between total benefit in federal dollars from the combined ICF-MR and HCBS program and the proportion of total ICF-MR and HCBS expenditures reimbursed by the federal This concept of relative benefit has government. become of increasing interest recently in discussions of Medicaid "block grants" or other means of capping states' abilities to spend federal monies. Questions arise as to whether state funding allocations should be based on present Medicaid expenditures, including relative "benefit" disparities to be noted, or whether they should be based on separate criteria (e.g., total persons served, percentage of state population in poverty), and, if the former, whether some adjustment would be needed over time to close the gap between states that presently receive relatively more or less federal Medicaid reimbursements.

To demonstrate the differences that exist among states in their relative "return" on current contributions to Medicaid, a "state benefit ratio" was computed. The state Medicaid benefit ratio in Table 3.9 represents a ratio of combined federal ICF-MR and HCBS reimbursements paid to each state for each dollar contributed to the program through personal income tax. Obviously such an index masks certain realities: first, federal revenues for the Medicaid program do not come exclusively through personal income tax; second, expenditures for federal programs fall short of the revenues generated for those programs (i.e., the federal government has had substantially greater total expenditures than revenues), a major factor in the block grant and other proposals to control expenditures. Despite the oversimplifications, such an index is one way of assessing the balance between state contributions to the federal government for the combined ICF-MR and HCBS programs and federal reimbursements back to the states for ICF-MR and HCBS programs.

Table 3.9 shows that in Fiscal Year 1996, 6 states got back over two dollars in federal reimbursements for every dollar contributed. In contrast 6 states got back \$.50 or less in reimbursements for every dollar contributed. Of the 33 states showing a favorable "State Benefit Ratio" (state's % of total federal ICF-MR reimbursements divided by state's % of total federal income tax payments being greater than 1.00), 8 of the 10 poorest states (with federal Medicaid matching rates of 70% or greater) were included. Only 5 of the fourteen richest states with federal Medicaid matching rates of 50.0% had a favorable "state benefit ratio." Therefore, while differential ICF-MR and HCBS utilization and average costs may cause a poor state such as Alabama to subsidize combined ICF-MR and HCBS expenditures in relatively wealthy states (e.g., Massachusetts and New York), the highly favorable Medicaid federal-state cost share for the poorer states has been effective in establishing a general tendency for them to receive more federal funds for long-term care for persons with MR/DD than they contribute to them



Indexed Utilization Rates

Table 3.10 presents the number of ICF-MR residents and HCBS recipients in each state per 100,000 of that state's population, along with national totals. On June 30, 1996 there were 48.7 ICF-MR residents per 100,000 of the national population. That included 16.7 persons per 100,000 in community ICFs-MR (7.5 in places with 6 or fewer residents and 9.2 in places with 7-15 residents) and 32.0 persons per 100,000 in large ICFs-MR. There was rather remarkable variation in utilization among the states. Louisiana had the highest utilization rate nationally, with 139.2 ICF-MR residents per 100,000 population, followed by District of Columbia with 135.9 residents per 100,000 population. Eight states had more than 150% of the national rate. In contrast, 14 states were less than 50% of the national rate. Figure 3.8 shows this variation on a state-by-state basis.

States with the highest utilization rates for large ICFs-MR included Louisiana (72.5), Mississippi (72.2), Oklahoma (67.9), Wisconsin (64.7), and Illinois Twenty states reported large ICF-MR (60.6).utilization rates below 20 per 100,000. But by far the greatest interstate variability was evident among the community ICFs-MR. Utilization rates for ICFs-MR with 15 or fewer residents were more than 50 per 100,000 in the District of Columbia (135.9), North Dakota (66.8), Indiana (64.6), Louisiana (66.8), and Minnesota (51.6). Eight states had no small ICFs-MR and utilization rates were less than 3.0 in fourteen additional states. There were 34 states with ICFs-MR of 6 or fewer residents, and the states with the highest utilization rates for such small ICFs-MR were the District of Columbia (75.9) and Louisiana (47.8).

Total ICF-MR and HCBS utilization for persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities also shows high interstate variability. Nationally on June 30, 1996 there were 120.2 ICF-MR and HCBS recipients per 100,000 of the nation's population. One state had a rate more than triple the national utilization rate. Alaska, Georgia, Hawaii, Kentucky, Nevada, and Virginia had total Medicaid utilization rates that were less than half the national rate.

Utilization rates for Medicaid community services (both HCBS and community ICFs-MR) also showed great variation around the national average utilization rate of 88.2 per 100,000. Seven states provided Medicaid community services to fewer than 40 persons with MR/DD per 100,000 of the states' total population. Six states had Medicaid community service utilization

rates that were more than twice the national average: Arizona (188.4), New York (189.2), North Dakota (344.2), Rhode Island (213.9), South Dakota (187.6), and Vermont (192.8). Figure 3.9 shows this variation on a state-by-state basis.

In noting the extreme variability among states in the utilization of Medicaid ICF-MR and HCBS services, it is important to recognize that some of that variability is a reflection of the size of state residential systems in general. On June 30, 1996 states had an average total utilization rate for all residential services (both Medicaid and non-Medicaid) of 121.4 per 100,000. States varied from 43.0 residential service recipients per 100,000 in Nevada to 295.8 in North Dakota. While states vary markedly in their total utilization of residential placements for persons with MR/DD, state policy decisions create even greater variability in their relative utilization of Medicaid ICF-MR and HCBS programs to finance those services.



Table 3.10 Utilization Rates per 100,000 of State Population: ICF-MR Residents, HCBS Recipients with MR/DD, and all Residential Service Recipients in June 30, 1996 by State

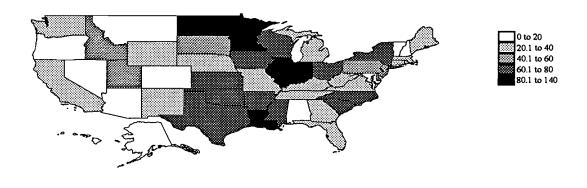
							30, 1996 by							
	IC	OF-MR R	esidents/	100,000	of State I	opulatio		Total Recipien	ts		All Resider	nts (ICF-N	IR & Non-	ICF-MR)
	Stat							HCBS & Communit	HCBS					
State	Population	1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total	HCBS	ICF ₉ -M	ICF-M	1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total
AL	43.16	0.0	0.6	0.6	18.5	19.1	79.1	79.7	98.2	19.7	16.5	36.2	19.3	55.5
AK	6.47	3.1	3.1	6.2	29	9.1	29.4	35.5	38.5	7 6.0	11.3	87.3	29	90.3
AZ	41.45	0.1	1.9	2.0	2.7	4.7	186.4	188.4	191.1	58.0	2.6	60.6	4.5	65.1
AR	24.90	0.0	12.0	12.0	51.1	63.1	19.0	31.0	82.1	20.6	33.1	53.6	60.1	113.3
CA	328.96	10.4	1.7	12.1	19.0	31.1	88.6	100.7	119.7	96.7	8.9	105.6	27.8	133.4
ω	37.80	0.3	0.0	0.3	6.2	6.5	105.2	105.5	111.7	77.5	15.7	93.2	6.2	99.3
CT	32.73	12.2	7.7	19.9	19.7	39.7	91.6	111.5	131.3	126.9	12.2	139.1	36.9	176.1
DE DC	7.26 5.55	0.0 75.9	2.2 60.0	2.2 135.9	39.1 0.0	41.3	48.5	50.7 135.9	89.8	58.0	4.3	62.3	40.1	102.3
FL	3.33 144.31	1.6	0.0	1.6	22.2	135.9 23.9	0.0 69.3	70.9	135.9 93.1	124.5 31.5	67.4 10.9	191.9 42.3	0.0 2 6.9	191.9
GA GA	72.09	0.0	0.0	0.0	28.0	28.0	22.5	22.5	50.5	21.3	0.0	21.3		<u>692</u> 493
HI	12.42	5.7	0.6	6.3	3.9	10.2	41.6	47.9	51.9	862	0.6	21.3 86.7	28.0 5.1	49.3 91.8
ID	11.83	3.8	26.4	30.2	15.3	45.5	35.1	65.3	80.6	102.1	44.0	146.2	37.4	183.5
IL	119.16	20	24.8	26.8	60.6	87.4	44.2	71.0	131.6	20.3	28.9	49.2	60.6	109.7
IN	58.65	16.5	48.1	64.6	37.4	102.1	13.9	78.5	116.0	43.6	48.1	91.7	38.0	129.7
IA	28.75	4.7	16.0	20.7	55.2	75.9	89.6	110.2	165.5	98.5	69.4	167.8	112.1	279.9
KS	26.25	27	8.3	11.0	49.4	60.4	119.8	130.9	180.3	20.8	31.7	52.5	53.6	106.0
KY	38.79	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.8	29.8	23.8	23.8	53.6	25.8	6.0	31.9	30.2	62.1
LA	43.83	47.8	18.9	66.8	72.5	1392	47.9	114.7	187.1	72.5	27.1	99.5	83.2	182.8
ME	12.37	92	16.4	25.6	10.3	36.0	80.8	106.5	116.8	88.0	25.1	113.0	12.0	125.1
MD	51 <i>.2</i> 7	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.7	12.7	64.5	64.5	77.2	75.1	6.9	81.9	14.2	96.1
MA	59.71	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.1	30.1	134.4	134.4	164.5	102.0	22.8	124.9	30.5	155.4
MI	96.12	29.5	0.0	29.5	3.6	33.1	54.2	83.7	87.3	120.2	0.0	120.2	3.6	123.8
MN	46.60	18.9	32.7	51.6	30.5	82.1	116.4	168.0	198.5	169.4	35.9	205.4	30.5	235.8
MS	26.83	0.0	7.0	7.0	<u>72.2</u>	79.2	24	. 9.5	81.7	17.4	10.9	28.3	76.4	104.7
MO	53.16	0.2	1.3	1.6	29.3	30.9	106.9	108.5	137.8	5 6.1	24.7	80.9	41.7	122.6
MΓ	8.74	0.0	0.9	0.9	18.0	18.9	92.3	93.2	1112	96.0	57.3	153.3	18.0	171.3
NE	16.56	0.0	0.5	0.5	38.7	39.3	110.7	111.3	150.0	87.7	14.5	102.2	38.7	140.9
NV	15.20	4.1	1.3	5.4	9.9	15.3	23.8	29.1	39.0	31.3	1.3	32.6	10.4	43.0
NH	11.39	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	1.9	167.3	167.3	169.3	132.1	5.1	137.2	1.9	139.2
N	79.72	0.0	0.0	0.0	51.3	51.3	65.8	65.8	117.1	56.5	6.7	63.2	61.9	125.1
NM NY	17.05 181.90	29 32	10.6 36.0	13.5 39.2	15.0 25.9	28.4 65.1	91.1 149.9	104.6 189.2	119.5 215.1	94.0 65.7	10.6 96.5	104.6 162.2	15.0 26.4	119.5
NC	72.43	19.5	6.5	26.0	37.4	63.4	42.8	68.8	106.2	50.3	10.4	60.7	26.4 38.5	188.7 99.2
ND	6.38	25.1	41.7	66.8	31.0	97.8	277.4	344.2	375.2	175.9	78.8	254.7	41.1	295.8
OH	112.53	1.7	17.6	19.3	49.6	68.9	23.0	42.3	92.0	58.8	27.5	86.4	51.3	137.7
OK.	32.93	0.4	0.8	12	67.9	69.1	68.6	69.8	137.7	46.2	8.0	54.2	67.9	122.2
OR	31.94	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.4	13.4	79.0	79.0	92.4	85.1	17.6	102.7	19.4	122.1
PA	121.66	5.7	5.4	11.1	42.0	53.2	49.9	61.1	103.1	80.8	6.0	86.8	45.6	1324
RI	10.00	19.3	3.2	22.5	0.0	22.5	191.4	213.9	213.9	97.8	33.7	131.5	0.0	131.5
<u>sc</u>	37.72	1.7	27.8	29.5	43.1	72.6	55.0	84.5	127.6	43.7	28.8	72.6	43.1	115.7
SD	7.42	0.0	13.1	13.1	34.0	47.0	174.5	187.6	221.6	133.3	92.2	225.5	34.0	259.4
TN	52.90	23	7.1	9.4	29.0	38.3	57.1	66.5	95.4	23.0	27.6	50.6	29.0	7 9.6
TX	188.81	22.6	4.8	27.4	42.7	70.0	19.4	46.7	89.4	22.6	4.8	27.4	42.7	70.0
<u>UT</u>	19.85	0.0	0.6	0.6	43.0	43.6	107.2	107.8	150.8	62.5	13.9	7 6.4	43.0	119.4
VT	5.82	2.6	0.0	26	0.0	26	190.2	192.8	192.8	146.4	0.0	146.4	0.0	146.4
VA	67.26	0.1	23	2.5	32.5	35.0	21.6	24.1	56.6	7.0	10.6	17.6	32.5	50.1
WA	56.12	0.7	0.4	12	20.0	21.2	83.1	84.3	104.3	792	7.1	86.3	26.8	113.1
WV	18 <i>.2</i> 7	3.5	21.3	24.8	7.3	32.2	73.2	98.0	105.4	61.4	36.5	97.9	9.5	107.4
WI	52.03	0.0	0.3	0.3	64.7	65.0	97.3	97.6	162.3	151.3	16.0	167.2	64.7	232.0
WY	4.94	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.4	29.4	174.9	174.9	204.3	121.3	15.2	136.4	29.4	165.8
U. S. Tota	2,659.99	7.5	9.2	16.7	32.0	48.7	71.5	88.2	120.2	64.9	21.2	86.1	35.8	122.0



Figure 3.10 shows patterns of overall U.S. residential services and ICF-MR services utilization from 1962 to 1996. It shows the generally stable, but slightly decreasing ICF-MR utilization rates since 1982. It also shows the steadily increasing overall residential services utilization rate since 1987, when residential services utilization reached 105.1 service recipients per 100,00 of the general U.S. population. It is notable that while the residential utilization rate was increasing by 16.3 residents per 100,000 in the U.S. population in the nine years between 1987 and 1996, the ICF-MR utilization rate decreased by 13.5 residents per 100,000 in the general population. The aging of the "baby boom" generation into adulthood has been a primary driving force of increasing overall placement rates and is contributing to the growing number of people waiting for services.

As shown below, the HCBS program played a major role in funding the residential services of persons not living in ICFs-MR, with an estimated 70.9% of HCBS recipients receiving residential services outside of a home shared with relatives (see Table 3.11). Applying that statistic to all 190,230 HCBS recipients on June 30, 1996 would yield an estimated 134,873 persons receiving residential services outside their family home financed by Medicaid Home and Community Based Services. This means the overall utilization of HCBS to fund community residential services (other than room and board) is now more than triple that of the ICF-MR program.

Figure 3.8 Total ICF-MR Residents per 100,000 of State Population by State on June 30, 1996

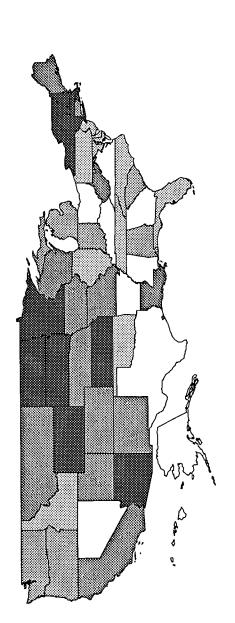


National Average =48.7

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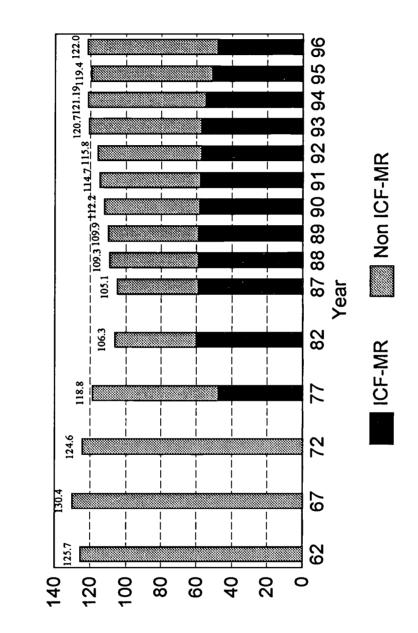
Figure 3.9 Total Community ICF-MR and HCBS Recipients per 100,000 of State Population by State on June 30, 1996



0 to 50 50.1 to 75.0 75.1 to 90 90.1 to 125 125.1 to 350

National Average = 88.2

Figure 3.10
ICF-MR and Non ICF-MR Residential Service Recipients per 100,000 of the U.S. Population, 1962 to 1996





Residential Arrangements of HCBS Recipients

As part of the 1996 data collection, states were asked to report the most recent available statistics on where their Medicaid Home and Community Based Service recipients lived. The same five categories of residential arrangements were provided as described in Chapter 6. In all, 35 states were able to provide these breakdowns for most HCBS service recipients. These reports are summarized in Table 3.11 by state and residential arrangement. As indicated in the U.S. total, nearly one-half of HCBS recipients (40.8%) received services in a residence owned, rented, or managed by an agency, in which agency staff provide care, instruction, supervision, and support to residents with MR/DD. The estimated national total number of HCBS recipients living in such arrangements was 77,614. The second most frequently utilized residential arrangement of HCBS recipients was living in a home that was also the home of other family member(s). An estimated 55,357 HCBS recipients (29.1% of the total) lived with other family members. The third most frequent residential arrangement was a "family foster home" (i.e., a home owned or rented by a family or individual in which they live and provide care to an unrelated person(s) with MR/DD. It is estimated that nationally 25,681 HCBS recipients (13.5% of the total) lived in such arrangements. Finally, an estimated total of 24,730 HCBS recipients lived in their own homes (i.e., a home owned by or rented to them to which persons come to provide personal assistance, supervision, and/or other support). A small proportion of HCBS recipients (3.6%) were reported to be served in "other" residential arrangements that the reporting states were unable to fit into the categories provided.

Between 1994 and 1996 there was a notable increase in the proportion of HCBS recipients reported to be living in their family home or in their own homes. The estimated proportion of HCBS recipients living with parents or other relatives increased from 23.8% to 29.1% over the 2 years. The proportion of HCBS

recipients living in homes that they themselves rented or owned increased from 11.1% to 13.0%.

Persons with Mental Retardation and Related Developmental Disabilities in Generic Medicaid Nursing Facilities

Table 3.12 presents the number of people with retardation and related developmental disabilities reported by states to be in Medicaid nursing facilities, other than ones specifically licensed for persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities. The ability of states to report an actual or estimated count of Medicaid nursing facility residents was established primarily in response to the requirement under the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987 (OBRA-87) that states screen nursing home residents with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities for the appropriateness of their placement. States were required to submit an "Alternative Disposition Plan" to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services regarding the findings of those screenings.

On June 30, 1996, states identified 37,591 persons with MR/DD in Medicaid nursing homes. This statistic compares with a report of 38,564 on June 30, 1992. Nationwide, the total reported number of persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities in Medicaid nursing homes was 10.5% of the total number (357,270) receiving ICF-MR, Medicaid HCBS and Medicaid (generic) nursing home services, and the reported number of nursing home residents with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities equaled 10.4% of the nation's total population of persons in all types of MR/DD residential settings and in nursing homes (362,158). In 1996, Georgia, Indiana and Tennessee reported persons with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities in nursing homes as more than one-fifth of the total of their MR/DD program residents and nursing home residents.



Table 3.11 HCBS Recipients with MR/DD by Reported Type of Residential Setting on June 30, 1996

State	Residential Facility a	Family Foster Home b	Person's Own Home c	Family Home d	Other Residence	Reported Total	Actual Total
AL	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	3,415
AK	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	190
AZ	2,106	212	36	6,519	NA.	8,873	7,727
AR	DNF	0	DNF	DNF	NA	DNF	472
CA	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	29,133
co	912	0	248 e	349 c	1,732	3,241	3,976
CT	1,707	294	DNF	66	0	2,067	2,999
DE	241	101	10	1	NA	353	352
DC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FL	3,608	DNF	1,096	4,755	NA	9,459	10,000
GA	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	1,619
HI	89	291	0	67	1	448	517
ID	0	315	54	46	0	415	415
IL	1,924	0	93	0	NA	2,017	5,267
IN	70	42	127	662	NA	901_	816
IA	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	2,575
KS	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	3,146
KY	428 e	259 e	18 e	219 e	NA	924	924
LA	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	2,100
ME	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	1,000
MD	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	3,306
MA	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	8,027
MI	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	5,207
MN	3,789	559	327	989 65	NA 0	5,664	5,422
MS	2,162	<u></u>	1,857	1,651	0	65 5,670	5,685
MO	548	15 e	75	1,631 133 e	0	771	807
MT	DNF		DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	1,834
NE NV	80	DNF 5	54	0	0	139	361
NH	557	709	124	447	NA.	1,837	1,906
NJ	2,452	1,059	112	1,499	NA NA	5,122	5,242
NM	78	25	164	500 e	1,286	2,053	1,553
NY	DNF	3,990	DNF	DNF	NA	3,990	27,272
NC	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	3,098
ND	336 е	42 e	725 e	198 e	NA	1,301	1,770
ОН	615	22	1,012	808	39	2,496	2,593
ок	252 f	232 f	782 f	701 f	NA	1,967	2,260
OR	2,119 e	0	350 e	0	NA	2,469	2,523
PA	4,071	1,074	178	482	NA	5,805	6,076
RI	560	69	66	330 e	NA	1,025	1,914
sc	630	123	412	869	NA	2,034	2,074
SD	826	19	282	62	17	1,206	1,295
TN	781	59	262	343	DNF	1,445	3,021
TX	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	DNF	3,658
UT	950 e	80 e	303 е	633 e	0	1,966	2,128
VT	131	553	46 e	226	NA	956	1,107
VA	943	31	42	437	NA	1,453	1,453
WA	625	211	2,033	1,665	132	4,666	4,666
wv	292	134	55	628	0	1,109	1,337
WI	2,315	1,597	750	461	NA	5,123	5,063
WY	502	32	25	305	NA	864	864
Reported Total	36,699	12,154	11,718	26,116	3,207	89,894	
% by Category	40.8%	13.5%	13.0%	29.1%	3.6%	100.0%	
Est. U.S. Total	77,614	25,681	24,730	55,357	6,848		
Actual U.S. Total							190,230

a A place of residence owned, rented or managed by an agency, in which staff provide care, instruction, supervision and support to residents with MR/DD

DNF indicates data not furnished



b A home owned or rented by families or individuals in which they live and provide care to unrelated persons with MR/DD.

c A home owned or rented by person(s) with MR/DD into which persons come to provide personal assistance, instruction, monitoring and/or other support.

d The home of persons with MR/DD which is also the primary residence of parents or other relatives.

e indicates estimate findicates 1995 data

Table 3.12 Persons with Mental Retardation and Related Developmental Disabilities in Nursing Facilities on June 30, 1996 by State

	Persons with		Persons with	Persons with MR/DD		Residents in	Persons with
	MR/DD in	Total	MR/DD in	in Nursing Homes, as	Total	MR/DD	MR/DD in Nursing
	Non-	MR/DD	Nursing Homes,	% of Persons with	Residents	Residential	Homes, as % of All
	Specialized	Recipients	ICFs-MR, or	MR/DD in Nursing	in MR/DD	Settings and	Residents in MR/DD
	Nursing	of ICF-MR	Receiving	Homes, ICFs-MR, or	Residential	Nursing	Residences and
State	Homes	and HCBS	HCBS	Receiving HCBS	Settings	Homes	Nursing Homes
AL	162	4,240	4,402	3.7%	2,395	2,557	6.3%
AK	28	249	277	10.1%	584	612	4.6%
AZ	67	7,920	7,987	0.8%	2,697	2,764	2.4%
AR	0	2,044	2,044	0.0%	2,822	2,822	0.0%
CA	1,248 a	39,366	40,614	3.1%	43,878	45,126	2.8%
CO	258 c	4,221	4,479	5.8%	3,755	4,013	6.4%
CT	394	4,297	4,691	8.4%	5,763	6,157	6.4%
DE	0	652	652	0.0%	743	743	0.0%
DC	28 0	754	782	3.6%	1,065	1,093	2.6%
FL		13,442	13,442	0.0%	9,988	9,988	0.0%
GA HI	2,200 e,b 87	3,638 644	5,838 731	37.7%	3,557	5,757	38.2%
ID	39 c	953	992	11.9% 3.9%	1,140	1,227	7.1%
IL	2,872 c	15,683	18,555	15.5%	2,171 13,077	2,210 15,949	1.8% 18.0%
IN	2,057 a	6,802	8,859	23.2%	7,604	9,661	21.3%
IA	148	4,757	4,905	3.0%	8,048	8,196	1.8%
KS	0	4,732	4,732	0.0%	2,783	2,783	0.0%
KY	0	2,081	2,081	0.0%	2,409	2,409	0.0%
LA	1,267	8,202	9,469	13.4%	8,011	9,278	13.7%
ME	45 a	1,445	1,490	3.0%	1,547	1,592	2.8%
MD	336	3,958	4,294	7.8%	4,927	5,263	6.4%
MA	1,828	9,822	11,650	15.7%	9,281	11,109	16.5%
MI	748 a	8,392	9,140	8.2%	11,903	12,651	5.9%
MN	1,144	9,248	10,392	11.0%	10,990	12,134	9.4%
MS	0	2,191	2,191	0.0%	2,808	2,808	0.0%
МО	1,125	7,328	8,453	13.3%	6,518	7,643	14.7%
MT	169	972	1,141	14.8%	1,497	1,666	10.1%
NE	0	2,484	2,484	0.0%	2,334	2,334	0.0%
NV	32	593	625	5.1%	653	685	4.7%
NH	101	1,928	2,029	5.0%	1,585	1,686	6.0%
NJ	371	9,333	9,704	3.8%	9,969	10,340	3.6%
NM	138	2,038	2,176	6.3%	2,038	2,176	6.3%
NY	8,454	39,118	47,572	17.8%	34,316	42,770	19.8%
NC	850	7,691	8,541	10.0%	7,183	8,033	10.6%
ND	175 c	2,394	2,569	6.8%	1,887	2,062	8.5%
OH	2,169	10,349	12,518	17.3%	15,491	17,660	12.3%
OK OR	930 a 265 a	4,535 a 2,952	•		•	4,953 a	
PA	263 a 1,544 e,c	12,545	3,217	8.2%	3,900	4,165	6.4%
RI	1,344 6,6	2,139	14,089 2,139	11.0% 0.0%	16,104 1,315	17,648	8.7% 0.0%
SC	0	4,814	4,814	0.0%	4,363	1,315 4,363	0.0%
SD	169	1,644	1,813	9.3%	1,925	2,094	8.1%
TN	1,351 c	5,049	6,400	21.1%	4,209	5,560	24.3%
TX	3,258 d	16,882	20,140	16.2%	13,224	16,482	19.8%
UT	241	2,994	3,235	7.4%	2,371	2,612	9.2%
VT	66	1,122	1,188	5.6%	852	918	7.2%
VA VA	0	3,810	3,810	0.0%	3,373	3,373	0.0%
WA	492	5,853	6,345	7.8%	6,346	6,838	7.2%
wv	30	1,925	1,955	1.5%	1,962	1,992	1.5%
WI	672	8,445	9,117	7.4%	12,069	12,741	5.3%
WY	33	1,009	1,042	3.2%	819	852	3.9%
U.S. Total	37,591	319,679	357,270	10.5%	324,567	362,158	10.4%

a indicates 1995 data



d indicates 1991 data

b indicates 1994 data

e indicates estimate

c indicates 1993 data

ICF-MR and HCBS for Persons with MR/DD as a Proportion of All Federal Medicaid Expenditures

Between 1992 and 1996 most of the growth in federal Medicaid expenditures for ICF-MR and HCBS for persons with MR/DD was due to growth in expenditures for HCBS. In Fiscal Year 1992, states received \$888,900,000 in federal reimbursements for Medicaid HCBS services for persons with MR/DD (Braddock, et. al., 1995). By Fiscal Year 1994 federal reimbursements for Medicaid HCBS services had nearly doubled to \$1,665,390,500, and by Fiscal Year 1996 federal reimbursements for Medicaid HCBS had increased another 58.8% to \$2,644,696,016. Although ICF-MR populations decreased between June 1992 and June 1996 from 146,260 to 129,449 residents, there was an increase in federal ICF-MR expenditures from \$5.08 to \$5.53 billion. This increase of \$.45 billion compared with a \$1.76 billion increase in federal HCBS reimbursements over the same period.

Because Medicaid long-term care services are being steadily transformed from ICF-MR to HCBS programs, primarily by moving people out of ICFs-MR, but also by converting community ICFs-MR into HCBS financed community settings, it can be instructive to examine federal allocations to the combined ICF-MR and HCBS programs for persons with MR/DD. Doing so stimulates two observations about federal Medicaid reimbursements for long-term care of persons with MR/DD. First, long-term care payments for persons with MR/DD make up a substantial and disproportionately large amount of total federal

Medicaid expenditures (i.e., per recipient costs for persons with MR/DD receiving long-term care are much greater than the per recipient Medicaid costs for the general Medicaid population). Second, the proportion of total federal Medicaid expenditures going to the ICF-MR and HCBS programs for persons with MR/DD has actually decreased over the past several years.

As shown in Table 3.13, federal expenditures for Medicaid ICF-MR and HCBS programs for persons with MR/DD increased by 124% between 1988 and 1996 (increased by \$4.52 billion dollars from \$3.65 billion dollars). These increases contributed significantly to the overall growth in total federal Medicaid expenditures. Still the growth rate of federal ICF-MR and HCBS expenditures for persons with MR/DD between 1988 and 1996 was 10.6%, substantially less than the overall Medicaid growth rate of 14.25% per year. In fact, between 1988 and 1996 the combined federal reimbursements for the ICF-MR and HCBS programs for persons with MR/DD decreased from 12.0% to 9.2% of all federal Medicaid expenditures. Federal payments from ICF-MR and HCBS for persons with MR/DD as a proportion of all Medicaid expenditures did increase, however, between 1995 and 1996 from 8.7% to 9.2%. This change was primarily attributable to the remarkably small growth in total Medicaid expenditures (3%). Between 1995 and 1996 federal payments for ICF-MR and HCBS programs for persons with MR/DD also grew more slowly (8.9%) than the 1988 to 1996 average (10.6%).

Table 3.13

Federal Medicaid Expenditures for ICF-MR and HCBS Programs for Persons with MR/DD as a Proportion of All Federal Medicaid Expenditures

_	as a reportion of this reactar integral Experience								
Year	Total Federal Medicaid Expenditures	Total Federal ICF-MR and HCBS Expenditures for Persons with MR/DD	Federal ICF-MR and HCBS Expenditures for Persons with MR/DD as Proportion of All Medicaid Expenditures						
1980	\$14.550 billion	\$1.7383 billion	11.9%						
1988	\$30.462 billion	\$3.6484 billion	12.0%						
1992	\$64.003 billion	\$5.7785 billion	9.0%						
1993	\$73.504 billion	\$6.5085 billion	8.9%						
1994	\$78.261 billion	\$6.9430 billion	8.9%						
1995	\$86.684 billion	\$7.5057 billion	8.7%						
1996	\$88.918 billion	\$8.1711 billion	9.2%						

Source: HCFA, Office of State Financial Management



Despite their decreasing proportion of all federal Medicaid expenditures, it is hard to overlook the disproportionately high expenditures for ICF-MR and HCBS recipients with MR/DD in comparison with the average for all Medicaid recipients. In 1996 the average federal contribution for each Medicaid beneficiary was \$2,400. This is compared to an average federal expenditure of \$26,500 for each ICF-MR and HCBS recipient with developmental disabilities. There are fairly clear factors contributing to these differences (the costs of extensive personal care and residential supports, inclusion of daytime habilitation programs, case management and so forth). Nevertheless the substantial difference between these levels of expenditures for long-term care recipients with MR/DD and the "average" Medicaid participant should remain a concern to those with an interest in

assuring that Medicaid reform proposals do not contain strong implicit or explicit restrictions on resources available to and needed by persons with MR/DD. For example, proposals to allow controlled growth in federal Medicaid expenditures by granting states a payment for each new enrollee that is based on the average federal Medicaid payment could appear to states to provide on average only about 10% of the current federal contribution for persons with MR/DD in ICF-MR and HCBS programs and barely 5% of what those services actually cost. The extent to which such "averaging" would have a negative effect on resources allocated to individuals who need levels and types of service that cost far above the Medicaid average is unknown, but worthy of concern.



CHAPTER 10

CONVERSION OF MEDICAID INTERMEDIATE CARE FACILITIES FOR PERSONS WITH MENTAL RETARDATION/DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES TO HOME AND COMMUNITY BASED SERVICES

Lynda Anderson Jennifer Sandlin Robert Prouty K. Charlie Lakin

The 1971 creation of the Medicaid Intermediate Care Facility for the Mentally Retarded (ICF-MR) program established federal regulations and federal cost-sharing for residential services provided in settings complying with specific federal standards. Although originally a means of improving institutional care, federal cost share enticed most states to certify community group homes as ICFs-MR as well. The 1981 enactment of Medicaid Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) provided states with a less regulated alternative to obtaining Medicaid cost-share to finance community services. Since 1995 HCBS has been the nation's largest Medicaid long-term care program for people with developmental disabilities. Generally these changes have been consistent with and have contributed to a national movement toward smaller and less heavily regulated residential settings. As shown in the previous chapter HCBS has also tended to be substantially less costly than ICF-MR.

In recent years, cost-containment and quality of life concerns have prompted states to reevaluate their development of community ICFs-MR, and in many states the conversion of some community group homes from ICF-MR to HCBS funding. In a number of states consideration has been/is being given to changing state restrictions on maximum size of HCBS sites (there are no federal restrictions) to allow an increased number of conversions of community ICFs-MR to HCBS sites. As related to these trends, this chapter summarizes policies and actions of states as of fall 1996 regarding numbers of HCBS recipients allowed per residential site, the number of actual and planned conversions of ICFs-MR to HCBS, and related information.

HCBS Recipients per Home

A significant factor in the possibility and desirability of converting community ICFs-MR to HCBS sites is limits established by the state on the number of people who can live together in home. If state rules set a limit of 4 persons per setting funded by HCBS obviously an ICF-MR of 6 residents cannot be

converted without a rule change. Many who advocate for smaller residential settings are/would be concerned about HCBS services to be delivered in residential settings larger than currently allowed.

Table 10.1 shows by state the maximum number of HCBS recipients allowed per single living unit, procedures for assuring such limits, and procedures for licensing residences and services. The number of each state's total HCBS recipients on June 30, 1996 and the combined federal and state expenditures per HCBS recipient in Fiscal Year 1996. As shown 40 states reported specific limits on household size, ranging from 2 persons to 20 persons. Twenty-eight states, with about two-fifths (38.4%) of all HCBS recipients, limit household size for HCBS recipients to 8 or fewer persons. Nineteen states reported limits of 6 or fewer persons. Nine states reported no legal limit on the number of HCBS recipients allowed per residence. (The District of Columbia was not yet providing HCBS services at the time of the survey and another state was unable to respond because of a related court action).

It is important to note that, irrespective of formal limits on the size of residence of HCBS recipients, the vast majority of homes for HCBS recipients are effectively limited to 6 or fewer persons. Larger HCBS financed residential settings, where reported, typically have been pre-existing facilities "grandfathered" into HCBS financing. State respondents are clearly aware of the association of smaller homes with community inclusion, social participation and the development of independence and desire that their HCBS programs reflect those benefits.

In addition to the range of allowable sizes of HCBS residential settings, there is also variety in the mechanisms that are employed in states to establish and enforce size limits (e.g., legal limits; funding restrictions; state agency persuasion). Some states use multiple approaches, but state laws, rules or regulations are by far the most common approach to limiting the size of the homes of HCBS recipients. Because most states provide HCBS in a number of different type of homes, a number of different licensing



Table 3.14: HCBS Resident Limit and Authority, Licensing/Certification

State	Maximum Number of People		How Size Limit is Established	How Residences are Licensed	1996 Total HCBS Recipients	1996 Total State and Federal Expenditures
AL	12		contracts with providers	group training homes, supervised community living	2,949c	\$38,000,000
AK	no maximum		state statute, regulation and funding	all are licensed as assisted living	190	\$7,071,179
ΑZ	6		state law	foster homes or group homes	7,727	\$189,920,600
AR	no maximum		NA	group homes, supervised living arrangements or community agencies are licensed	472	\$13,238,063
CA	no maximum	F		adult family homes, group homes licensed by state; supportive living settings are unlicensed	19,101c	\$254,505,000c
со	8		state law	group homes	3,976	\$125,499,063
СТ	15	d regulations and community tiving arrangem community training homes		community fiving arrangements, community training homes	2,903	\$152,291,188
DE	5		state regulation	foster homes, group homes or supervised living settings		\$2,291,107
DC	NA		Not applicable: initial HCBS approval effective 10/1/96	NA	NA	NA
FL	NA		No response - currently in related litigation	NA	NA	NA
GA	4		departmental standards	personal care homes	848c	\$17,300,000c
ні	5		state law/departmental regulations	foster homes, care homes, DD domiciliary homes	517	\$11,981,568
ID	2		state law and departmental rules	foster care	381	\$8,093,140
IL	20	Ъ	state law, rule and regulation	foster care, group homes, community living facilities	5,267	\$58,434,675
IN	no maximum	b	state law on life safety rules	provider certified to provide HCBS	816	\$23,461,273
IA	4		state law, funding eligibility	7 different HCBS services, "Individualized Comprehensive Plan"	1,669	\$16,702,038
KS	8		state law/contracts with providers	license HCBS providers	3,146	\$71,568,974
KY	3		state regulation	family homes or group homes	924	\$27,820,162c
LA	4		state law	licensed as an HCBS residence	2,100	\$42,364,945
ME	6		state rules	licensed as HCBS boarding homes and HCBS foster homes	742c	\$15,290,875c



State	Maximum Number of People		How Size Limit is Established	How Residences are Licensed	1996 Total HCBS Recipients	1996 Total State and Federal Expenditures
MD	8		state law	group homes, alternative living units, individual family placements, supported living programs	3,306	\$130,701,576
MA	4		state regulation	agencies are certified, using outcomes of persons served as quality indicators	8,027	\$248,400,000
MI	20	а	state law	foster care	5,207	\$163,000,000
MN	4		state law/departmental rules and regulations	foster care or supervised living settings	5,422	\$209,862,745
MS	10		state rule/regulation	licensed according to departmental standards	0	\$0
МО	no maximum	b	NA	group homes, apartment, or individualized supported living	5,685	\$137,227,661
MT	8		state rule	foster homes or group homes	807	\$20,399,850
NE	no maximum; in practice 9 is largest		departmental policy	group homes, supervised apartments, foster care extended family services	1,834	\$45,063,000
NV	supervised living-4, group homes-6		state rule/regulation	provider of HCBS licensed as group care facilities; supportive living settings have contracts with DMH/MR	340	\$3,180,142c
NH	3	a	state rules	community residences	1,906	\$80,460,077
NJ	16		state law	group homes, supervised apartments, community care residences, supportive living	5,242	\$154,968,000
NM	15 for group state regulation/departme ntal policy for supported living		regulation/departme	group homes	1,243	\$43,590,526
NY	14		state regulation	family care homes, supervised community residences, supportive community residences, Individualized Residential Alternatives	27,272	\$728,613,813
NC	6		departmental policy	supervised living, group homes	3,098	\$56,651,027
ND	no maximum		NA	licensed by State DD unit/accredited by Accreditation Council	1,770	\$28,924,495
ОН	8	a	state law/regulation	facilities licensed by OMRDD	2,593	\$97,365,161
OK	12		departmental policy/contracts with providers	group homes are licensed by DD division, smaller settings approved but not licensed	1,955c	\$73,677,252c



State	Maximum Number of People		How Size Limit is Established	How Residences are Licensed	1996 Total HCBS Recipients	1996 Total State and Federal Expenditures
OR	5	а	departmental policy	residence-based are licensed as group homes, other support services are certified by state	2,500c	\$86,714,237c
PA	4	а	departmental policy	community homes and family living homes	6,076	\$340,698,937
RI	no maximum, in practice 15 is largest		NA	group homes	1,914	\$80,600,000
sc	12		policy of governing board	oarding homes, group homes, 2,074 oster care, supervised living ettings		\$32,600,000
SD	8		state rule	foster care, supervised apartments, licensed residential facilities	1,295	\$33,903,140
TN	8		state law	group homes, habilitation facilities, foster care, supervised living services	3,021	\$71,431,397
TX	3		standards for provider participation	provider is licensed	3,658	\$82,982,512
UT	8, but usually 4		state law	group homes, foster care, professional parent, supported living	2,128	\$40,827,000
VT	6		state rule, funding, departmental policy	residences with 3+ people licensed by state	1,107	\$45,137,783
VA	no maximum	b	NA	group homes, foster care residences, supported living settings, supervised apartments	1,453	\$50,479,113
WA	20		departmental policy	DD division, facility-based services also licensed annually by other agency	4,666	\$97,771,853
wv	8	Γ	best practices	foster care, group residences	1,337_	\$36,075,324
WI	4	а	state rule/regulation		5,063	\$103,000,000
WY	no maximum		informally encourage no more than 4 people in new shared residences	DNF	864	\$29,157,556
Total					161,489e	

a indicates state has facilities larger than the current maximum which were "grandfathered in"



b indicates the majority of settings have 8 or fewer residents

c indicates FY 1995 data

d indicates only 2 or 3 such facilities were "grandfathered"; in practice, majority have 6 or fewer residents

standards and procedures are applied to those homes. Five states reported that beyond certifying providers of HCBS services, there are no specific standards for the homes in which HCBS recipients live. In those states which license individual HCBS residential sites, residences are licensed as foster care settings, community living arrangements, supported living arrangements, group homes or other services which denote group living, foster care or individual supports.

Selection of HCBS Recipients

Table 10.2 presents a summary of information provided by state respondents on procedures for determining who is enrolled in their HCBS programs, the effects of resources and service needs on the decision, and alternatives considered in selecting who will receive HCBS from among the eligible persons. In keeping with the community focus of HCBS, half of the reporting states indicated that decisions to provide HCBS to eligible individuals are made at the local level, in a decision-making process involving the individual and an interdisciplinary team of professionals and family members supporting the individual. Other states report a "first come, first served" policy, or selection of individual recipients by

state staff. A growing number of states are expressing commitments to provide HCBS services to any eligible individual, regardless of that person's level of need. Seventeen states reported that level of need and anticipated service costs were not inhibiting factors in selecting eligible individuals to receive HCBS, as long as the person could be appropriately served. But spending caps, aggregated averages, and waiting lists were used to control the costs in some of these states and they did influence decisions about serving particularly needy/costly individuals. In effect, in almost all states costs were either a formal or informal factor in determining HCBS access.

Whether for cost, designation of the HCBS program as being for a certain population, or other factors determining that HCBS services are not appropriate for an individual, most states designate alternative community settings as alternatives when HCBS is not an option. The most frequently noted community option was a community ICF-MR. In several states the state institutions were viewed as the primary alternative when HCBS was viewed as inappropriate or non-achievable.

Table 3.15: Selection of Persons with MR/DD to Receive HCBS

State	Decision Maker	Consideration of Resource Constraints	Alternative Settings
AL	IDT based on individual choice, resources, and appropriateness of care	resources are considered in decision	NA
AK	regions serve from waiting list based on available funds	eligible individuals are selected from waiting list until no funds are available	would be served using Alaska's general fund dollars
AZ	1115 demonstration waiver, all eligible enrolled	all eligible enrolled	state managed care approach that makes all "options" from the same funding
AR	first come, first served	plan of care caps for different program levels	state institution, other non- HCBS setting
CA	individual's planning team	all eligible, but must be "cost effective"	NA
со	first come, first served/case management agency	ppening matched with identified needs, new resources usually go to high needs	NA
СТ	individual's IDT and QMRP	state matching funds must have been appropriated	community ICF-MR larger than HCBS settings



state	Decision Maker	Consideration of Resource Constraints	Alternative Settings
	division of MR based on person's support needs	limited in aggregate by division's budget	state institution
GA	MHMRSA regional boards	regional board must identify the state match for placement	state institution
НІ	DD division determines eligibility for DD services/Medicaid agency determines admission to HCBS	no applicant denied based on availability of funds/priority to persons placed in or at risk of placement in institutions.	another non-HCBS setting
ID	regional DD authority and central office	NA 	community ICF-MR larger than HCBS settings/state institution
IL	DMHDD approves resident placement and supports/person must be eligible to receive waiver	priority given to consent decree class members, people living in state operated facilities, and community crisis cases	community ICF-MR larger than an HCBS setting
IN	area agencies for diversions, state case managers for conversions, first come, first served	DNF 	community ICF-MR, state institution, another setting (SNF, group home)
IA	county makes decision based on case manager recommendations	counties determine slots for adults/state for children and state cases	county care facility, ICF-MR larger than HCBS settings, state institution
KS	community developmental disability prganization	effectively no constraints	NA
KY	waiting list/first come, first served	state cap for waiver services	state institution
LA	state regional officers	first come, first served with a few emergency exceptions.	no one is refused because of resource constraints
ME	case manager, registered nurse, Medicaid rules, available funding	available funding is considered	another setting
MD	services coordinator/case manager	state match must already be appropriated	cost has not prevented an HCBS placement to date
МА	recommendation of service coordinator and ISP team/HCBS eligibility	prioritized waiting lists	no individual cost limit has been defined
MI	local responsible mental health agency	persons with most severe conditions served first	no individual cost limit has been defined
MN	county social service agency	aggregate average allowed each county	community ICF-MR larger than HCBS setting
MS	regional retardation facilities	person and financial caps as approved in waiver	community ICF-MR arger then HCBS/ home



tate	Decision Maker	Consideration of Resource Constraints	Alternative Settings
	state agency determines eligibility/individual chooses to accept HCBS	NA	have not found any person too expensive to serve in waiver
	leam composed of state and provider staff	assessment information used to determine if provider can meet person's needs	another setting
NE	state Medicaid agency/dept. of social services	individual Medicaid eligibility	state general-funded community based setting
NV	caseworker in conjunction with IDT, director of community services	review of persons needing supports, state priority and waiting list, comparison of alternative settings	community ICF-MR, state institution
NH	state decides on proposals from local agencies	sufficient funds, HCFA cap, overall average	on waiting list
NJ	eligibility for DD services and receives waiver eligible services	availability of funds	NA
NM	DD division determines eligibility for DD services and budget availability, HSD/ISD determines financial eligibility, BC/BS determines medical eligibility	federal and state appropriations determines number of individuals to be served based on aggregate costs	community ICF-MR, another setting
NY	regional office directors	OMRDD's annual priorities for HCBS enrollment and funding	cost does not preclude receipt of HCBS services
NC	local DD programs (eligibility determined by state DD and DMA)	priority listing in terms of client needs	state institution, community ICF-MR, another setting
ND	DD case manager	HCBS level of care does not include resource considerations	community ICF-MR of the size of an HCBS setting
ОН	first come, first served	state regulations include cost as a component of eligibility	community ICF-MR, state institution, in- home with supports, state-funded home
OK	waiting list/first come, first served	no disqualification from HCBS due to severity of need	NA
OR	state based on eligibility and funding	waiting list, based on whether or not appropriate service can be provided in community	state institution, but somebody from institution must move out
PA	placement was controlled by county MH/MR program	caps on number of people served and maximum per capita expense	community ICF-MR, state institution
RI	state case manager	overall state budget must be met, no individual cost limit	NA
SC	Dept. of Disabilities and Special Needs	HCBS can not exceed the cost of serving an individual in an ICF-MR	community ICF-MR the size of an HCBS setting



State	Decision Maker	Consideration of Resource Constraints	Alternative Settings
SD	Division of Developmental Disabilities	prioritized waiting list	another setting
TN	DMH/MR Department of Mental Health/Mental Retardation	statewide average may not be exceeded: individual averaging allowed	community ICF-MR, state institution
TX	DMHMR Department of Mental Health/Mental Retardation	persons enrolled first come, first served off waiting list	another setting
UT	waiver case manager	considered in scope of services, must stay within aggregated average	more likely to use community ICF-MR, state institution
VT	state DD division	provided to eligible people in accordance with funding policy that prioritizes funding based on need	HCBS setting would not be too costly
VA	local community service board and case manager	financial constraints may limit access, localities prioritize need	community ICF-MR, state institution, waiting list with other state/local services
WA	individual case manager	amount of funding determines capacity	another setting or unserved
WV	selection committee from MR/DD Waiver Service Coordinator Agencies, with final eligibility determined by state certification agency	prioritization guidelines examine natural supports, entitlement programs, current resources, and unmet needs due to unavailability or inaccessibility of needed supports through alternative resources	community ICF-MR the size of an HCBS setting
WI	county programs	financial resources	depends on available natural supports
WY	adult and child DD manages within limits of waiver	NA	NA

Conversions of ICF-MR to HCBS

Number of conversions. As noted earlier in this report in the last 3 years ICF-MR residents have decreased by 12% and HCBS recipients have increased by 120%, with a combined ICF-MR and HCBS service recipient increase of 36%. Most of net growth in HCBS recipients has resulted from overall increases in Medicaid long-term care recipients (i.e., the total receiving HCBS and ICF-MR services). But about 17.6% (18,280 people) of the change reflects "conversion" of ICF-MR "beds" to HCBS capacity, accomplished by reducing populations of and/or closing ICFs-MR and serving former residents in new homes financed by HCBS programs. But as shown in Table 10.3, 19 states have directly converted ICFs-MR to HCBS financed residences or are planning to do so. Virtually all of actual and planned conversions are in

settings with 15 or fewer residents with the majority of these in settings with 6 or fewer residents. Two states account for most of the actual or planned conversions. New York has converted a total of 305 ICFs-MR, with another 50 conversions planned, including 100 4-6 bed facilities, and 255 7-15 bed facilities. Pennsylvania has converted 20 4-6 bed facilities and plans to convert 300 4-6 bed facilities. The extent of actual and planned direct conversions in the other 14 states range In total about 1,039 ICF-MR from 1 to 128. conversions have been accomplished or are planned, 1,030 of which are community ICFs-MR (i.e., places with 15 or fewer residences). As an indicator of the magnitude of the accomplished and planned conversions of community ICFs-MR in June 1995 there were 6,150 community ICFs-MR in operation. Reasons for Conversions. Table 10.4 summarizes the reasons given, by order of importance, for the



accomplished or planned conversions of ICFs-MR to HCBS in 18 of the 19 states. Nine state respondents indicated that considerations related to "improving residents' quality of life" was the primary reason for conversions. Six states indicated considerations related to cost as the primary factor. Two states cited

"increased service flexibility", and one state cited "deregulation" as the motivating factor.

Table 3.16: Number of Residential Settings Directly Converted from ICFs-MR to HCBS

State	ICFs- ICFs-MR with 1-6 MR with residents 1-15			ICFs-MR wit	h 7-15 residents	ICFs-MR with	16+ residents	Total ICFs-MI	₹
	1-15 residents, 6/30/95	Converted	Planned Conver.	Converted	Planned Conver.	Converted	Planned Conver.	Converted	Planned Conver.
AL	3	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0
AK_	6	4	NA	2	NA	0	0	6	0
AZ	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AR	30	0	0	0	27	0	0	0	27
CA	767	DNF	0	DNF	0	DNF	0	0	0
co	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CT	112	2	4	0	5	0	0	2	9
DE	4	0	0	11	2	0	0	11	2
GA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HI	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ID	45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IL	240	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IN	546	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IA	82	0	0	1	0	0	0	11	0
KS	34	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
KY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LA	433	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ME	39	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
MD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MA	0	0	0	66	0	0	0	66	0
MI	500	128	DNF	0	0	0	0	128	0
MN	304	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MS	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
МО	15	6	0	8	0	3	0	17	0
МТ	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NE	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NV	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NH	6	2	0	4	0	0	0	6	0
NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NM	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NY	751	80	20	225	30	0	0	305	50
NC	264	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ND	61	0	0_	0	0	0	0	0	0
ОН	233	0_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ОК	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OR	0	0	0	2	0	6	0	8	0
PA*	217	20	300	0	0	0	0	20	300



State	ICFs- MR with	ICFs-MR with 1-6 residents		ICFs-MR with 7-15 residents		ICFs-MR with 16+ residents		Total ICFs-MR	
	1-15 residents, 6/30/95	Converted	Planned Conver.	Converted	Planned Conver.	Converted	Planned Conver.	Converted	Planned Conver.
RI	53	42	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
SC	150	4	1	0	3	0	0	4	4
SD	9	0	0	11	0	0	0	11	0
TN	64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TX	828	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VT	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VA	16	6	0	2	1	0	0	8	1
WA	17	6	0	3	0	0	0	9	0
wv_	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WI	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	6150	301	325	335	69	9	0	645	394

DNF indicates "data not furnished" * PA conversions will affect both 1-6 and 7-15 bed ICF-MR.



Table 3.17: Motives for Converting of ICFs-MR to HCBS

		Significa conversion	nce of states' motives for dires s (Most significant = 1, least	ext = 4)	
State	Cost Savings	Deregulation	Increase service flexibility	Improve residents' quality of life	Other
AK	2	4	3	1	
AR	3	4	2	1	
СТ	4	3	1	2	
DE	0	0	3	1	a
IA	1	3	2	4	
KS	NR	NR	NR	NR	
ME	4	3	2	1	;
MA	2	5	4	1	a,b
MI	4	3	2	1	
МО	4	3	2	1	
NH	1	4	3	2	
NY	3	4	2	1	
OR	4	1	2	3	
PA	3	0	1	2	
RI	1	2	4	3	
SC	1	2	3	4	
SD	1	4	3	2	
VA	1	4	3	2	
WA	4	3	2	1	

a) serve more consumers at minimal cost b) bring all DD services under one governmental division. NR= not reported.

Post-Conversion Changes

Table 10.5 summarizes reported changes in facilities and programs following direct conversion of ICFs-MR to HCBS. Seventeen state respondents noted that some change had occurred. Seven states indicated that in the process of conversion at least some former ICFs-MR

ended up with fewer people living in them. Four states indicated that changes were made in staffing, generally to improve flexibility in providing services and/or to decrease the number of professionals included on staff or as consultants. Nine states reported changes in licensing/certification and nine states reported change in per diems.



Table 3.18: Post-conversion Changes in Facilities and Programs

	-	Po	st-conversion ch	nanges	
State	Size	Staff	Program	License	Per diem
AK	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
AR					maximum per diem for HCBS is same as for community ICFs/MR (\$142.47).
СТ					
DE	sizes of homes reduced			Yes	per diem reduced
IA	no more than 4 residents			Yes	
KS	6 residents moved to 3 smaller sites			Yes, under community regulations	per diem reduced
ME	none				
MA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
MI	none				
МО	most became smaller			Yes accredita- tion as a group home.	
NE	downsizing (not closing) ICFs/MR resulted in movement of ICF/MR funding to local service board.			Yes, new approach to licensing	
NH				Yes	15% cut in budget for ICF- MR to HCBS



		Po	st-conversion cl	hanges	
State	Size	Staff	Program	License	Per diem
NY		some clinical services now provided in clinics or other community sites vs. in the residence		Yes	
OR	no more than 5 residents			Yes	
PA	none	none	more flexible	Yes, licensed as community residence	none
RI				Yes	
SC				Yes	Yes
SD				Yes	Per diem reduced
WA		reduction in professional service staff, (e.g., therapist)		Yes	per diem reduced



Discussion

Since its inception, in 1981, the Medicaid Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) program has been seen by many consumers, families, advocates and policy makers as providing an opportunity to enhance the quality of life of persons with developmental disabilities by offering community residential options as alternatives to congregate care facilities. States have undertaken efforts to achieve this goal primarily through creation of new HCBS service sites, but also more recently through direct conversion of ICFs-MR to HCBS financing. In most instances state respondents reported these efforts to be motivated by intentions to improve the residents' quality of life and reduce unnecessary costs. They also noted the importance of increasing service flexibility and escaping the burden and demoralization of regulations that are not perceived to benefit service recipients. There is no federal limit on the number of people who can live in a setting financed by Medicaid "Home and

Community Based Services," and in a number of states there is also no state limit on the number of HCBS recipients per residence. Indeed the size of some facilities housing HCBS recipients exceeds the average size of ICFs-MR, and in a majority of states the maximum allowable size is 8 or more people (including states with no formal size limits). However, in practice all states are in the process of developing substantially smaller settings. Leaders in some of those states view conversion of community ICFs-MR to HCBS financing, even when people stay in the same home, as a step toward people having more options by having their funding limited to services rather than facilities.



SECTION IV

STATE PROFILES OF SELECTED SERVICE INDICATORS, 1977-1996



CHAPTER 11 PROFILES OF TRENDS IN STATE RESIDENTIAL SERVICES

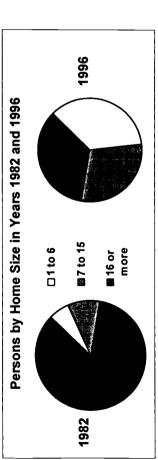
Ellen Blake K. Charlie Lakin Robert Prouty

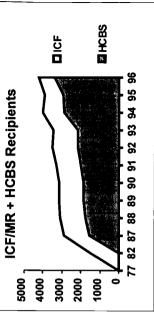
Each year the Residential Information System Project (RISP) receives requests from one or more individuals on groups from at least half of all states for trend data on different aspects of their state's residential services system. These requests come from state agencies, advocacy and consumer organizations, service provider groups and others. Responses to these requests utilize statistics that have been collected by projects of the Research and Training Center on Residential Services and Community Living since 1977. In this chapter, some of the statistics that are frequently requested have been used to create a "profile" for each state and for the United States as a whole. The data points are for June 30 of each year shown on the profiles. On occasion states have not been able to provide an updated report for each year of the RISP survey. In such instances statistics from the previous year have been repeated and the year has been marked with an asterisk (*). The statistics included in each state profile include: a) the number of persons with mental retardation and developmental disabilities (MR/DD) living in residential settings of different sizes; b) the number of persons with MR/DD receiving residential services per 100,000 of the state's population; c) total state MR/DD institution populations; d) average daily state MR/DD institution expenditures; e) percentage of state MR/DD institution residents who are children and youth (0-21 years old); f) the number of residents of Intermediate Care Facilities [for people with] Mental Retardation (ICF-MR); g) the number of persons with MR/DD receiving Medicaid Home and Community Based Services (HCBS); and h) the number of persons with MR/DD living in Nursing Facilities.

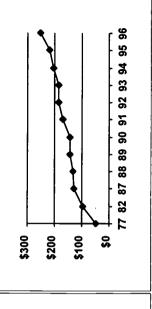
The statistics presented in the state profiles for 1977 and 1982 come from national surveys of individual residential facilities in those years. The facilities surveyed included all residential settings that were identifiable as being state-licensed or stateoperated to serve persons with mental retardation and other developmental disabilities. Data for 1987 to 1996 come from annual surveys of state MR/DD. Medicaid and other relevant program agencies. The former studies' outcomes were shaped by state licencing data bases, while the latter studies relied on state information systems. In most states these two approaches included the same settings. But in a few states residential programs that serve significant numbers of persons with MR/DD are operated as generic programs without involvement of and information to the state agency that has general program responsibility for persons with MR/DD. In these few states the 1977 and 1982 data were inclusive of a wider range of residential settings than were the data for 1987 and later.



with MR/DD	ri g D	es				1650	1650	1650	5	1300	1300	1300	, g	162	
with MR/D[Living in Nursing	Homes				19	16	19	1321	13	13	13	162	16	
Persons with	MR/DD Receiving	HCBS	0	0	1570	1730	1830	1839	2021	2184	2184	2900	2949	3415	
Persons with	MR/DD Living in ICFs-MR		0	1470	1339	1364	1326	1329	1288	1304	1266	1145	972	825	
0-21 Yr. Olds as % of	State	Residents	17%	11%	%6		%6		8%			%9		2%	
Daily Costs	of State		\$48	\$95	\$130	\$134	\$143	\$145	\$169	\$187	\$187	\$204	\$217	\$252	
	State Institution	Residents	1836	1470	1308	1333	1295	1298	1258	1272	1234	1113	940	800	
Utilization Rate	per 100,000 of State Population	-	22	49	48	52	53	53	52	53	54	58	59	56	
	Size	Total	2105	1943	1976	2120	2182	2185	2138	2238	2303	2444	2504	2395	
	, Ноте	16+	1995	1639	1447	1443	1405	1408	1258	1301	1263	1142	940	831	
AMA	Persons with MR/DD by Home	1-15	110	304	529	229	777	111	880	937	1040	1302	1564	1564	
ALABAMA	s with A	7-15	61	183	256	402	495	488	585	641	629	711	743	712	
∢	Person	1-6	49	121	273	275	282	289	295	296	361	591	821	852	
		Year	77	82	87	88	83	06	91	92	93	94	95	96	
		State	AL	AL	- AL	AL	AL.	AL							





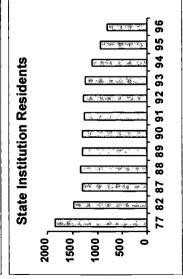


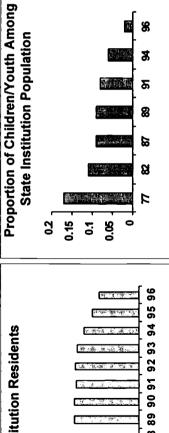
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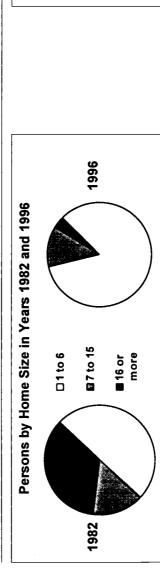
Daily Costs Per Person of State Institutions



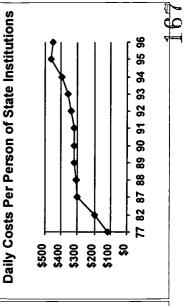


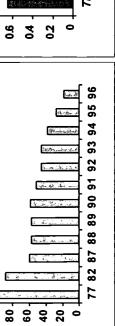
			ALASKA	Ϋ́Α			eten nation Date		:	0-21 Yr.		3	Persons with MR/DD
		Person	s with I	Persons with MR/DD by Home		Size	per 100,000 of	State	of State	Olds as % of State	MR/DD Living	MR/DD	Living in Nursing
State	Year	4	7-15	1-15	1 6+	Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	Homes
AK	11	53	17	70	173	243	09	105	\$116	65 %	135	0	
AK	82	122	38	160	88	248	57	88	\$197	36%	118	0	
AK	87	202	45	247	83	330	61	99	\$301	1%	93	0	
AK	88	237	45	282	25	339	65	57	\$311		101	0	20
AK	89	244	45	289	25	346	99	57	\$321	2%	46	0	20
AK	8	254	45	299	28	357	63	58	\$321		86	0	48
¥	91	291	37	328	51	379	99	51	\$321	%0	91	0	48
AK	35	360	37	397	46	443	82	46	\$340	%0	86	0	48
AK	93	432	22	486	45	531	96	45	\$355	%0	85	0	37
AK	94	458	02	528	38	999	94	38	\$397	%0	78	32	35
ΑK	92	468	02	538	28	999	06	28	\$466		89	127	32
AK	96	492	73	565	19	584	06	19	\$453		59	190	28
						:							

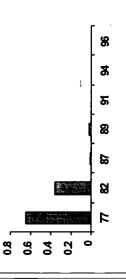
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Proportion of Children/Youth Among

State Institution Residents

100

State Institution Population

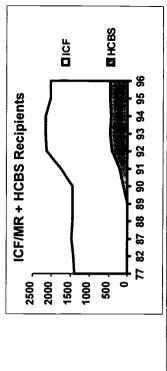


							ı		1		ı		,	,			Jerd Jerd
Persons with MR/DD	Living in Nursing	Homes				30	33	43	83	88	85	83	49	29		II ICF	stitutions \$
Persons with	MR/DD Receiving	HCBS	0	0	0	0	0	0	3794	4832	6071	6773	7117	7277	cipients	93 94 95 96	of State Ins
Persons with	MR/DD Living in ICFs-MR		0	0	0	0	69	156	145	214	298	339	200	193	ICF/MR + HCBS Recipients	88 89 90 91 92	\$250 \$150 \$150 \$160 \$160 \$17 82 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96
0-21 Yr. Olde 26 % of	Olds 48 % Ol State Institution	Residents	46%	17%	%9		1%		1%			1%			ICF/M	77 82 87	\$250 \$200 \$150 \$100 \$50 \$50 \$77 8
Daily Coete			\$34	\$124	\$175	\$209	\$209	\$218	\$213	\$210	\$210	\$222	\$220	\$231	\		mong 8
	State Institution	Residents	1013	572	423	388	340	269	193	178	125	123	123	103			n Populatio
Utilization Rate	per 100,000 of State Population		63	61	65	64	29	89	69	29	99	89	69	99	966	1996	State Institution Population State Institution Population 34 12 14 17 18 18 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
	Size	Total	1452	1733	2219	2217	2375	2594	2592	2598	2638	2712	2807	2697	2 and 1996		Proport S 0.5 0.4 0.4 0.1 0.1 0.1
	/ Home	16+	1216	907	423	388	380	409	238	214	170	168	230	186	ırs 198;		
NA V	Persons with MR/DD by Home S	1-15	236	826	1796	1829	1995	2185	2354	2384	2468	2544	2577	2511	Persons by Home Size in Years 1982	ი <u>გ</u>	sidents
ARIZONA	s with I	7-15	116	137	225	198	65	65	91	94	95	82	81	108	me Siz	☐ 1 to 6 ☐ 7 to 15 ☐ 16 or ☐ more	Resider
•	Person	1-6	120	689	1571	1631	1930	2120	2263	2290	2373	2459	2496	2403	s by Ho		Stitution Re 88 990 91
		Year	77	82	87	88	88	06	91	92	93	94	95	96	Person		State Institution Residents
		State	ΑZ	ΑZ	AZ	AZ	ΑZ	¥Z	AZ	AZ	AZ	AZ	AZ	AZ		1982	1200 1000 1000 800 800 400 200 200 77



		¥	RKAN	ARKANSAS			Utilization Rate		Daily Coets	0-21 Yr.	Derecore with	daine con constant	with MR/DD
		Person	is with A	Persons with MR/DD by Home	/ Home	Size	per 100,000 of State Population	State	of State	State		MR/DD	Living in Nursing
State	Year	4	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	Homes
AR	11	12	134	146	1767	1913	88	1682	\$26	62%	1385	0	
AR	82	42	148	190	1505	1695	74	1354	\$73	39%	1420	0	
AR	87	117	338	455	1471	1926	81	1337	\$100	25%	1461	0	
AR	88	200	537	737	1563	2300	96	1302	\$112		1453	0	800
AR	88	202	432	634	1441	2075	88	1302	\$119	21%	1441	0	009
AR	06	286	631	917	1243	2160	06	1243	\$135		1340	91	850
AR	91	228	773	1001	1403	2404	101	1265	\$145	19%	1565	196	1100
AR	35	300	854	1154	1555	2709	111	1248	\$149		1737	415	1300
AR	93	353	791	1144	1591	2735	111	1244	\$156		1724	453	1290
AR	94	369	834	1203	1443	2646	109	1258	\$154	13%	1743	429	1290
AR	92	383	823	1206	1487	2693	109	1263	\$157		1563	469	1290
AR	96	503	823	1326	1496	2822	113	1272	\$167	12%	1572	472	0

Persons



1996

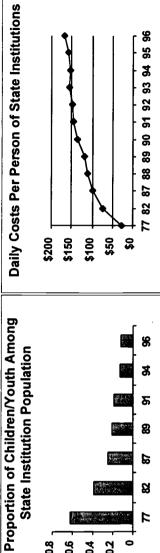
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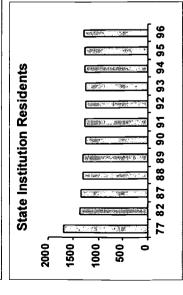
1982

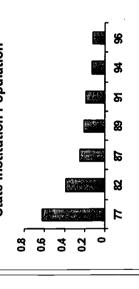
■16 or more

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Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1996



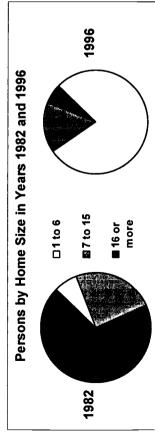


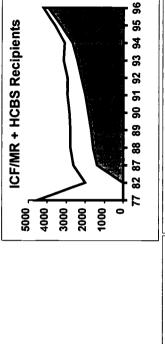


ı	, ; !	CALIFORNIA	:	į	Utilization Rate	,	Daily Costs	0-21 Yr. Olds as % of	Persons with	Persons with	With MR/DD Living in
Perso	ns with I	Persons with MR/DD by Home Size	/ Ноте	Size	per 100,000 of State Population	State Institution	of State Institutions	State Institution	MR/DD Living in ICFs-MR	MR/DD Receiving	Nursing
Year 1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	
6942	1947	8889	17291	26180	120	9737	\$55	39%	0	0	
8759	2592	11351	15715	27066	109	7924	\$110	19%	10374	0	
14502	3347	17849	11054	28903	105	6880	\$184	17%	11457	3027	
14489	2968	17457	13540	30997	109	6826	\$166		10871	2493	869
15339	3052	18391	13143	31534	109	9629	\$213	15%	10978	3355	880
16063	3043	19106	12653	31759	104	6788	\$202		10890	3628	978
17046	3074	20120	12331	32451	107	6692	\$219	13%	11376	3360	1075
22551	3040	25591	11769	37360	123	6572	\$219		10923	3360	1270
23373	3134	26507	11683	38190	124	6336	\$219		11025	11085	1984
27822	3328	31150	11551	42701	137	6343	\$219	10%	12781	13266	1620
95 30005	3098	33103	10113	43216	133	5106	\$240		12125	19101	1248
96 31804	2927	34731	9147	43878	133	4581	\$302	%2	10233	29133	1248
Persons by Home Size in Years 1982	lome Siz	ze in Yea	ırs 198	2 and 1996	966		4	ICF/IV	ICF/MR + HCBS Recipients	ecipients	
	☐ 1 to 6 ☐ 7 to 15 ☐ 16 or ☐ more	5 15 re			1996		<u> </u>	30000 - 20000 - 10000 - 77 82 87	88 89 90 91 92	2 93 94 95 96	□ICF □ HCBS
State Institution Residents	Resider	93 94 95 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96		Propose S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	State Institution Population State Institution Population 3.3 1.2 0.4 7. 82 87 89 94 96 96	Populatio	gnom € 8	\$400 \$300 \$200 \$100	\$400 \$300 \$100 \$77 82 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96	of State Ins	stitutions



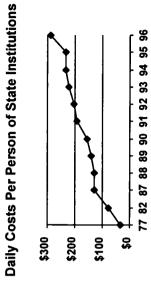
				1	ı	1	ŀ	•	1	ı	1		I	1	ı
Persons with MR/DD	Living in Nursing	Homes				482	459	415	428	369	333	339	331	258	
	MR/DD	HCBS	0	0	1389	1621	1679	1841	1993	2204	2407	2684	3316	3976	
4000000	MR/DD Living		4537	2017	1247	1149	1115	974	927	754	737	420	307	245	
0-21 Yr.	State	Residents	45%	38%	17%		13%		%6					42	
	of State		\$33	\$78	\$130	\$128	\$141	\$157	\$194	\$204	\$223	\$235	\$235	\$290	
	State	Residents	1539	1264	901	529	493	429	386	276	264	248	241	197	
Ilfilization Rate	per 100,000 of State Population		101	93	68	92	93	92	66	107	109	109	111	66	
	Size	Total	2651	2829	2946	3026	3084	3131	3395	3594	3701	3876	4123	3755	
	у Ноте	16+	2111	1960	1247	875	839	709	999	484	468	420	294	233	
COLORADO	Persons with MR/DD by Home	1-15	240	869	1699	2151	2245	2422	2729	3110	3233	3456	3829	3522	
OLOF	s with I	7-15	421	670	1345	1722	1581	928	910	862	754	642	765	593	i
Ö	Persor	4	119	199	354	429	664	1464	1819	2248	2479	2814	3064	2929	
		Year	#	82	87	88	88	06	91	92	93	94	95	96	
		State	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	

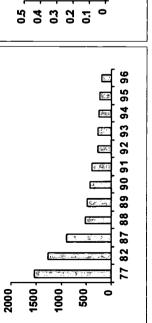


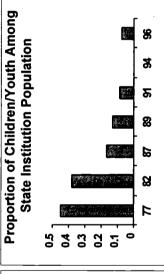


HCBS

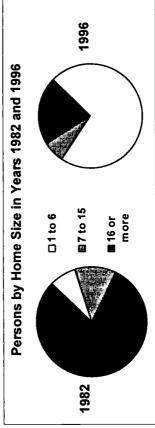
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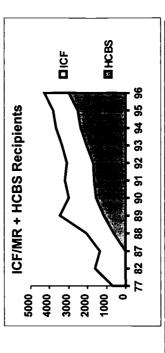


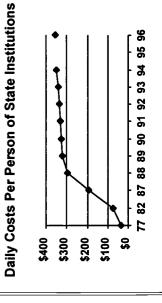


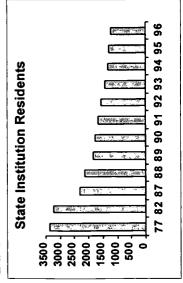


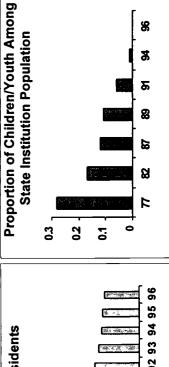
			j	ı								Persons
	ว ว	NN	CONNECTION	_		Utilization Rate		Daily Costs	0-21 Yr. Olds as % of	Persons with	Persons with	MR/DD
	Persor	ıs with f	Persons with MR/DD by Home Size	y Home	Size	per 100,000 of State Population	State		State		MR/DD	Living in Nursing
Year	1 -6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	Homes
11	251	364	615	3881	4496	145	3374	\$33	78%	687	0	
82	353	240	893	3660	4553	144	3216	\$74	17%	1598	0	
87	1630	806	2436	2384	4820	150	2298	\$191	12%	1363	0	
88	2201	298	2799	2196	4995	155	2137	\$297		1414	644	622
83	2680	557	3237	1900	5137	159	1845	\$323	11%	2335	1127	436
8	2568	613	3181	1768	4949	150	1752	\$328		1443	1555	450
91	3113	270	3683	1652	5335	162	1652	\$333	%9	1550	1655	482
92	3022	582	3604	1567	5171	157	1567	\$338		1378	1693	476
93	3569	548	4117	1414	5531	167	1414	\$343		1272	2069	454
8	3689	540	4229	1342	5571	170	1342	\$353	1%	1276	2361	419
92	4123	435	4558	1290	5848	179	1290	Ą		1265	2542	403
96	4154	400	4554	1209	5763	176	1209	\$357		1298	2999	394



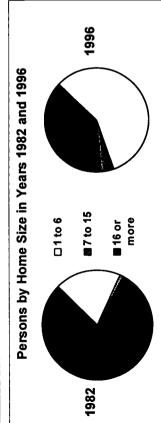


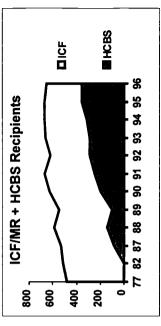


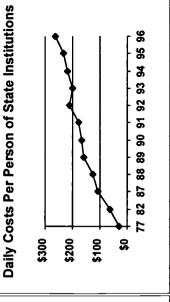


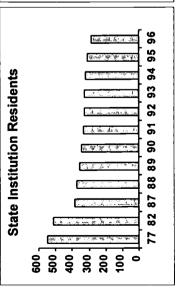


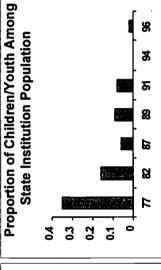
		0	=LAW	DELAWARE						0-21 Yr.			Persons with
		Person	s with	Persons with MR/DD by Home		Size	Utilization Rate per 100,000 of State Population	State	Daily Costs of State	Olds as % of State	Persons with MR/DD Living in ICEs MP	Persons with MR/DD	Living in Nursing
State	Year	1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	Homes
DE	7.7	179	6	188	622	810	139	546	\$28	35%	477	0	
핌	82	148	5	158	909	764	127	513	\$64	16%	513	0	
DE	87	248	49	297	383	089	106	383	\$107	%9	444	81	
DE	88	249	65	314	374	889	101	374	\$127		439	144	305
出	88	239	98	325	356	681	101	356	\$160	% 6	442	100	89
음	06	272	95	364	342	902	104	342	\$167		434	196	70
DE	91	278	88	367	332	669	103	332	\$177	%8	421	245	09
DE	92	304	17	375	325	700	100	325	\$210		325	290	9
DE	83	327	53	380	370	750	105	324	\$201		370	290	0
DE	26	350	55	405	320	725	101	320	\$219		356	310	0
DE	95	361	61	422	307	729	102	307	\$232		313	356	0
DE	96	421	31	452	291	743	102	284	\$263	2%	300	352	0











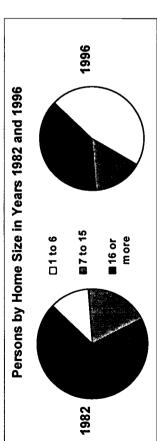


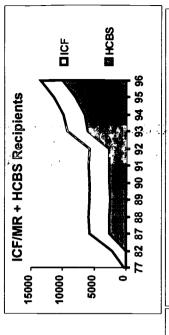
			1	ı	i	ŀ	1	ı	1	ĺ	1	1	1		
Persons with MR/DD Living in	Homes				85	55	45	8	8	0	0	0	28	Elifutions	
Persons with MR/DD Poceiving	HCBS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	93 94 95 96 97 97 97 98 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 95 96	
Persons with MR/DD Living in ICFe-MR		0	436	633	999	641	612	1027	761	804	722	754	754	ICF/MR + HCBS Recipients	
0-21 Yr. Olds as % of State	Residents	18%	14%	%6		1%		%0					%0	1200 1000 800 600 400 200 77 82 87 8 \$300 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100	
Daily Costs of State		N A	06\$	\$165	\$235	\$245	\$245	\$260	\$260	\$260	AA A	¥.	A.		
State Destinition	Residents	923	611	258	256	235	265	11	9/	76	0	0	0	n Populatio	
Utilization Rate per 100,000 of State Population		143	140	159	163	176	176	182	188	189	188	192	192	and 1996 Proportion of Children/Youth Among State Institution Population 0.45 0.45 0.66 0.66 0.76 0.76 0.86 0.89 0.94 0.95	
IA Size	Total	988	886	986	1006	1066	1054	1087	1121	1126	1084	1075	1065		
UMBI y Home	16+	096	671	258	277	235	265	137	9/	9/	0	0	0	ars 198	
FRICT OF COLUMBI	1-15	28	215	731	729	831	789	950	1045	1050	1084	1075	1065	ze in Ye	
TOF	7-15	0	9/	235	224	298	275	304	356	357	363	369	374	Ome Size 1 to 6 1 to 15 1 to 15 1 to 15 1 to 15	
DISTRICT OF COLUMBI	1	28	139	496	505	533	514	646	689	693	721	200	691	Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 1 to 6 1 to 6 1 to 6 1 to 6 1 to 15 2 to 15 2 to 15 3 to 15 4 to 15 4 to 15 5 to 15 6 to 15 7 to 15 8 to 15	
DIS	Year	11	82	87	88	88	06	91	92	93	94	95	96	Persons by Home Size in Yea 1 to 6 1 to 6 1 to 15 1 t	
	State	20	DC	2	20	2	20	DC	20	2	20	2	20	1982 1000 800 600 400 400 0	:

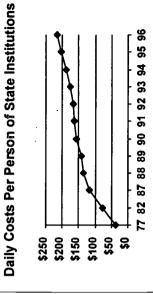


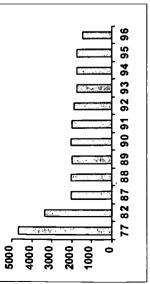
			FLORIDA	IDA			Utilization Rate		oliv Costs	0-21 Yr.	Persons with	Dore Care	with MR/DD	
		Person	s with N	Persons with MR/DD by Home	Home !	Size	per 100,000 of State Population	State Institution	of State	State	MR/DD Living in ICFs-MR	MR/DD Receiving	Living in Nursing	
State	Year	1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	Homes	
교	11	791	1008	1799	6304	8103	96	4660	\$37	23%	370	0		
교	82	937	1474	2411	5649	8060	11	3334	\$76	21%	2128	0		
교	87	593	2654	3247	4952	8199	69	2061	\$117	17%	3152	2631		
교	88	328	3142	3470	4900	8370	89	2019	\$135		3180	2631	143	
교	88	1491	2230	3721	4775	8496	29	1999	\$142	11%	3180	2542	126	
교	06	1674	2287	3961	4671	8632	65	2016	\$158		3179	2615	200	
교	91	1987	2244	4231	4628	8859	29	1977	\$164	4%	3187	2631	212	
권	95	2219	2110	4329	4397	8726	2	1871	\$167		3118	2637	212	
권	93	2634	2007	4641	4418	9059	65	1744	\$175		3207	6009	212	
교	94	3292	1834	5126	4281	9407	69	1735	\$187	2%	3407	6430	212	
교	95	4072	1670	5742	4265	10007	70	1733	\$203		3530	7988	212	
교	96	4539	1572	6111	3877	9988	69	1459	\$217	%9	3442	10000	0	

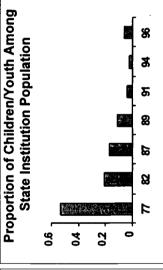
Persons



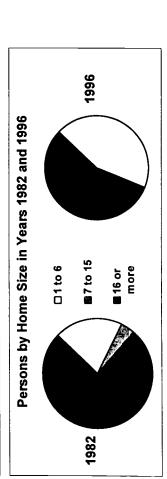


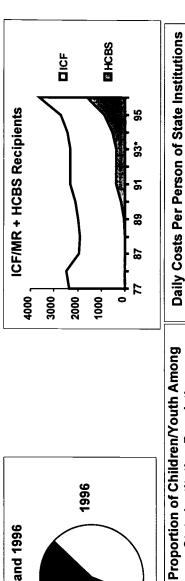


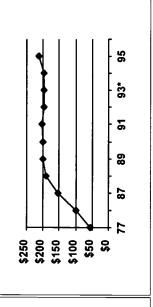


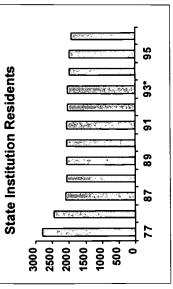


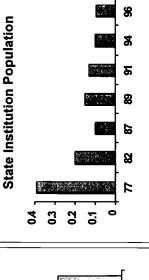
		O	GEORGIA	\GIA						0-21 Yr.			Persons with
		Person	s with	Persons with MR/DD by Home Si	у Ноте	Size	Utilization Rate per 100,000 of State Population	State	Daily Costs of State	Olds as % of State	Persons with MR/DD Living in ICFs-MR	Persons with MR/DD	Living in Nursing
State	Year	4-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents	Silonpinsiii	Residents		HCBS	Homes
QA G	11	96	236	332	2994	3326	99	2807	\$55	39%	2369	0	
GA	82	709	138	847	2710	3557	63	2460	\$98	70%	2491	0	
GA.	87	1181	61	1242	2227	3469	56	2089	\$155	10%	1949	0	
GA GA	88	1351	43	1394	2267	3661	58	2058	\$190		1913	0	2050
GA GA	88	1362	42	1404	2319	3723	58	2079	\$201	15%	1944	25	2000
GA	06	1519	25	1544	2300	3844	58	2057	\$202		1932	160	2000
QA O	91	1608	1	1619	2292	3911	59	2054	\$204	13%	1942	353	1941
GA	92	1482	4	1496	2152	3648	53	2042	\$197		1935	359	1941
GA GA	93*	1482	4	1496	2146	3642	52	2036	\$197		1933	359	1941
GA	94	1538	0	1538	2101	3639	53	1991	\$197	10%	1897	556	2200
GA	95	1537	0	1537	2085	3622	51	1975	\$213		1880	848	2200
GA	96	1538	0	1538	2019	3557	49	1909	DNF	10%	2019	1619	2200











Yr. s % of Persons with Persons w te MR/DD Living MR/DD HCBS 524 0 3% 297 56 3% 296 78 3% 246 70 220 123 7% 386 189 117 450 9% 142 513 132 491 0% 127 517 ICF/MR + HCBS Recipients

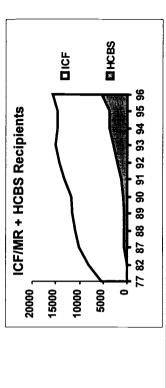
															*
Persons with MR/DD Living in	Nursing Homes				75	48	29	83	89	89	73	32	39	Elice Stitutions Stitutions	
Persons with	Receiving HCBS	0	0	55	201	270	346	165	225	174	333	362	415	93 94 95 96 of State Inst	
Persons with	in ICFs-MR	583	482	445	461	520	468	535	519	494	527	540	538	CF/MR + HCBS Recipients	
0-21 Yr. Olds as % of	State Institution Residents	35%	29%	11%		%6		13%			%6		12%	1000 800 400 77 82 87 8 8400 \$300 \$100 \$100	
Daily Costs	or state Institutions	\$38	\$91	\$124	\$218	\$220	\$222	\$302	\$325	\$358	\$351	\$378	\$392	7	
Š	State Institution Residents	453	350	263	236	221	202	172	160	148	143	133	123	n Populatio	
Utilization Rate	State Population	92	89	129	131	132	125	125	133	149	147	142	184	and 1996 Proportion of Children/Youth Among State Institution Population 134 1496 154 155 157 158 158 169 17 188 189 189 189 189 189 189	
<u> </u>	Total	816	860	1294	1312	1339	1249	1286	1353	1522	1620	1636	2171	7	
	16+	869	639	521	491	345	487	469	360	320	336	284	442	ears 198	_
IDAHO	1-15	118	221	773	821	794	762	817	993	1202	1284	1352	1729	<u>≻</u>	
IDAHO	7-15	9/	180	531	539	494	443	475	482	534	505	929	521	me Size □ 1 to 6 ■ 16 or more Residents	
200	1-6	42	4	242	282	300	319	342	511	999	779	782	1208	itution R 89 90 91	
	Year	22	82	87	88	89	06	91	92	. 93	94	95	96	State Institution Residents	
	State	Ω	Q	۵	□	<u>Q</u>	0	Q	Q	Q	<u>Q</u>	۵	0	1982 500 400 200 100 100	

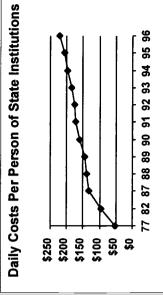


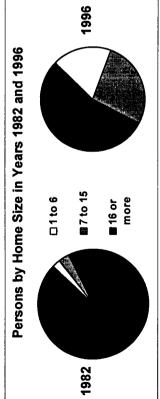
Year 1.6 7.1 1.1 1.4 1.2 1.4 1.2 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>ILLINOIS</th> <th>OIS</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Utilization Rate</th> <th></th> <th>of the Control</th> <th></th> <th>Persons with</th> <th>din anomo</th> <th>with MR/DD</th>				ILLINOIS	OIS			Utilization Rate		of the Control		Persons with	din anomo	with MR/DD
Year 1-6 7-15 1-16 164 Total Total Residents 158-1001 Institution Institution Institution Institution Increasing PACES 77 69 101 170 13228 13398 119 6536 \$56 39% 5353 0 87 713 1707 2420 1246 111 4436 \$144 10% 9400 664 88 904 2653 3557 11700 15257 131 4482 \$146 10% 9400 664 89 904 2653 3557 11700 15257 131 4482 \$146 10% 9400 664 90 910 3114 4024 135 143 4495 \$145 11% 10864 680 91 897 3824 4721 11824 16545 143 4459 \$146 6% 11943 1138 92			Person	s with I	MR/DD b	у Ноте	Size	per 100,000 of State Population	State	of State	•		MR/DD	Living in Nursing
77 69 101 170 1328 119 6394 \$54 39% 5353 0 82 331 387 718 12170 12888 113 6550 896 30% 8144 0 88 34 713 1707 2420 10425 12845 111 4482 \$140 10% 9400 664 88 904 2653 3557 11700 15257 131 4482 \$140 10% 9400 664 90 910 3114 4024 1130 136 136 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$148 \$14	State	Үеаг	46	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	Homes
82 331 387 718 12170 12888 113 5250 \$96 30% 8144 0 87 713 1707 2420 10425 12845 111 4436 \$134 10% 9400 664 88 904 2653 3557 11700 15257 131 4482 \$140 10% 9400 664 89 927 3024 3951 11715 15166 130 4497 \$145 11% 10864 680 91 927 3024 3951 11215 15166 130 4497 \$159 11008 724 91 897 3824 4721 11824 16545 143 4340 \$174 6% 11943 1338 92 719 2876 12697 16292 139 4303 \$1166 58 11040 12410 12419 16029 136 4006 \$186 5%	_	11	69	101	170	13228	13398	119	6394	\$54	39%	5353	0	
87 713 1707 2420 10425 12845 111 4436 \$134 10% 9400 664 88 904 2653 3557 11700 15257 131 4482 \$146 10% 9400 664 90 910 314 4024 131 4482 \$145 11% 10346 680 90 910 3114 4024 11336 15360 134 4459 \$145 11% 10846 680 91 810 3114 4024 1136 143 4459 \$145 11% 10846 680 92 718 4024 143 4340 \$174 6% 11943 1338 92 718 2876 1569 16292 136 4066 \$186 5% 19679 3690 94 1738 3847 7690 7636 15326 129 3716 \$206 10935 3761 <td>_</td> <td>82</td> <td>331</td> <td>387</td> <td>718</td> <td>12170</td> <td>12888</td> <td>113</td> <td>5250</td> <td>96\$</td> <td>30%</td> <td>8144</td> <td>0</td> <td></td>	_	82	331	387	718	12170	12888	113	5250	96\$	30%	8144	0	
88 904 2653 3557 11700 15257 131 4482 \$140 \$146 \$148 \$140 10346 637 90 910 3114 4024 11516 136 134 4459 \$159 11008 724 91 810 3114 4024 11636 143 4340 \$174 6% 11943 1338 92 719 2876 3595 12697 16292 139 4303 \$177 6% 11943 1338 93 783 2827 3610 12419 16029 136 4006 \$186 57 10979 2850 94 1738 3843 763 7636 15326 129 3716 \$206 10979 3690 95 2416 3442 5868 7219 13077 110 3718 \$220 10416 5267	١	87	713	1707	2420	10425	12845	111	4436	\$134	10%	9400	664	
89 927 3024 3951 11215 15166 130 4497 \$145 11% 1084 680 90 910 3114 4024 11336 15360 134 4459 \$159 11008 724 91 897 3824 4721 11824 16545 143 4340 \$174 6% 11943 1338 92 719 2876 3595 12697 16292 139 4303 \$177 6% 11943 2006 93 783 2827 3610 12419 16229 136 4006 \$186 5% 10979 3690 94 1738 3847 7690 7636 15326 129 3716 \$206 5% 10979 3690 95 3843 3847 7690 7636 1237 110 3718 \$221 5% 10416 5267	_	88	904	2653	3557	11700	15257	131	4482	\$140		10346	637	3000
90 910 3114 4024 11336 15360 134 4459 \$159 11008 724 91 897 3824 4721 11824 16545 143 4340 \$174 6% 11943 1338 92 719 2876 12697 16292 139 4303 \$177 12311 2006 93 783 2827 3610 12419 16029 136 4006 \$186 5% 10979 2850 94 1738 3836 5574 10194 15768 135 3726 \$196 5% 10979 3690 95 3843 3847 7690 7636 15326 129 3718 \$221 5% 10416 5267 96 2416 3442 5858 7219 13077 110 3718 \$221 5% 10416 5267	_	89	927	3024	3951	11215	15166	130	4497	\$145	11%	10864	680	3200
91 897 3824 4721 11824 16545 143 4340 \$174 6% 11943 1338 92 719 2876 3595 12697 16292 136 4006 \$186 12160 2850 94 1738 3836 5574 10194 15768 135 3716 \$206 10979 3690 95 3843 3847 7690 7636 15326 129 3716 \$206 10935 3761 96 2416 3442 5858 7219 13077 110 3718 \$221 5% 10416 5267		8	910	3114	4024	11336	15360	134	4459	\$159		11008	724	3590
92 719 2876 3595 12697 16292 139 4303 \$177 12311 2006 93 783 2827 3610 12419 16029 136 4006 \$186 12160 2850 94 1738 3836 5574 10194 15768 135 3716 \$206 5% 10979 3690 95 3843 3847 7690 7636 15326 129 3716 \$206 10935 3761 96 2416 3442 5858 7219 13077 110 3718 \$221 5% 10416 5267	<u>_</u>	91	897	3824	4721	11824	16545	143	4340	\$174	%9	11943	1338	2183
93 783 2827 3610 12419 16029 136 4006 \$186 12160 2850 94 1738 3836 5574 10194 15768 135 3726 \$196 5% 10979 3690 95 3843 3847 7690 7636 15326 129 3716 \$206 10935 3761 96 2416 3442 5858 7219 13077 110 3718 \$221 5% 10416 5267	یے	92	719	2876	3595	12697	16292	139	4303	\$177		12311	2006	1976
94 1738 3836 5574 10194 15768 135 3726 \$196 5% 10979 3690 95 3843 3847 7690 7636 15326 129 3716 \$206 10935 3761 96 2416 3442 5858 7219 13077 110 3718 \$221 5% 10416 5267	١	93	783	2827	3610	12419	16029	136	4006	\$186		12160	2850	1659
95 3843 3847 7690 7636 15326 129 3716 \$206 10935 3761 96 2416 3442 5858 7219 13077 110 3718 \$221 5% 10416 5267		94	1738	3836	5574	10194	15768	135	3726	\$196	2%	10979	3690	1750
2416 3442 5858 7219 13077 110 3718 \$221 5% 10416 5267	_	95	3843	3847	7690	7636	15326	129	3716	\$206		10935	3761	2939
		96	2416	3442	5858	7219	13077	110	3718	\$221	2%	10416	5267	2872

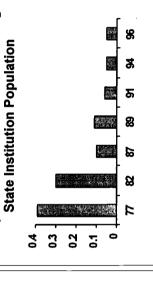
Persons

ERIC CALLEGATE PROVIDED BY ERIC

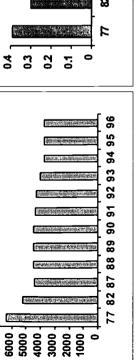




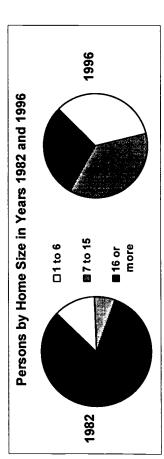


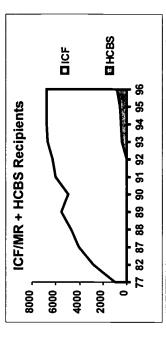


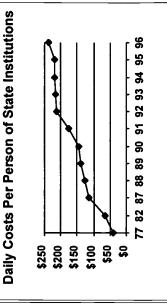
Proportion of Children/Youth Among

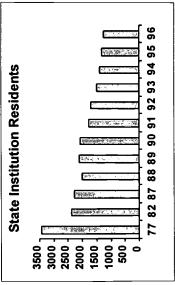


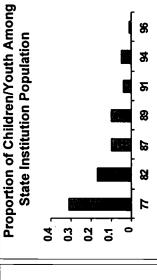
INDIANA	INDIANA	IDIANA	₹	_			Utilization Rate		Daily Costs	0-21 Yr. Olds as % of	Persons with	Persons with	Persons with MR/DD
Persons with MR/DD by Home \$	rsons with MR/DD by Home \$	with MR/DD by Home \$	R/DD by Home \$	Home	E#1	Size	per 100,000 of State Population	State Institution		State	MR/DD Living in ICFs-MR	MR/DD Receiving	Living in Nursing
Year 1-6 7-15 1-15 16+ T	7-15 1-15 16+	1-15 16+	16+			Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	Homes
466 172 638 4218 4	172 638 4218	638 4218	4218		7	4856	91	3438	\$40	31%	1026	0	
487 243 730 3231 3	243 730 3231	730 3231	3231		n	3961	72	2388	\$65	17%	2798	0	
914 1609 2523 2863 53	1609 2523 2863	2523 2863	2863		53	5386	86	2270	\$114	10%	4068	0	
728 2418 3146 2578 5724	2418 3146 2578	3146 2578	2578		57	24	103	2015	\$126		4690	0	2500
1687 2022 3709 3101 6810	2022 3709 3101	3709 3101	3101		88	0	122	2122	\$138	10%	5512	0	2200
1700 2132 3832 2341 6173	2132 3832 2341	3832 2341	2341		617	၅	110	2077	\$146		4930	0	3300
2015 2424 4439 2648 7087	2424 4439 2648	4439 2648	2648		2	87	126	1756	\$175	4%	6048	0	2587
2330 2716 5046 2578 76	2716 5046 2578	5046 2578	2578		26	7624	135	1696	\$213		6234	0	2135
2350 2799 5149 2462 7611	2799 5149 2462	5149 2462	2462		26	=	134	1491	\$217		6213	447	2047
2506 2791 5297 2329 76	2791 5297 2329	5297 2329	2329		26	7626	133	1384	\$219	2%	6224	529	2047
2589 2817 5406 2478 7884	2817 5406 2478	5406 2478	2478		78	2	137	1327	\$220		6176	594	2057
2556 2820 5376 2228 76	2820 5376 2228	5376 2228	2228		92	7604	130	1244	\$238	1%	5986	816	2057
					l								



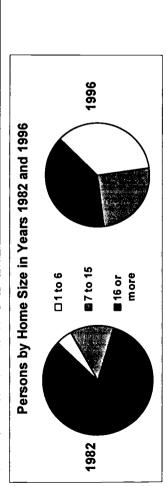


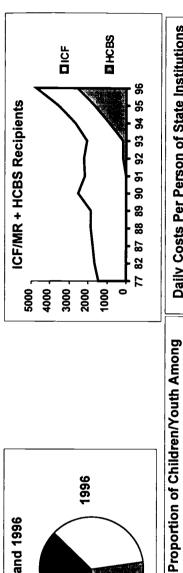


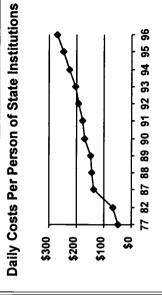


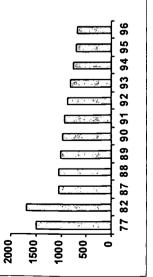


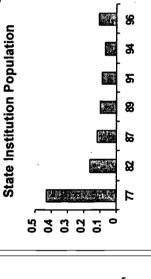
Ļ						1			I		ŀ	l	1	l
Persons with	Living in Nursing	Homes				532	986	1484	1379	1562	1562	1562	86	148
	Persons with MR/DD	HCBS	0	0	4	12	14	5	19	137	170	879	1669	2575
ı	Persons with MR/DD Living in ICFs-MR		1432	1673	1734	1840	1818	2512	2132	2088	1890	1818	1909	2182
0-21 Yr.	Olds as % of State	Residents	43%	16%	12%		10%		%6			%2		11%
	Daily Costs of State		\$48	\$65	\$136	\$144	\$149	\$172	\$178	\$192	\$203	\$226	\$248	\$271
	State	Residents	1489	1684	1057	1056	1016	976	941	869	824	752	693	672
:	Utilization Rate per 100,000 of State Population		122	156	119	156	160	219	230	221	217	215	217	280
	Size	Total	3499	4541	3351	4417	4535	6141	6428	6133	5977	6039	6215	8048
	у Ноте	16+	3109	3742	2183	2252	2145	3111	2997	2611	2086	1949	1953	3223
⋖	Persons with MR/DD by Home	1-15	390	799	1168	2165	2390	3030	3431	3522	3891	4090	4262	4825
IOWA	s with A	7-15	296	588	702	1177	1325	1377	1571	1650	1907	1984	1979	1994
	Person	4	94	211	466	888	1065	1653	1860	1872	1984	2106	2283	2831
		Year	11	82	87	88	68	06	91	92	93	94	92	96
		State	≰	≰	≰	≰	≰	≰	₹	≰	≰	≰	₹	≰



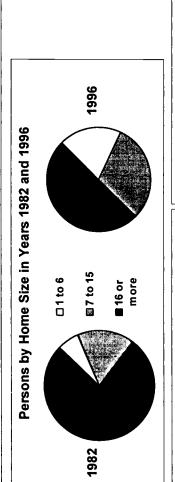


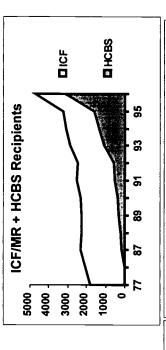


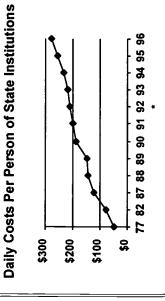


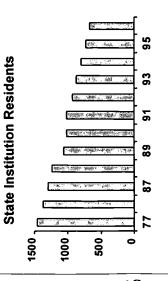


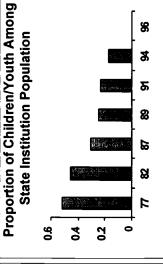
			KANSAS	SAS						0-21 Yr.		i	Persons with MR/DD
		Persor	s with I	Persons with MR/DD by Home Size	y Home	Size	per 100,000 of	State		Olds as % of State	MR/DD Living	Persons with	Living in Nursing
State	Year	4	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents	suomannsu.	Residents		HCBS	Homes
ξŞ.	12	220	406	929	2080	2706	116	1460	\$49	25%	1810	0	
KS	82	184	482	999	2209	2875	119	1371	\$78	46%	2078	0	
KS	87	613	555	1168	1974	3142	127	1298	\$123	31%	2161	135	
KS	88	840	467	1307	1918	3225	130	1237	\$145		2081	185	09
KS	88	885	1019	1904	1710	2974	118	1070	\$148	25%	1955	314	35
KS	06	885	379	1264	1694	2958	118	1017	\$190		1979	361	33
KS	91	764	533	1297	1698	2995	120	1021	\$200	23%	2015	497	31
KS	92*	764	533	1297	1627	2924	115	927	\$212		1921	555	29
KS	93	099	006	1560	1547	3007	119	876	\$219		1837	1066	0
KS	94	584	941	1525	1477	3002	119	806	\$232	17%	1767	1339	0
KS	95	584	941	1525	1352	2877	113	732	\$254		1642	1613	0
KS	96	546	831	1377	1406	2783	106	929	\$277		1586	3146	0









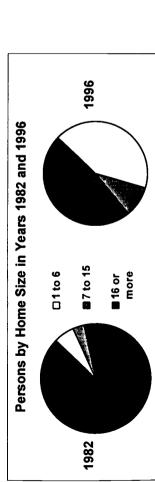


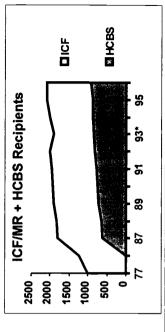


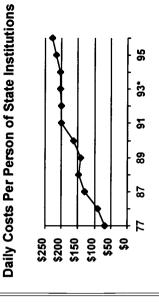
0-21 Yr.	Daily Costs Olds as % of	State	
	Daily Costs	of State	Inetitution Inetitudian Institution
		State	Inetitition
	Utilization Rate	per 100,000 of	State Population
		Iome Size	

Persons

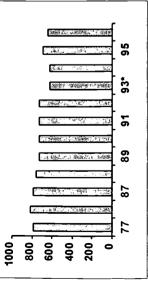
		₹	KENTUCKY	JCKY			Utilization Rate		7	0-21 Yr.	Open and the state of the state	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	with MR/DD	7
		Person	s with A	Persons with MR/DD by Home	y Home	Size	per 100,000 of State Population	State Institution	of State	Olds as % of State	MR/DD Living	MR/DD Poceiving	Living in Nursing	
State	Year	1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	Homes	
₹	11	4	53	23	1585	1658	48	789	69\$	%99	666	0		
¥	82	112	ည	175	1685	1860	51	811	\$88	40%	1250	0		
≿	87	327	103	430	1199	1629	4	786	\$131	24%	1199	609		
⋩	88	471	110	581	1270	1851	90	757	\$149		1187	652	487	
≿	88	483	137	620	1245	1865	90	732	\$142	14%	1179	728	400	
⋩	06	616	127	743	1240	1983	\$	727	\$163		1191	743	300	
₹	91	747	150	897	1244	2141	58	731	\$200	11%	1191	762	217	
Κ	92	747	152	668	1244	2143	22	731	\$200		1200	819	217	
Κ	•£6	747	152	668	1133	2032	54	620	\$205		1053	855	217	
Κ	94	738	189	927	1163	2090	55	620	\$205	%8	1133	887	0	
KY	95	837	189	1026	1257	2283	59	889	\$217		1201	879	0	
Κλ	96	1002	234	1236	1173	2409	62	644	\$227	2%	1157	924	0	

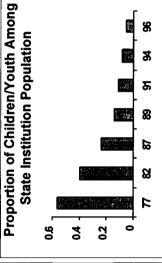






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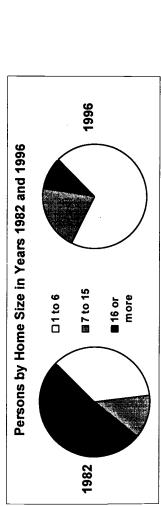


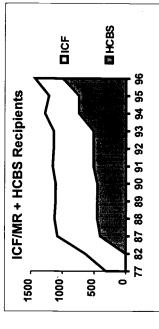
														C	N.
Persons with MR/DD Living in	Nursing Homes			:	1200	1200	1306	1252	1244	1244	1243	1243	1267	EHCBS Stitutions	
Persons with	Receiving HCBS	0	0	0	0	0	0	56	939	1134	1543	1926	2100	Recipients 92 93 94 95 96 on of State Insi	!
Persons with	in ICFs-MR	3682	4849	5274	6016	2909	5841	5951	5645	5678	6029	6044	6102	1CF/MR + HCBS Recipients 000 77 82 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 77 82 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 \$1500 \$1500 \$500 \$1500 \$1500 \$1500 \$1500 \$1500 \$1500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$2500 \$25	
0-21 Yr. Olds as % of	Institution Residents	47%	35%	24%		21%		17%			12%	:	10%	10000 8000 6000 4000 2000 0 77 82 87 5200 \$150 \$150 \$150 \$150 \$17 8	
Daily Costs	Institutions	\$30	\$68	\$100	\$92	\$93	\$124	\$147	\$156	\$170	\$164	\$172	\$191		
State	Institution Residents	3246	3514	2889	2789	2738	2554	2408	2334	2286	2126	2116	2031	n Populatio	
Utilization Rate per 100.000 of	State Population	113	116	125	146	146	148	185	183	184	179	181	183	and 1996 Proportion of Children/Youth Among State Institution Population State State Institution Population The second	
Q.i.y	Total	4449	5055	5641	6430	6402	6303	6864	6943	6953	7702	7855	8011		
E C H	16	4298	4785	4436	1444	4390	4167	4418	4274	4226	4211	3929	3648	ars 198,	
LOUISIANA Percons with MR/DD by Home Si	1-15	151	270	1205	1989	2012	2136	2446	2669	2727	3491	3926	4363	6 6 6 6 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	
LOUISIANA	7-15	112	185	291	101	123	146	222	387	387	882	1034	1187	me Size □ 1 to 6 ■ 7 to 15 ■ 16 or more Residents	
)T	1-6	39	85	914	1888	1889	1990	2224	2282	2340	2609	2892	3176	Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 1 to 6 7 to 15 16 or more more more more more more more m	
	Year	11	82	87	88	89	06	91	92	93	94	95	96	State Institution Residents State S	
	State	S	ځ	5	5	5	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	1982 4000 3000 2000 1000	

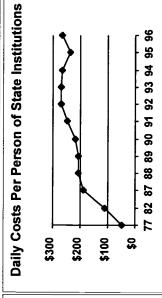


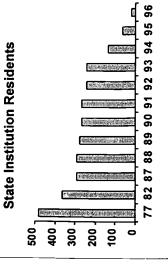
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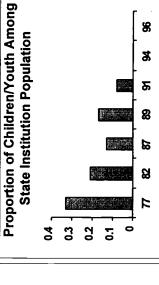
34 4.				1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	1	I	ı
Persons with	Living in Nursing	Homes				168	162	162	190	230	230	154	45	45	
:	Persons with MR/DD	Receiving HCBS	0	0	400	450	453	454	509	909	509	742	742	1000	
	MR/DD Living		310	630	688	677	899	654	959	630	630	542	487	445	
0-21 Yr.	Olds as % of State	Residents	33%	21%	13%		17%		8%		:			%0	
		Silonnansiii	\$48	\$111	\$188	\$207	\$209	\$220	\$249	\$270	\$270	\$265	\$237	\$265	
	State	Residents	481	364	290	290	279	265	265	241	241	137	61	19	
Hillitation Date	per 100,000 of State Population		138	129	158	163	159	158	162	156	155	133	128	125	
	Size	Total	1493	1464	1873	1962	1940	1947	2018	1963	1973	1653	1577	1547	
	y Home	16+	986	761	999	611	586	572	572	548	548	267	191	149	
빌	Persons with MR/DD by Home	1-15	504	703	1305	1351	1354	1375	1446	1415	1425	1386	1386	1398	
MAINE	s with I	7-15	75	179	140	164	153	170	187	203	253	307	298	310	
	Persor	4-6	429	524	1165	1187	1201	1205	1259	1212	1172	1079	1088	1088	
		Year	72	82	87	88	88	06	91	92	93	94	95	96	
		State	ME	ME	ME	ME	ME	ME	ME	ME	ME	ME	ME	ME	





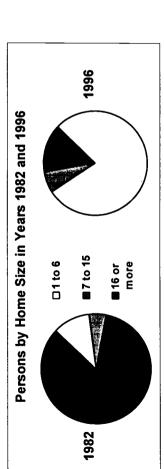


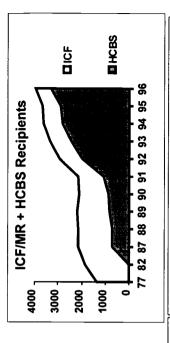


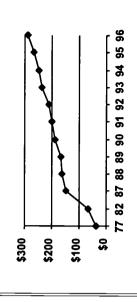




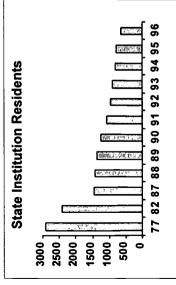
		Ž	ARYI	MARYLAND						0-21 Yr.		:	Persons with
		Person	s with	Persons with MR/DD by Home	/ Home	Size	per 100,000 of	State	Daily Costs of State	Olds as % of State	MR/DD Living	Persons with MR/DD	Living in Nursing
State	Year	4	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents	Sionninsiii	Residents		HCBS	Homes
MD	12	62	7	133	3238	3371	18	2926	\$36	37%	1367	0	
MD	82	352	163	515	2731	3246	92	2421	\$65	23%	1851	0	
MD	87	2368	256	2624	1532	4156	92	1452	\$148	15%	1464	685	
MD	88	2802	11	2813	1498	4311	93	1418	\$164		1429	716	300
MD	88	2919	12	2931	1442	4373	93	1362	\$166	11%	1374	813	300
MD	06	2950	80	2958	1330	4288	88	1250	\$190		1258	858	440
MD	91	3325	0	3325	1159	4484	92	1079	\$200	8%	1079	1082	537
MD	92	3489	0	3489	1129	4618	94	954	\$210		954	1972	665
MD	93	3806	0	3806	1069	4875	26	894	\$237		894	2437	069
MD	94	3970	0	3970	1013	4983	100	822	\$250		822	2787	738
MD	92	4289	363	4652	846	5498	108	775	\$267		775	2898	258
MD	96	3848	353	4201	726	4927	96	652	\$288	2%	652	3306	336

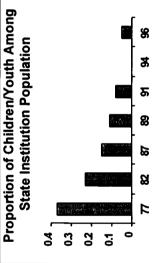






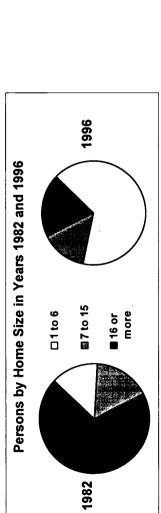
Daily Costs Per Person of State Institutions

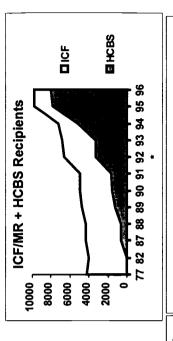


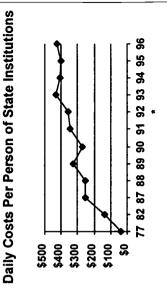


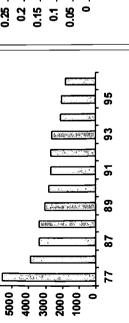


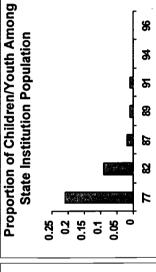
		MASS	SACH	MASSACHUSETTS	TS		Ilfilization Rate		7	0-21 Yr.	Opposite and the state of the s		with MR/DD
		Person	ıs with A	Persons with MR/DD by Home	/ Home	Size	per 100,000 of	State	of State	State		MR/DD Pooliving	Living in Nursing
State	Year	1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	Homes
MA	11	282	1012	1294	6429	7723	134	5616	\$37	21%	4242	0	
MA	82	911	1129	2040	4682	6722	116	3931	\$138	%6	3971	0	
MA	87	1104	2658	3762	3430	7192	123	3367	\$251	2%	3698	593	
MA	88	857	2905	3762	3430	7192	122	3367	\$251		3698	593	1192
MA	89	2224	2780	5004	3277	8281	140	3026	\$325	1%	3548	1210	1279
MA	06	3541	1744	5285	2800	8085	135	2800	\$273		3360	1539	1600
Ψ¥	91	3440	1661	5101	2694	7795	130	2694	\$344	1%	3272	1700	1600
MA	92*	3440	1661	. 5101	2694	7795	131	2694	\$360		3304	3288	1600
MA	93	3611	1936	5547	2694	8241	138	2614	\$435		3520	3288	1735
MA	94	4691	1874	6565	2419	8984	149	2119	\$407	%0	2119	5130	1823
MA	95	5183	1837	7020	2407	9427	158	2019	\$402		1990	7800	1769
MA	96	6093	1364	7457	1824	9280	155	1824	\$424	%0	1795	8027	1828





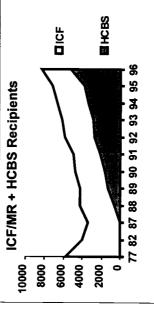


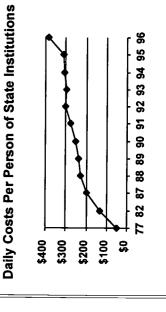


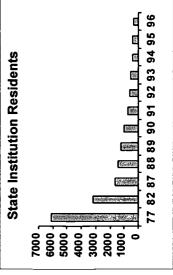


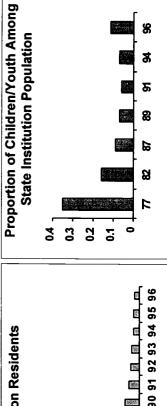
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		2	IICHI	MICHIGAN			Utilization Rate		Osily Coets	0-21 Yr.	Doreone with	1	Persons with MR/DD
		Persor	ns with	Persons with MR/DD by Home	y Home	Size	per 100,000 of	State	of State	State	_	MR/DD	Living in Nursing
State	Year	1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents	SHORINGHIS	Residents		Receiving HCBS	Homes
Ξ	11	1306	2341	3647	9002	12649	139	6100	\$47	35%	5760	0	
M	82	3529	1868	5397	5705	11102	122	3173	\$132	16%	4002	0	
¥	87	4934	572	5506	2333	7839	85	1658	\$199	%6	3425	3	
₹	88	5778	0	5778	2016	7794	84	1436	\$227		3683	580	2200
¥	88	6012	0	6012	1780	7792	84	1237	\$238	7%	2959	1292	1900
₹	06	7164	0	7164	1453	8617	92	1044	\$251		3073	1658	1900
Z	16	7513	0	7513	1013	8526	91	760	\$276	%9	2850	2122	1800
Z	92	7913	0	7913	630	8543	92	630	\$300		3180	2741	1550
¥	93	8444	0	8444	514	8928	96	514	\$297	İ	3342	2885	1550
¥	94	8719	0	8719	411	9130	96	411	\$304	4.2	3366	3367	1550
¥	95	10444	0	10444	392	10836	113	392	\$311		3375	3842	748
M	96	11557	0	11557	346	11903	124	346	\$383	12%	3185	5207	748
	Persor	Is by Hc	ome Si;	Persons by Home Size in Years 1982	ars 198;	2 and 1996	966			ICF/M	ICF/MR + HCBS Recipients	ecipients	
			□1 to 6	9	/		_			8000		7	
1982			■7 to 15	. 15	_	\	1996			6000		\ \	□ ICF
	N. A.		:			•) []		The second secon	9
		\ 	■ 16 or more	r er	/		_					State of the state	E CBS

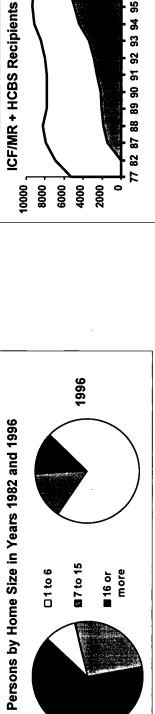


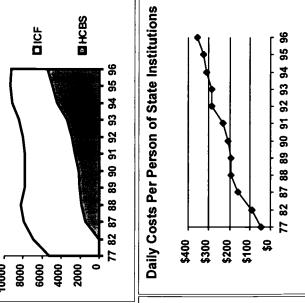






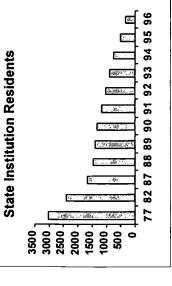
		Σ	NNE	MINNESOTA					:	0-21 Yr.		:	Persons with MR/DD
		Person	ıs with A	Persons with MR/DD by Home		Size	Dulization Rate per 100,000 of State Population	State	Daily Costs of State	Olds as % of State	MR/DD Living	Persons with MR/DD	Living in Nursing
State	Year	1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents	Sucanons	Residents		HCBS	Homes
N N	12	286	911	1197	4985	6182	156	3032	\$44	37%	5303	0	
NE NE	82	652	1805	2457	4612	4002	171	2417	\$89	17%	6889	0	
N	87	2627	2390	5017	3772	8789	207	1653	\$158	4%	6249	1423	
N N	88	3483	5003	5492	3664	9156	213	1471	\$195		6339	1896	871
Z	88	3543	1949	5492	3329	8821	203	1410	\$191	2%	5769	2068	961
Z	06	3815	1874	5689	3216	8905	201	1337	\$208		5635	2184	850
MN	91	4310	1853	6163	3027	9190	208	1148	\$233	5%	5316	2551	827
N N	95	5469	1852	7321	2618	9939	224	1033	\$288		5202	2890	884
N N	93	5898	1858	7756	2544	10300	232	875	\$288		5072	3408	750
N N	94	6615	1911	8526	2163	10689	237	751	\$310	3%	4838	4385	750
W	95	7344	1910	9254	1793	11047	239	524	\$324		4455	4897	1008
Z Z	96	7896	1674	9570	1420	10990	236	345	\$355	3%	3826	5422	1144





Proportion of Children/Youth Among

State Institution Population



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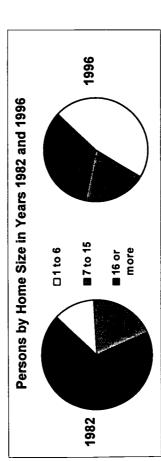
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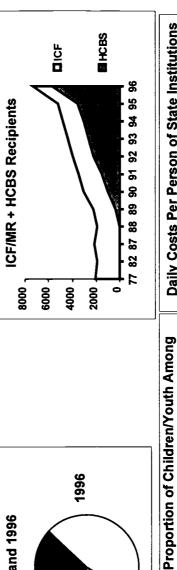
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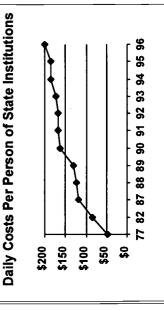
	Persons with L MR/DD L	HCBS	1 0	14 0	0 0	78 0 280	38 0 280	16 0 280	20 0 300	25 0 300	38 0 840	77 0 975	975 0 975	95 65 0	1CF/MR + HCBS Recipients 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	88 80 00 04 02 03 04 05 06
0-21 Yr.	Olds as % of Persons with State MR/DD Living		32% 491	29% 1614	22% 1603	1678	18% 1588	1716	16% 1820	1825	2038	15% 2077	2059	20% 2126	1500 1500 500 77 82 87 88 89 90 77 82 87 88 89 90 8150 \$100 \$100	77 82 87
	Daily Costs of State		\$23	\$53	\$60	\$75	\$75	\$85	\$94	\$101	\$118	\$127	\$136	\$144		[8
	State	Residents	1666	1756	1522	1505	1483	1501	1496	1485	1470	1439	1467	1424	en/Youth A	8
	Utilization Rate per 100,000 of State Population		91	26	92	94	92	95	26	96	103	107	103	105	and 1996 1996 Proportion of Children/Youth Among State Institution Population 133 14	3
	Size	Total	2174	2478	2444	2459	2414	2468	2506	2574	2764	2836	2752	2808		7
	Persons with MR/DD by Home Si	16+	2055	2201	2127	2110	2078	2086	2081	2070	2155	2124	2027	2049	Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 11 to 6 16 or 16 or 17 to 15 16 or 17 more	
MISSISSIPPI	MR/DD b	1-15	119	277	317	349	336	382	425	504	609	712	725	759	of of the state of	¬.
SISS	ıs with l	7-15	102	210	112	83	74	66	115	142	214	303	292	292	ome Size in 1 to 6 more more more	=
Ξ	Persor	1-6	17	29	205	286	262	283	310	362	395	409	433	467	tution F	
		Year	7.1	82	87	88	88	06	91	92	93	94	95	96	Persons by Home Size in the si	
		State	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	MS	1982 2000 1500 1000 500	;;

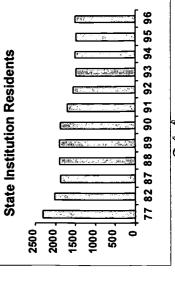


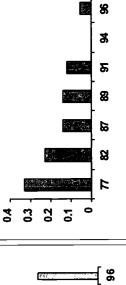
Sr Q	ë ë	S				8	Q.	Q	٥	Q	13	2:	0	ري ا بي	
Persons with MR/DD		Homes				1468	1440	1400	1400	1400	1463	1267	1240	1125	
dia and and	MR/DD Receiving	HCBS	0	0	0	0	338	686	1452	2241	2622	3057	3511	5685	
Percone with	MR/DD Living in ICFs-MR		2051	1878	2148	1868	1858	2034	2008	1751	1709	1709	1678	1643	
	State	Residents	33%	23%	14%		14%		12%					%9	
) :- 	of State		\$46	\$84	\$118	\$124	\$130	\$163	\$168	\$168	\$173	\$184	\$184	\$200	
	State Institution	Residents	2308	2018	1874	1889	1885	1863	1703	1554	1492	1500	1484	1494	
Hillization Rate	per 100,000 of State Population		135	126	117	105	110	113	114	120	119	119	119	123	
	Size	Total	6505	6251	5951	5422	5671	5807	5872	6340	6318	6218	6272	6518	
	у Ноте	16+	4847	4331	3671	2809	2835	2774	2804	2602	2400	2371	2291	2219	
OURI	Persons with MR/DD by Home	1-15	1658	1920	2280	2613	2836	3033	3068	3738	3918	3847	3981	4299	
MISSOUR	s with	7-15	1059	1180	1432	1656	1778	1832	1700	1937	1862	1463	1441	1315	
2	Persor	6	299	740	848	957	1058	1201	1368	1801	2056	2384	2540	2984	
		Year	11	82	87	88	89	06	91	92	93	94	95	96	
		State	MO	MO	MO	MO	MO	MO	MO	MO	MO	MO	MO	MO	







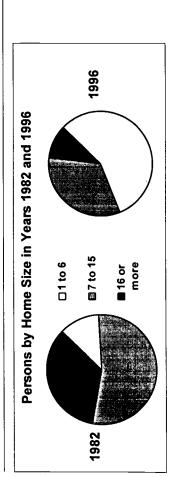


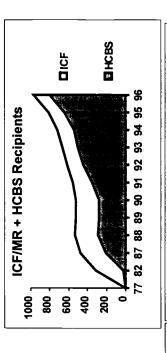


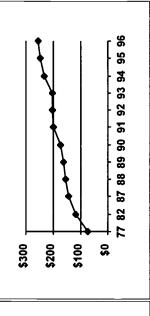
State Institution Population



	2	MONTANA	ANA						0-21 Yr.			Persons with
	Persor	s with	Persons with MR/DD by Home S	Home	Size	Utilization Rate per 100,000 of State Population	State	Daily Costs of State	Olds as % of State	Persons with MR/DD Living in ICFs-MR	Persons with MR/DD	Living in Nursing
	4-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	Homes
	88	339	425	340	765	101	321	\$75	32%	0	0	
į	93	415	508	273	781	86	273	\$119	19%	290	21	
1	352	561	913	254	1167	143	254	\$143	%2	264	210	
1	476	505	978	243	1221	152	243	\$154		253	286	300
1	513	559	1072	240	1312	163	240	\$164	2%	250	274	231
	511	553	1064	235	1299	162	235	\$175		245	276	237
	615	523	1138	199	1337	165	190	\$199	2%	197	355	232
1	629	648	1307	162	1469	186	162	\$204		170	444	224
1	787	516	1303	157	1460	186	157	\$203		165	504	18 <u>1</u>
	778	531	1309	163	1472	175	163	\$233		171	546	158
1	828	909	1334	157	1491	173	157	\$247		165	646	167
	839	501	1340	157	1497	171	157	\$256	3%	165	807	169
								-				







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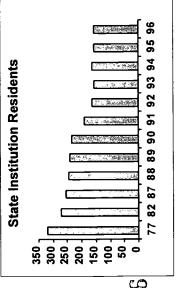
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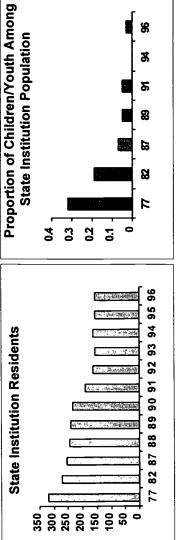
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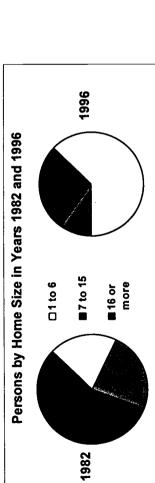
Daily Costs Per Person of State Institutions

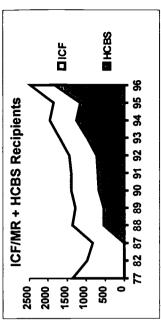
State Institution Population

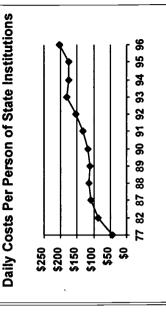


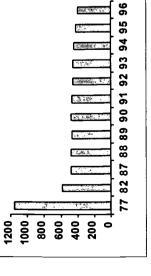


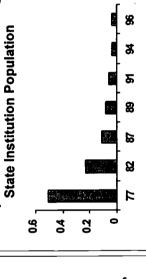
State MICOL LYNING MICOL LYNING	Utilization Rate	i i		છ	0-21 Yr. Olds as % of	Persons with	Persons with	Persons with MR/DD Living in
51% 1356 0 23% 980 0 11% 816 0 808 553 8% 756 540 731 658 6% 719 683 721 991 721 991 4% 694 1257 678 1169 4% 650 1834	Persons With MK/DD by Home Size Per 100,000 of State State Act 1243	State Institution Residents		of State Institutions	State Institution Pocidente	MK/DD LIVING in ICFs-MR	MK/DD Receiving HCBS	Nursing Homes
23% 980 0 11% 816 0 808 553 8% 756 540 731 658 6% 719 683 739 710 721 991 4% 694 1257 678 1169 4% 650 1834	746 1553 2299 147	1155		\$44	51%	1356	0	
11% 816 0 808 553 8% 756 540 731 658 6% 719 683 739 710 721 991 4% 694 1257 678 1169 4% 650 1834	398 742 980 1722 109 582	582		\$85	23%	980	0	
8% 756 540 731 658 6% 719 683 739 710 721 991 4% 694 1257 678 1169 4% 650 1834	399 1349 816 2165 136 472	472		\$108	11%	816	0	
8% 756 540 731 658 6% 719 683 739 710 721 991 4% 694 1257 678 1169 4% 650 1834	308 1601 800 2401 150 472	472	1	\$113		808	553	353
6% 719 683 6% 719 683 739 710 721 991 4% 694 1257 678 1169 4% 650 1834	308 1606 748 2354 171 469	469	1	\$111	8%	756	540	353
6% 719 683 739 710 721 991 4% 694 1257 678 1169 4% 650 1834	308 1677 722 2399 175 472	472	1	\$117		731	658	489
739 710 721 991 4% 694 1257 678 1169 4% 650 1834	308 1707 717 2424 152 463	463	1	\$134	%9	719	683	613
721 991 4% 694 1257 678 1169 4% 650 1834	217 1113 731 1844 115 460	460		\$155		739	710	649
4% 694 1257 678 1169 4% 650 1834	218 1118 713 1831 115 460	460		\$181		721	991	649
678 1169 4% 650 1834	208 1108 686 1794 112 439	439	1	\$175	4%	694	1257	649
4% 650 1834	275 1116 669 1785 109 419	419	1	\$177		678	1169	0
	240 1693 641 2334 141 401	401	ı	\$204	4%	650	1834	0





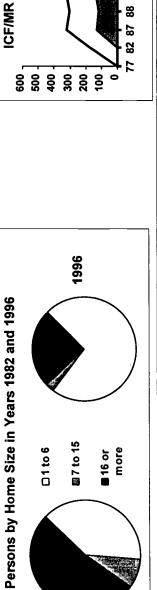






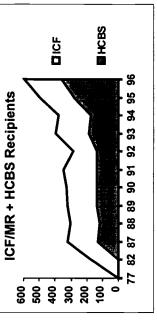
Proportion of Children/Youth Among

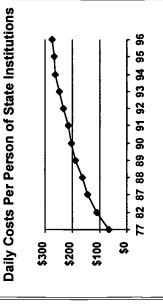
		_	MEVADA	S						24 V.			Persons with
		-		֝֝֝֟֝֝֝֝֟֝֝֝֟֝֝			Utilization Rate		Daily Costs	Olds as % of		Persons with	MR/DD
		Person	s with N	Persons with MR/DD by Home	, Home	Size	per 100,000 of State Population	State Institution	of State	State	MR/DD Living in ICFs-MR	MR/DD Receiving	Nursing N
State	Year	1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	Homes
≥	12	61	20	8	166	247	39	166	\$67	24%	0	0	
2	82	116	25	141	160	301	34	160	\$112	41%	175	0	
Ž	87	120	138	258	175	433	44	175	\$145	78%	190	129	
≩	88	263	53	292	173	465	44	173	\$162		188	. 411	61
ž	88	340	15	355	170	525	47	170	\$190	76%	185	136	40
≩	06	368	15	383	177	260	44	177	\$202		192	133	25
≩	91	389	15	404	173	277	45	173	\$215	79%	212	135	31
≩	35	391	15	406	162	268	47	166	\$233		146	136	24
≥	93	435	15	450	150	009	49	146	\$250		208	186	15
≥	98	458	0	458	150	809	44	145	\$264		205	172	7
ž	32	473	0	473	142	615	42	142	\$268	!	214	278	9
N N	96	476	19	495	158	653	43	154	\$275	18%	232	361	32



Proportion of Children/Youth Among

State Institution Population





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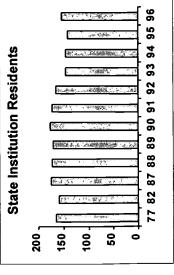
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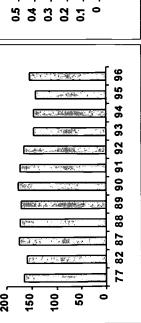
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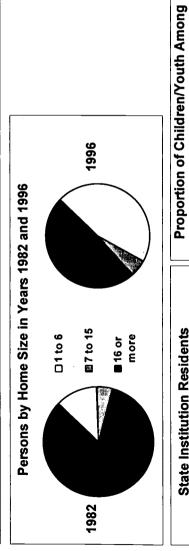
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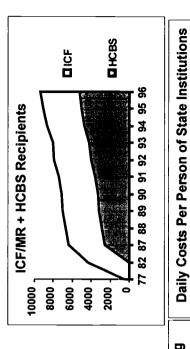


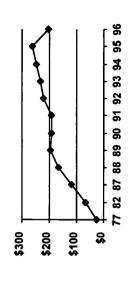


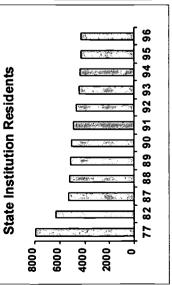
		NEW	HAN	NEW HAMPSHIRE	Æ		Utilization Rate		Daily Costs	0-21 Yr. Olds as % of		Persons with	with MR/DD
		Persor	ns with	Persons with MR/DD by Home Size	у Ноте	Size	per 100,000 of State Population	State Institution	of State Institutions	State Institution		MR/DD Receiving	Living in Nursing
State	Year	1 -6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	Samon
¥	7.7	62	81	143	694	837	66	664	\$25	39%	288	0	
돌	82	152	141	293	651	944	66	621	99\$	11%	339	0	
王	87	648	265	913	181	1094	103	160	\$215	5%	265	541	
돌	88	737	194	931	144	1075	66	144	\$226		204	634	25
王	83	808	199	1008	118	1126	102	118	\$249	2%	158	762	17
돌	06	1055	140	1195	76	1271	116	51	\$301		113	822	13
王	91	1147	132	1279	25	1304	118	0	¥		91	955	26
王	92	1177	147	1324	23	1347	113	0	¥		81	1059	108
돌	93	1259	115	1874	23	1397	118	0	₹		74	1032	108
돌	96	1341	95	1433	23	1456	124	0	¥	%0	73	1303	108
돌	95	1425	70	1495	22	1517	131	0	¥		72	1570	107
王	96	1505	58	1563	22	1585	139	0	¥	%0	22	1906	101
1982	Person	s by H	ome Size □1 to 6 ■7 to 15	Persons by Home Size in Years 19 11 to 6 7 to 15	ars 198	82 and 1996	1996		4 5 5	<u>_</u>	ICF/MR + HCBS Recipients	ecipients	ICF HCBS
		in the same of	ĚĚ	more	\mathcal{I}					77 82 87	88 89 90 91	92 93 94 95 96	
0,	State Institution Residents	itution	Reside	uts		Propo	Proportion of Children/Youth Among State Institution Population	en/Youth A	\mong	Daily Cos	Daily Costs Per Person of State Institutions	n of State Ins	stitution
500 400 300						0.3				\$400 \$300 \$200			
100		06 68	91 92 93	94 95		0.1	7 82 87 88	<u>8</u>		\$100 \$0 \$7	82 87 88 89 90	0 91 92 93 94	96 36
		222											223

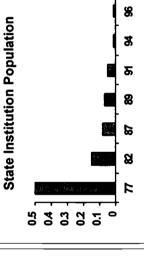
		Z	W JE	NEW JERSEY	>		leiltation Bate			0-21 Yr.	44000		Persons with MR/DD
		Persor	ıs with l	Persons with MR/DD by Home Size	y Home	Size	per 100,000 of	State		Olds as % of State	MR/DD Living	MR/DD	Living in Nursing
State	Year	1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents	SHODDINSHI	Residents		HCBS	Homes
3	11	280	197	477	8836	9313	127	7961	\$25	20%	525	0	
3	82	1076	439	1515	7216	8731	117	6304	\$68	15%	4366	0	
2	87	2556	462	3018	5376	8394	109	5304	\$117	%8	3829	2596	
3	88	2382	640	3022	5304	8326	108	5234	\$168		3815	2873	2479
2	88	2747	573	3320	5215	8535	110	5143	\$197	%2	3822	3170	962
3	06	3799	214	4013	5298	9311	120	909	\$194		3818	3270	362
2	91	3954	0	3954	5381	9335	120	4932	\$194	2%	3818	3655	210
2	92	3924	0	3924	5465	9389	119	4643	\$223		3942	3971	313
2	93	4043	0	4043	5547	9290	120	4407	\$233		3892	4191	286
2	94	4440	0	4440	5490	9930	126	4363	\$249	1%	3975	4729	371
2	95	4650	0	4650	5199	9849	124	4286	\$264		4060	5033	352
3	96	4505	533	5038	4931	6966	125	4241	\$204	1%	4091	5242	371

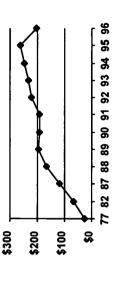








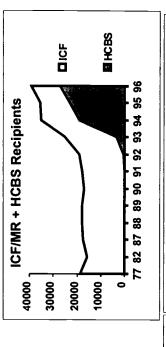




				1	1	ŀ		1	1	1		1					1 —				
Persons with MR/DD Living in	Nursing Homes				98	88	88	88	121	121	121	141	138		□ ICF □ HCBS		titutions	· [95 96	
Persons with	Receiving HCBS	0	0	220	134	135	160	160	334	612	802	1243	1553	cipients		93 95	of State Inst			91 92 93 94	
Persons with MR/DD Living	in ICFs-MR	426	553	633	502	751	730	902	730	681	585	525	485	ICF/MR + HCBS Recipients		89 91	Daily Costs Per Person of State Institutions			82 87 88 89 90	
0-21 Yr. Olds as % of State	Institution Residents	27%	33%	22%		18%		17%			10%				2000	78 77	Daily Cost	\$300	\$200	\$ 2 2	
Daily Costs of State	Institutions	\$34	\$93	\$107	\$120	\$123	\$148	\$148	\$196	\$208	\$324	\$288	\$288				mong			8	
State	Institution Residents	547	503	200	507	503	497	473	482	445	349	210	145				en/Youth A			8 8	
Utilization Rate per 100,000 of	State Population	29	62	92	92	82	81	81	81	77	2	59	120	966	1996		Proportion of Children/Youth Among State Institution Population			8 28 87	
Size	Total	794	846	1402	1379	1260	1254	1261	1275	1226	1368	1669	2038	2 and 1996			Propo	0.3	0.2 -	0 7	
y Home	16+	581	552	200	202	528	522	505	482	461	797	226	255	ars 198;							
NEW MEXICO Persons with MR/DD by Home	1-15	213	294	905	872	732	732	756	793	765	1104	1443	1783	Persons by Home Size in Years 198	ი <u> </u>		ıts		V 68.	96	
W ME	7-15	100	155	479	483	414	414	360	305	272	242	212	181	ome Siz	□1 to 6 ■7 to 15 ■16 or more		Residen		7757 NY .		
NE Persor	4-6	113	139	423	389	318	318	396	488	493	862	1231	1602	s by Hc			tution			89 94	
	Year	11	82	87	88	88	*06	9	95	83	94	95	96	Person	Nacional desired and the second		State Institution Residents			87	
	State	×	N.	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Ž	N.	N.	Ž	ΣN		1982		St	500	200	#	



		2		, ,									Persons
		Z	_ 	4			Utilization Rate		Daily Costs	0-21 Tr. Olds as % of	Persons with	Persons with	MR/DD
		Persor	ıs with A	Persons with MR/DD by Home		Size	per 100,000 of State Population	State		State	MR/DD Living in ICEs-MR	MR/DD	Living in Nursing
State	Year	4	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	Homes
¥	77	3496	1817	5313	21239	26552	148	18446	\$48	36%	18601	0	
¥	82	4271	5609	9880	15437	25317	143	12837	\$100	16%	15577	0	
¥	87	7506	8537	16043	11274	27317	154	10022	\$239	8%	17290	0	
Ž	88	5262	11472	16734	10800	27534	154	9507	\$272		17567	0	800
¥	89	5827	11625	17452	6296	27131	151	8179	\$317	2%	17774	0	800
≥	06	6050	13359	19409	8660	28069	155	7508	\$329		16961	0	1550
ž	91	6165	15751	21916	8530	30446	168	6489	\$338	4%	17812	0	1550
ž	92	6803	16782	23585	7229	30814	172	5694	\$350		18497	379	1575
ž	93	9777	17705	25481	5457	30938	173	4933	\$350		21850	3398	1454
È	96	7776	17705	25481	5457	30938	172	4233	\$350	1%	16083	18877	1454
È	95	9014	17633	26647	5475	32122	178	4161	\$355		12386	23199	1454
¥	96	11946	17562	29508	4808	34316	189	3399	\$355	3%	11846	27272	8454



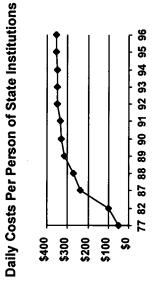
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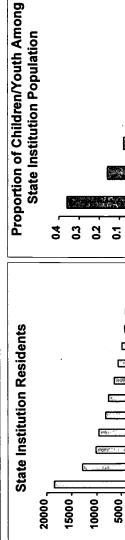
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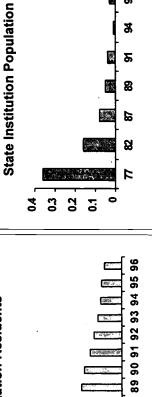
more ■ 16 or

□1 to 6

Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1996









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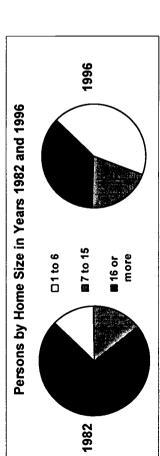
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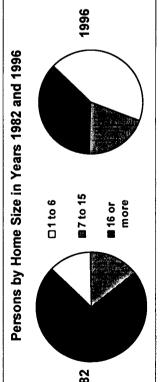
		NON.	S E	NORTH CAROLINA	N N		Utilization Rate		Daily Coefe	0-21 Yr.	Percone with	din anomo	with MR/DD
		Persor	s with	Persons with MR/DD by Home	у Ноте	Size	per 100,000 of State Population	State	of State	State	MR/DD Living in ICEs-MR	MR/DD Pocoiving	Living in Nursing
State	Year	1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	Homes
S	77	239	153	392	4032	4424	80	3753	\$45	23%	2073	0	
S	82	484	179	663	3778	144	74	3451	96\$	23%	2762	0	
S	87	992	237	1229	3261	4490	70	2720	\$156	8%	3227	328	
S	88	1506	286	1792	3391	5183	80	2845	\$152		3445	405	316
S	88	1771	265	2036	3321	5357	82	2715	\$160	%9	3173	553	316
Ş	06	2029	265	2294	3173	5467	81	2567	\$165		3799	731	316
S	91	2643	251	2894	3134	6028	89	2528	\$186	2%	4378	780	465
SC	92	2848	333	3181	3141	6322	92	2606	\$188		4502	939	465
S	93	3133	604	3737	3083	6820	86	2469	\$199		4662	1190	465
S	94	3245	711	3956	2937	6893	66	2378	\$225	3%	4732	1318	300
S	95	3506	751	4257	2788	7045	66	2229	\$229		4595	1818	850
NC	96	3646	751	4397	2786	7183	66	2227	\$228	2%	4593	3098	850
	Person	s by Hc	ome Si	Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1996	ars 198,	2 and 1	966			ICF/M	ICF/MR + HCBS Recipients	ecipients	
1982			11 to 6) 6) 15			1996		Φ 4	4000			□ICF
			■16 or more	re re						2000	88 89 90 91 92	2 93 94 95 96	■ HCBS
SI	State Institution Residents	tution	Reside	nts		Propo	Proportion of Children/Youth Among State Institution Population	en/Youth Α η Populatio	\mong	Daily Cost	Daily Costs Per Person of State Institutions	of State Ins	titution
						0.25	de Cartein			\$250			
1000	82 87 88	66	92 93	40 40 40 40	«		7 82 87 89	8 8	a 8	├≯ → ;	82 87 88 89 90	91 92 93 94	

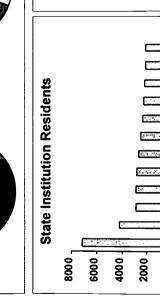
																							6	17
	with with MR/DD Living in	Momes				289	194	187	182	168	170	167	151	175		D F		HCBS		titutions	[]	 	[95 96
	Persons with MR/DD	Receiving HCBS	0	0	724	824	1063	1055	1163	1334	1362	1509	1637	1770	cipients			e	93 94 95 96	of State Ins	4			91 92 93 94 9
	Persons with MR/DD Living	in ICFs-MR	0	219	892	888	743	671	634	476	618	551	561	624	ICF/MR + HCBS Recipients	}			88 89 90 91 92	Daily Costs Per Person of State Institutions		*		77 82 87 88 89 90
	0-21 Yr. Olds as % of State	Institution Residents	21%	12%	14%		13%		11%			11%		8%	ICF/MF	2000	1000	500 -	77 82 87 8	Daily Costs	\$400	\$200	000	77 8:
		Institutions	DNF	\$66	\$197	\$236	\$236	\$272	\$277	\$253	\$321	\$346	\$350	\$339	7					mong				8
		Institution Residents	1145	941	398	316	251	228	211	207	203	146	160	148						ren/Youth A				छ ह
	Utilization Rate per 100,000 of	State Population	211	184	509	227	263	293	289	286	292	292	292	296	1996		1996			ortion of Children/Youth Among State Institution Population		(A)	-	83
		Total	1376	1234	1412	1516	1738	1862	1838	1853	1876	1854	1857	1887				`	$\Big) \Big $	Propo	0.25	0.15 -	0.05	#
	TA y Home	16+	1306	1076	144	383	316	277	278	272	265	226	224	262	ars 198			<u> </u>	/					96
	NORTH DAKOTA Persons with MR/DD by Home Size	1-15	20	158	971	1133	1422	1585	1560	1581	1611	1628	1633	1625	Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and	9	15	r e		nts			E23 E32	94 95
	TH C	7-15	47	146	702	721	670	662	595	629	562	535	477	503	ome Si	□1 to 6	■7 to 15	■16 or more		Reside			3888 3883 3888	1 92 93
	NOF Persor	4	23	12	269	412	752	923	965	1002	1049	1093	1156	1122	s by He					tution				88 89 90 91
		Year	11	82	87	88	89	06	91	92	93	94	95	96	Person					State Institution Residents	<u> </u>	1	FC-2888	82 87
		State	Q	Q	Q	Q.	Q.	Q.	9	ð	Q	Q	9	QN			1982				1000		200	11
ER	o IC			1	1	1	ı	1	•	'	ſ	ſ	•										3000	

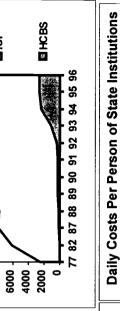
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Daily Costs Per Person of State Institutions	\$200 \$100 \$0 77 82 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96	
Proportion of Children/Youth Among State Institution Population	0.6 0.2 0 7 82 87 88 91 94 96	
State Institution Residents	77 82 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96	~ C









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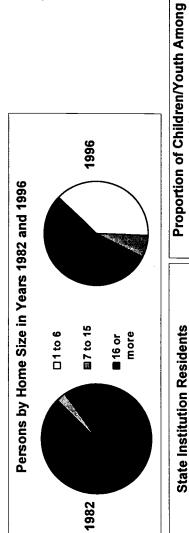
ICF/MR + HCBS Recipients

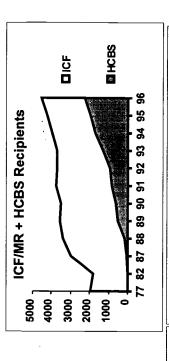
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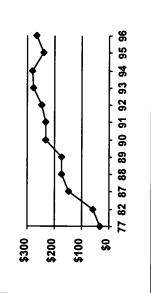


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	ŏ	CLAH	OKLAHOMA			ote O aciterille			0-21 Yr.	1		Persons with MR/DD
О.	erson	s with N	Persons with MR/DD by Home	y Home	Size	per 100,000 of	State		Olds as % of State	MR/DD Living	Persons with MR/DD	Living in Nursing
	9-	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	Homes
	=	19	93	3082	3112	111	1978	\$34	44%	1978	0	
1	9	98	95	2920	3012	98	1803	\$60	%69	1803	0	
	393	424	817	3014	3831	116	1276	\$150	49%	2939	02	
1	403	401	804	3242	4046	125	1186	\$175		3242	178	1400
	909	372	881	3045	3926	122	1019	\$175	39%	3060	900	1200
1	494	298	792	2894	3686	116	994	\$235		2894	621	1200
1	720	283	1003	3306	4309	136	937	\$235	28%	2916	844	1850
f	946	267	1213	2890	4103	131	803	\$250		2776	949	1759
1	1140	294	1434	2388	3822	122	719	\$279		2415	1287	1500
	1333	249	1582	2256	3838	119	658	\$282	70%	2268	1693	1285
ı	1523	263	1786	2252	4038	123	999	\$240		2290	1955	930
l	1523	263	1786	2237	4023	122	553	\$265	21%	2275	2260	930



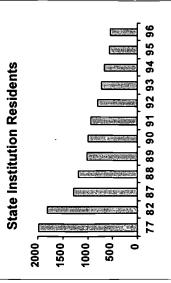


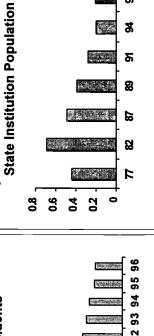


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Daily Costs Per Person of State Institutions







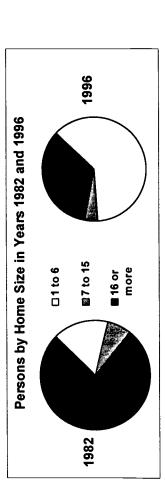
(A)										ı						
Persons with MR/DD	Living in Nursing	Homes				285	434	380	452	420	420	420	260	265	E HCBS	95 96
Persons with	MR/DD	HCBS	0	1360	832	896	1218	1282	2177	1458	2023	2136	2500	2523	ecipients 93 94 95 96 of State Ins	91 92 93 94
Persons with	MR/DD Living in ICFs-MR		1989	1918	1386	1284	1042	996	0//	899	468	417	442	429	CF/MR + HCBS Recipients CF/MR + HCBS Rec	82 87 88 89 90
0-21 Yr. Olds as % of	State Institution	Residents	22%	79%	14%		%6			2%		1%			1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	1 > 1
Daily Costs	of State		\$40	\$65	\$110	\$168	\$235	\$301	\$374	\$382	\$389	\$411	\$462	\$499		8
	State Institution	Residents	1781	1627	1145	1098	863	804	640	534	527	489	442	429	n/Youth A	8
Utilization Rate	per 100,000 of State Population	•	110	94	116	119	103	130	129	128	130	125	122	122	1996 1996 portion of Children/Youth Among State Institution Population	—
	Size	Total	2607	2480	3142	3305	2894	3807	3778	3668	3739	3803	3841	3900	Propo 8 0.3 0.4 1.	0 77
	y Home	16+	2233	1979	1476	1527	1077	1083	879	773	682	628	634	621	ars 198	9
NOS	Persons with MR/DD by Home Size	1-15	374	501	1666	1778	1817	2724	2899	2895	3057	3175	3207	3279	Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1 to 6 1 to 6 1 to 10 1 to 6 1 to 15 1	94 95
OREGON	s with I	7-15	325	490	268	909	477	555	555	555	555	555	561	561	me Size 1106 1106 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	91 92 93
9	Person	4	49	=	1098	1172	1340	2169	2344	2340	2502	2620	2646	2718	tution F	06 68
		Year	77	82	87	88	89	06	91	92	93	94	95	96	Persons by Home Size in the 6 more size in the 6 mo	82 87
		State	OR	OR	S.	OR	OR	OR	OR	OR	OR R	OR	OR	OR	1982 2000 1500 -	0 77

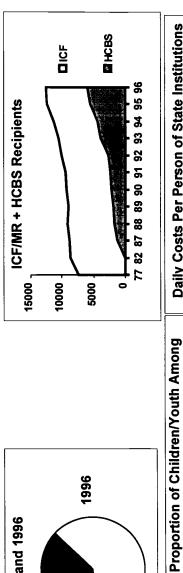


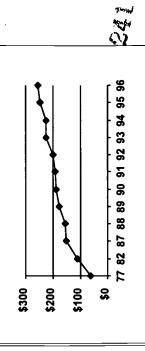
		PEN	NSYI	PENNSYLVANIA	4		Utilization Rate		Daily Costs	0-21 Yr. Olds as % of	Persons with	Persons with	with MR/DD
		Person	s with A	Persons with MR/DD by Home	/ Home	Size	per 100,000 of State Population	State Institution	of State Institutions		_	MR/DD Receiving	Living in Nursing
State	Year	4	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	Homes
PA	11	1078	1310	2388	14318	16706	142	9870	\$62	23%	7355	0	
PA	82	2588	1075	3663	11904	15567	131	7124	\$110	%6	8598	0	
PA	87	4774	1880	6654	8151	14805	125	5127	\$151	4%	7537	1203	
PA	88	9269	509	7485	7536	15021	125	4606	\$155		7364	1759	300
PA	88	7015	873	7888	7014	14902	124	4082	\$176	2%	7085	1930	466
PA	06	7525	915	8440	6464	14904	125	3940	\$189		7116	2221	466
PA	91	7809	813	8622	6289	14911	125	3878	\$193	2%	7100	2333	509
PA	92	7949	772	8721	6210	14931	124	3807	\$199		7282	2705	607
PA	93	8285	642	8927	6167	15094	125	3671	\$226		6768	3795	1544
PA	94	8760	834	9594	6124	15718	130	3563	\$225	1%	6950	4303	1544
PA	95	9384	759	10143	2692	15840	131	3392	\$249		0089	5525	1544
PA	96	9827	728	10555	5549	16104	132	3164	\$257	1%	6469	9209	1544

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Persons







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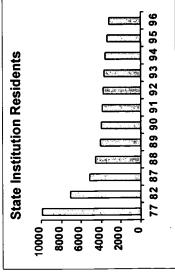
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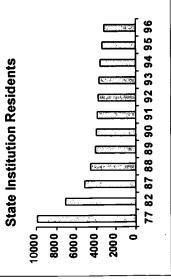
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Daily Costs Per Person of State Institutions

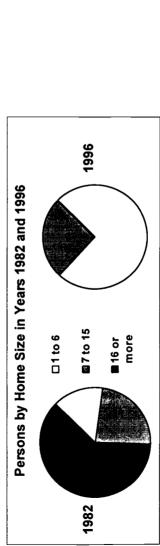
State Institution Population

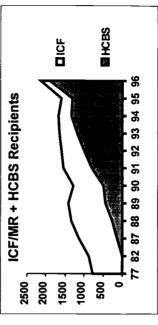


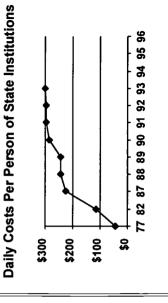


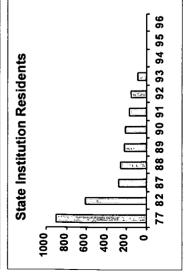
0.25 0.15 0.05

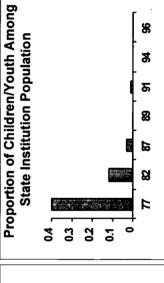
with MR/DD	Living in Nursing	Homes			-	225	250	37	40	20	0	0	0	0	
	MR/DD MR/DD Receiving	HCBS	0	0	136	250	449	477	793	993	1192	1333	1304	1914	
dimonogo			763	881	994	1093	926	808	992	602	457	353	304	225	
	State		40%	12%	3%		%0		1%			%0		%0	
	of State		\$43	\$113	\$226	\$245	\$246	\$286	\$295	\$295	\$299	¥.	¥	NA	
	State Institution	Residents	904	613	280	261	225	215	178	158	88	0	0	0	
Iltilization Rate	per 100,000 of State Population		114	106	119	141	133	138	136	137	138	129	132	132	
	Size	Total	1070	1012	1173	1399	1326	1382	1367	1376	1395	1290	1320	1315	
Ω	у Ноте	16+	972	631	312	276	242	233	196	158	131	43	0	0	
SLAN	MR/DD b	1-15	86	381	861	1123	1084	1149	1171	1218	1264	1247	1320	1315	
S M		7-15	86	228	545	312	337	362	345	348	354	315	369	337	
RHC	Person	46	0	153	316	811	747	787	826	870	910	932	951	978	
		Year	11	82	87	88	88	06	91	92	93	94	95	96	
		State	≅	₹	굔	₹	굔	2	₹	æ	굔	교	R	RI	



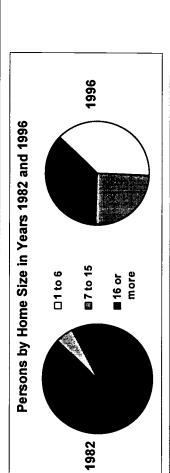


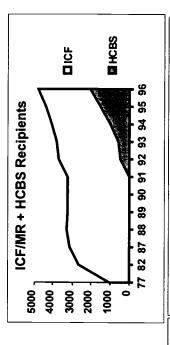


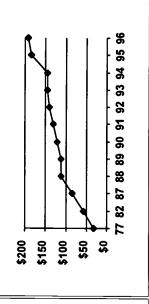




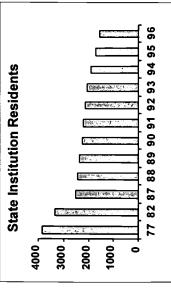
				ı	1	1			1	,				í	
 Persons with MR/DD	Living in Nursing	Homes			: :	49	94	114	86	86	86	199	0	0	
	MR/DD	HCBS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	471	586	996	1475	2074	
4990	MR/DD Living		1017	2665	3139	3300	3231	3229	3224	3261	3232	3111	2917	2740	
0-21 Yr.	State	Residents	37%	24%	20%		17%		15%					10%	
	of State		\$32	\$56	\$84	\$110	\$110	\$120	\$132	\$141	\$145	\$145	\$185	\$193	
	State	Residents	3826	3322	2534	2437	2363	2251	2199	2135	2062	1885	1703	1548	
Ilfilization Rate	per 100,000 of State Population		143	116	113	110	110	121	118	117	120	123	114	116	
	Size	Total	4126	3713	3861	3834	3875	4293	4191	4274	4425	4486	4262	4363	
A		16+	3982	3519	2610	2513	2455	2430	2291	2227	2174	1997	1735	1626	
SOUTH CAROLINA	Persons with MR/DD by Home	1-15	144	194	1251	1321	1420	1863	1900	2047	2251	2489	2527	2737	
HCA	s with N	7-15	135	191	988	856	833	286	973	1066	1210	1243	1153	1087	
 SOUT	Person	1-6	တ	ო	263	465	587	876	927	981	197	1246	1374	1650	
0,		Year	77	82	87	88	89	06	91	92	93	95	92	96	
		State	SC	သွ	သွ	သွ	သွ	သွ	SC	SC	SC	SC	သင	SC	

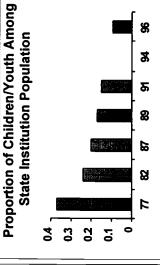




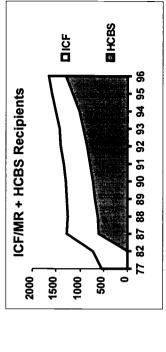


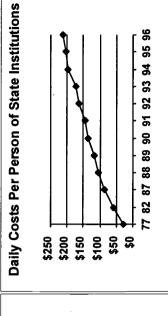
Daily Costs Per Person of State Institutions

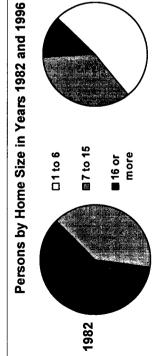




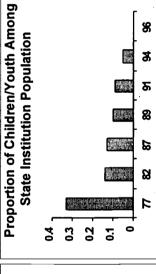
			ı	ı	ı	ı		ſ	1	ſ	ı	ı	ı	ı
MR/DD Living in Nursing	Homes				142	155	141	225	200	163	164	175	169	
Persons with MR/DD	HCBS	0	0	969	610	683	721	788	852	923	1004	1157	1295	
Persons with MR/DD Living in ICEs MP		540	721	089	650	591	268	549	552	504	502	440	349	
Olds as % of State	Residents	33%	14%	13%		10%		%6			%9		%0	
Daily Costs of State	msututions	\$28	\$60	\$87	\$106	\$118	\$135	\$145	\$163	\$173	\$196	\$203	\$214	
State	Residents	835	601	485	434	405	382	378	385	352	351	338	252	
Utilization Rate per 100,000 of State Population		171	176	221	208	208	223	238	256	257	272	266	259	
Size	Total	1177	1215	1561	1485	1487	1566	1672	1838	1850	1943	1953	1925	
у Ноте	16+	925	736	485	434	405	382	378	385	352	351	338	252	
MR/DD b	1-15	252	479	1076	1051	1082	1184	1294	1453	1498	1592	1615	1673	
s with I	7-15	242	471	828	764	769	750	739	664	637	689	629	684	
Person	1-6	5	80	248	287	313	434	555	789	861	903	936	989	
	Year	11	82	87	88	89	06	16	92	93	94	92	96	
	State	S	SD	SD	SD	SD	SD	SD	SD	SD	SD	SD	SD	
	Utilization Rate Daily Costs Olds as % of Persons with Persons with per 100,000 of State of State State MR/DD Living MR/DD State Pomilation Institution Institutio	Utilization Rate Daily Costs Olds as % of Persons with Persons with Persons with Persons with Persons with Persons with MR/DD by Home Size per 100,000 of State of State State MR/DD Living MR/DD State Population Institutions Institution in ICFs-MR Receiving Year 1-6 7-15 16+ Total Residents Residents Residents Residents	Persons with MR/DD by Home Size per 100,000 of State of State State MR/DD Living MR/DD State Population Institutions Institution in ICFs-MR Receiving Year 1-6 7-15 1-15 16+ Total Residents Residents Residents 177 171 835 \$28 33% 540 0	Persons with MR/DD by Home Size Utilization Rate State State Population Institution State Population Institution State Population Institution Daily Costs Olds as % of Persons with Persons with Persons with Persons with Persons with MR/DD Living MR/	Year 1-6 7-15 1-15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	Persons with MR/DD by Home Size Utilization Rate State Population State Population Institutions Institutions Institutions Institutions Institutions Institutions In ICFs-MR Receiving MR/DD Living MR/DD Living In ICFs-MR Receiving HCBS MR/DD Living MR/DD Living MR/DD Living In ICFs-MR Receiving HCBS MR/DD Living MR/DD Living MR/DD Living In ICFs-MR Receiving HCBS MR/DD Living MR/DD Living MR/DD Living In ICFs-MR Receiving HCBS MR/DD Living MR/DD Living MR/DD Living HCBS MR/DD Li	Year 1-6 7-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 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1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15</td><td>Year 1-6 7-15 1-15 Utilization Rate State Population Institution State Population Institution Institution Institution State Population Institution Institution Institution Institution Institution Institution Institution Institution Institution State Population Institution /td><td>Year 1.6 7.15 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4<!--</td--><td>Year 1-6 7-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15</td></td></th<></td></th<>	Year 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 <th< td=""><td>Year 1-6 7-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 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1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4<!--</td--><td>Year 1-6 7-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15</td></td></th<>	Year 1-6 7-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 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Institution State Population Institution	Year 1.6 7.15 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 </td <td>Year 1-6 7-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15</td>	Year 1-6 7-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15 1-15

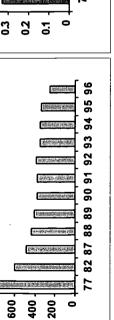




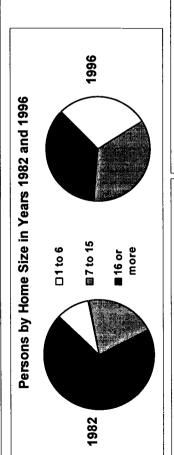


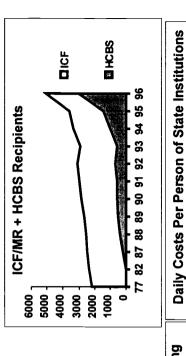
State Institution Residents

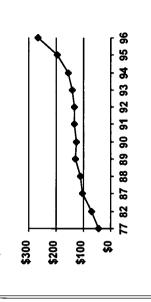




													Persons
		1	NNE	TENNESSEE			Utilization Rate		Daily Coete	0-21 Yr.	Persons with	Derector with	with MR/DD
		Person	ıs with A	Persons with MR/DD by Home	y Home	Size	per 100,000 of State Population	State		State		MR/DD Receiving	Living in Nursing
State	Year	1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	Homes
¥	11	210	495	705	2500	3205	75	2111	\$45	41%	2149	0	
N.	82	343	729	1072	2456	3528	76	2163	\$71	722%	2377	0	
¥.	87	708	778	1486	2308	3794	78	2074	\$102	12%	2289	213	
¥	88	482	1014	1496	2243	3739	76	2017	\$110		2198	351	930
Z	88	569	1136	1705	2189	3894	79	1963	\$128	14%	2175	474	006
¥	06	621	1283	1904	2175	4079	82	1949	\$126		2256	581	1200
¥	91	654	1401	2055	2167	4222	85	1941	\$133	14%	2380	579	1180
N.	. 76	22	1402	2043	2161	4204	82	1935	\$135	t:	2399	704	1140
Ϋ́	93	657	1500	2157	2032	4189	81	1810	\$140		2328	587	1014
¥	94	753	1497	2250	1928	4178	82	1784	\$156	10%	2350	964	903
Z	95	932	1490	2422	1754	4176	80	1602	\$196		2219	1399	704
¥	96	1216	1461	2677	1532	4209	80	1388	\$267	%9	2028	3021	1351

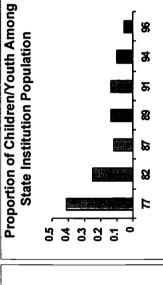








State Institution Residents





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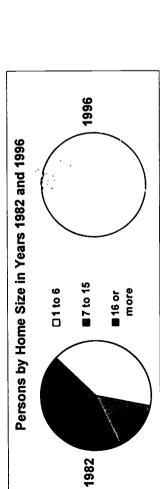
Persons with	MR/DD Living in Nursing	Homes				3500	3500	4200	3258	3258	3258	3258	3258	3258		□ ICF HCBS	stitutions
	Persons with	Receiving HCBS	0	0	02	412	417	485	973	896	896	1564	2728	3658	cipients	93 94 95 96	of State Ins
	Persons with MR/DD Living	IN ICTS-MK	10486	13959	11903	12211	12081	11262	10771	11187	12143	13742	12772	13224	ICF/MR + HCBS Recipients	88 89 90 91 92	\$200 \$150 \$100 \$50 \$77 82 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	~	Institution Residents	41%	26%	16%		12%		10%			4%		2%	ICF/MI	15000 10000 5000 77 82 87	\$200 \$150 \$100 \$50 \$0 \$77 8
	Daily Costs of State	Institutions	\$48	\$59	\$98	\$102	\$113	\$148	\$153	\$167	\$167	\$168	\$162	\$182			Buom E 8
	State	Institution Residents	12114	10761	7936	7933	7933	7320	6880	6650	6736	6124	5855	5735			Populatio
	Utilization Rate per 100,000 of	state Population	116	103	76	62	72	69	72	11	72	11	75	70	96	1996	State Institution Population State Institution Population 3.3 1.4 1.5 1.7 1.7 1.8 1.8 1.9 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.3
		Total	14905	15763	12908	13270	12318	12006	12440	12187	12441	12842	13936	13224	Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1990	The same of the sa	Proposition 5 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
	у Ноте:	16+	14370	14634	10894	10713	10168	9834	0996	8614	7940	7841	7815	8057	ars 1982		9
U	I EAAS Persons with MR/DD by Home Size	1-15	535	1129	2014	2557	2150	2172	2780	3573	4501	5001	6121	5167	te in Ye	ο (. * 5	8
TEXAS	I E A	7-15	434	1053	1104	1168	296	965	793	939	939	978	885	904	me Siz	■7 to 15 ■7 to 15 ■16 or more	Residen
	Persor	1-6	101	92	910	1389	1183	1207	1987	2634	3562	4023	5236	4263	IS by He		itution F
		Year	11	82	87	88	68	06	91	92	93	96	95	96	Persor		State Institution Residents
		State	ዾ	¥	¥	¥	¥	¥	ዾ	¥	ዾ	¥	¥	논		1982	Str. 14000 112000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 100000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 100000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 100000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 100000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 100000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 1

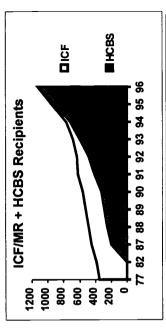
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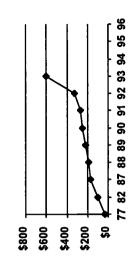
or o	with MR/DD	Nursing					389	360	320	283	270	270	241	241	241	☐ ICF ☐ HCBS stitutions
	Persons with	MR/DD Receiving	HCBS	0	0	0	1022	1124	1200	1234	1367	1476	1590	1693	2128	93 94 95 96 of State Inst
	Persons with	MR/DD Living in ICFs-MR		1193	1199	1151	945	1005	686	096	930	938	924	843	866	CF/MR + HCBS Recipients CF/MR + HCBS Rec
	0-21 Yr. Olds as % of	State Institution	Residents	45%	33%	22%		20%		14%			8%		2%	3000 2500 1500 1500 1500 500 500 500 8250 \$150 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$1
	Daily Costs	of State Institutions		\$33	\$68	\$120	\$121	\$136	\$160	\$174	\$177	\$179	\$180	\$195	\$230	0,4474
		State Institution	Residents	849	742	554	533	470	452	423	394	380	362	353	311	n Populatio
	Utilization Rate	per 100,000 of State Population		113	111	100	103	109	113	117	115	118	116	116	119	and 1996 1996 Proportion of Children/Youth Among State Institution Population 54 134 144 155 156 167 178 188 189 199 199 190 190 190 19
	į	Size	Total	1380	1350	1695	1737	1855	2006	2070	2022	2095	2163	2251	2371	
	:	/ ноше	1 0+	1217	1155	1135	948	362	977	948	918	905	912	843	854	188 198
	Ŧ	Persons with MR/DD by Home Size	1-15	163	195	560	789	893	1029	1122	1104	1190	1251	1408	1517	Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 1106 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006 1006
	UTAH	s with r	7-15	92	145	211	442	568	322	340	316	319	312	344	276	me Size 1106 m
	1	Persor	1	89	20	349	347	325	707	782	788	871	939	1064	1241	sons by Holestifution Resident
			Year	77	82	87	88	88	06	91	95	93	94	95	96	(ig
			State	5.	15	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	1982 1000 800 600 400 200 0

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Persons with MR/DD	Living in Nursing	Homes				125	100	100	91	98	28	81	74	99	
;	Persons with MR/DD Receiving	HCBS	0	0	196	248	280	323	405	485	598	722	913	1107	
	Persons with MR/DD Living in ICFs-MR		352	385	250	238	236	231	214	146	79	42	41	15	
0-21 Yr.	Olds as % of State	Residents	46%	16%	%9		3%		7%			%0		%0	
	Daily Costs of State		\$34	26\$	\$168	\$191	\$213	\$243	\$266	\$324	\$607	¥	¥	NA.	
	State	Residents	438	314	196	186	182	177	160	86	31	0	0	0	
:	Utilization Kate per 100,000 of State Population		191	155	105	102	114	117	117	118	125	134	137	146	
	Size	Total	922	798	577	292	647	662	664	687	732	770	791	852	
	у Ноте	16+	517	356	196	186	182	177	160	86	31	0	0	0	
DNT	Persons with MR/DD by Home	1-15	405	442	381	381	465	485	504	589	701	770	791	852	
VERMONT	s with I	7-15	143	120	96	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
>	Person	1-6	262	322	285	381	465	485	504	589	707	770	791	852	
		Year	7.7	82	87	88	89	06	91	92	93	94	95	96	
		State	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	





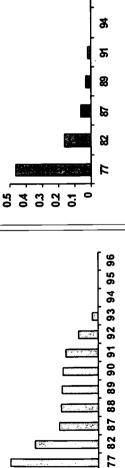


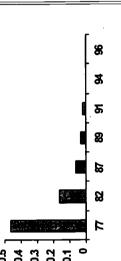
Daily Costs Per Person of State Institutions

Proportion of Children/Youth Among

State Institution Residents

State Institution Population

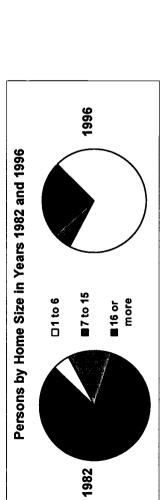


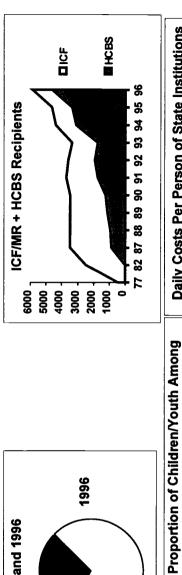


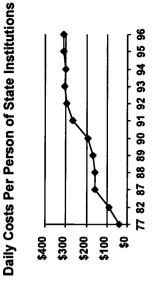
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Persons with MR/DD	Living in Nursing	Homes				2300	1448	1504	1933	1933	1933	1933	1933	0		OICF HCBS	stitutions
	Persons with MR/DD Receiving	HCBS	0	0	0	0	0	0	326	537	537	715	1126	1453	ecipients	93* 95	of State Ins
	Persons with MR/DD Living in ICFs-MR		3558	3616	3169	3018	2834	2830	2682	2743	2669	2466	2356	2357	ICF/MR + HCBS Recipients	*16	\$250 \$150 \$160 \$160 \$17 87 89 91* 93* 95
0-21 Yr.	Olds as % of State	Residents	32%	20%	12%		%6		%9			2%		2%	ICF/M	30000	\$250 \$250 \$150 \$150 \$150 \$150 \$150 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$1
(:	Daily Costs of State		\$35	69\$	\$120	\$133	\$144	\$149	\$182	\$168	\$171	\$187	\$196	\$215		- ~ ~ -	guous 88
	State	Residents	4196	3597	2970	2774	2673	2669	2575	2487	2413	2298	2298	2189			n Populatic
	Utilization Rate per 100,000 of State Population	<u>.</u>	92	77	28	59	55	54	52	48	49	49	48	20	966	1996	State Institution Population State Institution Population 13 14 15 16 17 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19
	Size	Total	4717	4220	3432	3578	3374	3370	3284	3116	3207	3207	3207	3373	2 and 1996	Miller of a miller of the first of the second	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	у Ноте	16+	444	3778	3078	3056	2765	2761	2667	2507	2598	2598	2598	2189	ars 198		- SAPPY OF THE AREA STATES
<u>₹</u>	Persons with MR/DD by Home	1-15	276	442	354	522	609	609	617	609	609	609	609	1184	te in Ye	6 7 7 5 Fe	56
VIRGINIA	s with I	7-15	153	281	4	252	386	386	394	386	386	386	386	713	ome Siz	☐ 1 to 6 ■ 7 to 15 ■ 16 or more	Resident
	Persor	1-6	123	161	210	270	223	223	223	223	223	223	223	471	Persons by Home Size in Years 198		tution F
		Year	12	82	87	88	88	•06	91*	92*	93*	94	95	98	Person		State Institution Residents
		State	*	A A	NA VA	××	NA V	××	*	*	*	*	*	*		1982	5000 4000 3000 1000 77

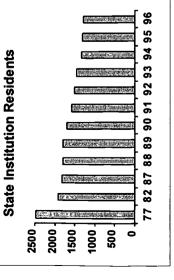


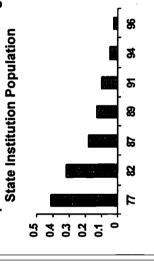
		δ. V	VIHS	WASHINGTON	-,					0.21 Yr.			Persons with	
		Person	s with I	Persons with MR/DD by Home	. Home	Size	Utilization Rate per 100,000 of	State		Olds as % of State	σ≥	Persons with MR/DD	MR/DD Living in Nursina	
State	Year	1-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total	State robulation	Residents	Institutions	Institution Residents	AM-SION	Kecelving HCBS	Homes	
W	11	102	347	449	3979	4428	121	2469	\$41	41%	440	0		
WA	82	194	473	299	3067	3734	88	1910	\$89	32%	2464	0		
WA	87	1881	845	2726	2823	5549	123	1810	\$157	18%	2553	886		
WA	88	2470	792	3262	2660	5922	127	1801	\$159		2539	946	573	
WA	68	2642	834	3476	2536	6012	126	1794	\$168	13%	2405	1084	564	
WA	06	2986	099	3646	2312	5958	120	1697	\$195		2219	1250	547	
WA	91	3549	402	3951	2046	2887	120	1575	\$269	10%	1951	1736	200	
WA	35	3760	440	4200	1896	9609	124	1498	\$297		1695	1918	491	
WA	93	3960	475	4435	1815	6250	126	1464	\$306		1650	1711	497	
WA	94	4266	423	4689	1636	6325	120	1346	\$303	2%	1302	3068	516	
WA	95	4413	385	4798	1586	6384	116	1307	\$312		1284	3361	507	
WA	96	4442	400	4842	1504	6346	113	1281	\$310	3%	1187	4666	492	











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Daily Costs Per Person of State Institutions

Proportion of Children/Youth Among State Institution Population

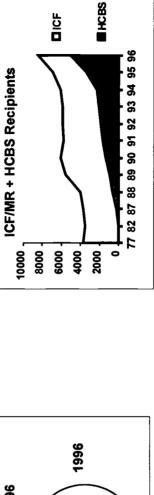
State Institution Residents

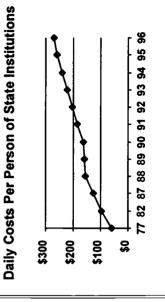
\$400 \$300 \$200 \$100

State of State State MR/DD Living MR/DD linstitution Institutions Institutions Residents Residents Residents HCBS			WE	ST VI	WEST VIRGINIA	<		Utilization Rate		Daily Costs	0-21 Yr. Olds as % of	Persons with	Persons with	Persons with MR/DD
Year 1-6 7-15 1-15 16+ Total Residents Residents Residents HCBS 77 24 32 56 950 1006 54 916 \$28 40% 0 0 87 352 216 568 523 1091 57 480 \$106 10% 404 124 88 396 144 540 550 1090 58 456 \$119 417 124 89 390 292 682 408 1090 58 456 \$119 417 124 90 387 346 173 428 168 65 324 \$145 9% 762 224 90 387 346 173 428 68 53 \$170 596 316 91 446 409 855 373 128 68 69 97 449 64 109			Persor	s with	MR/DD by	Home /	Size	per 100,000 of State Population	State	of State	State		MR/DD	Living in Nursing
17 24 32 56 950 1006 54 916 852 33% 176 0 0 87 352 216 568 523 1091 57 480 \$106 10% 404 124 88 396 144 540 550 1090 58 456 \$119	State	Year	4-6	7-15	1-15	16+	Total		Residents		Residents		HCBS	Homes
82 29 24 53 978 1031 53 894 \$52 33% 176 0 87 322 216 568 523 1091 57 480 \$106 10% 404 124 88 396 144 540 550 1090 58 456 \$119 417 124 89 390 282 682 408 1090 58 324 \$145 9% 762 224 90 387 346 733 425 1168 65 352 \$170 596 316 91 446 409 855 373 1228 68 136 \$230 689 513 92 453 468 921 286 1207 67 125 \$230 699 513 93 459 424 813 259 1142 64 109 \$364 640 637 94 485 424 919 251 1170 65 109 \$364 640 803 Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1996 © 100 69 60 85 530 690 61012 Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1996 © 100 69 60 85 600 690 690 600 690 600 690 600 690 600 690 600 690 600 690 69	8	7.1	24	35	26	950	1006	25	916	\$28	40%	0	0	
88 396 144 540 560 1090 58 456 \$119 7124 88 396 144 540 560 1090 58 456 \$119 71124 89 390 292 682 408 1090 59 324 \$145 9% 762 224 90 387 346 733 435 1168 65 352 \$170 596 316 91 446 409 855 373 1228 68 136 599 513 92 453 468 921 286 1207 67 125 \$230 699 513 93 459 424 883 259 1142 64 109 \$364 640 803 94 495 424 995 241 1199 66 85 3376 598 1121 95 531 424 955 244 1199 66 85 3376 598 1131 96 1122 666 1788 174 1962 107 75 \$368 0% 588 1131 Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1996 ■ To 15 6 6 110 6 5 100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	%	82	29	24	53	978	1031	53	894	\$52	33%	176	0	
89 396 144 540 550 1090 58 456 \$119 417 124 89 390 292 662 408 1090 59 324 \$145 9% 762 224 90 387 346 733 435 1168 65 352 \$170 596 316 91 446 409 885 373 1228 68 136 \$230 3% 680 413 92 453 468 921 286 1207 67 125 \$230 699 513 93 459 424 883 259 1142 64 109 \$364 640 637 94 495 424 995 244 1199 66 85 \$376 588 1121 96 1122 666 1788 174 1962 107 75 \$368 0% 588 1337 Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1996 ■ 100 650 100 650 100 650 100 650 100 650 660 860 660 860 660 860 660 860 660 860 660 860 660 860 660 860 660 860 660 860 660 860 660 860 660 860 660 6	M	87	352	216	568	523	1091	57	480	\$106	10%	404	124	
89 380 292 682 408 1090 59 324 \$145 9% 762 224 90 387 346 733 435 1168 65 352 \$170 596 316 91 446 409 855 373 1228 68 136 \$230 3% 680 413 92 459 424 883 259 1142 64 109 \$364 640 637 94 495 424 919 251 1170 65 109 \$364 640 637 96 531 424 955 244 1199 66 85 \$376 588 1121 Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1996 6 1100 75 \$368 0% 588 1337 Into 6 6 11000 500 1000 500 600 600 600 60	*	88	396	44	540	550	1090	58	456	\$119		417	124	383
90 387 346 733 435 1168 65 352 \$170 596 316 91 446 409 855 373 1228 68 136 \$230 3% 680 413 92 453 468 921 286 1207 67 125 \$230 699 513 93 459 424 883 259 1142 64 109 \$364 640 637 94 495 424 919 251 1170 65 109 \$364 640 803 95 531 424 955 244 1199 66 85 \$376 598 1121 Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1996 ■ 7 10 6 ■ 7 10 6 ■ 7 10 16 6 ■ 1996	%	88	390	292	682	408	1090	59	324	\$145	%6	762	224	136
91 446 409 855 373 1228 68 136 \$230 3% 680 413 92 453 468 921 286 1207 67 125 \$230 699 513 93 459 424 883 259 1142 64 109 \$364 640 803 94 495 424 919 251 1170 65 109 \$364 640 803 95 531 424 955 244 1199 66 85 \$376 588 1121 96 1122 666 1788 174 1962 107 75 \$368 0% 588 1337 Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1996 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7	*	06	387	346	733	435	1168	65	352	\$170	:	969	316	130
92 453 468 921 286 1207 67 125 \$230 699 513 93 459 424 883 259 1142 64 109 \$364 640 637 94 495 424 919 251 1170 65 109 \$364 640 803 95 531 424 955 244 1199 66 85 \$376 598 1121 Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1996 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■ 1100 6 ■	× ×	91	446	409	855	373	1228	89	136	\$230	3%	680	413	211
93 459 424 883 259 1142 64 109 \$364 640 637 94 495 424 919 251 1170 65 109 \$364 640 803 95 531 424 955 244 1199 66 85 \$376 598 1121 96 1122 666 1788 174 1962 107 75 \$368 0% 588 1337 Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1996 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7 □ 1 to 7	*	95	453	468	921	286	1207	29	125	\$230		669	513	211
94 495 424 919 251 1170 65 109 \$364 640 803 95 531 424 955 244 1199 66 85 \$376 598 1121 96 1122 666 1788 174 1962 107 75 \$368 0% 588 1337 Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1996 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 6	*	93	459	424	883	259	1142	25	109	\$364		640	637	211
95 531 424 955 244 1199 66 85 \$376 598 1121 96 1122 666 1788 174 1962 107 75 \$368 0% 588 1337 Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1996 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to 15 □ 1 to	M	94	495	424	919	251	1170	65	109	\$364		640	803	211
Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1996 Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1996 □ 1 to 6 □ 1 to 15	*	95	531	424	955	244	1199	99	85	\$376		598	1121	173
Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 and 1996 1500 1000 1000 1996 1996 1996 1996 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000	*	96	1122	999	1788	174	1962	107	75	\$368	%0	588	1337	30
1500 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 10		Persor	IS by Hc	me Siz	e in Yea	ırs 198;		966				IR + HCBS Re	ecipients	
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more 0	1982		To the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the	7 to	15		72524an	1996		<u></u>	. 000	\		-
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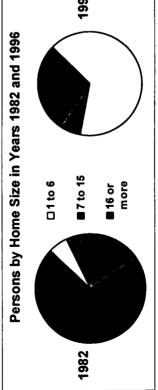
	Persons with L MR/DD L	HCBS	0	0	190	598 2200	913 817	1302 775		1643 995	1643	1643 1812 2017	1643 1812 2017 2315	1643 1812 2017 2315 3382	1643 1812 2017 2315 3382 5063
	% of Persons with e MR/DD Living		54% 3696	32% 3548	18% 3568	3378	15% 4609	4739		12% 4126					
0-21 Yr.	Daily Costs Olds as % of of State State		\$61 54	\$96 32	\$126 18	\$156	\$159 15	\$162		\$185 12					
	te f State	_	2390	2167	1868	1796	1721	1323		1621	1621	1521	1621 1544 1468 1384	1621 1544 1468 1384	1621 1544 1468 1384 1299 1197
	Utilization Rate per 100,000 of State Population		121	119	161	166	201	205		202					
	e Size	Total	5648	5685	7718	8054	9791	10136	10224		10466				
7	Persons with MR/DD by Home	16+	4494	4079	3528	3378	4583	4668	4059		4040				
WISCONSIN	MR/DD	1-15	1154	1606	4190	4676	5208	5468	6165		6426				
VISC	ons with	7-15	096	1282	1786	1658	1576	1526	1510		1164				
5	Perso	Year 1-6	77 194	82 324	87 2404	88 3018	89 3632	90 3942	91 4655		92 5262				
		State Y	M M	IW	IM	IM	IM	IM	IM		S-				

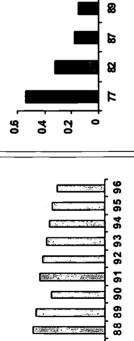




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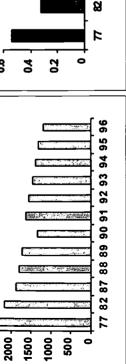
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Proportion of Children/Youth Among State Institution Population

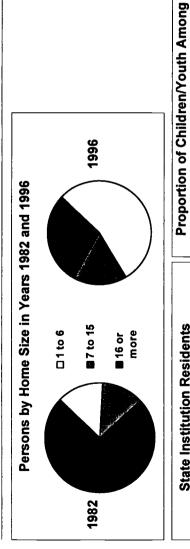
State Institution Residents

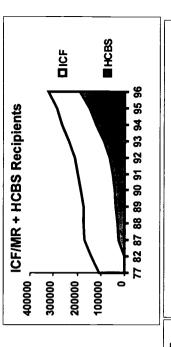


<u> </u>	드	S													SE SE	
vith WRVDD	Living in Nursing	ноше				65	09	9	49	48	47	46	46	33	BHCBS stiftution stiftution	
Persons with	MR/DD Receiving	HCBS	0	0	0	0	0	0	125	318	459	565	719	864	93 94 95 96 of State Ins	
Persons with	MR/DD Living in ICFs-MR		0	0	0	0	0	29	09	06	06	156	147	145	CF/MR + HCBS Recipients	
0-21 Yr. Olds as % of		Residents	19%	28%	19%		15%			%8		3%		%0	1200 1000 800 600 400 5200 \$300 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100	
Daily Costs	of State Institutions		\$28	\$75	\$93	96\$	\$112	\$138	\$155	\$233	\$259	\$304	\$330	\$320		
	State Institution	Residents	533	144	409	419	411	323	290	244	188	156	147	145	en/Youth An Populatio	
Utilization Rate	per 100,000 of State Population		168	125	138	152	152	153	150	151	159	162	158	166	and 1996 1996 Proportion of Children/Youth Among State Institution Population 3.3 0.4 0.7 82 87 89 94 94 96	
	Size	Total	682	629	269	729	723	703	692	689	715	763	692	819		
	/ Home	16+	584	519	429	419	411	323	290	244	188	156	147	145	δε 198 198	=
ING ING	Persons with MR/DD by Home Size	1-15	86	110	268	310	312	380	402	445	527	209	622	674	e in Year	
WYOMING	s with N	7-15	20	93	200	203	202	254	180	132	111	2	99	75	me Size i 1 to 6 1 to 15 1 to 15 1 to 15 Residents	1
. >	Person	1-6	78	17	89	107	110	126	222	313	416	543	562	299	Persons by Home Size in Years 1982 1 to 6 1 to 6 1 to 15 2 to 15 2 to 15 2 to 15 3 to 15 4 to 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
		Year	12	82	87	88	88	06	91	92	93	94	95	96	Persons by Home Size i 1 to 6 7 to 15 16 or 16 or 17 to 15 18 2 8 8 8 9 9 0 6 1 9 2 9 3 9 4	;
		State	γ	W	W	W.	W	W	× ×	×	W	₩	W	¥		•



Persons with MR/DD Living in Nursing Homes				34290	37143	41635	39208	38799	39501	37955
Persons with MR/DD Receiving HCBS	0	1381	22689	28689	35077	40038	51327	62429	86604	121575
Persons with MR/DD Living in ICFs-MR	106166	140682	144350	146134	139092	144288	146657	146260	148729	142118
0-21 Yr. Olds as % of State Institution Residents	36%	22%	13%		11%		%6			%9
Daily Costs of State Institutions	\$44	\$90	\$149	\$157	\$184	\$197	\$206	\$211	\$223	\$231
State Institution Residents	154638	122570	95022	91703	87071	83041	78307	74775	70760	66235
Utilization Rate per 100,000 of State Population	115	105	105	109	110	111	114	116	114	121





\$235 \$252

S

119463 293915

110330 291855

S

SU SU SU

6+

1-15

7-15

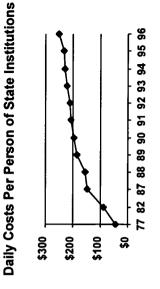
4-6

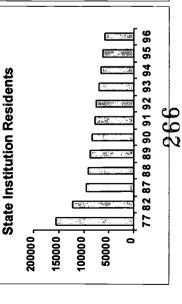
Year

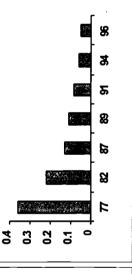
State

Persons with MR/DD by Home Size

UNITED STATES







State Institution Population

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APPENDIX A: KEY STATE CONTACTS

Alabama Vince Campbell

Alaska
Diana Ray
Arizona
M. Trier

M. Trier
Norma Lewis
Arkansas
Carol Cromer
California
Maggie Dunaway
Colorado
Lynne Struxness
Connecticut

Lawrence Johnson

District of Columbia
Kay Campbell
Delaware
Hubert Daniels
Florida
Julie Griffith
Georgia
Frances Hale
Hawaii
David Kanno
Michael Tamanaha

Iowa

Linn Nibbelink

Idaho
Diane Helton
Richard Jacks
Jean Christensen

Illinois Steve Kappel Linda Gansky Indiana Dale Dole Mike Flores Randy Krieble

Kansas Larry Sheraden Kentucky Wayne Chester, Jr.

Toy Reardon

Louisiana Bonnie Callahan

Maine

Kathy McKinney
Maryland
Joe Pascuzzi
Massachusetts
Ron Sanfield
Michigan
Margie Briggs
Stu Hallgren
Bill Harrison
Minnesota
James Franczyk
Mississippi

Vanessa Breckenridge Lisa Romine

Lisa Romine
Missouri
John Bright
Montana
Dick VanHaecke
Nebraska
John Bright

New Hampshire Matthew Ertas New Jersey Bill Holloway New Mexico Albert Ericson Gene Lujan Susan Osborne Nevada

Nevada
Peter Steinmann
New York
Paul Adino
Barbara Baciewicz
Keith Caldwell
Kevin O'Dell
North Carolina
Buck Dawkins
North Dakota
Dina Barta
Mike Fisher
Robert Graham

Ohio

Mary Beth Wickerham

Donna Wood
Oklahoma
Paul Rowe
Oregon
Sean McMull

Sean McMullen
Pennsylvania
Michael Toth
Rhode Island
Brenda Chamberlain
Camille Letourneau
South Carolina
Sharon Stokes
South Dakota
Ed Campbell
Tennessee
Jan Coatney
Glenda Tant
Roger Young

Jan Coatney
Glenda Tant
Roger Young
Texas
Jerald Kopp
Utah
George Kelner

Cindy Ruckman
Vermont
June Bascom
Virginia
Darlene Lee
Cynthia Smith
Washington
Ron Sherman
West Virginia
Judy Donaldson
Mark Hannah
Wisconsin
Dennis Harkins

Wyoming
Jon Fortune
Cliff Mikesell
K. Beitel





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